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MISCELLANEOUS.

AMBITION AND REVENGE.

"My dear, what are we to do with our girls?" asked Mrs. Gayland of her husband, one fine evening in May.

"Our girls!" repeated the gentleman, in apparent astonishment, "why, what's the matter with them?"

"How provoking you are, Mr. Gayland, you know very well what I mean."

"How should I? Our girls were all well enough at dinner time; I hope nothing has happened to them since."

Mrs. Gayland bit her lips with vexation as she rose to leave the room, but before she reached the door, her maternal solicitude prevailed against her anger, she seated herself by her husband's side, and said, in her most winning accents:

"But don't you think it is time some of our girls were married?"

"Ha, ha, ha," hurst from the lips of the old gentleman, "is that all? how relieved I feel."

"But, Mr. Gayland, Kate and Irene, (they were twins,) are now twenty-two years of age, and after they are disposed of there is Lucia and Florette, who are now even old enough to marry."

"Yes, and you forget my sweet Lillie, here," said Mr. Gayland, stooping to a pale, sober looking girl that sat by his side.

A look of contempt was cast on the offensive child by her mother, as she answered:

"Pshaw! I will keep Lillie to tend the kitchen; she is too homely to get a husband.

This was the most unfortunate remark Mrs. Gayland could have made, for Lillie was her father's pet. He loved her better than any of his grown-up daughters, and for this reason—she best deserved his love.

Mr. Gayland was a very good tempered man, but one word against his darling child was enough to excite his anger for a long time. On this occasion he jumped up and walked the floor a few minutes, then sitting down and taking Lillie on his knee, he said to his wife, in a voice of stern calmness:

"Maria, how can you be so unnatural a mother as to hate your youngest born, because she is weakly and unhandsome? I tell you," he continued, raising his voice, "her heart and mind are priceless gems in comparison with the vain beauty of Kate, Irene and Lucia. And Florette, were it not for the strong love she bears towards Harvey Leston, would be as heartless as your ambition has made her sisters."

Mrs. Gayland smiled disdainfully at the conclusion of this speech, but only answered:

"Florette has more sense than you imagine."

Again she turned to leave the room, and again did the thoughts of her daughters bring her to her husband's side.

"Morton, my errand here was to procure money to take our beautiful girls to Saratoga."

"Yes, to dispose of them, I presume."

"Certainly, if I can find suitable matches for them."

"Success attend you," said the husband, liberally, and he took from his desk, notes to the amount of a thousand dollars; "but stop, Florette is not to go with you."

"No, her superior beauty would attract all attention from her sisters. I shall leave her for your portage, Harvey Leston."

Mr. Gayland muttered a few angry words as his ambitious wife left the room, then taking his darling Lillie, he caressed her long and lovingly, while the poor, despised child uttered words so wise, so deep, that even the fond father himself was astonished.

"Well, mama," exclaimed the three oldest girls in a breath, "did you succeed?"

"Yes, after preaching me a long sermon about that stupid Lillie, he gave me a thousand dollars.

"Oh, well," said Irene, "that is better than I expected; you know he always vowed we should never go."

"Yes, and I suspect the reason why he consents is, that he wishes to be rid of us a while."

"Am I to go, mama?" asked Florette.

"No, my child, you must wait till next summer; but you can amuse yourself with Harvey Leston, in our absence."

The girls all hurst into a laugh.

"Yes, it is so amusing to listen to him sometimes; what a simpleton he is, to suppose that Florette, with all her beauty, will ever marry him," said the mother.

"Oh, well," said the beauty, tossing her head, "I shall let him think so, till Harry Berwick gets home, then to finish the sport I shall refer him to papa, and end it all by saying I was only in jest."

Poor Florette! She was indeed equally heartless with her sisters. Harvey Leston, poor fellow, never suspected the plot laid against him; so while mama and daughters coquetted at the springs, and papa and Lillie studied in the library, he became the constant companion of the beautiful Florette—anticipated her slightest wishes, and breathed into her ear the soul-stirring effusions of youthful genius.

Harvey Leston, despite his boyishness and awkwardness, was destined for a high place among earth's nobles; destined to shine the brightest star of the galaxy of genius. Gayland loved Harvey as a son—appreciated the noble qualities of the heart, and it was his earnest wish to see him united to Florette. But such was not the intention of Mrs. Gayland. Florette was her most beautiful child, and she was taught to believe herself at least destined for the wife of a lord; so while her mother and sisters were enjoying themselves at Saratoga, she was amusing herself by jesting with a most true and faithful heart.

Harvey was not thought rich, but he knew what no one else did—that he was heir to the immense possessions of a bachelor uncle. He wished to be loved for himself alone, and so Florette and her family were kept ignorant of his wealth. Had he told them all he might have gained Florette, even though he could never be an English Lord; hut we think he acted wisely in keeping the secret.

Autumn returned, and with it came Mrs. Gayland and her daughters, rejoicing in their good fortune. Kate had married a French Count, who had accompanied them home; Irene was engaged to a rich Southerner, while Lucia had made rapid progress in the affections of a New York exquisite.

"Well, Florette," said Mrs. Gayland, about a week after her arrival, "how speeds the gallant young Leston in his wooing?"

"He is to ask papa's consent to-night," answered Florette, somewhat sadly, "I am sure he will be very much disappointed; but I cannot think of marrying him, after seeing Kate's husband."

"Yes," said Irene, "Mr. Northfield is far handsomer than the Count."

"And Frederick Agustus Dash is handsomer than either," drawled Lucia.

"But," said Lillie, in a pleading voice, lifting her large dark eyes to the face of Florette, "Harvey is good."

A torrent of abuse drove the unhappy child to her father's study, and with him she found Leston.

"Lillie, my love," said her father, "go call Florette."

The child obeyed, and soon returned with her sister, who asked very innocently:

"What will you have of me papa?"

The good old gentleman looked first at Leston, then at Florette.

"Did you not send Harvey to me?

"La, papa, was he so foolish as to come to you? I really was in jest."

"In jest?" said the young man, rising to his feet and turning deadly pale; "and perhaps it was in jest that you have so many times promised to be mine. Speak, Florette, is it so?"

The young girl trembled as she gazed upon his pallid face, yet with a smile she answered:

"Certainly, dear Harvey, I was in jest all the time, and supposed you were also."

Mr. Gayland listened in stupefied astonishment to Florette's heartless confession. He had never imagined that one of his eldest daughters could be guilty of so base an act, much less her whom he believed so pure and guileless. He spoke not, but pointed to the door; as Florette closed it, Harvey fell upon his knees, and the large tear-drops rolled rapidly down his cheeks.

Lillie also wept bitterly. She loved Harvey, and throwing her arms around his neck, whispered:

"Don't cry, Harvey, I'll be your wife."

These childish words instantly dried up his tears. He pressed her to his heart and answered:

"You will be my own wife, Lillie; you will never leave nor laugh at me, as Florette has done?"

"No, no, dear Harvey," sobbed the child, "I will always be your own Lillie."

"Bravo!" exclaimed the old gentleman, who had recovered the use of his tongue, "you shall yet be my son. Harvey, Florette has cruelly wronged you, hut don't mind it, we will have our revenge, harmless though sweet. Harvey, do you really wish me to give you my own Lillie?"

"Yes, sir, she is not beautiful, but she has a good heart."

"Right, my boy, but she will be handsome when she is as old as Florette. At seventeen she is yours; that allows me five years to educate her, and during that time you must travel. Our plan must be kept a profound secret between us three. Remember, Harvey, when you return, it must he kept incog., and then comes our revenge."

It was even so. In one week, Harvey Leston had left the village, and Lillie, much to the astonishment of her mother and sisters, was sent to an excellent seminary.

Mr. Gayland seldom spoke of Harvey Leston; hut when his name was mentioned jeeringly, there would be a smile of deep and quiet meaning play over his benevolent features.

Summer came round again; and again was Mrs. Gayland, Irene and Lucia at Saratoga; but Florette was not allowed to go. In vain her mother coaxed, but her father was inexorable. Florette thought it was on account of her youth; but as summer after summer rolled away, and found her still at home, she knew it was a punishment, and felt it to be just.

Five years had passed away. Gayland had heen from home a week, and his wife and daughters wondered that he stopped so long.

"Mamma," said Florette, "I should think you would know where he has gone; did he not tell you?"

"No; I asked him and he refused to tell me," said she, looking sour.

"Oh, I can guess," exclaimed Florette, who seemed to be in high spirits, "he has gone to hring his darling Lillie home."

Strange! the mother has almost forgotten that she has a child, and that they a sister.

"Well," says the mother, coldly, "I hope he has, for the chamber-maid is going to leave me, and Lillie can take her place.

"La, mama, do you suppose that after keeping her five years at——Seminary, papa would allow her to come home and make beds for us?"

Lucia's New York exquisite had deserted her and she was now twenty-five.

"We shall see," answered the mother with a decided air, "hut hark, I hear a carriage—it must be your father."

"Yes," said Lucia, casting a glance out of the window, "and there is a lady with him, hut it cannot be Lillie, for she is very handsome."

The door opened—Mr. Gayland entered, leading a young and beautiful girl.—Advancing toward his wife and daughters he presented her.

"Maria, your daughter, Lillie; Lucia, Florette, your sister."

Lillie, with a sweet smile, extended her hand, and notwithstanding evident coldness on the part of the mother and sisters, she would press her pouting lips to theirs.

"Well, Maria," said Mr. Gayland triumphantly, "do you want Lillie in the kitchen now? or perhaps next summer you would like to exhibit her and Florette at Saratoga?

A bitter smile was the only reply.—Mrs. Gayland saw that the poor, despised and insulted child was beautiful—even more beautiful than Florette; for there was a brightness in the dark eye of Lillie that spoke of heaven-born thought; an expression of lofty purity sat enthroned on her placid brow, while the soft cadence of her voice was sweeter music than the zephyr's harp.

Lillie was divesting herself of her traveling dress, and Florette, instead of assisting her, was gazing out upon the lawh. Suddenly she exclaimed, while a slight blush tinged her cheeks:

"Papa, look! do you know this gentleman who is approaching? He was introduced here by Mr. Berwick, on the day after you left, and is the most agreeable man I ever met with. He must have traveled over the world, for his knowledge is boundless; and his manners are so distinguished, I am sure he has lived in the best society. At times, when he is speaking very earnestly, his voice resembles Harvey Leston's and sometimes he fixes his eyes upon me just as Harvey used to do.

"Indeed, Florette," answered her father, somewhat sadly, "I hope you have not hurt your heart, I know the gentleman well, and he is engaged to a young lady of this village."

"Engaged! impossible, papa," said Lucia.

"He only visits here, and his eyes are always on Florette; but hark, he rings."

Mr. Gayland himself opened the door, and welcomed the gentleman by a hearty shake of the hand; then leading his youngest daughter forward, he said:

"Harvey Leston, this is my daughter Lillie, and your affianced bride."

The young man gazed upon her face for a moment in admiring wonder, then kneeling, he said, as in days gone past:

"You will be my own wife, Lillie—you will never leave nor laugh at me, as Florette has done?"

And again Lillie threw her arms around his neck, and answered with a face full of smiles and tears:

"Oh, no, never, dear Harvey, I will always he your own Lillie."

The rage of the mother, and the chegrin of Florette, can better be imagined than described. Mr. Gayland noticed them not, but taking the hand of his future son-in-law, he said:

"Arise, our revenge is complete.—Maria, your despised and neglected child is now superior, in wealth and beauty, to either of your daughters. There is not a lady in New England that would not be proud to call Harvey Leston, husband.—May the lesson you have learned be profitable."

Florette, while visiting Saratoga, gave her hand to Mr. Berwick, who had long sought it; hut she never looked upon the beloved Harvey Leston, without regretting that she had ever played the dangerous game of sporting with hearts.

Hints for Young Ladies.

If any young woman wastes in trivial amusements the prime season for improvement, which is between the ages of sixteen and twenty, they regret hitterly the loss, when they come to feel themselves inferior in knowledge to almost every one they converse with; and above all if they should ever be mothers, when they feel their inability to direct or assist the pursuits of their children, they find ignorance a severe mortification, and a real evil. Let this animate their industry, and let a modest opinion of their capacities be an encouragement to them in their endeavors after knowledge. A moderate understanding, with diligent and well directed application, will go much further than a lively genius, if attended with impatience and inattention, which too often accompany quick parts. It is not for want of capacity that so many women are such trifling, insipid companions, so ill-qualified for the friendship and conversation of a sensible man, or for the task of governing and instructing a family; it is often from the neglect of exercising the talents which they really have, and from omitting to cultivate a taste for intellectual improvement. By this neglect they lose the sincerest pleasures which would remain when almost every other forsakes them—of which neither fortune nor age can deprive them, and which would be a comfort and resource in almost every possible situation in life.—*Mrs. Chapone.*

THE STATE DEBT.—The [illegible] Legislative Finance Com[illegible] that the State debt, on all [illegible] of January last, was $6,6[illegible] assets were $6,855,749; [illegible] favor of the State of $17[illegible] er matters, such as fund[illegible] claims owned by the St[illegible] called assets, being eith[illegible] present, or else being [illegible] cred in trust, as hospita[illegible] &c., foot up $4,000,000[illegible] penses over income last [illegible] $76,451. The receipts [illegible] year will probably be $[illegible] penses $625,000; leavi[illegible] of $39,000. In additio[illegible] loans, scrip of 1851 fo[illegible] and the cost of the Con[illegible] year, making $330,000 t[illegible] dition to the regular d[illegible] With this, the committe[illegible] mend the passage of a[illegible] State tax of $400,000, [illegible] many years, of which [illegible] have to raise $100,000.

LARGE PIGEON ROOS[illegible] mentioned by the *Fort* [illegible] existing in that region [illegible] 28 miles from Fort S[illegible] upwards of 20 miles [illegible] Poteura to within a f[illegible] in Scott county. T[illegible] beyond computation.

☞ The true test of a [illegible] him waiting five minutes

Saturday Evening.

The night draws to a close the labors of the week. The hammer of the mechanic, the trowel of the mason and bricklayer, the brush of the painter, the saw and plane of the carpenter, the rattling of drays and omnibusses, are arrested; the thousand bargains in the different ramifications of trade are brought to a close.—Semstresses, milliners and tailors, have finished the various fashionable garments ordered, to be displayed on the coming Sabhath. The hatter's iron has grown cold, and the bootmaker has thrown down his last, the washerwoman has delivered her clean linen to her customers; the stevedore, the sailor, the laborer, and the slave, have alike-ended their labors for the week, they have received the wages of their hire. The book-keeper and clerk have left the counting room—the labors of all, in fact, are drawn to a close, save the printer and editor: for them there is no rest. What happiness and misery prevail of a Saturday night. Look into the thousand elegant drawing-rooms of the city, and see the wealth and happiness that prevail.

Now the reverse of the picture. Look in that miserable, scantily furnished room, and see that young wife, with her infant sleeping on her bosom. She has wept bitterly. What is the cause? Her faithless husband, instead of coming home with his week's earnings, is spending it at the grog-shop or the gaming-table.—How many poor, lost creatures, this night, think of the happy homes they have left and lost? What a night is this among the prisoners in our jails and prisons, and how different it is at sea with the sailor? How do the gay assemblages of fashion and beauty at the operas and theatres correspond with the misery and wretchedness of poverty and want?

Saturday night! What a thousand preparations, various as they are numerous, are there not made for the morrow? And yet, ten thousand scenes before us, we cannot help indulging in the reflection, that the beggar boy who lies, perhaps dreaming of the coming Sabbath, sleeps as sweetly and as soundly as the rich man's little son, who having undergone ablutions, and being robed in linen, sleeps on the couch of luxury. What a night, indeed, is Saturday night, with all the world!

THE TEETH.—It is a strange thing that the human teeth, apparently the most indestructible organ of our whole frame, should be the cause of more suffering, and perhaps of more mortality, than any other member with which Providence has furnished mankind. The ear with all its mechanism—the eye, with all its fragile delicacy—nay, the stomach, with all its complication and heavy business in the economy of human life—none of these give us so much trouble as the hard, compact, and well-guarded teeth. In childhood their growth is often fatal—in infancy their change is painful and disfiguring—in riper years they are almost to to every individual sources of accident and agony—and towards the close of our earthly pilgrimage, the miserable skeleton remains of the once well-arranged corps continue to annoy, or are replaced by equally tormenting auxiliaries.

I WAS JUST THINKING OF IT.—Some Fifty years ago—a member of the Legislature of New Hampshire possessing the same kind of knowledge that multitudes have in these days to know everything as soon as intended or suggested by others, was in the habit of following every proposed resolve, with—I was just thinking of it. An arch brother member, to try his wisdom, very gravely proposed a resolve, (heing in the time of war, when salt was scarce,) that every farmer should

The Farmer's Daughter.

She may not, in the merry dance,
With jewel'd maidens vie,
She may not smile on courtly swain
With soft, bewitching eye—
She cannot boast a form and mein
That lavish wealth has brought her,
But, ah! she has much fairer charms,
The farmer's peerless daughter.

The rose and lily on her cheek,
Together love to dwell;
Her laughing blue eyes wreath around
The heart a witching spell;
Her smile is bright as morning's glow
Upon the dewy plain,
And, listening to her voice, we dream
That SPRING has come again.

The timid fawn is not more wild,
Nor yet more gay and free,
The lily's cup is not more pure,
In all its purity.
Of all the wild flowers in the wood,
Or by the crystal water,
There's none more pure and free than she,
The farmer's peerless daughter.

Then tell me not of jewel'd fair—
The brightest jewel yet
Is in the heart where virtue dwells,
And innocence is set!
The glow of HEALTH upon her cheek,
The grace no rule has taught her—
The fairest wreath that beauty twines,
Is for the farmer's daughter.

CURIOUS FACTS RELATING TO GOLD.—Put 900 new sovereigns and 900 new English shillings in average ordinary circulation, and in one year the former will be worth about 899, and the latter about 894.

The malleability of gold can be carried to such an extent, that an apartment twelve feet square might be carpeted for thirty or forty dollars.

The celebrated Dr. Wollaston manufactured a piece of gold wire one-thirty-thousandth part of an inch in thickness; and it is calculated that the gold on the very finest silver wire for gold lace is not more than *one-third of one-millionth* of an inch in thickness.

HIGH PRICED RELIGION.—Dow Jr., the eccentric preacher, in allusion to the exclusion of many would-be-church-goers from the sanctuary, by reason of the enormously high pew rents in our fashionable churches, characteristically remarks: "There is a high duty on the fashionable waters of divine grace, and you have to pay at least a penny a piece for a nibble at the bread of life. To go to church, in any kind of tolerable style, costs a heap every year, and I know very well why a majority of you go to Beelzebub, because *you can't afford to go to Heaven at the present exorbitant prices.*"

DEATH OF GREAT MEN.—A superior and commanding human intellect, a truly great man, when Heaven vouchsafes so rare a gift, is not a temporary flame burning for a while, and then expiring giving place to returning darkness. It is rather a fervent heat, as well as radiant light, with power to enkindle the common mass of the human mind, so that when it glimmers in its own decay, and finally goes out in death, no night follows, but it leaves the world all right, all on fire, from the potent contact of its own spirit.—*Webster on the deaths of Adams and Jefferson.*

WARM PRACTICE.—Physicians in India raise blisters with red hot iron, and dress them with cayenne pepper. If such treatment don't make a man "smart," we don't know anything that would. One of their favorite cathartics is made of pills of gunpowder—twelve are given to a dose. A minute after they are down, a coal of

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Thursday, April 28.—In the House, the proposed amendments to the Liquor Law came up and were considered in Committee of the Whole. A substitute of a simple form was proposed for the amendments reported by the Committee, but no action was had upon it. At the afternoon session, the majority report was considered by sections, and several amendments offered, some of which were adopted, and others rejected.

Among the bills passed by the Senate, was one to authorize the Boston and Lowell Railroad Company to construct a branch railroad from Cambridgeport into Boston.

The bill to organize Webster county was rejected on Friday in the Senate on the question of its passage to be engrossed. The vote was subsequently reconsidered and the bill referred to a committee for amendment. Saturday forenoon the committee reported back the bill, without amendment, when a motion was made to amend so as to make Fitchburg a half shire town of Worcester county. This amendment was adopted, and the bill was passed under the name of "an act to establish certain courts in Fitchburg."

The ten per cent specie bill was rejected by the Senate.

Monday, May 2.—In the Senate, Mr. Parker's motion to indefinitely postpone the bill concerning banks was passed by a vote of 27 to 3.

The House was occupied all day on the discussion of the proposed amendments to the liquor bill. After a long and warm discussion the House refused to reconsider the vote whereby Mr. Wiggin's amendment, imposing a fine and imprisonment on owners of real estate letting it for the sale of intoxicating liquors, was adopted. The vote stood 107 for to 126 against the reconsideration.—The original amendment was adopted by a vote of 80 to 59. A motion to fine every person drinking intoxicating liquors in places where they are unlawfully sold, $10, was rejected by a vote of 102 to 67. Subsequently an entire new bill was introduced by Mr. Lord as a substitute for the pending bill—and the further discussion of the matter was postponed until Tuesday of next week.

ROBBERY—SINGULAR DETECTION.—Mr. Samuel B. Parmelee, of Wallingford, a son of the Sheriff of this County, had $1,750 in money, a watch worth $150, and a considerable amount of jewelry, stolen from his residence on Wednesday night. Being unable to obtain any clue to the thief, he was induced to consult a "medium," or clairvoyant, living between Wallingford and Durham.

She stated that the property was stolen by a servant girl, about sixteen years of age; that she had burned about half the money; that she had secreted the jewelry under a stone, and the remainder of the money in another place. They returned and made search, but were unable to find any of the lost property. The girl, however, was watched, and finally they concluded to visit the clairvoyant. On being put into the mesmeric state, she said the last of the money had been burned since their previous visit, and that the jewelry was then thrown into a well, which she described with great particularity, and also mentioned other circumstances tending to convince her hearers of the truth of her statements.

On returning, the well was searched, and the jewelry found in it, precisely as it had been described. The girl was then induced to confess—when she acknowledged that she had stolen the property, that she had burned half the money, and after the first search she had burned the remainder. She also said the jewelry was under the stone when the first search was made. In fact, she confessed all the clairvoyant had stated. In corroboration of her confessions, a slip of paper which was around a portion of the bills, was found in the ashes partly consumed. The girl was arrested, and is now confined in the County Jail.—*New Haven Jour.*

FATAL MISTAKE.—We learn from the Lowell Courier, that Mr Robert Gardiner of Lowell, called at the drug store of Mr. Hale, on Wednesday evening, for some pulverized rhubarb, and Mr. Hale not being in at the time, what he supposed was rhubarb was put up by a boy in attendance. Mr. Gardiner took the medicine just before going to bed, and about 11 o'clock he was found to be in great distress, and he died in a short time.—From the boy it was learned that Mr. Gardiner had taken 40 grains of pulverized *opium* instead of *rhubarb*—the boy understanding him to call for opium.

VISIT OF A CENTENARIAN TO THE STATE HOUSE.—On Wednesday, last week, a visit was paid to the State House by Mr. James Peebles, from Orford, New Hampshire, who entered on his 101st year on the 1st day of September last. Mr. Peebles was born in New Salem, in this State, and has been in the ranks of useful laboring citizens from a period dating before the American Revolution. He is a blacksmith by trade, and works regularly at that occupation. Last Saturday he walked twenty miles and shod a pair of oxen and a horse.

EXPENSIVE WITNESS.—Quite a sensation was produced in Washington a day or two since, by the exhibition of the hotel bill of [illegible] to the People was very pertinent and Right hand of Fellowship, Pepperill, and the Charge Dr. Child, were full of fessions of regard. We them equalled in their and beauty. Indeed, the only well sustained, but order. The village of rural spot in Middlesex is the 2d Pastor of the ars old. May his minis- and happy. B.

NTY.—Horace I. Hodges of John Warner of Green- chosen County Commis- hire County, at a special y. The board of Com- omplete, and is as follows, I. Hodges of Northamp- of Greenwich, E. H. ngton; Special Commis- ill of Williamsburg, and Belchertown.

—The Rutland Herald or hard coal has been ds of Hiram Ainsworth he Herald describes the ally solid, and free from extraneous matter. The uite an excitement.

THE JOURNAL.

PALMER, MASS.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 7, 1853.

The Holy Shrines.

It is stated, as a curious fact, that Europe is now agitated by the same question which, eight hundred years ago precipitated its valor, its chivalry and its religious enthusiasm on the plains of Palestine. The Emperor of Russia who claims to be the head of the Greek Church, is seeking to possess himself of the Holy Shrines, and deliver them from the hands of the Mahometans. Another Crusade, to recover these religious relics is, therefore, supposed to be contemplated by Russia and Austria, with the sole view of destroying the powers of the Sublime Porte, and swallowing up Turkey in their own dominions. The question is now agitating the whole of Europe. Turkey looks to England for protection, while John Bull hardly knows what to do in the premises

From time to time since the rise of Mahometanism, the Holy Shrines have been disputed property, and the many efforts to obtain them by christian nations have cost millions of lives. The first Crusade was preached by Peter the Hermit, of France, who having returned from a pilgrimage to the Holy Sepulchre, entered the palaces of the great and the cottages of the poor, recounting the sufferings of the pilgrims, from the wrongs of the Mahometans, and calling aloud for vengeance. He succeeded in arousing the ambition of the Sovereigns of Europe, who readily armed their subjects for the enterprise. Pope Gregory VIII. proclaimed plenary indulgence and full absolution to all who should devote themselves to the service.

An immense multitude of ambitious nobles readily engaged in the enterprise, and headed by Peter the Hermit, the expedition started in the spring of 1096. The army numbered 80,000 recruits, who were followed by a promiscuous assemblage of 200,000 persons, more like the collected banditti of Europe than a regular constituted soldiery.—The Jews of Germany were their first victims, but their outrages in Hungary and Bulgaria drew upon them severe retaliation from the inhabitants, so that when the army reached Constantinople it was reduced to one-third its original number. These were met by Solyman, the sultan, and almost totally destroyed.

But another expedition under the lead of Godfrey of Bouillon, was more successful.—He marched 700,000 soldiers to the East, defeated Solyman, took several cities, vanquished an army of 600,000 Saracens, and after a seige of 40 days took Jerusalem by storm, and the whole of its Mahometan and Jewish inhabitants were barbarously massacred.—The heroic Godfrey was proclaimed king of Jerusalem, a post which he occupied only one year, being obliged to relinquish it to the pope's legate.

The conquerers having divided Syria and Palestine into four States, began to return to Europe. The Turks gradually regained their strength, until the Christians in Asia found themselves surrounded by foes. A brother of Phillip I. of France, led a large army to their rescue, but they all met with a similar fate to that of the army under Peter the Hermit.

The second Crusade was preached by St. Bernard, in 1147. Louis VII. of France, and Conrad III. of Germany, with 300,000 of their subjects assumed the cross, the insigna of the holy cause they were engaged in.—Both armies under these illustrious leaders were almost annihilated, and the two monarchs returned with shame to their own countries.

In 1147, Saladin, who had raised himself to the sovereignity of Egypt, Arabia, Syria and Persia, raised an army, defeated the Christians in the battle of Tiberias, besieged and took Jerusalem and made its sovereign, Guy, prisoner.

Seeing the Mahometans again established in possession of the Holy Sepulchre, Phillip Augustus of France, Richard I. of England, and Frederick Barbarossa of Germany, were induced by pope Clement III. to undertake a third Crusade. The emperor Fredrick was drowned in Cilicia, and his army mostly destroyed. The English and French monarchs took the city of Ptolemais, but he was subsequently ransomed, when he returned to his own kingdom. This was the last Crusade to the Holy Land of those superstitious and ambitious persons who blended chivalry with religion, and carried both to the highest pitch of enthusiasm.

The Crusades formed one of the most important features of the time known as the Dark Ages; literature and religion were blighted, and three-fourths of the then known world were marked with tracks of blood.—The Holy Wars, so called, invited the ambitions spirits of Europe to engage in them with uncommon zeal. With the assurance of eternal salvation, and eager for enterprise and rapine, robbers, incendiaries, murderers and thousands of inferior offenders readily embraced the opportunity of making expiation for their sins.

In nearly every century since the Crusades, the Holy Places have been objects of contention. In the beginning of the 16th century the Holy Land was conquered by Selin, and the treaty between him and his successor, Francis I., placed under the protection of the crown of France the Holy Places, as well as the monks who guarded them.

Serious collisions have from time to time taken place between the Greeks and Latins in regard to the guardianship of the Holy Shrines; both have urged their claims on the strength of privileges granted by the Porte. In 1819 an attempt was made by Louis XVIII. and the Emperor Alexander, to make some arrangement with the Porte, whereby the three powers might put an end to the disputes between the Greeks and Latins. Matters progressed finely, but the Greek revolution which broke out in 1821 put a stop to the negociations. The Holy Places, since then, have excited little attention in Europe till now. Under the pretext of putting them under protection of the Greek Church, the emperor of Russia is endeavoring to quarrel with Turkey; the only object, however, seems to be the conquest of that country.—If England and France do not interfere, that object will probably be effected. A slice from Turkey, or even the whole of that country, would strengthen the vast Asiatic possessions of Russia, and materially add to its already notorious power.

In anticipation of an attack, the Turks are arming themselves and strengthening their means of defence along the Bosphorus.—Long and desperately will they withstand an attack, but they cannot cope with the powers of Russia and Austria. Help from European powers can only save them.

MISS MAY, a beautiful and pert looking lady, who appears just as young now as she did twenty years ago, arrived in town last Sunday. Nearly all the young people have paid her their respects, and will continue to do so as long as she remains with us. She is peculiarly mild in her manners, and the bewitching loveliness always visible in her countenance, gains her innumerable admirers. She will remain with us a little more than three weeks longer, during which time she will entertain us with her smiles, and regale us with the fragrant odors of early flowers. We always thought a great deal of Miss May, because she was present at that important period of the world when we made our appearance upon the stage of life. Ah, Miss May, was'nt that a *great* time? Don't you remember how you fanned our velvet cheek and kissed our infant lips? Don't you recollect how the nurse thought you would give us a cold; but instead, you gave us enduring health and May-*jestic* ideas?—We have a *faint* remembrance of it all, Miss May, though about a quarter of a century has passed since then. We have seen many other pretty Misses since, and——Miss May, you *are* a beautiful—month.

INSTALLATION AT WESTFORD, MS.—On Wednesday, May 4th, Rev. Thomas Wilson, late of this village, was installed Pastor of the "Union" Congregational Church, Westford. The Council was organized by the choice of Rev. Dr. Child, Moderator, and Rev. W. W. Belden, Scribe. The examination of the candidate, which occupied the forenoon, was interesting and creditable.—At 2 P. M. the public exercises commenced. The Sermon, by Rev. Dr. Blanchard of Lowell, from Mark 6—12, was a clear and full explanation of the doctrine of repentance, peculiarly rich in its devotional spirit. The

Girls in Printing Offices.

The strike among the journeyman printers of New York has been the means of the introduction of girls into printing offices, to set type, a feature never before practised in that city. Girls make good type setters, on ordinary work, and can earn good wages; but they are never so good compositors as men, and never can be wholly substituted for the latter. In Boston, and in fact in many offices in this State, girls are employed to set type. The Olive Branch, is wholly set up by girls, and so are several other papers. There is much heavy work in printing offices which women are unfit to perform, and none but men will ever be employed to execute Job Work. Girls can be hired for about two-thirds the price that is paid to men, and on plain type setting they answer the purpose about as well. The New York Tribune favors the employment of girls in printing offices, and says:

It seems to be the opinion of some that Typography is the predestined Joshua of Woman, just about to lead her out of the wilderness of dependance, excessive toil and efficient recompense into the Promised Land of abundance and freedom.

Now it is an old truth that educated, intelligent, intellectual Women *can* set type, and, under favorable circumstances make a good business of it. The work requires no considerable exertion of strength, and its main requisites are quickness of eye and finger, good judgment and intellectual capacity. We estimate the services of a competent young woman at type-setting as worth in this city $2 per week after the first fortnight, $4 per week after three months' practice, $6 per week after one year, and $8 per week after two years. That this is very much better than Women of the requisite capacity can do in the vocations to which they have hitherto been almost wholly confined, we need hardly remark.

THE RAILROAD MASSACRE NEAR CHICAGO.—We last week gave an account of a frightful railroad accident that occurred near Chicago, by the running of one train into another at the crossing of the Michigan Central and Southern Railroads. A Baptist clergyman writes the following to the New York Tribune:

Our train, while moving with great velocity, at least forty miles per hour, struck the fifth car of the emigrant train, and as the angle was very obtuse which we made with the other train, they came thundering and crushing on, piling the dead, wounded and slightly injured, in horrid profusion through the huge mass of broken cars. Screams and groans, and wailings, were then mingled in terrific discord.

Parents writhing in agony over their crushed offspring; children wailing over their dead and dying parents; cherub babes far sundered from their frantic mothers; mothers, in the agonies of death, still grasping, or being clung to by their terrified children; the dead, injured and frightened, in every direction, presented a scene that can be realized only when seen and participated in. One man lay fastened in the wrecked cars upon his only son, and before we could extricate him, his darling boy was dead.—Another father, having his teeth knocked out and several ribs broken, stood over his dying wife and dead daughter, while two sons, all mangled, lay at his feet, and his only surviving daughter alone remained to comfort and minister to surviving members of the family, joyous and happy in each others love and society ten minutes before. Another husband and father, on his way to visit the relatives of his wife in this State, accompanied by his wife and child, was in the act of paying his fare when the trains met. His pocket-book, containing some $400, was, of course, dropped, and he, left, far from home and friends, with a wife seriously injured, without a cent of money. I ought to have said that the crossing is in the great Chicago swamp, and the water surrounded us on every side, to the depth of from one to four feet. Two little children were drowned.

I doubt not that the killed will be found to number nearer 30 than 20, and the injured are believed to reach from 60 to 100 persons. 21 were seen dead before we left Chicago the next morning.

KOSSUTH AND FIRE ARMS.—A building containing numerous fire arms and ammunition has been discovered in London, near the residence of Kossuth, and he has been charged with being concerned in the manufacture of warlike materials. Kossuth denies the statement, and it has been shown that the building was a rocket manufactory, in which he had no concern.

CAPITAL OF THE NEW TERRITORY.—Gov. Stevens, says the Washington *Republic*, will probably locate the territorial government of the new Territory of Washington at Olympia, a thriving village at the head of Puget's Sound, which, it is thought, in the Land Office, is shortly to become the great commercial capital of our Northern Pacific coast possessions.

DEATH FROM GLANDERS.—On Sunday last, Coroner Peter A. Stoutenburg of Queens Co, N. Y., died at Jericho from a disease known as the glanders. He caught the disease while administering medicine to a horse affected with it. His hand was scratched by a tooth, and the disease communicated to his system.

☞ Four citizens of Pawtucket, Mass., viz:—Philip and Elijah Baker and Freeman Baxter and wife, were on board the ill-fated Independence. The Messrs. Baker perished—each leaving a wife and several children. Mr. and Mrs. Baxter are reported to have been saved.

THE PRESIDENT.—The *National Democrat* says it is "authorized to say that President Pierce will, in the course of a few days, pay a visit to New Hampshire. He intends to be absent from Washington about two weeks."

☞ It is rumored at Havana that the Spanish Government had authorized the payment to George Law of the sum of $300,000, for detentions, losses, &c., connected with the steamer Cherokee.

Another Steamer Burnt---Twenty-eight Lives Lost!

The Steamer Ocean Wave was burnt on Lake Ontario on Friday night, last week, by which calamity twenty-eight lives were lost. The Ocean Wave took fire from her furnace on her downward trip off the "Ducks," about 40 miles above Kingston, on Saturday morning, about 2 o'clock. When the fire was first discovered, she was about a mile and a half from the shore, which she was immediately headed for, but so intense was the heat that the machinery gave out, and she drifted to sea. The upper cabin was consumed in about fifteen minutes, and in about two hours the hull went down. Those saved were taken off by the schooner Georgianna.

The Ocean Wave had on board 14 cabin and 9 deck passengers, besides 4 children and the crew, who swelled the number to about 50, of whom 22 were saved. Among the crew saved were Capt. Wright and both mates; Thos. Oliver, the purser; both wheelmen, the second Engineer, Mr. Blackman, and a number of deck hands. Among the passengers saved were Mr. Francis Kiah and wife, both of whom were burned, but not dangerously; Mrs. French, of Cornwall, and the wife of Mr. Moore, of the Gore Bank, Hamilton. These three were all the females saved. A small vessel, on her way downward, sent a boat to the assistance of the ill-fated steamer, but the men being frightened pulled away again.

ANNIVERSARY.—The anniversary of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions was held in New York on Sunday evening. The Secretary's report shows that with a diminished collecting agency, the receipts of the Board have from all sources been over $8,000 in advance of the receipts of last year.—The sum of $153,222 83 is acknowledged in the Treasurer's Report. The expenditures have been slightly less than the receipts.

THE KILLED BY THE RECENT RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—The list of the persons killed by the collision on the two Michigan railroads, so far as ascertained, makes the whole number sixteen; of which seven are Germans, two Irish, three Americans, and the remainder unknown. The Americans were, Susan Scott, of Little Falls, N. Y., Stephen D. Gray, of Wheelock, Vt., and John Hunter Earl, residence unknown. In Mr. Gray's pockets were found $320.

☞ J. C. Phinney, of Kennebec, Me., has a common brook trout weighing six pounds, and eighteen inches in length, has had him six years, and keeps him in a large water tank, and feeds him with scraps of meat.—A man not long since was drinking from the tank, not knowing that it was tenanted, when the trout made a spring at his face, and severely bit his lip.

☞ A woman named Christiana Sixsby was found murdered in her house at Cleveland, Ohio, on Thursday. The house had been shut the Friday previous, and upon being forced open, her body was found brutally mangled and her throat cut. The house had also been ransacked.

BURIED IN A WELL.—A man named Plumber, and two boys named Blanchard and Stevens, were killed by the caving in of a well in which they were at work in Hinesburg, Vt., last week. Another man named Plumber who was engulfed with them, was rescued alive.

RAISED THEIR PAY.—The House of Representatives has voted to raise the pay of Members of the Legislature from $2, the long established price, to $2,50 per day. Why should'nt legislators demand higher wages as well as all other people?

COMPLIMENTARY.—A Sabbath School class in the Congregational Church at Ware, composed of several young ladies, have recently presented to their teacher, Wm. S. Brakenridge, an elegant silver pitcher, in token of their esteem and gratitude.

ANOTHER COMET.—A comet will make its appearance in 1856, whose period of revolution is three hundred years. It was seen in the years 104, 392, 683, 975, 1264, and the last time in 1556. It is remarkably brilliant.

MORE OF THE MURDERER.—It is stated that the notorious Albert J. Tirrell, has been arrested at Porter's, in Cambridge, for defrauding a Lexington farmer out of $375, at the Brighton market, the other day.

DEATH SENTENCES.—Thomas Neary and Patrick Fitzgerald, convicted at the Court of Oyer and Terminer, New York, of the murder of their two wives, were sentenced, last week, to be hung on the 17th of June.

☞ Geo. L. Shaw, of Enfield, the man who obtained $3000 damages of the town of Palmer, for being turned over and hurt in the road near Palmer Center, has been appointed Deputy Sheriff in Hampshire County.

☞ Mrs. Hunt of Northampton, who was made insane through the spirit rapping mania, and was taken to the Brattleboro' Insane Asylum, has been restored to her right mind, and taken from the Asylum.

BACK AGAIN.—Santa Anna arrived at the city of Mexico on the 17th. He was received with illuminations, firing of cannon, and great rejoicing. All along the route was manifested the utmost enthusiasm.

☞ The Springfield Republican made its appearance in new type last Monday, an indication of its prosperity, which we are happy to witness.

FIRE IN THE WOODS.—One thousand acres of woodland were burnt over in Needham, last Sunday. Several houses narrowly escaped destruction by the fire.

Western Correspondence of the Journal.

MOLINE, ILL., APRIL 25th, 1853.

FRIEND FISK:—Thinking perhaps it might interest you, and the readers of the *Journal*, to know something of the growth and enterprise of some of the new towns along the banks of the noble Mississippi, I have concluded first to give the location, manufactures, &c., of the little town in which I reside.

Moline, Ill., is situated at the foot of the upper rapids, about 300 miles above St. Louis, 500 below St. Anthony Falls, 180 west of Chicago and 45 east of Iowa City. Population about twelve hundred, the majority of the business men are from New England.—It is only about ten years old, and has ever been very healthy and prosperous. This point is to be the terminus of the Chicago and Rock Island Railroad, which is to be completed in less than one year. At this point, also, the great bridge across the "Father of waters" is to be erected.

This place has many natural advantages over other towns in northern Illinois; its extensive water-power alone, by Yankee cash and enterprise, can and will make it one of the largest cities above St. Louis! The variety and valuation of its most important manufactures of this year, as taken by one of our business men, are as follows:

Lumber, lath, flooring and pickets,	$132,500
Flour, meal and feed,	40,000
Wrapping and printing paper,	24,000
Plows and Seed drills,	44,000
Bedsteads, buckets, tubs and chairs,	40,000
Chain pumps,	10,000
Barrel staves, heading and barrels,	5,000
Shingles made by machinery,	5,000
Sash, blinds, doors and frames,	10,000
Fanning mills, corn shellers and ment safes,	20,000
Manufactures of turning shops,	3,000
Axe helves, spokes and hubs,	3,000
Washing machines,	7,000
Furniture, by machinery,	1,000
	$344,000

I imagine by the statistics given, you will think this a miniature Lowell; if so, all right, for it is now acknowledged by many to be, in point of business, morality and temperance, far ahead of the most thriving towns of New England of the same population.

Rock Island city, the county seat, three miles below us, is a place of considerable importance and will probably, in a short time, be one of "*the places.*" It numbers over 3,000 inhabitants. Directly opposite Rock Island is Davenport city, numbering about 4,000 inhabitants. It is seuled mostly by Germans. This, too, is quite a large manufacturing place, having eight steam mills and shops, some very extensive.

Iowa College is located most beautifully on a bluff back of this city, Muscatine, twenty miles down the river, Le Claire and Porte-Byron, fourteen miles above us, are all finely located and growing towns.

Yours, most truly, W. D. M.

☞ The name of Homer Clark, of Chester Village, has been erased from the roll of Attorneys in the State, by the decision of Judge Hoar, that he had not studied law the usual length of time.—*Exchange*

A wise and profound judgement! Perhaps Mr. Clark knows more about law, for the time he has studied, than some men would know if they had studied "the usual length of time." Mr. Hoar's judgment is based on the *length of time* a man devotes to the study of law, and not the knowledge he possesses of that profession. In the same way young men graduate at College. They must stay so many years before they can get A. M., attached to their names, though the time be spent in reciting half-learned lessons, and fooling away the most precious years of their life. We have known young men to get a better education in the chimney corner than some posses who have been dubbed Master of Arts by a celebrated College.—Such is the fashion and form to rise in the world. Let Mr. Clark read Blackstone "the usual *length of time*" and he will then be acknowledged a lawyer of the first water—according to Judge Hoar's decision.

GREAT FIRE IN PEPPERELL.—The Hospital for the Insane, owned by Drs. Cutter and Howe of Pepperell, consisting of two large three-story houses, was entirely consumed on Sunday afternoon about 4 o'clock. The fire was first discovered on the roof of one of the buildings, which communicated to the other building, and both were soon destroyed. There were about thirty insane persons living at the establishment, all of whom were saved. The dwelling house of Rev. Mr. Perry, occupied as a boarding school for boys, was also consumed, together with the school house in the immediate vicinity. Usually there are about twenty-five boys at this school, but as vacation commenced a few days since, they were all absent. The loss of the whole cannot be far from $25,000, on which the insurance is but slight, what little there is being at the Middlesex Mutual Office.

SINGULAR STORY OF A FISH.—Wm. Cook, of Provincetown, states that on Friday last, while the fishing schooner Rio Grande was catching fish six miles off Nauset three lights, a very large cod was caught, in the stomach of which was found the left arm of a child apparently five or six years of age. The arm was of the whole length from the shoulder blade; and the flesh was gone as far down as the elbow, below which the whole was perfect even to the finger nails.

DEAR EATING.—New potatoes at $5 a bushel, asparagus at fifty cents a bunch, strawberries at $1 a basket, green peas at $1 a peck, and tomatoes at 37 1-2 cents a quart, are now come-at-able in New York.

☞ The "Silver Street" Bloomer Lyric has got into the New York papers. A young lady in "Silver Street" is said to sing it beautifully.

Constitutional Convention.

The members of the Convention, to the number of 405, met at the Hall of the House of Representatives at 12 o'clock, on Wednesday, and were called to order by Robert Rantoul of Beverly. Prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Lothrop. The organization of the Convention was then effected, in accordance with the nominations of the Coalition caucus. The vote for President was, for N. P. Banks, Jr., 250; for George N. Briggs, 137; scattering 4. The vote for Secretary was, Wm. S. Robinson, 247; Charles W. Story, 144; scattering 4. The President was conducted to his chair by Messrs Choate of Boston, Weston of Duxbury, and Wolcott of Salem. J. T. Robinson was chosen Assistant Secretary by a vote of 235 to 83 for W. E. Haskell of Chelsea, and 29 for Chas. W. Storey. On taking the chair the President made a neat and appropriate speech.

A Committee of one from each County was chosen to report on the best mode of proceeding in the revision of the Constitution, as follows:—Messrs Wilson of Natick, Choate of Boston, Nayson of Amesbury, Earle of Worcester, Beach of Springfield, Cushman of Bernardston, Dawes of Adams, Hale of Bridgewater, Weeks of Harwich, Aspenwall of Brookline, Maeder of Nantucket, Pease of Tisbury, and Hathaway of Freetown.

The following were appointed a Committee to draw up rules and orders for the government of the Convention:—Hall of Haverhill, Lord of Salem, Crowninshield of Boston, Whitney of Conway, and Gooch of Melrose.

Previous to the adjournment of the Convention, a Committee was appointed to ascertain whether a suitable hall can be provided, with convenient Committee rooms, for the use of the Convention.

On Thursday, the Convention spent the day in debating on the practicability of continuing the session in the Hall of the Lowell Institute, but without coming to a decision on that point the Convention adjourned.

☞ Eli Gardiner, Horace Gardiner, and William Soule of Wales, and Clark Shaw of Monson, were arrested and brought before Josiah Hooker, on Thursday, on complaint of Calvin Bradway of Wales, for conspiracy. Bradway charges them with having combined together, and caused him to be arrested upon charges of adultery, and kindred crimes, larceny assault and battery, &c., for the purpose of obtaining money from him. The case was adjourned to the 12th inst. Bradway is now out on bail, and is to be tried at the coming May term, upon indictments found by the grand jury upon the charges of adultery, &c.—*Rep.*

ARREST ON A CHARGE OF RAPE.—Michael Sullivan and John Tooley, neither of them over eighteen years of age, were committed for trial, in Springfield, on Monday, on charges of assaulting Mary Ann McCarty, at Mitteneaque, on Sunday, attempting to violate her person, robbing her of jewelry, and threatening her life if she made any disclosure of their acts.

☞ At Bowling Green, Ohio, Valentine Sage, in a fit of insanity, caused by the excitement of a ten days' protracted meeting, killed one of his children and attempted to destroy his wife. He is now a raving maniac in Perrysburg Jail, but has a perfect knowledge of what he has done, and justifies the act on the ground that the child is now happy in Heaven.

VAN BUREN.—Ex-President Van Buren who was one of the passengers by the steamship Arctic, from New York on Saturday, intends to make the tour of Europe, and will perhaps visit the East. "Though seventy-one years of age," says the *N. Y. Evening Post*, "he starts upon his tour of foreign travel with all the health and vigor and elasticity of spirit which would have been expected of him thirty years ago."

THE CROPS.—Accounts from Western New York and from the wheat growing region of the South, speak in the most encouraging terms of the prospects of the grain and grass crops. Wheat is said to look remarkably promising, and should no mishap occur, an unusually large yield must follow.

CARGO OF IMPORTED SHEEP.—There have just landed from the steamship Humboldt, at N. Y., one hundred and eleven sheep, of the improved merino stock, remarkable for their large size and weight of fleece. They were imported by Solomon W. Jewett, of Middlebury, Vt., who purchased them in the interior of France.

☞ A correspondent of Fred. Douglass' paper says that Rev. Josiah Henson, a colored preacher and fugitive slave, who resides at Dawn, Canada West, is the real Uncle Tom represented in Mrs. Stowe's book.

☞ *The Baptists* are erecting a new College at Fairfax, Franklin Co., Vt. A Professorship of Agriculture is to be established therein, with an endowment of twenty thousand.

BELCHERTOWN AND AMHERST RAILROAD.—On the authority of Madam Rumor, we announce that the cars will commence making regular trips on the Amherst and Belchertown railroad next Monday.

LEGISLATURE.—The House adjourned from Wednesday morning to Saturday, to make room for the meeting of the Convention. The Senate adjourned on Thursday to meet on Monday.

☞ Wm. B. Titcomb of Chelsea, was seized with an apoplectic fit, while in church at South Malden, on Sunday, and died in his seat before aid could be rendered.

WHOLESALE SLAUGHTER.—Forty people were killed and not less than one hundred injured by railroad accidents last week! An awful "footing up" for a single week.

The Legislature of Connecticut convened at Hartford on Wednesday, when Gov. Seymour delivered his message

☞ A slight shock of an earthquake was experienced in different parts of Washington Monday morning about twenty minutes past nine, lasting but a few moments, causing perceptible vibrations of buildings.—*Ex.*

The same shock was communicated to this place, through a Post Office appointment, received by one of the applicants here, about that time, which turned out to be spurious.

GOOD.—A man named Jacobs has been convicted at New London, Ct., of placing obstructions on the rails of the New London and Palmer R. R., and sentenced to *eight* years imprisonment in the State prison.

DEATH OF AN AGED WOMAN.—Violet Proctor died at the Alms House, in New Bedford, the 23d ult., at the advanced age of *one hundred and eight years*. Such instances of longevity are rare.

LIBERALITY.—A writer in the *N. Y. Observer* states that the memorials in his possession show that the Hon. Amos Lawrence gave away during the last ten years of his life, more than *five hundred thousand dollars*.

☞ Samuel G. Woodbridge, aged 84, was run over and instantly killed by a train on the Boston and Lowell Railroad, near Reading Depot, on Thursday.

☞ It is stated that there are two thousand Cubans now in the United States, receiving education at our schools.

TERRIBLE RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—The conductor of yesterday's afternoon accommodation train, states that the Express train from New York to Boston, due here at 2 P. M., ran off a bridge at Norwalk, owing to the draw being up, and FIFTY PERSONS were KILLED!

SPECIAL NOTICES.

IMPORTANT TO THE AFFLICTED.—We take pleasure in laying before our readers the following testimony in favor of Dr. Weaver's Medicines, because it comes from a source which may be relied upon. Mr. Henry formerly officiating as a Methodist Clergyman in the town of Palmer, where he still resides, and his numerous friends will not only be gratified to learn that he has been relieved of his troublesome complaint, but will have perfect confidence in the medicine which has effected the change, and which he so cheerfully recommends. *Read his Certificate below*

Important Testimony

From a Methodist Clergyman, who has been cured of a bad case of Erysipelas with but 6 bottles of Dr. S. A. Weaver's Syrup!

PALMER, Mass., January, 1853.

Dr. S A. Weaver—Dear Sir —I consider myself under obligation to certify to the good effects which your medicines have had in my own case. I have been for a long time afflicted with what has been considered Erysipelas, and in attempting to rid myself of it have taken ten bottles of Townsend's and ten bottles of Bush's Sarsaparilla syrup, besides various other medicines too numerous to mention. About a year ago I commenced using your Syrup and continued till six bottles of it were taken. I am now able to say that I not only received great benefit from it, but that it has done me more good than any or all other medicines I ever used. In fact and truth I can say that all I ever took before, never done me half so much good as those six bottles of yours. I should have certified to these facts before now, but I wanted to test the effects or cure by the Fall or Winter weather, as heretofore I have been free from the disease in the Summer, and when cold weather came it troubled me again as bad as ever. Last year before this time it was so, but now I have hardly any about me, and I think a few bottles more will effect a perfect, permanent cure. I advise all who are afflicted as I have been, to use Dr. S. A. Weaver's Canker and Salt Rheum Syrup in preference to any or all other medicines.

SAMUEL HENRY.

A CARD.

Mrs. Winslow to the Ladies.

Mrs. Winslow, an old and experienced nurse and Female Physician, would call the attention of the ladies to her Soothing Syrup for Children teething. It will immediately relieve them from pain, allay all spasmodic action, soften the gums, reduce inflamation, and is sure to regulate the Bowels. Depend upon it, Mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to your children. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Cramp and Pain Killer.

The world is astonished at the wonderful cures performed by the CRAMP AND PAIN, KILLER prepared by CURTIS & PERKINS. Its equal has never been known for removing pain in all cases; for the cure of spinal complaints, cramp in the limbs and stomach, rheumatism in all its forms, billious cholic, burns, sore throat, and gravel, is decidedly the best remedy in the world. For particulars, see circulars in the hands of the Agents, for a gratuitous circulation.

N. B.—Be sure and call for CURTIS & PERKINS' Cramp and Pain Killer. All others bearing this name are base imitations. Price 12 1-2, 25, 37 1-2, cts. a bottle according to the size.

We have sold very large quantities of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup during the past six years, several thousand the last year. We believe it the best medicine in the world for Children teething or for the cure of Dysentery and Diarrhea in Children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause. It gives universal satisfaction—never heard a complaint from any one using it—never sold a medicine so universally successful in relieving pain and effecting cures—relief is ABSOLUTELY SURE.

CURTIS & PERKINS.
Druggists, Bangor, Me.

AGENTS.—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; W. N. Packard, Thorndike; A. H. Longley, Belchertown; T. F. Packard, Monson; Crane & Kingsbury, Stafford Springs; Wm. H. Sessions, Warren; O. F. Packard & Co., Three Rivers; L. B. Bliss, Wilbraham; and for sale in nearly every town in the State.

Henshaw Edwards & Co., India St., and Weeks & Potter, Washington St., Boston, wholesale agents, and Boyd & Paul, No. 40, Courtland St. New York. 1y. 28.

Poisoning.

Thousands of parents who use Vermifuge composed of Castor oil, Calomel, &c., are not aware, that while they appear to benefit the patient, they are actually laying the foundation of a series of diseases, such as salivation, loss of sight, weakness of limbs, &c.

In another column will be found the advertisement of Hobensack's Medicines, to which we ask the attention of all directly interested in their own as well as their Children's health.—In Liver Complaints and all disorders arising from those of a bilious type, should make use of the only genuine medicine, Hobensack's Liver Pills.

☞ "*Be not deceived,*" but ask for Hobensack's Worm Syrup and Liver Pills, and observe that each has the signature of the Proprietor, J. N. HOBENSACK, as none else are genuine.

DIVORCES.—Charlotte and Elisha Allen, and Eunice E. and Erastus Bates, were divorced at the Supreme Judicial Court held in Springfield last week. The charge of adultery was the ground of divorce in each case. What are we coming to?

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.—We omitted to state, last week, that the Whig candidates for County Commissioners were elected on Monday.

DEATH OF HON. ROBERT G. SHAW.—Hon. Robert G. Shaw, died at his residence in Boston, Tuesday evening, about 7 o'clock.

BORN.

In this town, April 8, a daughter to Orrin Smith.

In this town, (Duckville) April 13, a daughter to Loverlin Bascom.

In this town, (Three Rivers) April 18, a daughter to Rufus Brown.

In this town, April 28, a son to Barney Gallagher.

In Amherst, 24th, two sons to James Gillan.

MARRIED.

In Springfield, April 17, by Rev. Dr. Ide, George S. Dixon to Helen Bosworth, both of Palmer; May 2, by the same, Edwin Knight to Harriet A. Moore.

In Ware, 5th ult, Elbridge B. Blair, of W., and Helen M. Stewart of Chicopee: 7th, John A. Tisdale and Lucy Smith; F. H. Glenn, and Mary A. Taylor.

In Northampton, 3d inst., by Rev. D. M. Crane, Charles D. Bartlett of Hatfield, to Lovina Langdon of N; April 26, by Rev. Dr. Cleveland, James E. Clarke to Harriet Cutler, both of Northampton.

DIED.

In Amherst, 27th, Roxanna, 34, wife of Wm. Hastings.

In Belchertown, 5th, Roxanna, 68, wife of Joel Willey.

In Ludlow, 17th, widow Lois Gillegan 89.

In Northampton, 27th, Elizabeth T., 27, wife of R. M. Whitehouse.

In Springfield, 25th ult., Nancy L., daughter of Edwin Butler.

In Ludlow, 2d inst., Harriet, 58, wife of Rev. Ebenezer B. Wright.

J. W. ELLIOT,
SURGEON DENTIST,

Thankful for past favors, would respectfully solicit a share of public patronage at the present time. Office at H. J. LYMAN'S Cottage House, a few steps north of the Journal Office.
Palmer, May 7. 3tf

IN STORE,

AND FOR SALE—
16 Hhds. Mus., P. R. and Card Molasses.
8000 lbs. Sugar, various kinds.
Old Hyson Teas,
Young " "
Ningyoung " "
Souchong "
Oolong " of many qualities.
Soaps, Spices, Fish, Salt, Lard, Hams, Pork, Tobacco, &c., *at prices satisfactorily low.*
M. W. FRENCH & CO.
Palmer, May 7. 3tf

BAG and Bbl. SALT, by MUNGER & BASSETT.
May 7. 3tf

FLOUR in half and whole bbls. by MUNGER & BASSETT.
May 7. 3tf

FEATHERS, by MUNGER & BASSETT.
May 7. 3tf

TRUNKS, Traveling Bags, Valises, &c. by MUNGER & BASSETT.
May 7. 3tf

A FEW pieces 22 cts. DE LAINE for 12 1-2 cents, can be found at MUNGER & BASSETT'S.
May 7. 3tf

Notice---Removal.

L. B. CHAMBERLIN, manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, next building to the Nassowanno House, would call the attention of the inhabitants of Palmer and vicinity, to his new and choice stock of goods, feeling confident that he can offer inducements worthy the favorable notice of all.

Those who in their purchases regard durability and cheapness, or wish for a fashionable article, can do no better than to examine this assortment, consisting of

Men's French and American Calf Boots,
" Calf and Enameled Congress do.,
" Kipp and Calcutta do.,
Men's and Boys' Calf, Kipp, Enameled and Goat Skin Shoes,
Slippers and Rubbers,
Misses' and Children's Shoes, Bootees and Gaiters,
Ladies' Gaiters,
" Half Gaiters.
" Morocco Lind,
" Enameled "
" " Polkas,
" Patent Leather Shoes,
" Kid Buskins,
" Morocco Slippers &c. &c. &c.
May 7, 1853. 3tf.

BOOTS and SHOES by MUNGER & BASSETT.
May 7. 3tf

PLAIN and Figured Berages, compsising Tan Drab. MUNGER & BASSETT.
May 7. 3tf

Marshall Calkins, M. D.,

WOULD announce to the inhabitants of Monson and adjacent towns, that he, as the successor of his brother, Dr. David Calkins, has again located himself in Monson. Having been associated with Prof. Calvin Newton, both in the practice and the teaching of Medicine, he has during his absence made commendable progress in professional acquirements. From all those who prefer a system of innocent and sative medication, when scientifically applied, to that which sanctions the frequent use of mercurials, antimonials, arsenic and the lancet, he respectfully solicits patronage.

At all hours by day or night he holds himself in readiness to attend to professional calls. Office nearly opposite the Academy.
Monson, May 7, 1853. 3w3.

CAN BE FOUND
At the Nassowanno Grocery Store,

A fresh and full assortment of Groceries and Provision, which will be sold for the next sixty days, at very low prices. To all persons buying goods with cash, I wish to say to be sure and not make your purchase until you have called and examined our stock and prices.
C. C. SHAW, Agt.
Palmer, Apr. 30, 1853. 2tf.

Clothing! Clothing!! Clothing!!!
By MUNGER & BASSETT.
May 7. 3tf

COOLEY'S
Hampden Daguerrian Gallery,
(Nos. 26 & 27 Foot's Block,)
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

THIS is one of the oldest Daguerreotype Galleries there is in New England, and never in Western Massachusetts had its rival. It is well known in Hampden County and all over the United States, and has as good a reputation as any other establishment in the Union.

The Likenesses taken at this Gallery will, as they always have done, speak for themselves, and to more effect than all the gas the pen can manufacture.

This Gallery is alone responsible for all the fine gems that it exhibits, and no borrowed or purchased Daguerreotypes does it claim the merit of.

It was at the last annual Fair of the Hampden County Agricultural Society awarded a Diploma for the best Daguerreotypes exhibited.

Report of Committee for 1852—"O. H. Cooley, fine specimens, Diploma." No others received any notice.

Report of the Committee for 1851—"Cooley's Daguerreotypes are yet unsurpassed."

This Gallery was also awarded the first premium in 1851, at the Hampshire, Hampden and Franklin County Agricultural Fair, and a Premium of $3,00 in 1852 by the same Institution. The Hampden Agricultural Society has years before awarded this Gallery a larger cash premium than any which it ever noticed.

This Gallery has the largest collection of Daguerreotypes on Exhibition of any Gallery in Massachusetts, and the numerous visits it daily receives show the marked respect the Gallery so justly merits.

Daguerreotypes, Paintings and Engravings accurately copied.

Out door views and minatures of deceased persons taken at the shortest notice.

Whether visitors wish pictures or not the Gallery is open daily. Admission Free.

A fine likeness of the Rev Eleazer Williams can be seen at this Gallery, taken two years ago by Cooley; also, Daguerreotypes of Hon. Wm. L. Marcy, Hon. Wm. H. Seward, Hon. Alpheus Felch, Hon. Geo. Ashmun, Ex-Gov. George N. Briggs, Gov. John H. Clifford, Hon. Theodore Frelinghuysen, Judges Bigelow, Boyington and Morris, and a superior likeness of the late District Attorney Wm. H. Porter, and a host of other Distinguished men, all taken at this Gallery. We wish only to state what we can do; no deceptive means used to get people to sit at this Gallery for Likenesses. Nobody makes Daguerreotypes in oils; no one in Springfield makes and colors Talbotypes that can be shown. We claim no Professorship for what does not exist; we are Daguerreotypists for the public; we have been known as such for ten years. Our prices are reasonable. We do not advertise one price and charge another.

O. H. Cooley and Charles Sexton Operators.

And in connection with the above we have to add that we have established a Branch Gallery at Palmer Depot, furnished in the most improved style, with a superior Sky Light, and every thing adapted to the highest perfection of the art, where we shall always be in readiness to wait upon our friends, in a manner which we know will prove satisfactory.
WM. F. TALCOTT, Operator.
2tf

Real Estate at Auction.

BY order of the Court of Probate, for the County of Hampshire, will be sold at Public Auction, on the premises, below described, in Palmer, in the County of Hampden, on Tuesday, the tenth day of May next, at one o'clock, P. M., the following described tract of Real Estate, situated in Bondsville, Palmer, Bounded as follows:—North and East, by land of F. Rood, South, by the highway, West, by land of L. Davis—containing one half acre, with the buildings thereon. Terms made known at the time and place of sale.
CHARLES NASH,
Guardian of Truman Thompson.
Apr. 23, 1853. 3w1.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of E. B. Miles & Co., and E. B. Miles, are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber, the Books and demands having been assigned to him.
R. F. STEVENS, Assignee.
Palmer, Apr. 23, 1852. 2w1.

Ready Made Clothing

OF all kinds, from the cheap Sack, to the most Fashionable Dress Coat. Pants and Vests, the largest and best assortment ever before offered in this vicinity. Also, a good assortment of Plain and Fancy Cravats and Stocks, Shirts, Collars, Bosoms, Gloves, &c.
L. A. BAILEY.
Nassowanno Block, April 16, 1853. 52tf.

Read This.

IT has become a common saying with most venders of Goods, that such and such articles are the very best and neatest in the world. We speak of this, because we do not like to be ranked with that class of traders who recommend every thing they sell because they wish to sell it *regardless of its merits.* What we are trying to come at is simply this, that our selections of Prints *supercceds* any variety *in style* ever before brought to Hampden Co.; if this is doubted we will get it endorsed by responsible persons. MUNGER & BASSETT.
April 16. 52tf

Notice.

I hereby give notice that I have given my son, Emery C. Michel, his time, and shall claim none of his wages nor pay any debts of his contracting from this date.
LYSANDER MICHEL.
Palmer, Apr. 23, 1853. 3w.

The Old Shop!

MRS. Collins would say to her old friends and customers, that she has returned from the City with a good assortment of Fancy Goods, and Millinery, and after they have examined the new shops, please call and look at her assortment, as she thinks it will compare favorably both as to prices and quality, with any shop in Western Mass. She would also say to those who are in the habit of purchasing Goods at Ware, that she has opened a Shop in that place, (next door to Ezra Allen's,) down stairs, where they will find a good assortment of Goods, and agreeable young ladies to wait on them.
Apr. 23, 1853. 1tf.

Notice,

THIS may certify that I have given my son Daniel Cobb, his time until he is twenty-one years of age. I shall claim none of his wages nor pay any debts of his contracting after this date.
W. COBB.
Palmer, May 1, 1853. 3w2.

THE place to buy the best Hams and Dried Beef, (not smoked) is at the Nassowanno Grocery Store
Palmer, Apr. 30, 1853 2tf.

A Candid, Sober Fact, Viz:

THAT we have got a better assortment of Clothing, than was ever before offered in this vicinity, and in addition to our unrivaled assortment, we would say most emphatically, that a great portion of it equals any custom work that can be procured, and relative to prices, that our *superior* styles and qualities will be sold as low as the *kind* usually kept by clothiers. We think this ample inducement to merit the attention of all purchasers.
MUNGER & BASSETT.
April 16. 52tf

"A Hat! A Hat! My Kingdom for a Hat!" So King Richard would have said if he had lived in 1853, and seen the new lot just received by us. They are the neatest, prettiest, and of course, the cheapest lot offered in Palmer. Our assortment of Caps is also good, and worthy of being examined before purchasing elsewhere.
MUNGER & BASSETT.
Palmer, April 16, 1853. 52tf.

Grand Opening!
New and Elegant Spring Goods!

GENTLEMEN desirous of New and Beautiful Styles of Goods for Spring wear, are invited to call and examine a choice Selection of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vesting of the most approved Fabric.
L. A. BAILEY.
Nassowanno Block, April 16, 1853. 52tf.

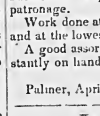
New Milliner's Shop!

MRS. SQUIRES would invite the attention of the Ladies of Palmer and vicinity to the stock of New Millinery Goods just opened in Hall & Valentine's Block, two doors north of the Post Office.

She has a great variety of all the late styles of Bonnets and other Milinery articles, which will be sold very low. Now is the season for getting new Bonnets, and dressing up old ones.—Call at the *new Shop*, and you will be pleased with the assortment, as well as the work.

☞ Mrs. Squires also continues business at her old stand (up stairs) in Ware, where she will be happy to wait on all who may give her a call.
April 16th, 1853. 52.

New Jewelry Store.



THE Subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Palmer and vicinity, that he has opened a Shop at No. 1, Strong's Brick Block, for the purpose of carrying on the WATCH and CLOCK repairing business; where by prompt attention to business he hopes to merit a share of public patronage.

Work done at short notice, in the best manner and at the lowest price.

A good assortment of JEWELRY kept constantly on hand.
JULIUS PREVOST.
Palmer, April 23. 3w1

Just Received!

M. W. FRENCH & CO., have this week received an assortment of Elegant Dress Goods, among which may be found Rich Black Silks, Mazena Cloths, (new and pretty) Mourning Poplins, Barege DeLaines, Mous. DeLaines (spring styles) Muslins, Bor'd. English and American Prints in great variety, of new patterns. *All for sale very low.*
April 16. 52tf

New Spring Goods!
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING ROOM!

THE subscriber having just returned from New York with a new and desirable stock of SPRING GOODS, is prepared to offer such inducements in the *Clothing line* as few can offer. Every article manufactured in his shop will be done under his immediate supervision and guaranteed to please. Persons in want of *cheap goods* can here be accommodated with garments *made to order*, at about the same prices as they can buy sale work, which is never half made; and those who want *nice goods* can here be suited with such as are as good as the best. Also on hand, a prime assortment of Furnishing Goods—Shirts, Collars, Cravats, Stocks, Hdkfs. Hosiery, &c.

Cutting done at short notice.
F. WASSUM,
No. 4, Hall & Valentine's Block.
Palmer, April 23. 4w1

Notice.

THE firm of HALL & VALENTINE is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
S. H. HALL,
E. VALENTINE.
Palmer, April 18, 1853. 1

EXTRA STONE BEER BOTTLES.

WE have now on hand, *ready for delivery*, 5,000 superior Beer Bottles, which are worthy the attention of persons desiring Bottles for use the coming season. They are a fine shape, nice dark smooth glaze, and every way an *extra* Bottle, and we shall sell them at a fair, and reasonable price.
HAMILTON & CHAPIN.
No. 3 Burt's Block, Main St.
April 1, 1853. 6w2.

For Sale.

BY the Subscriber, now running, and in good order, one superior set Rye Mill Stones.—1 do. Cast Iron Smutting Machine, 1 do. extra fine Rye Bolt, 1 small Buckwheat Bolt, together with all the fixtures for the same. Also, 1 small geared Trip hammer. The above property will be sold low if applyed for soon.
P. B. DAVIS.
South Belchertown, April 12. 52tf

An Entirely New

AND Fresh assortment of PAPER HANGINGS received this week. Call and see.
M. W. FRENCH & CO.
Palmer, March 19. tf43

Plaster.

150 Tons Ground Plaster.
800 Bush. Corn.
50 Bbls. Lime.
200 " Flour.
Meal, Feed, Salt, Grass Seeds, &c., for sale at the Old Stand of Hall & Valentine.
J. A. HALL.
Palmer, April 16. 52tf

Notice.

WHEREAS, my wife Hipsabeth, having left my bed and board, taking with her my children David, Mary, Sarah and Elvira, without the least provocation, I hereby forbid all persons from harboring or trusting any of them on my account, as I shall pay no debts of their contracting after this date.
DAVID PARSONS.
Palmer, April 30, 1853. 3w2

All Ready!

TO show you Blk. and mode col'd Silk Hose, Mixed Slate and White Cotton do. for Ladies, Misses and Children. Men's 1-2 do., all qualities. Also Kid, Silk, Lisle and Cotton Gloves. Low prices will buy them of
M. W. FRENCH & CO.
April 16 52tf

Millinery Notice---Special.

HAVING completed our arrangements on an extensive scale for the Spring business, we desire to inform our friends who have so *generously* patronized us since our removal, and others, that our SPRING OPENING of FASHIONABLE MILLINERY will occur Thursday the 31st inst.

We intend to have the most splendid Stock of Millinery Goods this Spring ever exhibited in the growing "Infant City." Our Millinery department is in charge of those who are *fully* competent to do justice in *fashion* to any who may give us their patronage.

We have engaged the services of a Cap Maker from one of the first Boston Stores, who will devote her time to the manufactory and sale of CAPS, HEAD DRESSES, &c. We shall have completed our store by next Thursday, and have added to it One Story, with a

Splendid Silk and Shawl

Room, VISITE, MANTILLA and CAP room, and DRESS MAKING rooms attached; making it in all the most Spacious and by far the *very best lighted* Dry Goods Store in the *State.*

Hampden County Savings Store
Opposite Hampden Hall
Corner Store,
ROCKWOOD & CO.
Springfield, March 26. 8w50

Cabin Fare to New York, $3.
Deck " " " " 2,62.

PASSSENGERS are ticketed through via N. London, W. and Palmer R. R., and Steamers Connecticut, Knickerbocker and Worcester at three dollars cabin passage, or $2,62 deck passage.
WM. R. STORRS, Sept.
New London, April 1. 6w50

J. Parker & Co's Marble Works.

Successors to A. & S. Tomlinson,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

THE subscribers having lately purchased of Messrs. A. & S. Tomlinson their Marble Works, corner of Main and William sts., comprising their entire Stock, Machinery and Water power, for the manufacture of Marble; also, the entire stock of Marble, of the late firm of Dwelley & Keep, of this City, and having erected a new shop opposite the North Church on Main st., a few rods south of the Depot, they are prepared to furnish Monuments, Grave Stones, Tomb Tablets, Counter Tops, Pier and Center Tables, Soda Founts, Chimney Pieces, or any other kind of Marble Work, at the shortest notice, at either of the above named places, from the largest and best stock of Foreign and American Marble ever offered for sale in this city.—Having purchased the aboved named lots of Marble at very low rates, they are prepared to sell at prices which cannot fail to suit all.

J. PARKER & CO.
Springfield, April 16th, 1853.

Having disposed of our interest in the Marble business to Messrs. J. Parker & Co., (as noticed above,) we cheerfully recommend them to the favorable notice of our friends and former patrons, as men of integrity and experience, and as meriting the confidence of the public.

A. & S. TOMLINSON.
April 16th, 1853. 6m52.

Hammond's Liniment.

A SAFE and speedy remedy for all diseases requiring an external application This Liniment has been before the public for the last seven years, steadily acquiring a reputation by its own merits, and now feeling confidence in it, as a remedial agent, we give it a wide circulation, that all may receive benefit from its invaluable properties. For sprains, and contractions of the muscles and tendons, stiffness and injuries of joints, rheumatism, gout, burns, bruises, frozen extremities, &c., it has no equal. The following certificates of some of our most prominent physicians and citizens, shows the confidence and reliance they place upon it:

Certificates.—This may certify, that we have used the above named Liniment in the various diseases, &c., for which it is recommended, and cheerfully add our testimony to its efficacy.

J. N. Bates, M. D., Barre. J. Gorham, Barre. W. Parkhurst, " Petersham. A. Alden, " G. Barstow, " Boston. G. Twichell, Sup't G. W. Pierce, " Leominster. of R. & W. R. R. D. Rice, Barre. Gen. A. Holman, Bolton.

For sale wholesale and retail, by CALDWELL & HILL, Apothecaries.

229 Main street, Worcester, Mass., General Agents.

Also for sale by J. BOWLES, Palmer, WILSON & EDWARDS, and S. C. PARSONS, Northampton, and by Merchants generally.
March, 26. 1853. 3m49.

Coal! Coal!!

OF all kinds will be furnished at short notice delivered at Palmer, by applying to J. S. AMES, Agent N. L. W. & P. R. R. Co.

Blacksmiths and all others using coal in this vicinity can save money by sending orders as above.
Palmer, April 2. 50tf

Smith's Patent
VERTICAL GATE.

THE attention of Farmers, and the Public generally is invited to the above Gate, which possesses many advantages over any other Gate in use. This Gate does not swing but opens vertically from the center by a parallel movement of the rails, consequently there can be no *swaging*, or drawing over of the Posts; it requires no ground to swing upon, but may be opened and shut while teams are standing close upon either side of it, and without any shoveling away of snow in the winter, and is equally adapted to inclining as to level ground. The Gate is very simple in its construction, not liable to get out of order, and may be built for less expense than the common swing Gate of equal size and strength. A full size working Gate may be seen by calling on the subscriber near the Union House, Palmer Depot, who will furnish Gates, or the Right for making and using the Gates, on liberal terms.
A. BLODGETT.
Palmer, April 2, 1853. 50tf.

Lime.

The subscriber will keep constantly on hand, a full supply of FRESH BURNT Lime, by the cask or bushel, at A. C. Billings' store, Tockwotton Block. All orders supplied at short notice.
S. G. SHAW.
Palmer March 11th, 1853. 48tf.

"Equal and Exact Justice to all, Special favors to none."

Trade Solicited but no Trust.
ONE PRICE ONLY!
TERMS CASH, OR ITS EQUIVALENT.

HAVING just purchased a Stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c, the same will be offered at a small advance from cost. The public are invited to call and determine for themselves as to prices, and choose between the Cash and Credit systems.
A. C. BILLINGS.
Tockwotton Block, Palmer Depot.
Apr. 9th, 1853. 5tf.

J. & P. HENDRICK'S fine cut, and chewing Tobacco, by the paper or gross, by
MUNGER & BASSETT
Palmer, March 19, 1853. 38tf

Wealth.

Men do not ask in this progressive age how many good principles a young man has engrafted on his character, but how rich he is—not how nearly he is living out the true objects of existence, but how well he succeeds in business.

A dishonest rich man is generally more highly esteemed than an honest poor man. The merchant who has been successful in business, has reached the pinnacle of social eminence, while the unsuccessful man must content himself with formal nods of recognition and submit to the humiliation of being frequently passed by unnoticed.

Disagreeable as the truth is, it is useless to deny the fact that men are measured by the number and corpulency of their money bags.

"Tis wealth, good sir, makes honorable men." Mean, contemptible, villainous men, who by the dint of cheating others, starving or pinching themselves, have amassed a fortune, are deemed respectable in the community, and are courted by thousands of dollar worshippers. He may have sold his soul to the devil; he may have starved his heart of its effectional aliment; he may have sacrificed all that is noble in man, immolating his manliness on the alter of mammon—but if he has wealth, his sins are forgiven him by the world, and his soul-robbed carcase goes down at last to rot beneath a marble mausoleum.

This is a progressive age, and this is a progressive country. Men got rich in a day, and found dynasties of money princes for future years. The man whose father begged bread by the way-side, transmits to his children the most reliable claim upon the honors of the world—he gives them wealth, which will purchase all that earth has in store for the sordid soul.

Wealth is not to be despised, however, because the meanest men get rich first. Whatever may be said of 'honest poverty,' it is always disagreeable and inconvenient, and a man that is always poor wishes to get out of the scrape as soon as possible.

We have no fault to find with wealth itself; we have no patience with those who confound it with sordidness, because they are often found in each others' company—If it has made many mean and contemptible, it has stimulated some to be noble and true. If, as some men grow rich, their souls become smaller, the hearts of others are enlarged by prosperity.

MOCK AUCTIONS.—To surpress these nuisances, the N. Y. Legislature has passed an act authorizing imprisonment for not more than three years, or a fine of not more than $1,000, to be inflicted on any person who is proved to have obtained money or goods by means of fraud or deceit used at auction sales. Also, requiring all auctioneers to take out licenses and file bonds to the amount of $5,000, as security for their good conduct.

☞ Bulwer in his last "novel," says "Lord Lansmere, like most gentlemen of his age, clumped all ladies together, as a harmless, amiable, but singularly stupid class of the genus Petticoat, meant to look pretty, play the piano, and talk to each other about frocks and sweethearts."

SUICIDE.—Mrs. Robert Newbury of Enfield, in this State, committed suicide on Wednesday, by hanging herself. She was 49 years old, and has been insane for some time.

☞ Eighty pounds of gunpowder recently blew up in a grocery store in Newburg, Md., and, although twenty persons were about the building, not one was injured.

☞ Truthfulness is a corner stone in character, and if it be not firmly laid in youth, there will ever after be a weak spot in the foundation.

BUSINESS CARDS.

F. T. WALLACE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office in Munger's Building.
April 1, 1852. 50tf

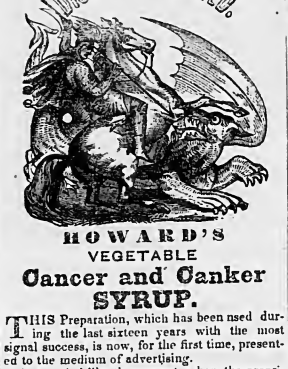
C. FORBUSH, & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Foreign and American Marble,
PALMER, MASS.
☞ **Shop** about half a mile East of Palmer Depot.
Tombstones, Monuments and Table Tops, made to order at short notice.
Palmer, Feb. 21, 1852. tf44

TORREY & BARLOW,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
PALMER, MASS.
Office first door East of the Nassowanno House.
C. TORREY. M. BARLOW.
jan. 13. 39 tf.

H. F. MILLER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Shop in Barton's Block,
MONSON, MASS.
15tf

C. SANFORD,
(*Successor to S. W. Cone,*)
DEALER IN
Monuments, Grave Stones, &c., of Italian and American Marble.
All kinds of Carving and Ornamental work done in the best manner, as well as Lettering that will bear inspection.
H. D. SANFORD, Agt.
Ware, Mass., Dec. 25, 1852.

J. S. BAILEY,
DEALER IN
All kinds of Cooking, Parlor and other Stoves, Tin Ware, &c., which will be sold at fair prices.
Job work done promptly and in the best manner.
Palmer, Jan. 1, 1853. 87tf



HOWARD'S
VEGETABLE
Cancer and Canker SYRUP.

THIS Preparation, which has been used during the last sixteen years with the most signal success, is now, for the first time, presented to the medium of advertising.

At a period like the present, when the proprietors of medicine are flooding the community, through the press, with testimonials in favor of their respective preparations, the subscriber deems it a duty which he owes to suffering humanity to present his also, for the consideration of the afflicted. In doing so, he is happy to be able to say, that the efficacy of this INVALUABLE COMPOUND has never been surpassed in the treatment of

CANCERS, CANKER, SCROFULA,
SALT RHEUM, ERYSIPELAS,
KING'S EVIL, SCALD
HEAD, FEVER SORES,
SCURVY, TUMORS,
ULCERS, &c.,

and those affections generally which originate in a DEPRAVED STATE OF THE BLOOD.

The benefit derived from its PROPER application (see DIRECTIONS) must be permanent, from the fact that it acts with great power upon THE SEAT of the disease *the morbid matter accumulated in the blood,* and entirely eradicates it from the system. But while it acts with great power and certainty in the removal of HUMORS generally, its efficacy is the most satisfactorily demonstrated in the cure of *Cancers and Fever Sores.*

It is well known that when the *blood* becomes so impure as to produce disease in these forms, the patient is supposed to be beyond the restoring influence of medicine.

Those who may be so unfortunate as to be afflicted with *Cancers or Fever Sores,* need only make a fair trial of the SYRUP *following rigidly the directions,* to be convinced that they are not *necessarily doomed* to die.

That we speak advisedly upon this subject, and do not wish to thrust upon the afflicted a useless preparation to extort from them money for which we are not willing to give them more than an equivalent, we respectfully invite attention to the subjoined testimonials which furnish the most emphatic evidence of the truthfulness of our statements.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TESTIMONY BY A LADY.

By Mrs. H. S. Spear, wife of Capt. G. Spear.

A Cancer deemed incurable by eminent Physicians, entirely removed by the Syrup.

Quincy, April 15, 1852

Dear Sir: This is to certify, that some years since, I was the subject of much suffering occasioned by a swelling on my breast which after a few months was pronounced by eminent physicians, a Cancer, and one which they could not encourage me to hope could be cured. Deriving no benefit from their prescriptions, and hearing of your invaluable specific for cancerous affections, I commenced taking the Syrup, and soon began to feel its beneficial effects. Encouraged by its favorable effects in the incipient stages of its operation. I persevered in its use till the swelling subsided, the cancerous symptoms wholly disappeared, and my health was perfectly restored. I feel that the continuance of my life is attributable to the agency of your excellent medicine, and I cheerfully recommend it to the afflicted as the *best* remedy for the diseases for which it is prescribed of which I have any knowledge.

HANNAH S. SPEAR.

Most malignant Fever Sores healed and the Patient restored to health.

ASTONISHING CURE!!

Worcester, Sept. 1, 1851.

Mr. D. Howard: It is with great pleasure that I send you my testimony in favor of your *Cancer and Canker Syrup.* It has affected by the blessing of God attending its administration, the greatest cure that ever came to my knowledge. My son was afflicted with Fever Sores to such a degree that for four months his life was despaired of, when I was informed that Zeba Howard, of Randolph Mass., could cure him. I immediately sent for him, and in three days after he came the boy began to recover, and continued to improve till his sores were completely healed, since which he has enjoyed as good health as could be desired. I have recommend the Syrup to a great many persons since, who are also ready to give their testimony in its favor. Of all medicines of which I have any knowledge, I regard this, for the diseases for which it is recommended, as *the best.* I could write all day, and not tell half I feel in relation to the utility of your excellent Syrup. May God speed you in your work, and succeed your efforts to alleviate human suffering.

MARSON EATON.

SCIENTIFIC TESTIMONY.

To the Public. A Card: By a Druggist.

Randolph, April 12, 1852.

I know the ingredients which compose Howard's Vegetable Cancer and Canker Syrup, and am acquainted with the formula for its preparation. It is purely vegetable in its nature, containing no *mecurial or mineral* substances, and is composed of such vegetables only as possess great Alterative properties. It is an excellent remedy for those diseases for which the Proprietor recommends it, and I cheerfully commend it to the afflicted.

ZENAS SNOW, Druggist and Chemist.

Having presented the above statements and testimonials, we assure the afflicted that the certificates (which have been selected from many in our possession) are *Genuine*; of which, if they have any doubt, they are desired to communicate with the individuals over whose signatures they are published and their suspicions will soon be removed.

☞ The *genuine* is prepared and sold by D. HOWARD, Randolph, Mass. For sale also by REDDING & CO. 8 STATE ST. BOSTON, General Agents; and retailed by Agents through out the country.

Circulars furnished gratuitously by Agents when desired.

☞ Price, $1,00 per bottle; $5,00 for six bottle. A liberal discount made to those who buy to sell again.

For sale in Palmer, by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.

PAPER HANGINGS, a good assortment, by
MUNGER & BASSETT.
Palmer. March 19, 1853. 38tf.

HERE IS YOUR REMEDY.
HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

A most miraculous cure of Bad Legs, after 43 years' standing.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. Wm. Galpin, of 70 St. Mary's st., Weymouth, May 15th, 1851.

To Professor Holloway:

Sir,—At the age of 16, my wife, who is now 61, caught a violent cold, which settled in her legs, and ever since that time they have been more or less sore, and greatly inflamed. Her agonies were distracting, and for months together she was deprived entirely of rest and sleep.—Every remedy that medical men advised was tried but without effect; her health suffered severely, and the state of her legs was terrible. I had often read your advertisements, and advised her to try your Pills and Ointment; and, as a last resource, after every other remedy had proved useless, she consented to do so. She commenced six weeks ago, and strange to relate, is now in good health. Her legs are painless, without scam or scar, and her sleep sound and undisturbed. Could you have witnessed the sufferings of my wife during the last 43 years, and contrast them with her present enjoyment of health, you would indeed feel delighted in having been the means of so greatly alleviating the sufferings of a fellow creature.

Signed. WM. GALPIN.

A person 70 Years of Age Cured of a Bad Leg of Thirty Years' standing.

Copy of a letter from Mr Wm. Abbs, builder of Gas Ovens, of Rushcliffe, near Huddersfield, dated May 31st, 1851.

To Professor Holloway:

Sir,—I suffered for a period of thirty years from a bad leg, the result of two or three different accidents at Gas Works; accompanied by scorbutic symptons. I had recourse to a variety of medical advice, without deriving any benefit, and was even told that the leg must be amputated, yet, in opposition to that opinion, your Pills and Ointment have effected a complete cure in so short a time, that few who had not witnessed it would credit the fact.

Signed WM ABBS.

The truth of this statement can be verified by Mr W. P. England, Chemist, 73 Market st., Huddersfield.

A dreadful bad Breast cured in one Month.

Extract of a letter from Mr. Frederick Turner, of Penshurst, Kent, dated Dec. 13th, 1850.

To Professor Holloway:

Dear Sir,—My wife had suffered from bad Breasts for more than six months, and during the whole period had the best medical attendance, but all to no use. Having before healed an awful wound in my own leg by your unrivalled medicine, I determined again to use your Pills and Ointment, and therefore gave them a trial in her case and fortunate it was I did so, for in less than a month a perfect cure was effected, and the benefit that various other branches of my family have derived from their use is really astonishing. I now strongly recommend them to all my friends.

Signed FREDERICK TURNER.

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases:

Bad legs	Gout
Bad breasts	Glandular Swellings
Burns	Lumbago
Bunions	Piles
Bite of Moschetoes and Sand-Flies	Rheumatism
Coco-bay	Scalds
Chiego-foot	Sore Nipples
Chilblains	Sore throats
Chapped hands	Skin diseases
Corns (soft)	Scurvy
Cancers	Sore heads
Contracted & stiff joints	Tumors
Elephantiasis	Ulcers
Fistulas	Wounds
	Yaws

Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 244 Strand, near Temple Bar, London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the British Empire, and of those of the United States, in Pots at 37 1-2 c., 87 c., and $1,50 c., each. Wholesale by the principal Drug houses in the Union and by Messrs A. B. & D. SANDS, New York, and REDDING & Co., Boston.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

For sale in Palmer by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.
Sept 10th. 1yeow.

FAIRBANKS'
PATENT PLATFORM
AND
COUNTER SCALES,

Of improved quality, and at reduced prices, sold at their Warehouse,

16, Kilby St. Boston.

Railroad, Hay, Coal, Ice and Farmers' Scales set in any part of the country, at short notice.
Feb. 26. 3m45

"Eureka, Eureka."

We have found it at last. Now for the little ones. Why will parents waste hours and days in fruitless endeavors to get perfect pictures of their children, and after all get nothing but a poor miserable caricature? We would say, come to our *Excelsior Gallery,* and we will guarantee to make you a perfect picture, by our *Electro Chemical* process, that works in from 1-2 to 2 seconds

We defy any Daguerrian in Springfield or elsewhere to compete with us, as we are the inventors, and the process is used only in our different establishments in the New England and Middle States. For pictures of adults, the Silver Medals we have received from the American Institute, New York, and Franklin, Philadelphia, together with hundreds of premiums from county fairs is sufficient proof that they are the "*ne plus ultra*" of perfection.

We have at great expense procured the *exclusive right* of Hampden Co., for the

VIGNETTE OR CRAYON PICTURES,

The most beautiful and brilliant production of the art. We caution all operatives from any infringement of the same.

Prof. D. C Collins, who is pronounced the best practical operator in the United States, has charge of the Chemical department.

Howard Peal, an *artist* by profession, has charge of the *artistical*

This establishment, connected as it is, with the world renowned and celebrated artist Verno of *Paris,* and Mayall of *London,* has facilities of receiving all the late European improvements.

We would call particular attention to our *Talbotypes* in *Oil.*

COLLINS & CO.

Main st., opposite Site late Hampden House, Springfield. Collin's buildings, Westfield.
No. 100 Chestnut st. Philadelphia.
March 12th, 1853. 47tf.

Hams! Hams!!

HAMS, Pork, Lard, &c., may be found at M. W. FRENCH & CO.'s.
April 16. 52tf

New-London, Willimantic, & Palmer RAIL ROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

Between Palmer, Stafford, Willimantic, Norwich, New London, New Haven and New York.

Commencing Monday, Nov. 15, 1852.

Leave Palmer at

6,30 A. M. for New London, New Haven and New York, connecting at Willimantic with Providence, Hartford & Fishkill R. R. for Hartford at 9,10, at Norwich with Norwich & Worcester R. R. at 12 M., and at New London at 10,25 A. M. with New Haven and New London Express train for New Haven and New York, and steamers Cincopee and Mystic for Stonington and Providence.

2,30 P. M. for New London, New Haven and New York, or on arrival of Express and accommodation trains from N. Y., Albany and Springfield, connecting at Willimantic at 4,20 with P., H. & Fishkill R. R. for Hartford, and at New London at 6 P. M. with N. H. & N. L. R. R. for New Haven and New York, and with steamers Connecticut, Knickerbocker and Worcester for New York.

Leave Willimantic

for New London at 9,10 A. M., and *1,30 and 4,20 P. M.

Leave New London at

7,15 A. M. for Palmer, connecting at Willimantic with P., H. & F. R. R. for Hartford at 9,10 and at Palmer at 10,44 A. M. with Western R. R. for Albany, Springfield, Worcester and Boston.

*10,10 A. M. for Willimantic, or on arrival of accommodation train from New Haven, connecting at Norwich at 12 M. with N. & W. R. R. for Worcester and Boston.

11,45 P. M. for Palmer, or on arrival of Express train from New York and New Haven, connecting at Norwich at 3,20 P. M. with N. & W. R. R. for Worcester and Boston, at Willimantic at 4,20 with P., H. & F. R. R. for Hartford at Palmer at 7,30 P. M. with W. R. R. for Springfield, Albany, Worcester and Boston.

4,30 P. M. for Willimantic

*Freight trains. } All with
† " " " between Palmer and Willimantic. } passenger car attached.

Freight trains do not stop at Massapeog, Mohegan, Norwich Falls, Norwich town, Franklin or Lebanon.

THROUGH TICKETS FROM
Palmer to Stonington $1,85

Passengers are requested to procure tickets before entering the cars. An additional five cents will be charged if the fare is paid to the conductors.

Passengers can procure tickets for New York from all the Stations on the line of this Road.

Merchandize forwarded with care and despatch.

STAGES are run from the principal Stations on the line of the road to towns in vicinity.

A. G. DARROW, Supt.
New London, Nov. 9, 1852.

A Fact.

PURCHASERS will find a complete assortment of Flour, and the best Family Groceries at the lowest prices at
M. W. FRENCH & CO's.
Feb. 26. 45tf

Shaving Made Easy.

BY using one of "Frederick's Celebrated Razors," which, together with Razors of several other brands, made by some of the best manufacturers in England; Shaving Brushes; and a variety of First Quality Soaps, &c., may be found at A. BLODGETT'S.
Union Block, Palmer Depot, Dec. 11. 34.

Great Cough Remedy.

FOR THE COMPLETE CURE OF
Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood, Asthma,
AND ALL OTHER LUNG COMPLAINTS
TENDING TO
CONSUMPTION!

THE above Expectorant, prepared by an experienced Physician and Chemist, has now become a standard Preparaion, and is offered for the COMPLETE CURE of those diseases of the THROAT and LUNGS, which, if neglected, usually terminate fatally in CONSUMPTION. It contains no *Opium, Calomel,* or any mineral whatever, but is composed entirely of those *Roots, Herbs,* and *Vegetable substances* which have a specific influence upon the Lungs and their connected organs. Its immediate effect is to allay all irritation, and gently remove the phlegm and other morbid secretions from the Throat and Air passages, thus relieving the Cough, by subduing the inflamation and other causes which give rise to it. It is approved of and recommended by Physicians of the highest standing, and may be given with perfect safety to the youngest child or the most delicate female.

PROPRIETORS' DEPOT—A. L. SCOVILL & CO., GOTHIC HALL, No. 316 Broadway, New York.

NEW-ENGLAND DEPOT—BURR & PERRY, No 1 Cornahill, Boston, Mass.

For sale in PALMER DEPOT by J. BOWLES; THREE RIVERS, by O. F. PACKARD & Co.
3w48.

Factory Room and Steam Power to Let.

TO LET, 2 Rooms 50 feet long and 40 feet wide, each, also steam power, situated 01 miles from Boston, within 50 feet of the Depot 10 trains a day each way. Will be let for a term of years on reasonable terms, on application to O. W. FISK,
Dedham, Mass. 44tf

Billet Paper.

JUST received a beautiful assortment of Billet Paper of various styles—just the thing for writing pretty thoughts on—for sale cheap at the Journal Office.

New System and New Remedies
FOR THE CURE OF
CONSUMPTION.
NUTTALL'S SYRIACUM,
IN THREE BOTTLES,
CONTAINING
THREE DIFFERENT PREPARATIONS,
For the Cure of the
Three Different Stages OF CONSUMPTION.

INCIPIENT

FIRST STAGE—*Symptoms.*—Cough, pain in the breast, side, head, back, joints and limbs; inflammation, soreness and tickling in the throat fever, difficult and quick breathing, *expectoration difficult, slight and frothy.*

CONFIRMED

SECOND STAGE—*Symptoms.*—Costiveness, spasmodic cough, violent fever, night, morning and mid-day sweats, hectic flush in the face and cheeks, burning heat in the palms of the hands and soles of the feet, *expectoration easy, copious, and streaked with blood.*

TUBERCULAR

THIRD STAGE—*Symptoms.*—Diarrhœa, diminished fever, cough, and morning sweats, great and increasing debility, frequent fainting fits, slight delirium, and swelling of the extremities.

TO THE AFFLICTED.

The appearance in Three Bottles of NUTTALL'S SYRIACUM is a rare era in Medicine, from its novelty and direct opposition to the old *absurd and inconsistent one bottle system,* while its success prepared in this manner, each Bottle containing a different preparation, in curing the different stages which characterize Consumption, has established the welcome truth of the curability *of every stage of Pulmonary Consumption*

Physicians approve of it, because it is based upon correct Physiological and Pathological principles. The public approve of it, because it is common sense, and because they *know* from sad experience that *one* preparation will *not* cure the *three* stages of Consumption. The suffering, disappointed, and discouraged Invalid approves of it, because its principles hold out a reasonable Hope, and *when he uses Nuttall's Syriacum, his hopes are realized.*

IF HE IS IN THE FIRST STAGE OF CONSUMPTION.

and uses the first bottle, his expectoration, difficult and painful, becomes free and easy, his cough soon gets well, the soreness, tickling in his throat, inflammation, pain in his breast, side, head, back, joints, and limbs are removed.

IF HE IS IN THE SECOND STAGE

and uses the second bottle, his fever leaves him, his disturbed slumbers become sweet and refreshing, his night sweats vanish, his expectoration copious and bloody, assumes a healthy appearance, and at length disappears, his bowels become regular, his appetite returns, the flush in his cheek disappears, the burning heat in the palms of his hands and soles of his feet, are felt no longer, his cough now ceases, he recovers and is well.

IF HE IS IN THE THIRD STAGE

and uses the third bottle, his Diarrhœa gradually ceases, his weak bowels become strong, his cough and other bad symptoms disappear, feeble digestion becomes strong and vigorous, his stomach recovers its proper tone, and creates new, rich and nourishing blood, his strength returns, his wasted body is clothed with flesh, his life is saved, and he is

RESTORED TO HEALTH!

Each bottle of *NUTTALL'S SYRIACUM* has the *symptoms* of the stage for which it is *intended,* printed in front of the wrapper, whereby every invalid knowing his own symptoms, can judge for himself

WHICH BOTTLE HE REQUIRES,

consequently no mistake can occur in selecting

THE PROPER MEDICINE.

☞ See Pamphlet in possession of the editor of this paper, containing Dr. Nuttall's Pathology of Consumption. Lecture on the Structure and Uses of the Human Lungs, and Certificates of Cures.

☞ Prepared only by *Dr. WM. NUTTALL,* Inventor and Proprietor. Price one dollar per bottle.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE,
278 *Race-st., one door above Eighth,*
PHILADELPHIA.

Sold in Palmer Depot, by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.
ꝸ Dec. 4, 1852.

Shoes! Shoes!!

Ladies' Rubber Over Shoes.
" thick & thin soled Kid do.
" Polka Boots, &c., &c.
Misses' Jenny Lind do.
Childrens' Shoes in variety
can be found at
M. W. FRENCH & CO.'s
Feb. 26. 45tf

Plows.

THE Subscriber keeps at his shop, about one mile east of the Depot Village, the different sizes of J. R. Whittemore & Co.'s celebrated Eagle Plows, which he will sell for cash at manufacturers' prices, or exchange for white oak timber.

F. BLANCHARD.
Palmer, Dec. 27. 35tf

DEVINE'S
PITCH LOZENGES.

A pleasant, safe and effectual Remedy for Colds, Coughs, Influenza, Croup, Asthma, Whooping-Cough, and all Pulmonary Diseases, when a portion of the Lungs remain sufficient to sustain life. Columns of testimonials of their efficacy might be inserted, but the using of a single box is better evidence than them all.—Try them and be convinced.

Only 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Circulars containing certificates of Cures may be found with all the agents.

For sale, wholesale and retail by
A. BLODGETT,
Union Block, Palmer Depot, Feb. 12. 43tf

Coffins.

THE Subscriber keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of Mahogany, Black Walnut, White Wood and Pine Coffins, which he will furnish with shrouds and plates, if desired, and will deliver them if wished.

J. S. LOOMIS.
Palmer, Oct. 19, 1850. tf 29

Notice.

ALL persons having notes or accounts with the Subscriber are requested to call and settle the same without delay.

E. BROWN.
Palmer Jan. 8, 1853.

Grass Seeds!

HERD'S Grass, Clover and Red Top Seeds at prices as low as the market will allow, For sale by M. W. FRENCH & CO.
April 16. 52tf

$500 CHALLENGE.

WHATEVER concerns the health and happiness of a people, is at all times of the most valuable importance. I take it for granted that every man will do all in their power, to save the lives of their children and that every person will endeavor to promote their own health at all sacrifices, I feel it to be my duty to solemnly assure on that WORMS, according to the opinion of the best physicians, are the primary causes of a large majority of diseases to which children and adults are liable. If you have an appetite continually changeable from one kind of food to another, Bad Breath, Pain in the stomjack, Picking at the Nose, Hardness and Fullness of the Belly, Dry Cough, Slow Fever, Pulse irregular—remember that all these denote WORMS, and you should at once apply the remedy:—

Hobensack's Worm Syrup.

An article founded on Scientific Principles, compounded with purely vegetable substances, being perfectly safe when taken, and can be given to the most tender Infant with decided beneficial effect, where, *Bowell Complaints and Diarrhœa* have made them weak and debilitated the Tonic properties of my Worm Syrup are such that it stands without an equal in the catalogue of medicines, in giving tone and strength to the Stomach, which makes it an Infallible remedy for those afflicted with *Dyspepsia,* the astonishing cures performed by this Medicine after Physicians have failed, is the best evidense of its superior efficacy over all others.

The Tape Worm.

This is the most difficult worm to destroy of all that infest the human system, it grows to an almost indefinite length, becoming so coiled and fastened in the Intestines and Stomach, effecting the health so sadly as to cause the St. Vitus Dance, Fits, &c., that those afflicted seldom if ever suspect that it is Tape Worm hastening them to an early grave. In order to destroy this Worm, a very energetic treatment must be pursued, it would therefore be proper to take from 6 to 8 of my Liver Pills so as to remove all obstructions, that the Worm Syrup may act direct upon the Worm, which must be taken in doses of two table spoonfuls three times a day, these directions followed have never been known to fail in curing the most obstinate case of *Tape Worm.*

Hobensack's Liver Pills.

No part of the system is more liable to disease than the LIVER, it serving as a filterer to purify the blood or giving the proper secretion of the bile; and so that wrong action of the Liver effects the other important parts of the System and results variously in Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, &c. We should therefore, watch every symptom that might indicate a wrong action of the Liver. These pills being composed of ROOTS & PLANTS furnished by nature to heal the sick: Namely 1st AN EXPECTORANT which augments the secretion from the Pulmonary mucus membrane or promotes the discharge of secreted matter. 2d, AN ALTERNATIVE, which changes in some inexplicable and insensible manner the certain morbid action of the System. 3d, A TONIC which gives tone and strength to the nervous system, renewing health and vigor to all parts of the body. 4th, A CATHARTIC, which acts in perfect harmony with the other ingredients and operating on the Bowels, and expelling the whole mass of corrupt and vitiated matter, and purifying the blood, which destroys disease and restores health.

To Females.

You will find these Pills an invaluable medicine in many complaints to which you are subject. In obstruction either total or partial they have been found of inestimable benefit, restoring their functional arrangements to a healthy action, purifying the blood and other fluids so effectually, as to put to flight all complaints which may arise from female irregularities, as headache, giddiness, dimness of sight, pain in the side, back, &c.

None genuine unless signed J. N. HOBENSACK, all others being base Imitations.

☞ Agents wishing new supplies, and store keepers desirous of becoming Agents must address the Proprietor, J. N. Hobensack, at his Laboratory No. 120 North 2d, above Race-st., Phil., Pa.

For sale by Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer Depot; A. H. Longley & Co., Belchertown; M. B. Green, Worcester, and Druggists generally over the State.

PRICE EACH 25 CENTS.

Redding & Co., No. 8 State st., Boston, Wholesale Agents.
Dec. 18. 35

To Those who are Diseased.

THE Undersigned, having been in successful practice of Medicine for the past nine years, in this place, and being no longer able to ride to a distance and bear the responsibility which has formerly rested upon him, proposes to examine Patients at his residence. Patients can be examined while he is in the clairvoyant state, or by the common practice of examining. Feeling confident in the success he has had for the last six months in his clairvoyant examinations, and prescriptions, that he can benefit all who call upon him, desires all who are diseased to test him for their own benefit.

R. BARRON.
Botanic Physician and Clairvoyant.

All kinds of Medicine carefully prepared, by the clairvoyant, who is experienced in compounding Medicine of all kinds.

Syrups.	Bitters.
Cancer,	Jaundice,
Scroffula,	Strengthening,
Erysipelas,	Wine,
Compound Humor,	Stimulating,
Lung,	

Anti-billious Pills of a superior kind.

All kinds of the above Medicines kept constantly on hand.
Palmer, Sept. 10. 21tf

Merchant Tailoring ESTABLISHMENT.

THE Subscriber having purchased the shop formerly occupied by T. C. Denecke, would announce to the citizens of Monson and vicinity, that he has on hand, and will constantly keep, a good assortment of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Vestings, &c., and at prices to suit.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS—Shirts, Collars, Cravats, Caps, &c. Also a good assortment of

Ready Made Clothing.

The public may rest assured of finding such goods as they may want, and of finding me at all times at the shop, ready to wait on any who may give me a call.

☞ All Garments made warranted to fit.

STEPHEN NEEDHAM.
Monson, May, 1852. 1y6

Coffin Plates

SHROUDS; Caps &c on hand, or furnished at short notice by
A. BLODGETT.
Union Boek, Palmer Depot.

Fire! Fire!!

THE Subscriber is Agent for some of the best Fire Insurance Companies in the United States, and will take risks on the most favorable terms.

GEORGE W. RANDELL
Three Rivers April 24th.

THE PALMER JOURNAL.

$1,50 a Year, or] A BUSINESS AND FAMILY NEWSPAPER-----INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING. [$1,25 in Advance.

VOLUME 4. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, MAY 14, 1853. NUMBER 4.

THE PALMER JOURNAL;
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

GORDEN M. FISK,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE CORNER OF MAIN AND THORNDIKE STS.

TERMS OF THE JOURNAL.—One Dollar and a Half per annum. A discount of Twenty-five Cents to those who pay in *advance*. For six months, 66 Cents; for three months, 33 Cents. Single copies 3 Cents.

☞All Letters to meet with attention must be POST PAID.

☞Communications of News &c. should always be accompanied with a responsible name.

☞No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

ADVERTISING TERMS.—For one square (17 Brevier lines) three weeks, one Dollar; for each subsequent insertion, twenty cents. For half a square three-fourths of the above price. Advertisements inserted among Special Notices, or on the inside of the paper all the time, will be charged an extra price. A liberal discount made to regular advertisers.

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The Journal has a larger circulation in Eastern Hampden and vicinity than all other papers. It is, therefore, for the interest of those who wish their advertisements read and circulated in this section, to publish them in the Journal.

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The following persons are authorized to act as Agents in receiving Subscriptions and giving receipts in our name:

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MISCELLANEOUS.

A ROMANCE OF REAL LIFE.

We find the following paragraph in the Utica Herald. They have all the elements of romance, but are related as real incidents in the life of an unhappy man:

Major Hicks, a keeper of the toll gate, on the plank road between Richland station and Pulaski, was found dead in his bed on Thursday morning last. He probably died of apoplexy. He was a miserable old bachelor, and for years rented his house and lived in his barn, in Pulaski. He lived alone, separated from sympathy, and leaving no place desolate in the social circle.

We knew the old Major well. It was only week before last we saw him standing in the door of his den as we passed by. He looked the very embodiment of hard times and desolation. He was a singular creature. He married when quite young, and after living with his wife a short time, left her and suddenly disappeared, no one knew where. His wife, after living alone a number of years, supposing him dead, solaced her grief at his absence by a second marriage. She had lived with her second husband but a short time, when suddenly one day Major "turned up," and claimed his spouse.—The wife clung to her new lord; the interloper was in despair; the Major was inexorable. After maintaining an attitude of siege for some time, he proposed that if the second husband would fork over $5,000, he would leave them unmolested. This was granted, and the Major vanished a second time. After squandering this sum—which it took him but a short time to do—he returned and renewed hostilities. He insisted upon another $5,000 as a condition of perpetual non-intervention. This was also finally granted. Having received this, the Major repented of his former evil course, joined the temperance society, and retired to spend the remainder of his days in solitary grandeur. He has managed to live on the interest of this last $5,000 for the past fifteen or twenty years. We remember when the Major looked sleek and trim, and was regarded as quite an oracle among school boys and village idlers. But owing to one or two demonstrations of a rather savage nature, he had fallen into disgrace, and been rather shunned, if not feared, for some years.

☞ It is estimated that the annual expenditure of the business men of New York city in advertising alone, is more than *two millions of dollars!* No wonder they prosper. The advertising in Boston amounts annually to about six hundred and eighty-eight thousand dollars, in fair times.

☞ It is stated that Horace Greeley, of the N. Y. Tribune, has recently paid between seven and eight hundred dollars, principal and compound interest of a debt of less than one hundred which his poor father owed when he died in Amherst, many years ago.

THE THRONE OF SOLOMON.

The following account of a remarkable piece of mechanism is taken from a Persian manuscript, called "The History of Jerusalem." It purports to be a description of the throne of King Solomon, and if the details are correctly given, it undoubtedly surpasses any specimen of mechanism produced in modern times, notwithstanding the wonderful inventions which have taken place in every branch of science:

"The sides of it were of pure gold, the feet of emerald and rubies, intermixed with pearls, each of which was as big as an ostrich egg. The throne had seven steps; on each side were delineated orchards full of trees, the branches of which were of precious stones, representing fruit—ripe and unripe; on the tops of the trees were to be seen figures of plumaged birds, particularly the peacock, the etaub, and the kurges. All these birds were hollowed within artificially, so as occasionally to utter a thousand melodious notes such as the ear of mortals never heard. On the first were delineated vine branches, having branches of grapes, composed of various sorts of precious stones, fashioned in such a manner as to represent the various colors of purple, violet, green and red, so as to render the appearance of real fruit. On the second step, on each side of the throne, were two lions, of terrible aspect, as large as life, and formed of cast gold.

The nature of this remarkable throne was such that when Solomon placed his foot on the first step, the birds spread forth their wings, and made a fluttering noise in the air. On his touching the second step, the two lions expanded their claws. On his reaching the third step, the whole assembly of demons and fairies and men repeated the praise of the Deity. When he arrived at the fourth step, voices were heard addressing him in the following manner: "Son of David, be thankful for the blessings the Almighty has bestowed upon you." The same was repeated on reaching the fifth step. On his reaching the sixth all the children of Israel joined them; and on his arrival at the seventh, all the throne, birds and animals, became in motion, and ceased not until he had placed himself in the royal seat, when the birds, lions, and other animals, by secret springs, discharged a shower of the most precious perfumes on Solomon; after which, two of the kurgeses descended and placed the golden crown upon his head. Before the throne was a column of burnished gold, on the top of which was a golden dove, which held in its beak a volume bound in silver. In this book were written the Psalms of David; and the dove having presented the book to the king, he read aloud a portion of it to the children of Israel. It is further related, that on the approach of wicked persons to the throne, the lions were wont to set up a terrible roaring and to lash their tails with violence; the birds also began to bristle up their feathers; and the assembly also of demons and genii to utter horrid cries, so that for fear of them no person dared be guilty of falsehood, but confessed their crimes.—Such was the throne of Solomon, the son of David.

EVILS OF POVERTY.

Rev. Dr. Hall in his memoirs of Mrs. Mary L. Ware, speaking of the time when Mr. Ware took charge of a Professorship in Cambridge, in feeble health and in somewhat straightened circumstances, remarks as follows on the evils of poverty:

"There is more mental suffering, more physical feebleness and greater loss to the community in regard to the energy and activity of those who would serve it, resulting from this one cause, than perhaps from any other. We say it in no temper of complaint, much less of censure; for we know not where the fault lies if indeed there be any. But we do know the fact there can be few who have not seen it in some of every calling—that the necessity of incessant thoughtfulness and extreme carefulness for the things of this world, with the dread of debt or dependence of any kind, in the midst too, of sickness and the utmost uncertainty, is a weight upon the heart, and an obstacle to the energies, such as no faith, or fortitude, or philosophy can wholly overcome, no, nor even the experience, as in this instance, of ceaseless kindness, and delicacy would permit. The fact remains—better known than explained, and inseparable, it may be, from the constitution of society, possibly from the nature of man—aggravated as the trial often is by the infirmity and helplessness which God himself appoints.

A SUM FOR BOYS.—A gentleman, dying, left to his three sons, seventeen horses, which were to be divided amongst them as follows: To the eldest, he willed one-half of them, to the second one-third, to the other one-ninth of them. How was the will executed without dividing either of the horses?

☞ Why are country girls' cheeks like a well printed cotton? Because they are warranted to wash and keep their color.

A Singular Story.

A most horrible crime was perpetrated in Ulster County, N. Y., on Sunday, the 7th of April, which, together with the circumstances attending the history of those concerned, will form a chapter of exciting interest to the public.

For many years a man named Ben Boyce lived in the mountains known as the "Traps," in the town of Rochester, in this county. He had several sons and daughters. The wife of Ben Boyce, one cold morning, was found frozen to death, about a mile from home, in the mountains, some fifteen or more years ago, and she was buried beneath the leaves of the forest. Ben lived alone with his children for some time, but finally they were all married save one, named Eliza.

Not far from Ben's lived a man named Cross, who was married, but lived unhappily with his wife. Ben knew this and accordingly opened negociations with his neighbor, which resulted in a fair exchange. Boyce took Mrs. Cross to wife, or to his home, and Cross took Ben's daughter Eliza.

Soon after this arrangement the woman Eliza gave birth to a daughter. But the complexion of the child, the color and peculiar curl of its hair, indicated that some one blacker than Cross was its father.—Besides her reputed intimacy with a colored man strengthened the conviction that the child was the progeny of the black man and white woman. Cross did not seem to mind this at all, but continued to acknowledge her as his spouse and the child as his own.

The girl became fourteen or fifteen years of age, when she was seduced by a man living in the neighborhood, by the name of Jacob Goslin. He is a miserable specimen of humanity—a morally and physically deformed brute. He has a wife, who, it is said, was jealous of him. The girl Cross was about to become a mother. On Sunday, she was induced to accompany Goslin into the woods, and in the course of their walk they came to a precipice, about two hundred feet high and perfectly perpendicular. Here they stopped to talk. After a brief period Goslin looked over the brink and cried out to the girl that he saw a woodchuck, and indicated to her [illegible] animal was to be seen. After he withdrew a step or two, she approached the edge of the rock to look over, when he gave her a sudden push, and over she went into the awful abyss below.

Strange as it may appear, the fall did not kill her. She struck among stones and stumps, but survived the terrible descent. The injuries she sustained, however, were terrible, and must prove fatal, it is said. Her bowels were rent open, and her whole body was bruised and mangled in a horrible manner. In this awful condition she crawled toward a habitation, and was two days and nights exposed, before she was discovered. Up to the last accounts she was still living.

Goslin has fled. It is stated that his wife was cognizant of the terrible deed, and it is believed urged him to it from jealousy. Officers are in pursuit of the villain, and it is hoped he may be arrested and punished. The people here are highly excited on the subject, and if he is captured about here he will almost certainly be subject to Lynch law.

A Romantic Story.

A French paper relates the following tale:

Two days ago a young milkwoman of the environs of La Baumette, newly married, was carrying the produce of her dairy to the market of Angers, when she found on her way a black cow fastened to a tree, and at a safe distance under another tree, lay a large bundle. Her curiosity was first attracted to the latter, which she found to contain a beautiful baby girl, wrapped in fine linen and warm flannels. On further examination she discovered a purse containing 25 golden Napoleons and an anonymous letter intimating that the mother was driven by powerful considerations to part with it for several years; that the 500f. were for the person who would humanely supply her place, and the black cow was to afford the child milk; adding that every year the foster mother should receive an ample sum for the maintenance and education of the child, until circumstances permitted its natural parent to resume the charge. The young milkwoman accepted the trust thus reposed in her, and, instead of proceeding to the market, hastened home with the young foundling, the cow, the purse, and the letter.

☞ The common fluency of speech, in many men and most women, is owing to a scarcity of matter and a scarcity of words; for whoever is master of a language and has a mind full of ideas, will be apt in speaking to hesitate upon the choice of both; whereas common speakers have only one set of ideas, and one set of words to clothe them in; and these are all ready at the mouth; so people can come faster out of church when it is almost empty, than when a crowd is at the door.—*Swift.*

DECLIVITY OF RIVERS.

A very slight declivity suffices to give the running motion to water. Three inches per mile, in a smooth, straight channel, gives a velocity of about three miles an hour. The Ganges, which gathers the waters of the Himalaya Mountains, the loftiest in the world, is, at 1800 miles from its mouth, only about 800 feet above the level of the sea—about twice the hight of St. Paul's in London, or the hight of Arthur's Seat, in Edinburg—and to fall these 800 feet in its long course, the water requires more than a month. The great river Magdalena, in South America, running for 1000 miles between two ridges of the Andes, falls only 500 feet in all that distance; above the commencement of the 1000 miles, it is seen descending in rapids and cataracts from the mountains. The gigantic Rio de la Plata has so gentle a descent to the ocean, that, in Paraguay, 1500 miles from its mouth, large ships are seen which have sailed against the current all the way by the force of the wind alone—that is to say, which, on the beautifully inclined plane of the stream, have been gradually lifted by the soft wind, and even against the current, to an elevation greater than that of our loftiest spires.

A HAPPY WORLD.

This is a happy world; who says to the contrary is a fool or something worse. There is everything to make us happy.—The land, sea and sky contribute to our enjoyment. The man who has a good heart sees pleasure where a bad person beholds nothing but gloom. The secret then in being happy and enjoying this glorious world is to possess a virtuous heart. Who is the most cheerful and contented man in your neighborhood?—The man who is the most honored and possesses the greatest riches? No—it is he who has nothing but a kind and good heart. Nothing ruffles his temper or disturbs repose. The morning sky, the evening cloud, the rolling waters, the blooming landscape, the teeming forests, and fields of snow, give him pleasures others never dream of. It is he whose mind is "led from nature up to nature's God," and every day [illegible] as contented and happy as it is possible for man to be.

Depend upon it, the world is a beautiful one, and contains a thousand sources of enjoyment which they can only see and feel whose hearts are pure and whose lives correspond to the word of eternal truth.

Old Drinking Habits in Ireland.

If on any occasion, a guest left the room, bits of paper were dropped into his glass, intimating the number of rounds the bottle had gone; and on his return he was obliged to swallow a glass for each under the penalty of so many glasses of salt and water. It was the practice of some to have decanters with round bottoms, like a modern soda-water bottle, the only contrivance in which they could stand being at the head of the table before the host. Stopping the bottle was thus rendered impossible, and every one was thus obliged to fill his glass at once, and pass the bottle to his neighbor, on the peril of upsetting the contents on the table. A still more common practice was to knock the stems off the glasses with a knife, so that they must be emptied as fast as they are filled, as they could not stand. Sometimes the guests, as they sat down, pulled off their shoes, which were taken out of the room, and the emptied bottles were broken outside of the door, so that no one could pass out till the carouse was over.

PROGRESS OF FIRE-ARMS.

The percussion-lock, it appears, was invented by an English clergyman—Rev. Mr. Forsyth—in the year 1807. In the year 1500, all fire-arms were fired by a lighted match carried in the hand.—About 1510, the match-lock was introduced, which was so far an improvement, that the lighted match was attached to the gun. But a shower of rain was still an effectual damper of the hottest fight.—Soon after, the wheel-lock was invented, which produced ignition by the rapid revolution of a steel wheel against an inflammable substance. This lock was in use during the wars of the Commonwealth. The well-known flint-lock was introduced about the year 1692, and was in universal use down to the Battle of Waterloo. The percussion-lock, for many years after its invention, was only employed in the slaughter of birds and beasts; but it is now applied in all the armies of Christendom, to the weapons designed for the destruction of man.

☞ Lord Bacon beautifully said, "If a man be gracious to strangers, it shows he is a citizen of the world, and that his heart is no island, cut off from other islands, but a continent that joins them."

☞ Eyes are the electric telegraphs of the heart, that will send a message any distance in a language only known to the two souls who correspond.

MATRIMONIAL INCIDENT.

An amusing matrimonial story is told of the olden time, in New England. It so fell out that two young people became very much smitten with each other, as young people do sometimes. The young woman's father was a wealthy Quaker—the young man was poor but respectable. The father could stand no such union, and resolutely opposed it, and the daughter dare not disobey—that is to say, she dare not disobey openly; she "met him by moonlight," while she pretended never to see him; and she pined and wasted in spite of herself. She was really in love—a state of "sighs and tears," which women oftener reach in imitation than in reality. Still the father remained inexorable. Time passed on, and the rose on Mary's damask cheek passed off. She let no concealment, like a worm in the bud, prey upon that damask cheek, however; but when her father asked her why she pined she always told him. The old gentleman was a widower, and loved his girl dearly. Had it been a widowed mother who had Mary in charge, a woman's pride would never have given way before the importunities of a daughter. Men are not, however, so stubborn in such matters, and when the father saw that his daughter's heart was really set upon the match, he surprised her one day by breaking out: "Mary, rather than mope to death thee had better marry as soon as thee chooses and whom thee pleases."

And then what did Mary? Wait till the birds of the air had told her swain of the change, or until her father had time to alter his mind again? Not a bit of it. She clapped her bonnet on her head, walked directly into the street, and then as directly to the house of her intended as the street would carry her. She walked into the house without knocking—for knocking was not then fashionable, and she found the family just sitting down to dinner. Some little commotion was exhibited at so unexpected an apparition as the heiress in the widow's cottage, but she heeded it not. John looked up inquiringly. She walks directly up to him and took both his hands in hers,

"John," said she, "father says I may have thee." [illegible] got through [illegible] ner table and went to the parson's. In less than twenty-five minutes they were man and wife.

ON SMOKING.

Of the three modes of using tobacco, smoking is that which seems to have insinuated itself most extensively among the youth of our community. Tobacco employed in this way, being drawn in with the vital breath, conveys its poisonous influence into every part of the lungs.—There the noxious fluid is entangled in the minute spongy air-cells, and has time to exert its pernicious influence on the blood, not in vivifying it, but in vitiating it. The blood imbibes the stimulant narcotic principle, and circulates it through the whole system. It produces, in consequence, a febrile action in those of delicate habits. Where there is any tendency to phthisis and the tubercular deposit in the lungs, debility of those organs, consequent on the use of tobacco in this way, must favor the deposit of tuberculous matter, and thus sow the seeds of consumption. This practice impairs the natural taste and relish for food, lessens the appetite, and weakens the powers of the stomach. As to pleasure produced by it, it is, I believe, a well-known fact that a person smoking in the dark is very often unable to determine whether his cigar is lighted or not.—[Dr. J. C. Warren.

HAVE WE A HAYNAU AMONG US?—This question, we should think, from the following paragraph, may be appropriately asked:—

"The Milwaukie *Free Democrat* gives an extract from the Santa Fe *Gazette*, to show what our army officers are doing in Mexico. It had seen a letter from a private citizen, formerly of Milwaukie, corroborating the statement. It appears that two unfortunate women had been arrested by the 'brave Capt. Sykes'—probably for hanging about the fort. This officer took them to the fort and placed them in the guard-house, where they remained during the night in company with about twenty of the opposite sex. The next morning, *these women were taken from prison and flogged, receiving from fifteen to twenty-five lashes each, on the bare back.* They were then subjected to the further indignity of having their hair cut close to the head and drummed around the barracks and off the military ground. The last of the gallantry was submitted entirely to Capt. Sykes, who, during the whipping, received the shrieks of the women with a composure that would have done credit to the days of the Inquisition."

☞ It appears from the biographies of the Duke of Wellington, that the exact time and place of his brith is not known, there being no record and no evidence to fix it with precision. There does not, however, appear to have been much obscurity about him after he was born.

For the Journal.

The Forsaken.

Lo, the shades of night around me
Throw their mantle, sad and drear;
Yet my spirit fain would linger,
In the nightfall's joyless sphere.—
Day departing, leaves behind it
Naught to cheer dejection's hour:
Western skies took all the gladness,
And we're left in darkness' power.—
So earth's blessings, each receeding:
Leaves a darkness—void behind,
What, O, what is worth possessing?
What can sate a cheerless mind?

All is fleeting, false, deceitful.—
Mark the rose so sweet with smiles.—
Turn once more and see its gladness.—
'Tis gone. So earthly pleasure dies.
All earth's objects are delusive.—
Power, riches, fame and friends
Each a phantom flits the vision,
But to teach where all things tend.
Then my thoughts I'll turn to Heaven:
Leaving earth, at God's throne bend—
Finding there in happier regions,
What none shall need—but have—a friend.

H.

STICK TO IT.

The very doctrine of all others, "*Stick to it.*" Who ever knew a mortal to enrol himself under this banner, and come out the little end of the horn? Nobody, we'll be bound. Its principle, acted up to with rectitude, purpose, heart and soul, would keep any man above water and in blue sky.

"*Stick to it.*" It's the very history of success in epitome. All history, all experience; the triumph of mind, art, literature, every great and noble work is its direct and appropriate illustration. He who would be, do, gain, make, save, achieve anything, in whatever department of life, trade, politics, religion, philanthrophy, or love, must make it his first and last object of solicitude—the Alpha and Omega of his aspiration and action.

Tell us, young man, who ever did a thing worth a note, that did not "stick to it." Look around among your acquaintances, and see who is, and who is not "*something.*" In him who is deservedly man who, years ago, in the strength, determination, energy, and light of an all conquering resolution said, "*I'll stick to it,*" and who did, and has stuck to it ever since.

What has made great lawyers, statesmen, divines, artists? What has made a Webster, a Choate, a Brougham, a Kossuth? Simply, and solely, and truly, by choosing something real and vital, and *sticking to it.* And if *you* wish, or expect, or mean to do or be any thing, you have got to do likewise. Then choose, and "*stick to it.*" Armed with its principle and inspiration, you may rise to undreamed of heights—wanting it you may sink to unthought of depths.—*Pettingill's Reporter.*

NEW HAMPSHIRE GIRLS.—A western man traveling through the Granite State, pays the following compliment to its fair daughters:

The ladies differ from those of any other State. There is constantly attending them what we would call at first sight a lofty pride, or haughty, overbearing demeanor. They seem to be imitating their own loved White Hills in the grandeur and splendor of their carriage—cold and lofty. At first, a stranger to their manner shrinks from making their acquaintance; but once "pass the Rubicon," and you find yourself initiated into the company of the most accomplished ladies of the land, modest and unassuming in their nature to such a degree that you can hardly believe they are the same you met in the streets a few moments before. The ladies, too, are particularly fond of their native State; indeed, I think there are but two States in the whole Union they would be content to live in, and those are the State of New Hampshire and the state of *matrimony.*"

SEA BATHING IN PARIS.—A project is on foot in Paris which has for its object to give the Parisians the refreshment of sea bathing in the central part of the city. By the process of an hydraulic machine, placed on the still waters of Dieppe, the waters of the channel would be thrown into large pipes, which would carry it to Paris and into a large basin placed in the centre of the Park of Mouceaux. The expenditure is calculated at five or six millions of francs. The railway company from Dieppe to Paris has granted the privilege of laying the pipes all along the road, and the government has given to the undertaking the free use of the park of Mouceaux.

☞ Dear children, once said a considerate mother, you must always remember the poor—after you and I and father have feasted, and you have fed the chickens, pig, and cat, if there's any thing left that ain't fit for soap grease, give it to the poor—it's despot good to be charitable and prudent, and feed the hungry—with what's left. Twould be a sight better for the rich man, if he'd a saved the big pieces and a got the little crumbs to Lazarus.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

The Legislature continues to "drag its slow length along" in a very uninteresting manner. The House gives way to accommodate the Constitutional Convention, a portion of each day, by which arrangement both bodies are retarded in their business. If the Legislature adjourns by the first of June it may be considered fortunate for the State.

The House held a short session on Saturday, Col. Schouler presiding in place of Speaker Bliss, who was absent. The House voted to commence sessions at 9 A. M. and give the Hall to the Convention at 3. P. M.—The Railway Committee were instructed to report a bill concerning attendance and supervision of draws and draw bridges. On Monday, the Senate did nothing of importance. The House directed the Judiciary Committee to report concerning a law more effectually guarding the public against carelessness on railroads. Considerable discussion was had, in which members expressed their opinions upon the late accident. Nothing further of importance occurred.

In the House, Tuesday, the bill for the annexation of Charlestown to Boston was referred to the next legislature by a vote of 123 to 56.

The liquor bill was also discussed, the question before the House being on substituting for the supplementary bill of the Committee the bill reported by Mr. Lord. The discussion was lengthy and no vote had been taken when the house adjourned.

Wednesday—The question on the adoption of Mr. Lord's substitute for the liquor bill reported by the Committee, was taken and decided in the negative by a vote of 141 to 111. The question coming up on the passage of the original bill to a third reading, Mr. Rice of Boston offered an amendment, making it a penal offence to buy liquors in small quantities, to be used as a beverage. Pending the decision of this motion the House adjourned.

GENERAL HAYNAU'S CORPSE.—A most extraordinary account has reached us in a private letter from Vienna to a high personage here, and has been the talk of our *salons* for the last few days. It appears that the circumstance of the death of General Haynau presented a phenomenon of the most awful kind on record. For many days after death the warmth of life yet lingered in the right arm and left leg of the corpse, which remained limp and moist, even bleeding slightly when pricked. No delusion, notwithstanding, could be maintained as to the reality of death, for the other parts of the body were completely mortified, and interment became necessary before the two limbs above mentioned had become either stiff or cold. The writer of the letter mentioned that this strange circumstance had produced the greatest awe in the minds of those who witnessed it, and that the emperor had been so impressed with it that his physicians had strictly forbidden the subject to be alluded to in his presence.—*Paris correspondent of the Atlas.*

SPIRITUAL MINISTER.—At the Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church of New Jersey, one of the members was tried and convicted for practising the modern science of Psebyeology, against the true interests of the Church and the canons. Psychycologist had caused a young lady, against her knowledge and consent, to sit down in the lap of a gentleman before company. The delinquent minister was admonished for his indiscretion, and directed to keep his hands clear of all the inventions of the devil, spiritual rappings included.

THE TURKS.—Mr. Bryant, editor of the New York Evening Post, who is traveling in the East, writes that "the ancient bigotry of the Moslems is fast relaxing. Not only do the Turks get drunk like Christians, of which I was sorry to see some examples on board the Austrian steamer that brought me hither from Beyroot, but they submit to contact with the Christians, and do not think themselves, as once they did, contaminated by it; and they suffer our presence in their most holy places."

☞ Miss Rose Porter of Mobile, was arrested in New York, on Tuesday, on complaint of Lewis Tappan, charged with stealing a negro girl named Jane Trainer, with a view of taking her to California, and made to answer the charge before a Police Magistrate. Miss Porter claims that the girl is a daughter of one of her slaves, and that it is of her own desire that she accompanies her. The husband of the girl's mother, for whom Mr. Tappan claims to act, is not her father, she being of illegitimate birth. The matter is to be legally investigated.

CONFERENCE APPOINTMENTS.—The New England M. E. Conference, lately held at Ipswich, made the following appointments for this vicinity:

Wilbraham, Gilbert Haven; South Wilbraham, Horace Moulton; Monson, Charles Noble; East Longmeadow, David K. Merrill; Ludlow and Jenksville, James W. Mowry; Three Rivers, N. J. Merrill; Palmer Centre and South Belchertown, Daniel Atkins; Amherst and North Belchertown, David Todd.

THE TEHUANTEPEC ROUTE.—The Washington Republic says that letters have been received in Washington from Mexico, which announce that Santa Anna has informally declined giving his approbation of the treaty lately concluded with Col. Sloo & Co., for the construction of a route across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, and further, he declines receiving the instalments of $50,000 which were to be paid monthly by Sloo & Co.—The Republic also denies that any protest has been entered in the State Department against the above treaty.

LOSS OF LUMBER.—The St. Paul Minnesotian of the 9th ult., says a great calamity has occurred to the lumbermen in that region.—The Rum river boom, in which about 20,000,000 feet of logs were lodged, gave way, setting afloat and precipitating the entire body of logs into the Mississippi. This is a severe blow to the industrious lumbermen—one of the hard contingencies incident to their precarious business.

☞ The attempt to pay off the incumbrances upon the estate of Daniel Webster by subscription, in order that it may be preserved in his family, according to his last wishes, appears to be finally given up, as demands against it continually accumulate.

THE JOURNAL.

PALMER, MASS.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 14, 1853.

Railroad Accidents.

In another column we have recorded the most terrible railroad massacre that ever occurred in the United States, if not in any other country. The catastrophe has excited the public to the highest degree, and one universal voice now calls for protection against these wholesale murders upon our railroads. A thousand plans are suggested by as many individuals to prevent accidents of a similar nature, but so long as railroad corporations have the power to regulate the rate of speed on their roads, and to furnish their own guards against accidents, all the gratuitous advice from the public will avail nothing.—The Legislature of each State is the only agent to deal effectively with railroad corporations. Experience has too sadly shown that the speed with which trains move over long bridges, short curves and other dangerous places is unsafe; notwithstanding which, an increase of speed goes on from year to year, and the danger of traveling is augmented in the same proportion.

Laws should be enacted forbidding any train to approach a draw bridge, or any long bridge, at a speed faster than six, or at the extent, ten miles an hour. The same act should require men to be stationed at all important places, instead of dead signals, to give warning of danger. All railroad crossings should be guarded with the same care, and in all cases the road should be properly fenced to keep cattle from the track. No such accidents as have recently occurred upon our railroads could happen in England; there no person is allowed to walk upon the track; the railroads are all fenced; men with proper signals are stationed along the road at equal distances to give notice if there is the least danger. Under such circumstances, the train may move at the highest speed with comparitively little risk. There life is religiously guarded; in this country an utter recklessness is manifested for the safety of travelers. The person who takes a trip upon our cars, does it at the peril of his life; he has no assurance that he will return with sound limbs, or that his journey will not usher him into eternity.

The late catastrophe at Norwalk has carried mourning into many families. The Railroad Company may be compelled to pay damages, but no amount of money will make good the loss of a husband, a wife or a child. The husband deprived of a partner, the wife made a widow and the child rendered an orphan, will carry the memory of that awful event, like a dark cloud intercepting the beams of happiness, through their lives.—The dead bodies, buried beneath broken timbers and wrecked machinery—to be mangled and drowned beneath the dark stream—is fearful indeed. The families and friends of those who thus perished, have the sympathies of all; the unfortunate victims have passed from among us in a manner that most forcibly teaches us that in the midst of life we are in death.

Constitutional Convention.

The Convention has hardly got organized, and will not get fairly at work until the Legislature adjourns. We shall not attempt to give the formal operations of the Convention during its sitting, but shall publish all that is of importance and interest.

In the Convention, Saturday, discussion was had concerning the time of meeting on Monday, and the Convention agreed to meet at 10 o'clock. The proposition to engage the hall of the Lowell Institute for the use of the Convention was rejected. The Convention, after some further business of minor importance, proceeded to the election of a Sergeant-at-Arms, which resulted in the choice of Benjamin Stevens, with power in the terms of his appointment to choose his own assistants.

On Tuesday, orders were introduced inquiring into the expediency of adopting the Single District system in the election of both Senators and Representatives, and of limiting the House to one hundred and fifty members.

On Wednesday, at the session, considerable business was laid out, and a large number of orders for alteration of the constitution were adopted.

THE NATIONAL REVENUE.—The revenue receipts from Boston, Baltimore, New York, Philadelphia and New Orleans, for the months of March and April, amount to $10,158,000. The revenue of the year will exceed $60,000,000. The balance in the Treasury is between $19,000,000 and $20,000,000, showing an increase of $1,000,000 a month.

THE SEALING FLEET.—Recent accounts from St. John, N. F., state that there had been upwards of 250,000 seals landed at that place—an amount largely exceeding the returns of any former season—and more were still to come.

GOOD LUCK.—Two men went from Marblehead, a few days since, to the vicinity of Lowell Island, and caught over fifteen hundred pounds of good fish. One specimen measured 6 feet 4 1-2 inches in length and weighed 123 pounds.

☞ A British journal states as a fact, that in no country in Europe are the laws so oppressive towards women as they are in England. France, Italy, and Germany, are all in advance of Great Britain in this respect.—Does the Duchess of Sutherland hear *that?*

☞ The old Catholic Church in Hartford, was destroyed by fire at an early hour on Wednesday morning. Rev. Mr. Brady's dwelling adjoining, was also considerably injured, and his furniture damaged to the amount of $1000.

TERRIBLE MASSACRE ON THE NEW YORK & NEW HAVEN R. R.!

FORTY-SIX PERSONS KILLED!

Thirty-three Severely, or Slightly Injured!

THRILLING INCIDENTS!

In a part of our edition last week, we briefly announced that a frightful accident occurred on the New York and New Haven Railroad, on Friday afternoon, by which catastrophe fifty persons had lost their lives. We had no particulars then, and we hoped the story would prove to be exagerated when we should learn the facts; but the news by the evening express train more than confirmed the previous startling intelligence!

The train left New York, at 8 o'clock A. M., with five loaded passenger cars, in which were many physicians who had been attending the annual meeting of the American Medical Association in New York. At half-past ten o'clock the train reached Norwalk, 45 miles distant, where it did not stop, but went on at the rate of 20 or 25 miles an hour. Half a mile to the east of Norwalk is a bridge across a small stream, having a draw for the passage of vessels. The bridge is about 130 feet in length, and erected in the most substantial manner, with very heavy abutments and braces of iron, and immense timbers. The width of the bridge is sufficient for trains to pass each other. The draw portion of it is sixty feet in length.—On the easterly side of the bridge is a long pole some forty feet high, upon which is placed a large red ball, with pullies to hoist and lower, as the occasion may require.—This is the signal for all trains to stop when *taken down* by the master of the bridge. It can be observed for a mile, either on the east or west side of the bridge, by the engineer of any train. It is a rule of the road that the speed of the engine should be slackened as it approaches the draw. But this rule does not appear to have been observed.

The signal for safety was down, but the engineer, Mr. Edward Tocker, did not regard the warning, but dashed on at a furious rate until he reached the open draw, when such was the momentum, that the engine sprang across the chasm of sixty feet, dashing against the abutment on the opposite side but little below the level of the line of rails. The draw had been opened to permit the steamboat Pacific, from Norwalk to New York, to pass through, and she had barely passed as the train dashed in. The engine was followed by the tender, which rested upon it, the first baggage car went partly upon the tender, and partly alongside, the second car containing the smoking apartment, went alongside the first baggage car, and two of the first class cars were dashed among the wreck of those which preceded them, while the bottom of the last car was broken in two crosswise, the forward being dragged into the submerged ruins, leaving one half the bottom and the entire sides and roof upon the tracks. The water in the channel at the draw is placed is from ten to twelve feet deep at high water.

The awful scene that ensued cannot be described by those present, for the excitement, the confusion, the cries and groans of the injured and dying seem to have deprived every one of consciousness. The cars were so broken that those who had not sustained any injury from the collision, instantly strove to escape through the windows and broken roofs, and it is wonderful that under the circumstances so many succeeded in their efforts. It is supposed that all in the last car escaped—those who were dragged forward on the broken floor being thrown on the top of the wreck, escaping with a few bruises.—Those who were in the two cars preceding the last, were all immersed in the water, but as far as can be ascertained, most of them were rescued

The moment the accident occurred, there were strong and willing hands which manned small boats fortunately lying near, and by their efforts the rescue of the saved was effected. Many of those in these cars sustained contusions of greater or less severity.

The egineer jumped from the engine just before reaching the gap; the fireman leaped off just as the engine was going into the river. Both are somewhat injured.

All the citizens of Norwalk were early on the spot, and were most active in their endeavors to rescue the unfortunate sufferers. The sides of the cars were broken in with axes, and many lives were saved, that, had not assistance been so promptly rendered, must have shared the same terrible fate.

The unfortunate sufferers, who were not drowned or killed, were taken to the houses of the citizens, and most kindly cared for.—The ladies of Norwalk were most indefatigable in rendering assistance to the wounded.

The following is a list of the killed:

Dr. James M. Smith, Dr. James H. Gray, of Springfield; Dr. Archibald Welch of Hartford; Francis W. Sayles, (son-in-law of B. F. Hallet. His wife was also upon the train, but escaped injury.) T. M. Hutchinson, Ellen S. Bacon, Anna B. Lang, of Boston; Dr. Samuel Beach of Bridgeport, Ct.; Walter French of Manchester, N. H.; Nathaniel Ring Jr. of Athens, Ohio, on his way to Boston, his old home; Oliver Barr, agent of Antioch College, Ohio. Jacob G. Van De Veriter, Mary Carrigan, Mrs. Hannah, Mrs. Ann T. Green, Martain Taine and wife, Joseph M. Hill, of New York; Dr. W. C. Dwight of Genesee County, N. Y.; Rev. John Henry Lubrs of Williamsburg, L. I.; Dr. Abel L. Pierson of Salem, Mass., aged 65; Mrs. G. R. Sparks, a milliner of Pittsfield, Mass.; Norman Parker of Woodbury, Ct.; Isaac C. Colbath of Richmond, Me.; Robert Steinbeimer of Bellows Falls, Vt.; David B. Newell of Newport, N. H.; John Moss of Gardiner, Me.; Ellen Goss of Poughkeepsie, N. Y.; D. W. Dimmock of Mansfield, Ct.; B. F. Lazier of Dundas, Canada; Mrs. John M. Fluent of Lancaster, Pa.; Mrs. Parker of Woodbury, Ct.; Beverly Parks of Yorkville, N. Y.; Mrs. Maria Robbins and daughter, of Lenox, Mass.; Susan F. Pomeroy of Stockbridge, Mass.; Dr. Josiah Bartlett of Stratham, N. H.; Miss A. L. Desauque of Philadelphia; S. N. Hazard of Yonkers, N. Y.; Emeline Shepard of Washington Village, Dorchester, Mass., with her niece, Julia Anderson, 4 years old; Mrs. Frances Harley and child of Baltimore.—Her maiden name was Frances Cushing Sherman, and she was on her way to Boston her former home; Dr. J. P. Jewett of Lowell, Mass.; Dr. Butler Wilmarth, Westboro, Mass.; Michael Reardon, Charlestown, Mass.

This list includes FORTY-SIX persons, and is now supposed to embrace all who have perished by this disaster. No bodies remain at Norwalk, unrecognized, and all are believed to have been taken from the wreck.—No more than one or two of the wounded, yet alive, are in danger of dying from their injuries.

INCIDENTS.—The scene at the railroad station house in Norwalk, Friday afternoon, was appalling. In one small apartment were *twenty-eight* ghastly corpses, rigid in death; and in another *seventeen*—thickly covering the floor. Among them numerous surviving friends were eagerly scrutinizing each countenance, with mingled hope and fear, searching for the lost. As one after another was identified, the scene was often painfully affecting. Infancy, youth and old age were all represented among the dead. The body of a beautiful female child, seeming to be almost animated with life, elicited exclamations from many. Almost all the bodies were greatly disfigured with bruises and cuts, and probably in a majority of instances, injuries of this kind were sufficient cause of death. A few evidently died of strangulation by water. Before dark nearly all the bodies were divested of their clothing, put in neat coffins of black walnut and forwarded to their friends.

The wounded are distributed in various houses—some twenty in number—in the village.

Dr. James H. Gray, of Springfield, who was killed, started from New York in the fourth passenger car, in company with Miss Willard, of Springfield, who was in his charge. He had been conversing with Dr. Thompson, of Northampton, and rode in the car near him as far as Stamford, when he left the car and went forward to see Dr. James S. Smith. He was sitting in the seat with him when the accident occurred, and both died and were found together.

Miss Mary Williams, an English lady, going to Cabotville, Mass., was considerably injured, and just escaped with her life, losing £150 in gold, which she threw away to save her life, she fearing its weight in the water.

Mr. Hantress, of Lowell, was in the smoking car, with seven others, at the time of the accident. He states that when the car went over it veered to the left, and caught upon the spiles of the bridge, which prevented it from sinking, and thus the whole eight were saved.

A gentleman came in the reception room for dead bodies during the sitting of the inquest, and pointed out a body which he recognized as that of a young man far gone in consumption, who entered the second car at Canal st., in charge of a friend, who did not expect him to live till he got home. There was no vacant seat in the car, and the gentleman pointing him out gave up his seat, and removed into the third car, immediately behind the writer of this, and was saved.—The young man and his friend were both killed.

An aged man, most terribly gashed about the head and face, was looking and asking for his wife, with looks and tones indescribable. The writer saw him a few minutes after, smiling inefably, though covered with blood, and saying to all, "My wife is safe! thank God, my wife is safe!"

The bodies which were recovered were in many instances dreadfully disfigured—in some cases so much so as to render recognition almost impossible, even by those who were their intimate friends.

Such was the case with the bodies of Dr. Dwight of Brooklyn, and Dr. Pierson of Salem. It was only by some articles in their pockets that they were recognised at all.

Mr. Peck of Burlington, Vt., and Miss Clark, his wife's sister, were in the second car, and with one other beside the Conductor escaped. All the others, however, in that car, were lost.

The cars were literally torn to atoms, and pieces of seats and pieces of wood are now to be seen reared up like monuments.

The money which Miss Williams, who was on her way to Cabotoille, threw from her at the time of the accident, has been recovered and restored to her.

Dr. James H. Gray, of Springfield, was a son of the late Harrison Gray, Esq., bookseller, of Boston, and had endeared himself to a large circle of friends at Springfield, by his skill as a physician and by his gentlemanly deportment.

Mary Jane Williams, the Irish woman, on her way to Cabotville, who went down in the broken car, and lost her gold, amounting to $250 (not $750) had the sum restored to her by the Company at New Haven before it was found, and $500 in addition, for which she gave a receipt in full for all damages.

The wife of Gen. Harvey of New York, died of her wounds at Norwalk, on Wednesday morning. She was 58 years old. Miss Griswold, who it was expected would die, is regarded as better, and hopes of her recovery are beginning to be entertained.

The engineer has been arrested, and all accounts agree in attributing the accident to his carelessness, and the verdict of the Coroner's Jury is that "The immediate cause of this disaster was the negligence and recklessness of said engineer."

The number killed by this accident has been stated as high as sixty, but the latest accounts only make the number 46. Other bodies may yet be found, as several persons supposed to be on that train are missing.

☞ The Hampden County Teachers' association held their semi-annual meeting in Springfield, last week. Mr. P. B. Strong delivered a lecture upon the importance of associated effort and the advantage of such meetings to teachers. At the evening session a lecture was delivered by Prof. Joseph Haven of Amherst College. An original ode was presented by a member of the Hampden bar. Remarks were made by Rev. J. A. Nash, of Amherst, among others.

WILD MAN CAUGHT.—Another wild man has been found near Memphis, Tenn. His name is Hugh Denwiddie, and he is from Bourbon County, Ky., where he has a wife and children living. He has been running wild in the woods since last fall, and when found was very sad and dejected, though from what cause could not be discovered.

☞ The house of Jacob Durfee in West Brookfield, was destroyed by fire on Monday.

The Highways of Death.

As if the public were not sufficiently horrified by the tragedy at Norwalk, other accidents of a similar character have occurred since that event.

On Saturday afternoon the New Bedford and Taunton trains met with a serious accident by the breaking of an axle. The tender, luggage car and one passenger car were thrown down an embankment, some forty feet from the track, and in the fearful passage completely revolved three times. The rails of the track were torn up for several rods. All the cars were completely demolished. There were twenty-five persons in the cars, yet no lives were lost. Seventeen persons were more or less injured.

The cars ran off the track of the Boston and Lowell Railroad, at Winchester, on Saturday, in consequence of the misplacement of a switch, and were detained some time. Had it been the express train, under full headway, as it usually is at that place, and which came along soon after, the consequences must have been serious.

An unknown man, ascertained to have been intoxicated, was run over and killed by a train on the Norwich and Worcester Railroad, at Westboro', on Sunday morning.—His body was horribly maugled.

A gentleman in attempting to cross the river at Lawrence, on the Railroad bridge, on Monday, was struck on the head by a locomotive, and severely if not fatally injured.

As the freight and passenger trains on the Eastern Railroad were leaving East Boston, on Saturday evening, the former ran into the latter, completely demolishing one of the passenger cars, the passengers in which, seeing their danger, removed to one further forward, just in time to escape with their lives.

The Emigrant train from New York and the Express train from Dunkirk, on Monday, came in collision, about 8 o'clock in the evening, one mile west of the Bergen Cut, N. J., on the Ramapo branch of the Erie Railroad, injuring four brakemen severely, one of whom had both of his legs broken.—One passenger had both legs broken, and a number of other passengers were more or less injured. Two of the brakemen who were wounded are not expected to survive. One of them had his left leg cut off, and his right leg and thigh broken, and the other had his leg and thigh broken, and is otherwise injured.

On Wednesday morning, the freight train out of Boston, on the Old Colony Railroad, was passing at a rapid rate through Braintree, when by a misplacement of a switch, the engine and nearly the whold train were thrown from the track, and the cars considerably broken.

Later from California---Terrible Steamboat Disasters.

Disasters by land and water continue to multiply. The steamer Daniel Webster, with news from California to the 16th ult., brings intelligence of the explosion of the steamer Jenny Lind, near San Francisco, whereby some twenty persons were killed and over thirty badly scalded. Among those scalded were eight ladies. Those killed and injured were mainly old residents of San Francisco. The survivors and dead bodies were taken to San Francisco.

The steamer S. S. Lewis, of the Vanderbilt line, ran ashore on her recent passage from San Juan to San Francisco, and was totally wrecked. There were 400 passengers on board, all of whom got safely ashore, and also saved their baggage.

The S. S. Lewis was owned by Coolidge & Osgood of New York, and valued at $200,000. There was no insurance on her in New York.

VALUE OF LIFE INSURANCE.—Dr. Gray, of Springfield, who was killed at the late terrible accident on the New York and New Haven railroad, had an insurance on his life of $6000. Dr. Beach, of Hartford, who was killed at the same time, had an insurance on his life amounting to $2,500. If people intend to travel much on railroads, and are desirous of providing for their families, they should by all means get their lives insured.

WHY, LUCY.—Luey Stone, a smart Brookfield girl, is in Yorkstate lecturing on woman's Rights. Somebody has added *Esq.* to her name, which, by the way, sounds very musical. We have heard Lucy speak, in years gone by, when she was in the bloom of girlhood, but she is now past the sunny side of twenty-five, and can't possibly be as interesting as she was then—even with the title of Esq.

CAPTURE OF A BEAR.—A few days since, a Mr. Hoisington and three others of Rochester, Vt., went in pursuit of a bear which had killed many sheep in the neighborhood. They followed his track through the snow from morning till night, and finally the next morning came up with him, and put several balls through him. He weighed just three hundred pounds.

THE RAILROAD SLAUGHTER.—The Boston Journal says:

"After closely scanning all the accounts, we have received, we make *forty-four* as the number of the killed. Of this number 7 resided in Boston; 16, or one-third of the whole number, resided in Massachusetts; and of the whole number, 26 resided in New England. The list includes two clergymen, eight physicians, thirteen women and two children."

ONE OF THE SPECIMENS.—A live alligator, fourteen feet long, and weighing in his box 750 pounds, has been brought by Adams & Co.'s express from Lousiana to New York, where he is to be exhibited in the Crystal Palace, as a specimen of "American Industry."

A NEW EXPRESS.—The Legislature has been petitioned for an act of incorporation for a company to construct an atmospheric despatch between Boston and New York, for the transmission of letters and parcels by atmospheric pressure.

AGED SLAVE.—Died, on Saturday, 30th ult, at the advanced age of 120 years, Monica, a servant woman of Mrs. Eliza Lancaster, of Cobb Neck, Charles County, Md.

Precautionary Measures.

It is very common for people to lock their stable doors after their horses have been stolen. The late massacre on the New York and New Haven Railroad has awakened people to the belief that there is a fearful carelessness on the part of railroad employees, and a disregard for the lives of passengers manifested by Railroad Corporations that call for more stringent laws.

In the Connecticut Legislature, on Saturday, a Committee was appointed to repair to Norwalk, and report the facts and causes of the disaster, as an assistance to legislation on the general subject. A bill was introduced, proposing that Railroad Companies shall pay $10,000 to the relatives of each person killed upon their roads through carelessness or negligence on the part of the companies or those in their employ. A Joint Special Committee was ordered upon the subject of the prevention of Railroad accidents and the appointment of a Board of Railway Commissioners.

The Legistaiure of Massachusetts has instructed the Committee on Railways to report on the enactment of more stringent laws to protect the lives of travelers on such roads.

Since the late accident a bill has been introduced into the Maryland Legislature, to provide for the better security of passengers on railroads in that State. We are glad to learn that Legislatures are determined to put Railroad Corporations under restrictions that will afford better security to the lives and limbs of those who travel in Railway trains.

COMMUNICATIONS.—We have repeatedly stated, though some people don't seem to understand it yet, that as an independent newspaper, the Journal will admit communications of a respectable nature, on any subject, political or social. In doing this, the Editor should not be considered as endorsing the sentiments of such communications: he only gives others a chance to be heard, supposing that all who are capable of reading are also capable of drawing conclusions from what they have read. We never allow our columns to be opened for low, personal abuse, yet, we feel under obligations to insert any respectable communication, though it conflicts with our own views. We publish one man's communication, if it is worth publishing, with the same willingness that we publish anothers, but in all cases we must know the name of the author.

☞ The work at the Southampton (Mass) lead mines is being prosecuted with vigor.—A thousand feet horizontal excavation into the rocky hill, has, within the last three months, become a thousand and thirty—the work advancing about nine feet a month.—The cost a foot is twenty-seven dollars. Fifty feet or more yet remain before reaching the vein.

MODEL LEGISLATURE.—The Rhode Island Assembly adjourned on Friday evening, after a session of four days at Newport. The most important matter acted upon besides the election of a U. S. Senator, was the passage of an act calling a convention to frame a new constitution. A city charter was granted to Newport.

THE STAMPED ENVELOPES.—The new stamped envelopes are expected to be ready for use by the first of June, but their distribution will not probably commence before the first of July. The price is to be $3.20 a hundred—$3 for the stamps and 20 cents for the envelopes.

LOUD TALK.—The N. Y. Tribune, "the leading whig journal of the United States," says "each number of the N. Y. Observer makes more infidels and scoffers at Christianity, than all the professed preachers of infidelity in the country create in a year."

☞ Macaulay is expected to issue two more volumes of the *History of England* soon. His health is said to be irrevocably shattered, and fears are entertained that he never will be able to complete the work he has projected.

MEANNESS.—A man was detected in Cincinnati, last Wednesday night, in the act of stealing a piece of crape which had been tied on the corner of a lady's residence, as a badge of mourning for a deceased relative.

☞ M. S. Damon, the Express clerk of Adams & Co., who was arrested for robbing them of $2,500 has refunded $2,250 of the money, that being all he had left of the amount stolen, at the time of his arrest.

☞ An Irishman having been killed at Biddeford depot by the gravel train passing over him, the friends of the deceased attacked the engineer, who was with difficulty rescued by the bystanders.

☞ In Bath, Me., Mrs. Sprague, while speaking in a revival meeting of the Free Will Baptists, suddenly fell in a fainting fit, and died in a few moments. She leaves a family.

☞ The keeper of a Protective Union store, in Nashua, N. H., was fined $100 last Saturday for passing fractional bills, contrary to the law of the State.

☞ Mexican silver is coming forward rapidly to the mint for re-coinage. Large sums are received almost daily from Mexico and New Orleans, in payment for goods shipped.

☞ J. M. Kavanagh has been appointed Postmaster of Holyoke in place of H. S. Babbitt, removed, both democrats.

CHANGE.—J. C. Stoover has retired from the Chicopee Telegraph and J. R. Childs has taken that paper under his charge.

LOCAL MATTERS.

ANOTHER ELOPEMENT.—Wm. Nelson, a Yankee boy from Warren, and Mary Curley, a sweet Irish girl, of not more than 16, eloped from Blanchardville, in this town, last Monday night, and ere now are united in the bonds of wedlock. There is a little bit of history relating to this couple, which will be interesting to those who possess an admiration for the "romantic." About a year since we gave an account of the arrest of Mary's father for cruelly beating her, because she had taken the liberty to speak to Mr. Nelson, contrary to the commands of her parents.—Since that time till the late more interesting event, "the course of true love has not run smooth" with the young couple. The young man has urged his case against opposition at every step, and about a week since an arrangement was made to elope; but the argus-eyed overseers of the girl discovered the plan and frustrated it. On Monday the disappointed swain procured a certificate from the town clerk, and on the following night he and his "darling Mary" managed to elude the vigilance of her friends (?) and make good their escape. Most truly has it been said that "Palmer is a land of love and romance."

A SNAKE STORY.—Sylvanus Shaw, of this town, while walking over his farm a few days since, discovered two large black snakes, which retreated to a pile of brush, and then turning from under their cover, raised their heads and faced him with sparkling eyes and forked tongues. Mr. Shaw advanced a few steps, when one of the snakes darted from its cover and entwined itself around his leg.—Snatching up a billet of wood, Mr. Shaw struck the other snake on the head, but it presently recovered itself and escaped into a rotten log. Seeing the flight of its mate, the snake which encircled Mr. Shaw's leg in an instant uncoiled itself and followed its companion. Mr. Shaw then tore open the log containing the snakes and killed both of them. One of them measured 7 feet in length and the other 6. Black snakes are the most harmless of the snake family; they are exceedingly timid, and seldom, if ever, bite. At this season of the year, however, they often show fight, and will frequently pursue those who flee from them.

THE SIAMESE TWINS.—On Tuesday next Messrs. Chang and Eng, the far-famed united brothers, will hold their levees at Nassowanno Hall, afternoon and evening, accompanied by two of their children. Almost everybody in the civilized world has heard of these singular individuals, and as a new generation has grown up since they were last exhibited, they may reasonably expect crowds of visiters. They form a *lusus naturæ* absolutely without parallel, and cannot fail to excite general curiosity. They are married and have eleven children.

BELCHERTOWN AND AMHERST RAILROAD.—The long agony of suspense is over!—Trains commenced running regularly over the Amherst and Belchertown Railroad last Monday. Cars leave here for Amherst at 10,45 A. M. and 6,15 P. M. Leave Amherst for this place at 4,30 A. M. (rather early we should think) and 1,10 P. M. We shall now be able to hear direct from Logtown and Mill Hollow, twice a day, an advantage which our readers shall have the benefit of.

On the occasion of opening the Amherst and Belchertown Railroad, a company of our citizens went up to Amherst, on the first train, where they partook of a good dinner at the Hygeian House, and enjoyed themselves finely. As the train entered Amherst the people of that place expressed their joy by ringing bells, firing cannon, &c.

THOMAS WARD, of this place, has been appointed Justice of the Peace by Gov. Clifford.

EFFECTS OF TIGHT LACING.—It is said that a young lady of fashion in Paris, Md'lle Virginia de T., having died very suddenly her friends decided upon a post mortem examination. It was found that three of the ribs had encroached upon the liver to such an extent as to produce death. The young lady perished from tight lacing.

☞ Mrs. Murdock, a practical spiritualist of Ware, has been sent to the House of Correction for thirty days, on a charge of drunkenness.

BORN.

In this town, (Three Rivers) May 10, two daughters to John Heathcott.

In this town, May 7, a daughter to David Tenney.

In Wilbraham, May 1, a daughter to Walter Maynard; May 4, a son to Josiah Alden.

MARRIED.

In Springfield, on Tuesday, May 10, by Rev. Dr. Osgood, Fanny F. Osgood, his daughter, to Henry P. Fessenden, of New York city.

In Brimfield, 5th., by Rev. Jason Morse, Jonathan C. Dix, and Ann F. Ferry.

In Northampton, 5th, Stillman Smith, and Augusta N. Austin, both of Granby.

In Amherst, 3d, Joseph L. Phillips of Hadley, and Jerusha A. Warden of Shutesbury.

In Belchertown, 7th, Thomas Lynde of Palmer, and Zilpha Munsell of B.

DIED.

In Stafford, May 7, Philo Ledoyt, 32.

In Monson, April 21, Julia Fuller, only child of Wm. B. Converse.

In Monson, May 5, Wm. Bradway, 74.

In Springfield, May 9, Sally L. 57, wife of Justice Willard.

On the passage to California, within one day's sail of Acapulco, of cholera, Charles Pratt of Belchertown, aged 34.

In Amherst, May 2, Harvey Felt, 38.

In Springfield, 16th ult., Joseph Shedd, 86.

In Stafford, Ct., 3d, Thomas Tupper, 92,

In Ware, 3d, Clara, 21, youngest daughter of Calvin Jenny.

TIME ALTERED IN RUNNING TRAINS.—The time of running some of the trains on the Western Railroad has been altered. The afternoon accommodation train West now leaves Palmer at 6,10; the express train for New York at 7,9. The night express train from New York to Boston leaves here at 10,44. All trains, including the Sunday night express train, stop at Palmer.

☞ The New York Picayune, announces that it will soon commence one of the most interesting original romances ever published, entitled "The Destroyer, or the Workman's Daughter." The Picayune is a smart, spicy sheet. For sale at Bowles'.

DEFEAT OF THE LIQUOR BILL.—The bill in addition to the Liquor Law passed by the last Legislature, was rejected in the House, on Thursday, by a vote of 129 to 129.

LEGISLATIVE.—The Senate has killed the bill allowing an advance of fifty cents per diem on the pay of members, by a vote of 3 in favor, and 23 against.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

IMPORTANT TO THE AFFLICTED.—We take pleasure in laying before our readers the following testimony in favor of Dr. Weaver's Medicines, because it comes from a source which may be relied upon. Mr. Henry formerly officiating as a Methodist Clergyman in the town of Palmer, where he still resides, and his numerous friends will not only be gratified to learn that he has been relieved of his troublesome complaint, but will have perfect confidence in the medicine which has effected the change, and which he so cheerfully recommends. *Read his Certificate below*

Important Testimony

From a Methodist Clergyman, who has been cured of a bad case of Erysipelas with but 6 bottles of Dr. S. A. Weaver's Syrup!

PALMER, Mass., January, 1853.

Dr. S A. Weaver—Dear Sir —I consider myself under obligation to certify to the good effects which your medicines have had in my own case. I have been for a long time afflicted with what has been considered Erysipelas, and in attempting to rid myself of it have taken ten bottles of Townsend's and ten bottles of Bush's Sarsaparilla syrup, besides various other medicines too numerous to mention. About a year ago I commenced using your Syrup and continued till six bottles of it were taken. I am now able to say that I not only received great benefit from it, but that it has done me more good than any or all other medicines I ever used. In fact and truth I can say that all I ever took before, never done me half so much good as those six bottles of yours. I should have certified to these facts before now, but I wanted to test the effects or cure by the Fall or Winter weather, as heretofore I have been free from the disease in the Summer, and when cold weather came it troubled me again as bad as ever. Last year before this time it was so, but now I have hardly any about me, and I think a few bottles more will effect a perfect, permanent cure. I advise all who are afflicted as I have been, to use Dr. S. A. Weaver's Canker and Salt Rheum Syrup in preference to any or all other medicines.

SAMUEL HENRY.

A CARD.

Mrs. Winslow to the Ladies.

Mrs. Winslow, an old and experienced nurse and Female Physician, would call the attention of the ladies to her Soothing Syrup for Children teething. It will immediately relieve them from pain, allay all spasmodic action, soften the gums, reduce inflamation, and is sure to regulate the Bowels. Depend upon it, Mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to your children. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Cramp and Pain Killer.

The world is astonished at the wonderful cures performed by the CRAMP AND PAIN, KILLER prepared by CURTIS & PERKINS. Its equal has never been known for removing pain in all cases; for the cure of spinal complaints, cramp in the limbs and stomach, rheumatism in all its forms, billious cholic, burns, sore throat, and gravel, is decidedly the best remedy in the world. For particulars, see circulars in the hands of the Agents, for a gratuitous circulation.

N. B.—Be sure and call for CURTIS & PERKINS' Cramp and Pain Killer. All others bearing this name are base imitations. Price 12 1-2, 25, 37 1-2, cts. a bottle according to the size.

We have sold very large quantities of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup during the past six years, several thousand the last year. We believe it the best medicine in the world for Children teething or for the cure of Dysentery and Diarrhea in Children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause. It gives universal satisfaction—never heard a complaint from any one using it—never sold a medicine so universally successful in relieving pain and effecting cures—relief is ABSOLUTELY SURE.

CURTIS & PERKINS.
Druggists, Bangor, Me.

AGENTS.—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; W. N. Packard, Thorndike; A. H. Longley, Belchertown; T. F. Packard, Monson; Crane & Kingsbury, Stafford Springs; Wm. H. Sessions, Warren; O. F. Packard & Co., Three Rivers; L. B. Bliss, Wilbraham; and for sale in nearly every town in the State.

Hensbaw Edwards & Co., India St., and Weeks & Potter, Washington St., Boston, wholesale agents, and Boyd & Paul, No. 40, Courtland St. New York. 1y. 28.

Poisoning.

Thousands of parents who use Vermifuge composed of Castor oil, Calomel, &c., are not aware, that while they appear to benefit the patient, they are actually laying the foundation of a series of diseases, such as salivation, loss of sight, weakness of limbs, &c.

In another column will be found the advertisement of Hobensack's Medicines, to which we ask the attention of all directly interested in their own as well as their Children's health.—In Liver Complaints and all disorders arising from those of a bilious type, should make use of the only genuine medicine, Hobensack's Liver Pills.

☞ *"Be not deceived,"* but ask for Hobensack's Worm Syrup and Liver Pills, and observe that each has the signature of the Proprietor, J. N. HOBENSACK, as none else are genuine.

Farm for Sale.

A valuable Farm situated in Ware, five miles from Ware village, and five miles from Palmer Depot, and three miles from Thorndike, lying between the farms of Elbridge White and Richard Lewis. Said Farm contains one hundred and ten acres, suitably divided into mowing, pasturage, tillage and woodland, with a good house, barn, and other buildings thereon, and a never failing fountain of water running at the house and barn. Said Farm was formerly occupied by James Howe. Inquire on the premises of

DANIEL OSBORN.

Ware, May 14, 1853. 3w4.

And Still they Come!

MORE new Goods at
M. W. FRENCH & Co.'s.
May 14. 4tf.

Alarm and Repeating Clocks,

EIGHT Day, and Thirty Hour—a good assortment. Warranted good time keepers. For sale by

A. BLODGETT.
Union Block, Palmer Depot, May 14. 2tf.

THE

CHANG AND ENG,

AFTER a retirement from public life of nearly twenty years, are now making a brief tour of a few of the principal cities of the United States, previous to a visit to Europe. They will give their Levees at NASSOWANNO HALL, on Tuesday, May 17th, positively for one day only.

Since they were last on exhibition they have been married, and Chang has five, and Eng six children. They present the only instance in the world of two living beings naturally joined together, and have been pronounced by all medical men the greatest physiological wonder in existence. An astonishing degree of sympathy exists in their feelings, and the movements of both generally proceed from a simultaneous impulse. They will be found agreeable, intelligent and communicative. They will be accompanied by two of their children.

As their engagements are always made many days in advance, they cannot under any circumstances remain in town longer than the time specified above.

☞ Admission 25 cents; children under nine half price. Doors open from 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 P. M.

Clothing! Clothing!! Clothing!!!
By MUNGER & BASSETT.
May 7. 3tf

J. W. ELLIOT,
SURGEON DENTIST,

Thankful for past favors, would respectfully solicit a share of public patronage at the present time. Office at H. J. LYMAN'S Cottage House, a few steps north of the Journal Office.
Palmer, May 7. 3tf

IN STORE,

AND FOR SALE—
16 Hhds. Mus., P. R. and Card Molasses.
8000 lbs. Sugar, various kinds.
Old Hyson Teas,
Young " "
Ningyoung "
Souchong "
O. long " of many qualities.
Soaps, Spices, Fish, Salt, Lard, Hams, Pork, Tobacco, &c., *at prices satisfactorily low.*
M. W FRENCH & CO.
Palmer, May 7. 3tf

FLOUR in half and whole bbls. by
MUNGER & BASSETT.
May 7. 3tf

FEATHERS, by
MUNGER & BASSETT.
May 7. 3tf

TRUNKS, Traveling Bags, Valises, &c. by
MUNGER & BASSETT.
May 7. 3tf

A FEW pieces 22 cts. DE LAINE for 12 1-2 cents, can be found at
MUNGER & BASSETT'S.
May 7. 3tf

Notice---Removal.

L. B. CHAMBERLIN, manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, next building to the Nassowanno House, would call the attention of the inhabitants of Palmer and vicinity, to his new and choice stock of goods, feeling confident that he can offer inducements worthy the favorable notice of all.

Those who in their purchases regard durability and cheapness, or wish for a fashionable article, can do no better than to examine this assortment, consisting of

Men's French and American Calf Boots,
" Calf and Enameled Congress do.,
" Kipp and Calcutta do.,
Men's and Boys' Calf, Kipp, Enameled and Goat Skin Shoes,
Slippers and Rubbers,
Misses' and Children's Shoes, Bootees and Gaiters,
Ladies' Gaiters,
" Half Gaiters.
" Morocco Lind,
" Enameled "
" " Polkas,
" Patent Leather Shoes,
" Kid Buskins,
" Morocco Slippers &c. &c. &c.
May 7, 1853. 3tf.

BOOTS and SHOES by
MUNGER & BASSETT.
May 7. 3tf

PLAIN and Figured Berages, compising Tan Drab. MUNGER & BASSETT.
May 7. 3tf

Marshall Calkins, M. D.,

WOULD announce to the inhabitants of Monson and adjacent towns, that he, as the successor of his brother, Dr. David Calkins, has again located himself in Monson. Having been associated with Prof. Calvin Newton, both in the practice and the teaching of Medicine, he has during his absence made commendable progress in professional acquirements. From all those who prefer a system of innocent and sanative medication, when scientifically applied, to that which sanctions the frequent use of mercurials, antimonials, arsenic and the lancet, he respectfully solicits patronage.

At all hours by day or night he holds himself in readiness to attend to professional calls. Office nearly opposite the Academy.
Monson, May 7, 1853. 3w3.

CAN BE FOUND
At the Nassowanno Grocery Store,

A fresh and full assortment of Groceries and Provision, which will be sold for the next sixty days, at very low prices. To all persons buying goods with cash, I wish to say to be sure and not make your purchase until you have called and examined our stock and prices.
C. C. SHAW, Agt.
Palmer, Apr. 30, 1853. 2tf.

COOLEY'S
Hampden Daguerrian Gallery,
(Nos. 26 & 27 Foot's Block,)
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

THIS is one of the oldest Daguerreotype Galleries there is in New England, and never in Western Massachusetts had its rival. It is well known in Hampden County and all over the United States, and has as good a reputation as any other establishment in the Union.

The Likenesses taken at this Gallery will, as they always have done, speak for themselves, and to more effect than all the gas the pen can manufacture.

This Gallery is alone responsible for all the fine gems that it exhibits, and no borrowed or purchased Daguerreotypes does it claim the merit of.

It was at the last annual Fair of the Hampden County Agricultural Society awarded a Diploma for the best Daguerreotypes exhibited.

Report of Committee for 1852—"O. H. Cooley, fine specimens, Diploma." No others received any notice.

Report of the Committee for 1851—"Cooley's Daguerreotypes are yet unsurpassed."

This Gallery was also awarded the first premium in 1851, at the Hampshire, Hampden and Franklin County Agricultural Fair, and a Premium of $3,00 in 1852 by the same Institution The Hampden Agricultural Society has years before awarded this Gallery a larger cash premium than any which it ever noticed.

This Gallery has the largest collection of Daguerreotypes on Exhibition of any Gallery in Massachusetts, and the numerous visits it daily receives show the marked respect the Gallery so justly merits.

Daguerreotypes, Paintings and Engravings accurately copied.

Out door views and minatures of deceased persons taken at the shortest notice.

Whether visitors wish pictures or not the Gallery is open daily. Admission Free.

A fine likeness of the Rev Eleazer Williams can be seen at this Gallery, taken two years ago by Cooley; also, Daguerreotypes of Hon. Wm. L. Marcy, Hon. Wm. H. Seward, Hon. Alpheus Felch, Hon. Geo. Ashmun, Ex-Gov. George N. Briggs, Gov. John H. Clifford, Hon. Theodore Frelinghuysen, Judges Bigelow, Boyington and Morris, and a superior likeness of the late District Attorney Wm. H. Porter, and a host of other Distinguished men, all taken at this Gallery. We wish only to state what we can do; no deceptive means used to get people to sit at this Gallery for Likenesses. Nobody makes Daguerreotypes in oils; no one in Springfield makes and colors Tablotypes that can be shown We claim no Professorship for what does not exist; we are Daguerreotypists for the public; we have been known as such for ten years. Our prices are reasonable. We do not advertise one price and charge another.

O. H. Cooley and Charles Sexton Operators.

And in connection with the above we have to add that we have established a Branch Gallery at Palmer Depot, furnished in the most improved style, with a superior Sky Light, and every thing adapted to the highest perfection of the art, where we shall always be in readiness to wait upon our friends, in a manner which we know will prove satisfactory.

WM. F. TALCOTT, Operator.
2tf

Ready Made Clothing

OF all kinds, from the cheap Sack, to the most Fashionable Dress Coat. Pants and Vests, the largest and best assortment ever before offered in this vicinity. Also, a good assortment of Plain and Fancy Cravats and Stocks, Shirts, Collars, Bosoms, Gloves, &c.

L. A. BAILEY.
Nassowanno Block, April 16, 1853. 52tf.

Read This.

IT has become a common saying with most venders of Goods, that such and such articles are the very best and neatest in the world. We speak of this, because we do not like to be ranked with that class of traders who recommend every thing they sell because they wish to sell it *regardless of its merits.* What we are trying to come at is simply this, that our selections of Prints *superceeds* any variety *in style* ever before brought to Hampden Co.; if this is doubted we will get it endorsed by responsible persons. MUNGER & BASSETT.
April 16. 52tf

The Old Shop!

MRS. Collins would say to her old friends and customers, that she has returned from the City with a good assortment of Fancy Goods, and Millinery, and after they have examined the new shops, please call and look at her assortment, as she thinks it will compare favorably both as to prices and quality, with any shop in Western Mass. She would also say to those who are in the habit of purchasing Goods at Ware, that she has opened a Shop in that place, (next door to Ezra Allen's,) down stairs, where they will find a good assortment of Goods, and agreeable young ladies to wait on them.
Apr. 23, 1853. 1tf.

Notice.

THIS may certify that I have given my son Daniel Cobb, his time until he is twenty-one years of age. I shall claim none of his wages nor pay any debts of his contracting after this date.
W. COBB.
Palmer, May 1, 1853. 3w2.

THE place to buy the best Hams and Dried Beef, (not smoked) is at the Nassowanno Grocery Store.
Palmer, Apr. 30, 1853. 2tf.

Notice.

WHEREAS, my wife Hipsabeth, having left my bed and board, taking with her my children David, Mary, Sarah and Elvira, without the least provocation, I hereby forbid all persons from harboring or trusting any of them on my account, as I shall pay no debts of their contracting after this date.
DAVID PARSONS.
Palmer, April 30, 1853. 3w2

Just Received!

M. W. FRENCH & CO., have this week received an assortment of Elegant Dress Goods, among which may be found Rich Black Silks, Mazena Cloths, (new and pretty) Mourning Poplins, Barege DeLaines, Mous. DeLaines (spring styles) Muslins, Bord. English and American Prints in great variety, of new patterns. *All for sale very low.*
April 16. 52tf

Lime.

The subscriber will keep constantly on hand, a full supply of FRESH BURNT Lime, by the cask or bushel, at A. C. Billings' store, Tockwotton Block. All orders supplied at short notice.
S. G. SHAW.
Palmer March 11th, 1853. 48tf.

Hams! Hams!!

HAMS, Pork, Lard, &c., may be found at
M. W. FRENCH & CO.'s.
April 16. 52tf

BAG and Bbl. SALT, by
MUNGER & BASSETT.
May 7. 3tf

STATIONERY,
BLANKS, BLANK BOOKS,
ENVELOPES & PAPER
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;
TOYS, PERFUMERY, BRUSHES,
ALSO,
FANCY GOODS,
In great variety, for sale by
ELIHU GEER,
10 State St., Hartford, Conn.

THE Store of the Subscriber will be weekly replenished with New Goods, from the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Importing Houses, and from all the principal American manufacturers. Among his extensive assortment may be found all kinds of

Letter, Cap, Drawing, Note and Fancy Papers; White, Buff & Enameled Envelopes; Papier Mache, Rosewood, Mahogany & Leather Writing Desks, Work Boxes, &c.; Cloth, Leather and Papier Mache Portfolios, From 37½ cts. to $8.00 each; All styles of Card Cases and Porte Monnaies; Wallets and Pocket Books; Steel, Silk and Kid Purses; Bankers' Cases; Lubin's Celebrated Genuine Perfumes; Farina's Unrivaled Cologne; Bridal, Glove & Handkerchief Perfumed Boxes, Building Blocks, Wood Alphabets; Velvet, Iron, Tin and India Rubber Toys; Pearl & Ivory Tablets; Crying Babies; China, Wax and Rubber Dolls; Games too numerous to mention; Magnets, Masks, & Magic Lanterns; Hair, Cloth, Hat, Tooth, Nail & Lather Brushes, Gentlemen's Dressing Cases; Shell and Horn Dressing Combs; Ivory Combs; Ladies' Companions, Spool Stands; All kinds Rubber Balls; Vesta Lights; Harmonicans, Pickwicks, Sand Toys, Tea Bells Opera Glasses, Toilet & Traveling Glasses; Thermometers and Barometers; Tooth Powder, Hair Oils, Toilet & Shaving Soaps, Chessmen, Dominoes, Back Gammon Boards, Chessboards; Dice; Checkers; Sewing Birds, six kinds, from 37½ to 62½ cents; Penknives, Scissors and Shears; A splendid assortment of Gold Pens, in Gold and Silver Cases; Steel Pens, Fifty Styles; Pen Nibs and Quills; Letter Seals or Stamps, all styles; The best of Wax, warranted to burn free; Water Colors, from 6 cents to $4.00 per box; Fancy Paper and Glass Boxes; Transparent, Porcelain and Paper Slates; A large assortment of Visiting & Wedding Cards: Stationery Articles in general; Every kind of Legal & Probate Blanks; Wedding Stationery and "Firms," best qualities; Patent Blot Pads; Diaries; Ledgers, Day & Cash Books, Journals, &c. Blank Notes, Drafts, Orders, Due Bills, &c. &c., Letter Copying Presses, Books & Ink; Mathematical Instruments; Blotting Papers; Paper Folders and Paper Weights; Erasers; Newspaper Files and Wires; Mouth Glue & Mucilage; Indelible Inks; Black, Blue, Red & Violet Inks; Inkstands, of One Hundred different varieties.

ALL of the above described articles can be found in greater profusion and variety than elsewhere in New England, besides other articles too numerous to mention. Call and see for yourself. They will be sold at the lowest prices, either at wholesale or retail. ☞ Particular attention given to the PAPER and ENVELOPE TRADE, at 10 STATE STREET, HARTFORD, Ct., by ELIHU GEER.

☞ Every kind and style of JOB, CARD and BOOK PRINTING, by Steam, executed as heretofore. Large additions of NEW TYPE and MACHINERY are being made this year, to the already most extensive Printing Establishment of

ELIHU GEER, 10 STATE ST.
Hartford, May, 1853.

Grand Opening!
New and Elegant Spring Goods!

GENTLEMEN desirous of New and Beautiful Styles of Goods for Spring wear, are invited to call and examine a choice Selection of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vesting of the most approved Fabric.
L. A. BAILEY.
Nassowanno Block, April 16, 1853. 52tf.

New Milliner's Shop!

MRS. SQUIRES would invite the attention of the Ladies of Palmer and vicinity to the stock of New Millinery Goods just opened in Hall & Valentine's Block, two doors north of the Post Office.

She has a great variety of all the late styles of Bonnets and other Milinery articles, which will be sold very low. Now is the season for getting new Bonnets, and dressing up old ones.—Call at the *new Shop*, and you will be pleased with the assortment, as well as the work.

☞ Mrs. Squires also continues business at her old stand (up stairs) in Ware, where she will be happy to wait on all who may give her a call.
April 16th, 1853. 52.

EXTRA STONE BEER BOTTLES.

WE have now on hand, *ready for delivery*, 5,000 superior Beer Bottles, which are worthy the attention of persons desiring Bottles for use the coming season. They are a fine shape, nice dark smooth glaze, and every way an *extra* Bottle, and we shall sell them at a fair, and reasonable price.
HAMILTON & CHAPIN.
No. 3 Burt's Block, Main St.
April 1, 1853. 6w2.

New Spring Goods!
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING
ROOM!

THE subscriber having just returned from New York with a new and desirable stock of SPRING GOODS, is prepared to offer such inducements in the *Clothing line* as few can offer. Every article manufactured in his shop will be done under his immediate supervision and guaranteed to please. Persons in want of *cheap goods* can here be accommodated with garments *made to order*, at about the same prices as they can buy sale work, which is never half made; and those who want *nice goods* can here be suited with such as are as good as the best. Also on hand, a prime assortment of Furnishing Goods—Shirts, Collars, Cravats, Stocks, Hdkfs. Hosiery, &c.

Cutting done at short notice.
F. WASSUM,
No. 4, Hall & Valentine's Block.
Palmer, April 23. 4w1

Millinery Notice---Special.

HAVING completed our arrangements on an extensive scale for the Spring business, we desire to inform our friends who have so *generously* patronized us since our removal, and others, that our SPRING OPENING of FASHIONABLE MILLINERY will occur Thursday the 21st inst.

We intend to have the most splendid Stock of Millinery Goods this Spring ever exhibited in the growing "Infant City." Our Millinery department is in charge of those who are *fully* competent to do justice in *fashion* to any who may give us their patronage.

We have engaged the services of a Cap Maker from one of the first Boston Stores, who will devote her time to the manufactory and sale of CAPS, HEAD DRESSES, &c. We shall have completed our store by next Thursday, and have added to it One Story, with a

Splendid Silk and Shawl

Room, VISITE, MANTILLA and CAP room, and DRESS MAKING rooms attached; making it in all the most Spacious and by far the *very best lighted* Dry Goods Store in the *State.*

Hampden County Savings Store
Opposite Hampden Hall
Corner Store,
ROCKWOOD & CO.
Springfield, March 26. 6w50

J. Parker & Co's Marble Works.

Successors to A. & S. Tomlinson,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

THE subscribers having lately purchased of Messrs. A. & S. Tomlinson their Marble Works, corner of Main and William sts., comprising their entire Stock, Machinery and Water power, for the manufacture of Marble; also, the entire stock of Marble, of the late firm of Dorelley & Keep, of this City, and having erected a new shop opposite the North Church on Main st., a few rods south of the Depot, they are prepared to furnish Monuments, Grave Stones, Tomb Tablets, Counter Tops, Pier and Center Tables, Soda Founts, Chimney Pieces, or any other kind of Marble Work, at the shortest notice, at either of the above named places, from the largest and best stock of Foreign and American Marble ever offered for sale in this city.—Having purchased the above named lots of Marble at very low rates, they are prepared to sell at prices which cannot fail to suit all.

J. PARKER & CO.
Springfield, April 16th, 1853.

Having disposed of our interest in the Marble business to Messrs. J. Parker & Co., (as noticed above,) we cheerfully recommend them to the favorable notice of our friends and former patrons, as men of integrity and experience, and as meriting the confidence of the public.

A. & S. TOMLINSON.
April 16th, 1853. 6m52.

Hammond's Liniment.

A SAFE and speedy remedy for all diseases requiring an external application This Liniment has been before the public for the last seven years, steadily acquiring a reputation by its own merits, and now feeling confidence in it, as a remedial agent, we give it a wide circulation, that all may receive benefit from its invaluable properties. For sprains, and contractions of the muscles and tendons, stiffness and injuries of joints, rheumatism, gout, burns, bruises, frozen extremities, &c., it has no equal. The following certificates of some of our most prominent physicians and citizens, shows the confidence and reliance they place upon it:

Certificates.—This may certify, that we have used the above named Liniment in the various diseases, &c., for which it is recommended, and cheerfully add our testimony to its efficacy.

J. N. Bates, M. D., Barre. J. Gorham, Barre. W. Parkhurst, " Petersham. A. Alden, " G. Barstow, " Boston. G. Twichell, Sup't G. W. Pierce, " Leoninster. of R. & W. R. R. D. Rice, Barre. Gen. A. Holman, Bolton,

For sale wholesale and retail, by CALDWELL & HILL, Apothecaries,
220 Main street, Worcester, Mass., General Agents.

Also for sale by J. BOWLES, Palmer, WILSON & EDWARDS, and S. C. PARSONS, Northampton, and by Merchants generally.
March, 26. 1853. 3m49.

Coal! Coal!!

OF all kinds will be furnished at short notice delivered at Palmer, by applying to J. S. AMES, Agent N. L. W. & P. R. R. Co.

Blacksmiths and all others using coal in this vicinity can save money by sending orders as above.
Palmer, April 2. 50tf

Smith's Patent
VERTICAL GATE.

THE attention of Farmers, and the Public generally is invited to the above Gate, which possesses many advantages over any other Gate in use. This Gate does not swing but opens vertically from the center by a parallel movement of the rails, consequently there can be no *saging*, or drawing over of the Posts; it requires no ground to swing upon, but may be opened and shut while teams are standing close upon either side of it, and without any shoveling away of snow in the winter, and is equally adapted to inclining as to level ground. The Gate is very simple in its construction, not liable to get out of order, and may be built for less expense than the common swing Gate of equal size and strength. A full size working Gate may be seen by calling on the subscriber near the Union House, Palmer Depot, who will furnish Gates, or the Right for making and using the Gates, on liberal terms.

A. BLODGETT.
Palmer, April 2, 1853. 50tf.

A Candid, Sober Fact, Viz:

THAT we have got a better assortment of Clothing, than was ever before offered in this vicinity, and in addition to our unrivaled assortment, we would say most emphatically, that a great portion of it equals any custom work that can be procured, and relative to prices, that our *superior* styles and qualities will be sold as low as the *kind* usually kept by clothiers. We think this ample inducement to merit the attention of all purchasers.

MUNGER & BASSETT.
April 16. 52tf

"A Hat! A Hat! My Kingdom for a Hat!" So King Richard would have said if he had lived in 1853, and seen the new lot just received by us. They are the neatest, prettiest, and of course, the cheapest lot offered in Palmer. Our assortment of Caps is also good, and worthy of being examined before purchasing elsewhere.

MUNGER & BASSETT.
Palmer, April 16, 1853. 52tf.

Plaster.

150 Tons Ground Plaster.
800 Bush. Corn.
50 Bbls. Lime.
200 " Flour.

Meal, Feed, Salt, Grass Seeds, &c., for sale at the Old Stand of Hall & Valentine.

J. A. HALL.
Palmer, April 16. 52tf

J & P. HENDRICK'S fine cut, and chewing Tobacco, by the paper or gross, by
MUNGER & BASSETT.
Palmer, March 19, 1853. 3tf

PALMER JOURNAL.

BEAUTIFUL THOUGHT.—Here is a very beautiful thought of that strange compound of Scotch shrewdness, strong common sense, and German mysticism, or *un*-common sense, by Thomas Carlyrle:—

"When I gaze into the stars, they look down upon me with pity from their serene and silent spaces, like eyes glistening with tears over the little lot of man. Thousands of generations, all as noisy as our own, have been swallowed up of Time, and there remains no record of them any more: yet Arcturus and Orion, Sirius and the Plaides are still shining in their courses, clear and young, as when the shepard first noted them in the plain of Shinar! What shadows we are, and what shadows we pursue!"

WOMAN'S LAUGH.—A woman has no natural grace more bewitching than a sweet laugh. It is like the sound of flutes on water. It leaps from her heart into a clear sparkling rill; and the heart that hears it, feels as if bathed in the exhilarating springs. Have you ever pursued an unseen fugitive through the trees, led on by her fairy laugh—now here, now there, now lost, now found.—We have; and we are pursuing the wandering voice to this day. Sometimes it comes to us in the midst of care, or sorrow, or irksome business; and then we turn away and listen, and hear it ringing through the room like a silver bell, with power to scare away the ill spirits of the mind.

A SIMPLE FIRE ANNIHILATOR.—An insurance agent publishes the following in the Troy Budget:

Why will not people avail themselves of modern discoveries to save their property from fire? A package of two or three pounds of sulphur, disposed in such a manner as to be among the first things to burn, or at hand to be thrown into the fire after its commencement, before the air rushes into the building, will arrest it as surely as water, and is better than water when varnishes or resinous gums are burning.

Oxygen and sulphur have so strong an affinity that in the combustion of sulphur the oxygen of the atmosphere is converted into sulphuric acid gas, at which point fire is arrested."

THE JEWS.—The London Christian Times understands that a society of Jews has been formed in London, with a view of stirring up their countrymen, in all lands, to seek a re-possession of Palestine. The society is reported to have been inaugurated under auspices which are likely to command sympathy to a wide and influential extent.

GOING WITH A RUSH.—Frederick Rush has married the widow Canter; and some wicked rhymster has gived a turn to the happy pair, in this way:—

"When Cupid did this maiden banter
On Hymen's course to take a brush,
At first she went it with a *Canter*,
But now she goes it with a *Rush*."

DEFINITION OF "OLD FOGY."—A Whig paper gives the following definition to the term "Old Fogy." We copy it for the benefit of all parties:

Old Fogy is supposed to be derived from the Latin *fugor*, meaning *driven away—one who is done for—it is a gone case with him, and time he should be off.*

LABOR.—Labor is honorable in all, from the King on the throne to the mendicant in the street; and let him or her who is ashamed to toil for themselves, or for the benefit of their race, be more ashamed to consume the industry and labor of others, for which they do not render any equivalent.

A PLACE FOR DEBTORS.—The Legislature of Delaware passed an act at its last session prohibiting any non-resident debtor from being arrested or held to bail in that State for any debt contracted beyond its limits.

BUSINESS CARDS.

F. T. WALLACE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office in Munger's Building.
April 1, 1852. 50tf

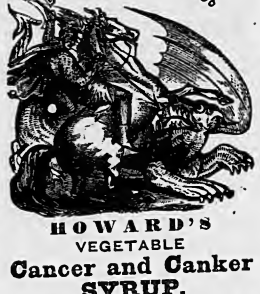
C. FORBUSH, & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Foreign and American Marble,
PALMER, MASS.
☞ **Shop** about half a mile East of Palmer Depot.
Tombstones, Monuments and Table Tops, made to order at short notice.
Palmer, Feb. 21, 1852. tf44

TORREY & BARLOW,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
PALMER, MASS.
Office first door East of the Nassowanno House.
C. TORREY. M. BARLOW.
jan. 13. 39 tf.

H. F. MILLER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Shop in Barton's Block,
MONSON, MASS.
15tf

C. SANFORD,
(*Successor to S. W. Cone,*)
DEALER IN
Monuments, Grave Stones, &c., of Italian and American Marble.
All kinds of Carving and Ornamental work done in the best manner, as well as Lettering that will bear inspection.
H. D. SANFORD, Agt.
Ware, Mass., Dec. 25, 1852.

J. S. BAILEY,
DEALER IN
All kinds of Cooking, Parlor and other Stoves, Tin Ware, &c., which will be sold at fair prices.
Job work done promptly and in the best manner.
Palmer, Jan 1, 1853 3tf



HOWARD'S
VEGETABLE
Cancer and Canker SYRUP.

THIS Preparation, which has been used during the last sixteen years with the most signal success, is now, for the first time, presented to the medium of advertising.

At a period like the present, when the proprietors of medicine are flooding the community, through the press, with testimonials in favor of their respective preparations, the subscriber deems it a duty which he owes to suffering humanity to present his also, for the consideration of the afflicted. In doing so, he is happy to be able to say, that the efficacy of this INVALUABLE COMPOUND has never been surpassed in the treatment of

CANCERS, CANKER, SCROFULA,
SALT RHEUM, ERYSIPELAS,
KING'S EVIL, SCALD
HEAD, FEVER SORES,
SCURVY, TUMORS,
ULCERS, &C.,

and those affections generally which originate in a DEPRAVED STATE of the BLOOD.

The benefit derived from its PROPER application (see DIRECTIONS) must be permanent, from the fact that it acts with great power upon THE SEAT of the disease *the morbid matter accumulated in the blood*, and entirely eradicates it from the system. But while it acts with great power and certainty in the removal of HUMORS generally, its efficacy is the most satisfactorily demonstrated in the cure of *Cancers and Fever Sores.*

It is well known that when the *blood* becomes so impure as to produce disease in these forms, the patient is supposed to be beyond the restoring influence of medicine.

Those who may be so unfortunate as to be afflicted with *Cancers or Fever Sores*, need only make a fair trial of the SYRUP *following rigidly the directions*, to be convinced that they are not *necessarily doomed* to die.

That we speak advisedly upon this subject, and do not wish to thrust upon the afflicted a useless preparation to extort from them money for which we are not willing to give them more than an equivalent, we respectfully invite attention to the subjoined testimonials which furnish the most emphatic evidence of the truthfulness of our statements.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TESTIMONY
BY A LADY.

By Mrs. H. S. Spear, wife of Capt. G. Spear.

A Cancer deemed incurable by eminent Physicians, entirely removed by the Syrup.

Quincy, April 15, 1852

Dear Sir: This is to certify, that some years since, I was the subject of much suffering occasioned by a swelling on my breast which after a few months was pronounced by eminent physicians, a Cancer, and one which they could not encourage me to hope could be cured. Deriving no benefit from their prescriptions, and hearing of your invaluable specific for cancerous affections, I commenced taking the Syrup, and soon began to feel its beneficial effects. Encouraged by its favorable effects in the incipient stages of its operation. I persevered in its use till the swelling subsided, the cancerous symptoms wholly disappeared, and my health was perfectly restored. I feel that the continuance of my life is attributable to the agency of your excellent medicine, and I cheerfully recommend it to the afflicted as the *best* remedy for the diseases for which it is prescribed of which I have any knowledge.

HANNAH S. SPEAR.

Most malignant Fever Sores healed and the Patient restored to health.

ASTONISHING CURE!!

Worcester, Sept. 1, 1851.

Mr. D. Howard: It is with great pleasure that I send you my testimony in favor of your *Cancer and Canker Syrup.* It has affected by the blessing of God attending its administration, the greatest cure that ever came to my knowledge. My son was afflicted with Fever Sores to such a degree that for four months his life was despaired of, when I was informed that Zeba Howard, of Randolph Mass., could cure him. I immediately sent for him, and in three days after he came the boy began to recover, and continued to improve till his sores were completely healed, since which he has enjoyed as good health as could be desired. I have recommend the Syrup to a great many persons since, who are also ready to give their testimony in its favor. Of all medicines of which I have any knowledge, I regard this, for the diseases for which it is recommended, as *the best.* I could write all day, and not tell half I feel in relation to the utility of your excellent Syrup. May God speed you in your work, and succeed your efforts to alleviate human suffering.

MARSON EATON.

SCIENTIFIC TESTIMONY.

To the Public. A Card: By a Druggist.

Randolph, April 12, 1852.

I know the ingredients which compose Howard's Vegetable Cancer and Canker Syrup, and am acquainted with the formula for its preparation. It is purely vegetable in its nature, containing no *mecurial or mineral* substances, and is composed of such vegetables only as possess great Alterative properties. It is an excellent remedy for those diseases for which the Proprietor recommends it, and I cheerfully commend it to the afflicted.

ZENAS SNOW, Druggist and Chemist.

Having presented the above statements and testimonials, we assure the afflicted that the certificates (which have been selected from many in our possession) are *Genuine*; of which, if they have any doubt, they are desired to communicate with the individuals over whose signatures they are published and their suspicions will soon be removed.

☞ The *genuine* is prepared and sold by D. HOWARD, Randolph, Mass. For sale also by REDDING & CO. 8 STATE ST. BOSTON, General Agents; and retailed by Agents through out the country.

Circulars furnished gratuitously by Agents when desired.

☞ Price, $1,00 per bottle; $5,00 for six bottle. A liberal discount made to those who buy to sell again.

For sale in Palmer, by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.

PAPER HANGINGS, a good assortment, by MUNGER & PASSETT.
Palmer March 19, 1853. 38tf

"Eureka, Eureka."

We have found it at last. Now for the little ones. Why will parents waste hours and days in fruitless endeavors to get perfect pictures of their children, and after all get nothing but a poor miserable caricature? We would say, come to our *Excelsior Gallery*, and we will guarantee to make you a perfect picture, by our *Electro Chemical* process, that works in from 1-2 to 2 seconds

We defy any Daguerrian in Springfield or elsewhere to compete with us, as we are the inventors, and the process is used only in our different establishments in the New England and Middle States. For pictures of adults, the Silver Medals we have received from the American Institute, New York, and Franklin, Philadelphia, together with hundreds of premiums from county fairs is sufficient proof that they are the "*ne plus ultra*" of perfection.

We have at great expense procured the *exclusive right* of Hampden Co., for the

VIGNETTE OR CRAYON PICTURES,

The most beautiful and brilliant production of the art. We caution all operatives from any infringement of the same.

Prof. D. C Collins, who is pronounced the best practical operator in the United States, has charge of the Chemical department.

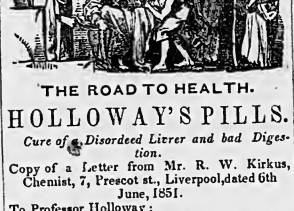
Howard Peel, an *artist* by profession, has charge of the *artistical*

This establishment, connected as it is, with the world renowned and celebrated artist Verno of *Paris*, and Mayall of *London*, has facilities of receiving all the late European improvements.

We would call particular attention to our *Talbotypes* in *Oil.*

COLLINS & CO.

Main st., opposite Site late Hampden House, Springfield. Collin's buildings, Westfield.
No. 100 Chestnut st. Philadelphia.
March 12th, 1853. 47tf.



THE ROAD TO HEALTH.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Cure of a Disordered Livrer and bad Digestion.

Copy of a letter from Mr. R. W. Kirkus, Chemist, 7, Prescot st., Liverpool, dated 6th June, 1851.

To Professor Holloway:

Sir,—Your Pills and Ointment have stood the highest on our salc list of Proprietary Medicines for some years. A customer, to whom I can refer for any inquiries, desires me to let you know the particulars of her case. She had been troubled for years with a disordered liver, and bad digestion. On the last occasion, however, the virulence of the attack was so alarming, and the inflammation set in so severely, that doubts were entertained of her not being able to bear up under it; fortunately she was induced to try your Pills, and she informs me that after the first, and each succeeding dose, she had great relief. She continued to take them, and although she used only three boxes, she is now in the enjoyment of perfect health. I could have sent you many more cases, but the above, from the severity of the attack, and the speedy cure, I think, speaks much in favor of your astonishing Pills.

Signed R. W. KIRKUS.

An extraordinary Cure of Rheumatic Fever, in Van Diemen's Land.

Copy of a letter inserted in the Hobart Town Courier, of March 1st, 1851, by Major J. Walch.

Margaret M'Connigan, nineteen years of age, residing at New Town, had been suffering from a violent rheumatic fever for upwards of two months, which had entirely deprived her of the use of her limbs; during this period she was under the care of the most eminent medical men in Hobart Town, and by them her case was considered hopeless. A friend prevailed upon her to try Holloway's celebrated Pills, which she consented to do, and in an incredible short space of time they effected a perfect cure.

Cure of a Pain and Tightness in the Chest and Stomach of a Person 84 years of age.

From Messrs Thew and Son, Proprietors of the Lynn Advertiser, who can vouch for the following statement.

August 2d, 1851.

To Professor Holloway;

Sir,—I desire to bear testimony to the good effects of Holloway's Pills. For some years I suffered severely from a pain and tightness in the stomach, which was also accompanied by a shortness of breath, that prevented me from walking about. I am 84 years of age, and notwithstanding my advanced stage of life, these Pills have so relieved me, that I am desirous that others should be made acquainted with their virtues. I am now rendered, by their means, comparatively active, and can take exercise without inconvenience or pain, which I could not do before.

Signed HENRY COE.

North street, Lynn, Norfolk.

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficacious in the following complaints:

Ague	Inflammation
Asthma	Jaundice
Billious complaints	Liver complaints
Blotches on the Skin	Lumbago
Bowel complaints	Piles
Colics	Rheunatism
Constipation of bowels	Retention of Urine
Consumption	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Debility	Sore Throats
Dropsy	Stone and Gravel
Dysentery	Secondary Symptoms
Erysipelas	Tic Douloureux
Female irregularities	Tumors
Fevers of all kinds	Ulcers
Fits	Venereal affections
Gout	Worms of all kinds
Headache	Weakness, from whatever cause, &c c.
Indigestion	

Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, near Temple Bar, London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the British Empire, and of those of the United States, in boxes at 37 1-2 c., 87 c., and $150 c., each. Wholesale by the principal Drug houses in the Union, and by Messrs A. B. & D. SANDS New York, and REDDING Co., Boston.

For sale in Palmer by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.
Sept. 11th. 1yeow.

FAIRBANKS'
PATENT PLATFORM
AND
COUNTER SCALES,

Of improved quality, and at reduced prices, sold at their Warehouse,
16, Kilby St. Boston.
Railroad, Hay, Coal, Ice and Farmers' Scales set in any part of the country, at short notice.
Feb. 26. 3m45

An Entirely New

AND Fresh assortment of PAPER HANGINGS received this week. Call and see.
M. W. FRENCH & CO.
Palmer, March 19. tf48

New-London, Willimantic, & Palmer RAIL ROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

Between Palmer, Stafford, Willimantic, Norwich, New London, New Haven and New York.

Commencing Monday, Nov. 15, 1852.

Leave Palmer at

*6,30 A. M. for New London, New Haven and New York, connecting at Willimantic with Providence, Hartford & Fishkill R. R. for Hartford at 9,10, at Norwich with Norwich & Worcester R. R. at 12 M., and at New London at 10,25 A. M. with New Haven and New London Express train for New Haven and New York, and steamers Chicopee and Mystic for Stonington and Providence.

2,30 P. M. for New London, New Haven and New York, or on arrival of Express and accommodation trains from N. Y., Albany and Springfield, connecting at Willimantic at 4,20 with P., H. & Fishkill R. R. for Hartford, and at New London at 6 P. M. with N. H. & N. L. R. R. for New Haven and New York, and with steamers Connecticut, Knickerbocker and Worcester for New York.

Leave Willimantic

for New London at 9,10 A. M., and *1,30 and 4,20 P. M.

Leave New London at

7,45 A. M. for Palmer, connecting at Willimantic with P., H. & F. R. R. for Hartford at 9,10 and at Palmer at 10,44 A. M. with Western R. R. for Albany, Springfield, Worcester and Boston.

*10,10 A. M. for Willimantic, or on arrival of accommodation train from New Haven, connecting at Norwich at 12 M. with N. & W. R. R. for Worcester and Boston.

†1,45 P. M. for Palmer, or on arrival of Express train from New York and New Haven, connecting at Norwich at 3,20 P. M. with N. & W. R. R. for Worcester and Boston, at Willimantic at 4,20 with P., H. & F. R. R. for Ha and at Palmer at 7,30 P. M. with W. R. R. f Springfield, Albany, Worcester and Boston.

4,30 P. M. for Willimantic
*Freight trains. } All with
† " " between Pal- } passenger car
mer and Willimantic. } attached.

Freight trains do not stop at Massapeog, Mohegan, Norwich Falls, Norwich town, Franklin or Lebanon.

THROUGH TICKETS FROM
Palmer to Stonington $1,85

Passengers are requested to procure tickets before entering the cars. An additional five cents will be charged if the fare is paid to the conductors.

Passengers can procure tickets for New York from all the Stations on the line of this Road.

Merchandize forwarded with care and despatch.

STAGES are run from the principal Stations on the line of the road to towns in vicinity.

A. G. DARROW, Supt.

New London, Nov. 9, 1852.

Shaving Made Easy.

BY using one of "Frederick's Celebrated Razors," which, together with Razors of several other brands, made by some of the best manufacturers in England; Shaving Brushes; and a variety of First Quality Soaps, &c., may be found at A. BLODGETT'S.
Union Block, Palmer Depot, Dec. 11. 34.

Great Cough Remedy.

FOR THE COMPLETE CURE OF
Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood, Asthma,
AND ALL OTHER LUNG COMPLAINTS
TENDING TO
CONSUMPTION!

THE above Expectorant, prepared by an experienced Physician and Chemist, has now become a standard Preparaion, and is offered for the COMPLETE CURE of those diseases of the THROAT and LUNGS, which, if neglected, usually terminate fatally in CONSUMPTION. It contains no *Opium, Calomel*, or any mineral whatever, but is composed entirely of those *Roots, Herbs*, and *Vegetable substances* which have a specific influence upon the Lungs and their connected organs. Its immediate effect is to allay all irritation, and gently remove the phlegm and other morbid secretions from the Throat and Air passages, thus relieving the Cough, by subduing the inflamation and other causes which give rise to it. It is approved of and recommended by Physicians of the highest standing, and may be given with perfect safety to the youngest child or the most delicate female.

PROPRIETORS' DEPOT—A. L. SCOVILL & CO., GOTHIC HALL, No. 316 Broadway, New York.

NEW-ENGLAND DEPOT—BURR & PERRY, No 1 Cornhill, Boston, Mass.

For sale in PALMER DEPOT by J. BOWLES; THREE RIVERS, by O. F. PACKARD & Co.
3w48.

Grass Seeds!

HERD'S Grass, Clover and Red Top Seeds at prices as low as the market will allow, For sale by M. W. FRENCH & CO.
April 16. 52tf

"Equal and Exact Justice to all, Special favors to none."

Trade Solicited but no Trust.
ONE PRICE ONLY!
TERMS CASH, OR ITS EQUIVALENT.

HAVING just purchased a Stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c, the same will be offered at a small advance from cost. The public are invited to call and determine for themselves as to prices, and choose between the Cash and Credit systems.

A. C. BILLINGS.

Tockwotton Block, Palmer Depot.
Apr. 9th, 1853. 51tf.

New System and New Remedies
FOR THE CURE OF
CONSUMPTION.
NUTTALL'S SYRIACUM,
IN THREE BOTTLES,
CONTAINING
THREE DIFFERENT PREPARATIONS,
For the Cure of the
Three Different Stages
OF CONSUMPTION.

INCIPIENT

FIRST STAGE—*Symptoms.*—Cough, pain in the breast, side, head, back, joints and limbs; inflammation, soreness and tickling in the throat fever, difficult and quick breathing, *expectoration difficult, slight and frothy.*

CONFIRMED

SECOND STAGE—*Symptoms.*—Costiveness, spasmodic cough, violent fever, night, morning and mid-day sweats, hectic flush in the face and cheeks, burning heat in the palms of the hands and solcs of the feet, *expectoration easy, copious, and streaked with blood.*

TUBERCULAR

THIRD STAGE—*Symptoms.*—Diarrhœa, diminished fever, cough, and morning sweats, great and increasing debility, frequent fainting fits, slight delirium, and swelling of the extremities.

TO THE AFFLICTED.

The appearance in Three Bottles of NUTTALL'S SYRIACUM is a rare era in Medicine, from its novelty and direct opposition to the old *absurd and inconsistent one bottle system*, while its success prepared in this manner, each Bottle containing a different preparation, in curing the different stages which characterize Consumption, has established the welcome truth of the curability *of every stage of Pulmonary Consumption.*

Physicians approve of it, because it is based upon correct Physiological and Pathological principles. The public approve of it, because it is common sense, and because they *know* from sad experience that *one* preparation will *not* cure the *three* stages of Consumption. The suffering, disappointed, and discouraged Invalid approves of it, because its principles hold out a reasonable Hope, and *when he uses Nuttall's Syriacum, his hopes are realized.*

IF HE IS IN THE FIRST STAGE OF CONSUMPTION.

and uses the first bottle, his expectoration, difficult and painful, becomes free and easy, his cough soon gets well, the soreness, tickling in his throat, inflammation, pain in his breast, side, head, back, joints, and limbs are removed.

IF HE IS IN THE SECOND STAGE

and uses the second bottle, his fever leaves him, his disturbed slumbers become sweet and refreshing, his night sweats vanish, his expectoration copious and bloody, assumes a healthy appearance, and at length disappears, his bowels become regular, his appetite returns, the flush in his cheek disappears, the burning heat in the palms of his hands and soles of his feet, are felt no longer, his cough now ceases, he recovers and is well.

IF HE IS IN THE THIRD STAGE

and uses the third bottle, his Diarrhœa gradually ceases, his weak bowels become strong, his cough and other bad symptoms disappear, feeble digestion becomes strong and vigorous, his stomach recovers its proper tone, and creates new, rich and nourishing blood, his strength returns, his wasted body is clothed with flesh, his life is saved, and he is

RESTORED TO HEALTH!

Each bottle of *NUTTALL'S SYRIACUM* has the *symptoms* of the stage for which it is *intended*, printed in front of the wrapper, whereby every invalid knowing his own symptoms, can judge for himself

WHICH BOTTLE HE REQUIRES,

consequently no mistake can occur in selecting

THE PROPER MEDICINE.

☞ See Pamphlet in possession of the editor of this paper, containing Dr. Nuttall's Pathology of Consumption. Lecture on the Structure and Uses of the Human Lungs, and Certificates of Cures.

☞ Prepared only by *Dr. WM. NUTTALL*, Inventor and Proprietor. Price one dollar per bottle.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE,
278 *Race-st., one door above Eighth,*
PHILADELPHIA.

Sold in Palmer Depot, by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.

Dec. 4, 1852.

Plows.

THE Subscriber keeps at his shop, about one mile east of the Depot Village, the different sizes of J. R. Whittemore & Co.'s celebrated Eagle Plows, which he will sell for cash at manufacturers' prices, or exchange for white oak timber. F. BLANCHARD.
Palmer, Dec. 27. 35tf

DEVINE'S
PITCH LOZENGES.

A pleasant, safe and effectual Remedy for Colds, Coughs, Influenza, Croup, Asthma, Whooping-Cough, and all Pulmonary Diseases, when a portion of the Lungs remain sufficient to sustain life. Columns of testimonials of their efficacy might be inserted, but the using of a single box is better evidence than them all.—Try them and be convinced.

Only 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Circulars containing certificates of Cures may be found with all the agents.

For sale, wholesale and retail by A. BLODGETT,
Union Block, Palmer Depot, Feb. 12. 43tf

Coffins.

THE Subscriber keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of Mahogany, Black Walnut, White Wood and Pine Coffins, which he will furnish with shrouds and plates, if desired, and will deliver them if wished.

J. S. LOOMIS.
Palmer, Oct. 19, 1850. tf 29

Factory Room and Steam Power to Let.

TO LET, 2 Rooms 50 feet long and 40 feet wide, each, also steam power, situated 01 miles from Boston, within 50 feet of the Depot 10 trains a day each way. Will be let for a term of years on reasonable terms, on application to O. W. FISK,
Dedham, Mass. 44tf

Billet Paper.

JUST received a beautiful assortment of Billet Paper of various styles—just the thing for writing pretty thoughts on—for sale cheap at the Journal Office.

All Ready!

TO show you Blk. and mode col'd Silk Hose, Mixed Slate and White Cotton do. for Ladies, Misses and Children. Men's 1-2 do., all qualities. Also Kid, Silk, Lisle and Cotton Gloves. Low prices will buy them of M. W. FRENCH & CO.
April 16. 52tf

$500 CHALLENGE.

WHATEVER concerns the health and Happiness of a people, is at all times of the most valuable importance. I take it for granted that every man will do all in their power, to save the lives of their children and that every person will endeavor to promote their own health at all sacrifices, I feel it to be my duty to solemnly assure ou that WORMS, according to the opinion of the best physicians, are the primary causes of a large majority of diseases to which children and adults are liable. If you have an appetite continually changeable from one kind of food to another, Bad Breath, Pain in the stomjack, Picking at the Nose, Hardness and Fullness of the Belly, Dry Cough, Slow Fever, Pulse irregular—remember that all these denote WORMS, and you should at once apply the remedy:—

Hobensack's Worm Syrup.

An article founded on Scientific Principles, compounded with purely vegetable substances, being perfectly safe when taken, and can be given to the most tender Infant with decided beneficial effect, where, *Bowell Complaints and Diarrhœa* have made them weak and debilitated the Tonic properties of my Worm Syrup are such that it stands without an equal in the catalogue of medicines, in giving tone and strength to the Stomach, which makes it an Infallible remedy for those afflicted with *Dyspepsia*, the astonishing cures performed by this Medicine after Physicians have failed, is the best evidence of its superior efficacy over all others.

The Tape Worm.

This is the most difficult worm to destroy of all that infest the human system, it grows to an almost indefinite length, becoming so coiled and fastened in the Intestines and Stomach, effecting the health so sadly as to cause the St. Vitus Dance, Fits, &c., that those afflicted seldom if ever suspect that it is Tape Worm hastening them to an early grave. In order to destroy this Worm, a very energetic treatment must be pursued, it would therefore be proper to take from 6 to 8 of my Liver Pills so as to remove all obstructions, that the Worm Syrup may act direct upon the Worm, which must be taken in doses of two table spoonfulls three times a day, these directions followed have never been known to fail in curing the most obstinate case of *Tape Worm.*

Hobensack's Liver Pills.

No part of the system is more liable to disease than the LIVER, it serving as a filterer to purify the blood or giving the proper secretion of the bile; and so that wrong action of the Liver effects the other important parts of the System and results variously in Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, &c. We should therefore, watch every symptom that might indicate a wrong action of the Liver. These pills being composed of ROOTS & PLANTS furnished by nature to heal the sick: Namely 1st AN EXPECTORANT which augments the secretion from the Pulmonary mucus membrane or promotes the discharge of secreted matter. 2d, AN ALTERNATIVE, which changes in some inexplicable and insensible manner the certain morbid action of the System. 3d, A TONIC which gives tone and strength to the nervous system, renewing health and vigor to all parts of the body. 4th, A CATHARTIC, which acts in perfect harmony with the other ingredients and operating on the Bowels, and expelling the whole mass of corrupt and vitiated matter, and purifying the blood, which destroys disease and restores health.

To Females.

You will find these Pills an invaluable medicine in many complaints to which you are subject. In obstruction either total or partial they have been found of inestimable benefit, restoring their functional arrangements to a healthy action, purifying the blood and other fluids so effectually, as to put to flight all complaints which may arise from female irregularities, as headache, giddiness, dimness of sight, pain in the side, back, &c.

None genuine unless signed J. N. HOBENSACK, all others being base Imitations.

☞ Agents wishing new supplies, and store keepers desirous of becoming Agents must address the Proprietor, J. N. Hobensack, at his Laboratory No. 120 North 2d, above Race-st., Phil., Pa.

For sale by Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer Depot; A. H. Longley & Co., Belchertown; M. B. Green, Worcester, and Druggists generally over the State.

PRICE EACH 25 CENTS.

Redding & Co., No. 8 State st., Boston, Wholesale Agents.
Dec. 18. 35

To Those who are Diseased.

THE Undersigned, having been in successful practice of Medicine for the past nine years, in this place, and being no longer able to ride to a distance and bear the responsibility which has formerly rested upon him, proposes to examine Patients at his residence. Patients can be examined while he is in the clairvoyant state, or by the common practice of examining. Feeling confident in the success he has had for the last six months in his clairvoyant examinations, and prescriptions, that he can benefit all who call upon him, desires all who are diseased to test him for their own benefit.

R. BARRON.
Botanic Physician and Clairvoyant.

All kinds of Medicine carefully prepared, by the clairvoyant, who is experienced in compounding Medicine of all kinds.

Syrups.	Bitters.
Cancer,	Jaundice,
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Palmer, Sept. 10. 21tf

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STEPHEN NEEDHAM.
Monson, May, 1852. 1y6

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GORDEN M. FISK,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE CORNER OF MAIN AND THORNDIKE STS.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

THE ACTRESS.

BY MRS. MARIANNE DENISON.

"Oh! what a glorious life it must be!" exclaimed a lovely young girl, pressing with the crowd from the doors of the great theatre.

"Music! fame! glory! How charming that beautiful creature! With what soul she played. Oh! if I could be but an actress! Nature has given me qualifications, and my mother must give her consent," she added playfully. "It is a life of unceasing happiness."

A pair of wild, black eyes met her own just then. Pity, agony, their glances expressed. The girl shrunk and startled closer to the side of her mother. A tall woman, robed in black, passed her slowly; but once again she turned, and that yearning, half-crazed look, haunted the young enthusiast in her dreams.

The next day she was sitting alone in her bright parlor, when the door opened suddenly, and the woman with the black eyes, unceremoniously entered. Without noticing the young girl's frightened look, her visitor drew a chair up, and sat down, then turning to Marie she exclaimed—

"Child, you know me?"

"Indeed, I do not," answered Marie.

"What did you think of 'the Countess' last night?"

"Oh! beautiful!" exclaimed Marie, her passion for the art triumphing over her surprise—"beautiful!" she again said, clasping her hands. "Could I be so admired! could I so move the hearts of the multitude, and made a million hearts throb as one, I would give——"

"Your soul to misery, as I have done," exclaimed the stranger in a slow tone, and with almost frightful emphasis.

Marie shrank back from the strange flashing of those black eyes, as she exclaimed, "who are you that talks so wildly—you frighten me."

"You need not fear me; fear yourself," was the answer. "Look at me well; say if you have seen me before—think!"

"Why, certainly, I saw you come from the theatre last night; and then your eyes reminded me of—yes, of hers—she who was "the Countess."

"Poor child! you will hardly realize that the wan, faded woman before you, is that same bright creature, the star of last evening," said the stranger, throwing off her bonnet, and discovering a pale, still lovely face—but so worn by care, or sorrow of some kind, that it was sad to look upon.

"I wonder not that you stare at me—that you hardly believe—but listen! I would save you from a fate like mine.—I know you—no matter how—know to whom you are affianced—know that his heart will be broken if your insane desire of treading the boards is ever accomplished. You are very beautiful—so once was I. They said so, lauded me, flattered me for my gifts. My inclination was strong for the stage, but the only man I ever loved strove to dissuade me from it; he and my mother pleaded with me; I would not hear them.

We separated—Eugene and I—for he was a minister of the Holy Gospel; our paths for the future how widely different! My mother strove to be reconciled—but oh! how often have I found her weeping, when I have returned to our humble home flushed with triumph.

Yet, will you believe it! the homage of a million hearts was not worth to me one little thought of Eugene's. I did not love him truly, devotedly, though I knew he was no more to me—nought to him; I strove to forget him. But when I thought of his noble soul, his generous nature, and turned to the fawning sycophants at my feet, any one of whom would have showered gold upon me one day—and scorned me in my rags and misery the next, I hated myself even for the power I possessed.

Let me pass over the years in which I grew inured to praise—became accustomed to the flattery of fools, and the admiration of 'wise' men—let me pass over those years when wealth was mine and beauty smiled upon me.

Eugene was still engaged in his vocation. He did not marry, and when I heard from him they told me he was growing thin, pale, consumptive.

I dared not think upon it; neither did I dare believe that my idolized mother was dying day by day. I gave her wealth; her home was a palace; her room was hung with crimson drapery; her mirrors costly; her couches satin.—But the crimson deepened the red on her cheek; the mirrors gave back the unearthly light of her eyes—yet I would not believe she could die and leave me alone.

But oh! death claimed her in that home of luxury; and one pale morning I found her on a couch of satin—dead.

My mother! oh! but it was a hard, hard trial to me," she said, mournfully, great tears standing in her eyes.

"Never did I loath my profession so much as when I stood by that open grave. Oh, for the humblest home, where I might go in some dark corner, and weep my life away. But no! I must be dragged from the tomb to the stage; I must smile in bridal [illegible] while a funeral pall hung over my heart! I must wear flashing diamonds, move in the glare of glittering lights, dance to joyous music, look happy when my very soul was steeped in bitterness. And the jest, the laugh—oh, you have heard them often from a broken heart, but you knew it not; you heard them last night, and you little dreamed that it was so like jesting from an open sepulchre."

"I thought you the happiest of the happy," murmured Marie, much affected by the narrative.

"It's only a year since my brother died and left me alone. Last night I was dressed for my part; I sat in the green room; a letter was put in my hands, written in his dying moments. Eugene then was dead; he whose memory I had cherished, the only person I ever loved, laid that hour in his shrouds. Never can I express my feelings to you, and yet you are no child. I dared not weep—but tears, hot and burning, would rush to my eyes. And in the midst of all that misery my part came, and I went out crushing the strong emotions of my heart.—There I stood—you saw me; gems upon my forehead—upon my arms. In that blaze of splendor I dared not look sad.—Every strain of that great orchestra struck against my heart—every burst of applause sent the tears swelling up, and still I dared not weep.

They told me I did my best last night—heavens! had they known the frenzy in my step—the madness in my laugh.—After the first act I sought the green room, locked the door, and threw myself down in an agony of sorrow. I must weep, must mourn or die; had you seen me then! And again when my time came, dashing off the tears—with throbbing temples and trembling hand, repainting my pallid cheeks—replacing the tarnished jewels—pressing back the struggling grief—coming before that grand, great assembly, and ministering to its pleasure with my poor torn heart bleeding at every pore—would you have said as you did, "Oh, what a glorious life it must be!—a life of unceasing happiness! No, you would shrink from it as from pollution; you would die rather."

"Oh, Marie! pray to your God to keep you from temptation. Never crave again the admiration that brings with it crowns of thorns, and too often the bitterness of remorse."

☞ The average cost of the 111 sheep imported at New York from France, last week, by a Vermont farmer, was $40, and the expenses of transportation between $20 and $30. He has been offered from $100 to $200 each for them, and for several valuable rams has refused $500 and upwards.

☞ Miss Mary Murray, of New York, has given a lot of land on the corner of Thirty-Fourth street and Fourth Avenue, worth $25,000 or $30,000, for a new Presbyterian church.

SINGULAR ANECDOTES.

One of the most singular features in Psycology, is the fact which is perfectly notorious, that the faculty of memory acquires an activity and tenacity, in the case of persons about being drowned which it never exhibits under ordinary circumstances. An accident occurred some weeks since, at New York, which threw a number of persons into the North River. Among others were Mr. ——, and his sister, the first named, Editor of a weekly paper in Philadelphia. They were both finally saved. Mr. —— describes the sensation while under water, and in a drowning condition, to be pleasant but peculiar. It seemed to him that every event of his life crowded into his mind at once. He was sensible of what was occurring, and expected to drown, but seemed only to regret that such an interesting item as his sensations should be lost.

In noticing this statement in an exchange, I am reminded of an incident, which dissimilar as it is to the one just narrated, in its general features, had the same remarkable awakening of the memory, which such cases sometimes exhibit. I can vouch for the truth of what follows as well as to testify to vivid recollections in my own case, when exposed to the hazards of drowning, reproducing in a few moments the events of my entire past life.

Some years since, A. held a bond of B. for several hundred dollars, having some time to run. At its maturity he found that he had put it away so carefully that he was unable to find it. Every search was fruitless. He only knew that it had not been paid or traded away. In this dilemma he called on B., related the circumstances of its disappearance, and proposed giving him a receipt as an offset to the bond, or rather an indemnifying bond against its collection, if ever found.

To his great surprise, B. not only refused to accept his terms of meeting the difficulty, but positively denied owing him anything, and strongly intimated the presence of a fraudulent design on the part of A. Without legal proof, and therefore without redress, he had to endure both the loss of his money, and a [illegible] urging the claim. Several years passed away without any change in the nature of the case or its facts as above given, when one afternoon while bathing in the James River, A., either from inability to swim, or cramp, or some other cause, was discovered to be drowning. He had sunk and risen several times, and was floating away under the water, when he was seized and drawn ashore. The usual remedies were applied to resuscitate him, and although there were signs of life, there was no appearance of consciousness. He was taken home in a state of complete exhaustion and remained so for some days.

On the first return of strength to walk he left his bed, went to his book case, took a book, opened it, and handed his long lost bond to a friend who was present. He then informed him that when drowning, and sinking as he supposed, to rise no more, in a moment as a picture, every act of his life, from the hour of childhood to the hour of sinking beneath the water, and among them the circumstance of his putting the bond in a book, the book itself, and the place in which he had put it in the book-case. It is needless to say that he recovered his own with usury.—*Cist's Advertiser.*

Authority of the Bible.

A mother of a family was married to an infidel, who made a jest of religion in the presence of his own children, yet she succeeded in bringing them all up in the fear of the Lord. She was one day asked how she had preserved them from the influence of a father whose sentiments were so openly opposed to her own.—This was her answer:—"Because to the authority of a father I did not oppose the authority of a mother, but that of God. From their earliest years, my children have seen the Bible upon my table.—This Holy Book has constituted the whole of their religious instruction. I was silent that I might allow it to speak. Did they propose a question, did they commit any fault, did they perform any good action, I opened the Bible, and the Bible answered, reproved, or encouraged them. The constant reading of the Scriptures has alone wrought the prodigy which surprises you.

WHITEWASHING.—This is the season for whitewashing. Simple lime and water are commonly used. This makes bad work with the clothes. On in door work, a little glue will fix the wash so that it will not easily rub off. Out of doors, glue alone will not answer. Skimmed milk is the cheapest and best ingredient.

ENLARGEMENT.—A wing of 100 feet by 40 is now being added to the Mt. Holyoke Seminary building, to be used for sleeping, lecture and library rooms.

☞ A man was turned out of the Brooklyn Museum for using an opera glass to gaze upon the perfections of a lady performer.

A PAINFUL SCENE.

The following scene occurred in the Mobile City Court on Tuesday, March 5:

Daniel Chase, convicted of murder, was called on. "Have you anything to say why sentence should not be passed upon you?" He answered: "May it please your Honor, I have been well raised. But I have one fault which I have yielded to, and it is *drinking* too much. I came to this city to seek honorable employment. I had been on the St. Charles at work. I was engaged to work on a boat. On the night of the murder, I went ashore to a friend's house to write a letter. I wrote a letter, and wanted to carry it to the post-office, but was advised it was too late, and had better go and take a game. I went and played my first game of dominoes. I drank and became intoxicated. My friends left me. I started, as well as my very imperfect memory of what occurred serves me, for my boat. I would to God some human eye could have seen me, and borne testimony here of what occurred. I cannot recollect it, or any thing that occurred afterwards that night. When I first awoke in the morning, I thought I was on the boat, but I found I was in the guard-house. I never harbored malice. I could not be guilty of the offence of which I am convicted. Before God I am innocent of murder. I could kiss the corpse of that poor man now." The Judge then passed sentence on the prisoner—confinement in the penitentiary at Wetumpka during his natural life.

Pet Rats.

I was astonished, on visiting the houses of some of the inhabitants, to see a large rat walking quietly about the room, and crawling up the master's legs in a cool, familiar manner. Instead of repulsing it, or evincing any alarm, he took it up in his hands, and caressed it; and then I learn't for the first time, to my utter astonishment, that it was a custom prevalent in Bangkok to keep pet rats, which are taken very young and carefully reared till they attain a perfectly monstrous size, from good and plentiful feeding. These domestic rats are kept expressly to free the house of other vermin [illegible] they in the onslaughts they make, that few of the houses are ever annoyed by mice or rats.—*Neal's Residence in Siam.*

SMART GIRL.—A little girl had seen her brother play with his burning-glass, and had heard him talk about the "focus." Not knowing what the word "focus" meant, she consulted the dictionary, and found that the focus was "the place where the rays meet."—At dinner, when the family were assembled, she announced, "as grand as could be," that she knew the meaning of *one* hard word.—Her father asked her what it was; she said it was the word "focus." "Well," said he, "Mary, what does it mean?" "Why," she replied, "it means a place where they raise calves!" This of course raised a great laugh; but she stuck to her point, and produced her dictionary to prove that she was right. "There," she said triumphantly, "Focus, a place where the rays meet." Calves are meat, and if they raise meat they raise calves, and so I am right, ain't I, father?"

GOOD FOR LITTLE VIC.—Queen Victoria, it seems, looks sharply after the expenses of her household. Sometime ago, her Majesty ordered a Piano-forte for one of her royal children to be sent from a London maker's to Windsor, and not arriving as speedily as she expected, she summoned the comptroller of the household to 'know the reason why.'

'Please your majesty, it has arrived,' said Cecil Forrester, 'but there is 5s., 9d., carriage to pay, and it has not been unpacked yet.'

'Then pack it back again!' exclaimed his royal mistress; adding, 'Were I a private customer they would have been too glad to send it free, and they shall not impose on a Queen.' Back accordingly went the instrument.

INTERESTING EXPERIMENT.—Into a tumbler, three parts filled with water, drop two or three small lumps of phosphuret of lime; a decomposition will take place, and phosphuretted hydrogen gas be produced, bubbles of which will rise to the surface, when they immediately take fire and explode, terminating in beautiful ringlets of smoke. This is the same kind of gas which is generated at the bottom of shallow pools of stagnant water, in boggy and marshy places, and in graveyards. It becomes ignited by contact with the air, and is called ignis fatuus, or Wil-o'-the-Wisp.

☞ The New Orleans Crescent, in relating the rescue of two boys from drowning, by two slaves, at the risk of their lives, says that there is a law existing in Louisiana by which a slave secures his freedom if he saves the life of his master or any of his family.

☞ The Boston Police made a descent upon a gambling saloon at 100 Carver-st., in that city on Sunday, and arrested the proprietor, and nine other persons, whom they found playing cards for money.

Beautiful Extract.

The editor of the Knickerbocker attributes the following to Ike Marvel, and it is certainly worthy of him. Read it without tears if you can:—

'Last evening we were walking leisurely along, the music of choirs in three churches came floating out into the darkness around us, and they were all new and strange tunes but one. And that one—it was not sung as we have heard it, but it awakened a train of long-buried memories, that rose to us even as they were before the cemetery of the soul had a tomb in it.

'It was sweet old 'Corinth' they were singing—strains we have seldom heard since the rose color of life was blanched; and we were in a moment back to the old village church, and it was a summer afternoon, and the yellow sunbeams were streaming through the west windows, and the silver hair of the old deacon, who sat in the pulpit, was turned to gold in its light, and the minister, who we used to think could never die, so good was he, had concluded 'application' and 'exhortation,' and the village choir were singing the last hymn, and the tune was Corinth.

'It is years—we dare not think how many—since then, and 'the prayers of David the son of Jessie, are ended,' and the choir are scattered and gone. The girl with blue eyes that sang alto, and the girl with black eyes who sang air—the eyes of the one were like a clear June heaven at noon. They both became wives, and both mothers, and they both died. Who shall say they are not singing 'Corinth' still, where Sabbaths never wane, and congregations never break? There they sat, Sabbath after Sabbath, by the square column, at the right of the leader, and to our young ears, their tones were the very soul of music. That column bears still their pencilled names, as they wrote them in those days in life's June, 183—, before dreams of change had overcome their spirits like a summer's cloud.

'Alas! that with the old singers most of the sweetest tones have died upon the air; but they linger in memory, and they shall yet be sung in the [illegible] hall whose columns are beams of morning light, whose ceiling is pearl, whose floors are all gold, and where hair never turns silvery, and hearts never grow old. Then she that sang alto, and she that sang air, will be in their places once more.'

OLD THEY.—There is a most consummate scoundrel in this region called *They*. He is at the bottom of all mischief, and delights in abusing the good people which he happens to fall in with. No scandal is uttered, but *They* is given as the author. *They* said so and so. Two young people cannot look at each other in a quiet friendly manner, but *They* takes up the subject, and forthwith the two are pronounced to be *engaged*, and if a marriage does not ensue, why *They* say He or She is a faithless wretch, and has broken *terrible* promises. A merchant can't look sober a few minutes but *They* say he is going to fail, and all his creditors are set on, with a hue and cry and forty sheriffs to boot, because *They* say he is insolvent. He is a real villain and ought to be hung without benefit of clergy.

☞ "Mrs. Polly," said Uncle Eb, of Uptown, as he hobbled one morning into her entry, where the good dame was busily handling the broom, "Mrs. Polly, you are a first-rate sweeper,—why, my Sally will sweep our house from top to bottom, and then not begin to get together as big a pile of dirt as you have swept up in 10 minutes!" Uncle Eb left with a broomstick after him, but not more rapidly than when, entering the house of an ancient maiden lady—"staid, tidy and discreet"—without wiping his feet, the offended spinster exclaimed, 'Did you not observe the scraper at the door, sir?' "Yes'm," said Uncle Eb, "and I intend to use it when I go out!"

USE OF SINGING.—A noted medical writer thus expresses himself in regard to the advantages of teaching children to sing:—

"In infant schools every thing is taught by the aid of song, and this exercise is found to be very beneficial to health. Many instances have occurred of weakly children, of two or three years of age, who could scarcely support themselves, having become robust and healthy by this constant exercise of the lungs. These results are perfectly philosophical. Singing tends to expand the chest, and thus increases the activity and powers of the vital organs.

☞ President Pierce has pardoned Joseph Rosenthal, who was convicted at the September term of the U. S. District Court, of an attempt to pass goods through the Baltimore Custom House, upon a fraudulent invoice.

☞ Forty Choctaw Indians, men and women, dressed in their natural costume, are coming to the New York Crystal Palace Exhibition.

The Uncertainty of Life.

Rev. Rufus M. Clark, of Boston, in a sermon preached on the Sunday following the late sad calamity on the New York and New Haven Railroad, made the following impressive remarks:—

God is speaking to us, by his providence as well as his word. The numerous instances of sudden death around us; the startling and terrible calamities that have recently launched hundreds into eternity without a moment's preparation, and scarcely a moment's warning, come with a message to us, to be also ready. God is speaking to the nation; he is speaking to families, to individuals, and bids them improve the present opportunities for the exercise of repentance and faith. For to-morrow it may be too late. The next hour it may be too late. The terrible disaster that, during the past week, hurried more than fifty immortal beings into eternity, should impress and solemnize every heart. How little did those unfortunate victims realize, as they rose on that fatal morning, that they were to take their last journey; that the tickets which they purchased would afford them a passage to the spirit world; that instead of the dome and church spires and habitations of this city greeting their vision, the realities of immortality would burst upon their view.

Could a messenger from the eternal throne have carried to them the tidings of their fate but a few moments before the disaster, how precious would have been those moments! How suddenly would all worldly interests have faded in their estimation, and how rapidly would eternal themes have risen! What fervent prayers, what deep repentings, what agonizing cries for mercy would have followed the announcement!

But, my hearers, we are all upon the brink. The yawning gulf of the same eternity is just below us. With the rapidity of time we are traveling on—on to the edge of the precipice. This sad calamity is a messenger to us. It speaks in fearful tones—in terrible accents. Its utterances are not words, but startling facts. How could the messenger speak more forcibly? Could death be more sudden?—could space for repentance have

Oh, heed the messenger, for he may be the last. To-day Heaven may hear your prayer—may accept your offering. To-morrow! oh, who can read to us the mysterious events of the morrow! They are as unknown as the mysteries of eternity! "Be wise to-day; *'tis madness to defer.*"

FASHION.—Fashion is the only tyrant against whom modern civilization has not carried on a crusade, and its power is still as unlimited and despotic as it ever was.—From its dictates there is no appeal; health and decency are alike offered up at the shrine of this Moloch. At its command its votaries melt under fur boas in the dog-days, and freeze with bare necks and arms, in lace and satain shoes, in January. Then, such is its caprice, that no sooner does a fashion become general, than, let its merits or beauties be ever so great, it is changed for one which, perhaps, has nothing but its novelty to recommend it. Like the bed of Procrustus, fashions are compelled to suit every one. The same fashion is adopted by the tall and the short, the stout and the slender, the old and the young, with what effect we have daily opportunities of observing.—*Art Journal.*

A GOOD IDEA.—Ministers, in every sermon they preach, when children are present, should address a few words to them. They sit often all day in meeting without hearing anything that particularly interests them, the language being unsuited to their capacity.—Is not the observation worthy of consideration? Should not every minister ask of himself the question, "Am I faithfully obeying the Savior's command, 'Feed my lambs'?"

PRICE OF TICKLING A WOMAN.—In Troy, last week, a young man was fined three dollars for tickling a married lady. The man pleaded common usage in justification; but the lady argued (and she had the best of it,) that if it was common usage, it was not common right, and that every lady possessed the right of choosing her own *tickler.*

☞ Florida has a white population of less than fifty thousand—smaller than any other of the thirty-one States—yet St. Augustine is the oldest town in the United States having been founded in 1564.

☞ In Havana no gentleman, unless he is a priest, goes to church. But the ladies go, and the gentlemen cluster around the door, and hand the ladies to their volantes when the mass is over.

☞ The great struggles in life are limited to moments; in the dropping of the head upon the bosom—in the pressure of the hand upon the brow.

☞ The cough of the consumptive is the shadow that precedes the storm, the low murmurs from the ocean of death swelling up the vales of time.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.

Friday, May 13.—The committee on railways and canals reported to the House a bill providing that railway draw bridges shall not be crossed by the cars at a speed of more than six miles an hour, and that the cars shall be brought to a full stop before crossing the bridge. A violation of the provisions of the act on the part of the engineer is made a penal offence.

The Hoosac Tunnel bill was debated, and then passed to be engrossed by a large majority.

An interesting question has been raised in the House as to the right of Rev. Martin L. Steele to retain his seat as Representative from Blackstone, he having removed with his family out of the State. An order of inquiry was offered which was laid over under the rules.

Saturday.—In the House, the metropolitan railroad bill was passed to be engrossed; also the bill to establish a penitentiary in the Western part of the State.

In the Senate the House Tunnel bill was read twice and assigned for Tuesday next.—The bill relative to the mode of crossing railroad bridges, was postponed until the Committee appointed to consider the expediency of appointing a Board of Railroad Commissioners shall have made their report.

Monday.—A bill for the appointment of a Board of Railroad Commissioners was reported to the House by the Committee on Railways and Canals.

A motion to reconsider the report whereby the House refused to adopt a series of interrogatories to the Supreme Judicial Court in respect to the constitutionality of the liquor law, was rejected.

The resolve for the erection of a monument to the memory of the Hon. Daniel Webster was taken up, discussed, and ordered to a third reading.

Tuesday.—A bill was introduced into the Senate by Mr. Walker amendatory of the liquor law, and embodying substantially the same provisions as were embraced in that reported and lost in the House. The bill was referred to a special Committee.

In the House, Mr. Eames of Lowell, moved a reconsideration of the vote whereby the House on Monday ordered to a third reading the resolve for the erection of a monument to Daniel Webster. The motion after some discussion, was rejected by a vote of 120 to 115.

The ten hour law was taken up and discussed. The amendments of Mr. Parcher, designed to make the law general in its application, were lost. An amendment offered by Mr. Stevenson, excepting special agreements in writing by persons of full age, from the operation of the law, was also rejected. The bill was then passed to be engrossed by a vote of 105 to 88.

The Hoosac Tunnel bill was taken up and discussed in the Senate, but was not disposed of.

Wednesday.—The Hoosac Tunnel Bill came up in the Senate. Mr. Cary opposed the bill with a good deal of zeal. It was supported by Mr. Faulkner, of Middlesex, but no vote was taken on the bill.

Quite a number of bills were passed to be engrossed, in the House, among which was the bill to incorporate the Bank of Mutual Redemption, with a capital limited to $3,000,000.

---

now in the possession of Samuel D. Greene, of Monson, Mass., was taken enclosed in a bag, and carried from his farm to Thornkike, about *seven* miles from his habitation, with the intention of keeping him permanently in Thorndike. Mr. Pussey, however, liking his old quarters the best, started in a *cat line* for his late residence, occupying one week in the travel, and finally arrived at his ancient location, much to his satisfaction, if loud meowings, constant purrings, and rubbing himself against the inmates of the house, were any indications of his friendship, or pleasure. Now, tell me, if you can, how instinct or reason could have discovered to him the way home? Did he follow the road? or a more direct bee line?—*Woonsocket Patriot.*

NEW FEATURE IN THE POST OFFICE SYSTEM.—Congress has provided by a late law, a system of letter-carrying *outside the mails.* The Postmaster General is empowered to provide and furnish to Postmasters and other persons applying therefor, suitable envelopes with post stamps thereon, for the pre-payment of postage, and that letters enclosed in said envelopes may be carried by express companies, or any other private means of conveyance, as parties may agree. Such envelopes are now being prepared by the department, and are expected to be ready for delivery by the first of July.

THE NEW HAVEN RAILROAD.—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the New Haven Railroad, on Thursday, the old Board of Directors was re-elected. The profits of the road for the last year amount to $426,660. A resolution was adopted, that when the next contract for mail service be made, that the contract shall be for only six days in the week. This vote was taken after the President had suggested that the company would lose the mail contract entirely, if the Sunday night train was discontinued.

NEW YORK AND NEW HAVEN STOCK.—Since the disaster this stock has declined from $114 1-2 to $105. If so, this is equal to $9 1-2 per share, or $285,000 on the whole capital of 30,000 shares. This is equal to three semi-annual dividends. The previous price of the stock had however been very high for a road earning less than 6 per cent. The damages resulting from the accident are variously estimated by the New York papers at from $250,000 to $400,000.

RATHER DIE.—Daniel Sullivan, who had his leg fractured by being run over on the Boston and Worcester Railroad of last week, died in the Massachusetts Hospital on Saturday. Obstinacy was so much dearer to him than life, that he refused to have amputation performed, obstinately persisting in his refusal, when assured that his life might be saved by the operation. He declared that he would die first, kept his word, and lost his life.

A VALUABLE GEM OR A TOUGH STORY.—The *Goshen* (N. Y.) *Whig* states that Rev. Robert Armstrong, of Newburg, N. Y., purchased among other minerals what he supposed was a topaz, but which turned out to be a diamond, for one-half of which he has been offered $500,000, which he declined.—Its weight is two and a half ounces, and if a real diamond its value will be more than $2,000,000. The Rev. gentleman, in declining the magnificent offer of half a million, repudiated the old adage, that "a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush."

THE JOURNAL.

PALMER, MASS.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 21, 1853.

The Crystal Palace.

The Crystal Palace at New York, which was to be opened about the first of May, will not be completed before the middle or last of June. A large number of workmen are employed upon the building, but it is found to be a greater job than was first anticipated.—It is expected, however, that goods will begin to be stored in the building in about three weeks.

There does not seem to be as much interest manifested in the World's Exhibition in New York as there was in that of London, and the reason, to many, is obvious. The London Exhibition was something new, and it was got up by the Government for the special benefit of all civilized nations; the New York Exhibition is but an imitation of its predecessor, got up by a company of individuals, not so much for the good of the public as the benefit of their own pockets.—The novelty of the thing has worn off; the Exhibition comes on too soon after the Worlds Fair of 1851 to attract any deep interest. Besides it cannot possibly draw from Europe the variety of articles exhibited in London. We doubt, somewhat, also, whether our own country will be much better represented in New York than it was on the other side of the Atlantic.

Yankees are proverbial for their speculating projects and successful achievements, but in this case we have reason to believe that the company who construct the Crystal Palace will not realize the success they anticipate. To be candid, the thing is got up for the purpose of making money, and is a greater humbug than most people imagine.

The Safest Car.

Since the late melancholy accident on the New York and New Haven Railroad, we have noticed that the forward passenger car, especially on every express train, is nearly empty, while the hindmost car is filled to overflowing. This is the result of fear too keenly excited, but not altogether groundless. The last car on a train is undoubtedly the safest in case of an accident like that at Norwalk, but when we consider that it is not probable that another accident of the kind, so serious, will occur in a hundred years, the resort to the hindmost car for general safety is decidedly absurd. Should the rear car of a train be plunged into by another train coming up behind, and a dozen or more killed by the accident, there would then be a rush for the middle or forward car to escape a similar accident.

The rear car of the train is a receptacle for rail is thrown out of place by the passage of the other cars, the rear one must encounter the danger. In passing around short curves the hindmost car is more easily thrown from the track than the others, while, as a general thing, the oldest and poorest cars are placed the last in a train.

It is very certain that all passengers cannot ride in the last car, and to pick out the safest one, when dangers of various descriptions beset them all, is a most difficult matter. In some instances the forward car has proved to be the safest, in other cases the middle car has escaped injury while the others have met with misfortunes. All of them are subject to accidents, and if people *will* ride in them, they must trust to Providence and the engineer for their safety.

HIGH PRICES.—The price of cotton and woolen fabrics, produce, labor, &c., &c., is rising. People are striking to secure their demands for more pay; but amid all this rise of prices, the subscription price of newspapers remains the same. The publishers pay higher wages for labor, and higher prices for paper, than they have done, yet they continue to furnish a weekly or daily newspaper at a meagre price. The multiplicity of newspapers has served to make them cheap—too cheap for profit to their publishers. Yet they do not grumble, and we will guarantee that they will not strike for higher subscriptions if people will only pay what is due them. If they are to continue to print for small pay, let that pay be prompt—in advance.

SIGNALS FOR DRAW BRIDGES.—An able civil engineer recommends the adoption at railroad drawbridges, in addition to the signals for vision, of a compressed air alarm whistle, so arranged as to be opened by the draw; and kept blowing all the time the draw is open. This whistle is simple in its mechanical arrangements, and can be heard a long distance above any noise made by the train or a storm.

POOR WOMEN.—Miss Anthony, Mrs. Abby Kelly Foster, and other masculine women, presented their credentials to the World's Temperance Convention, in session at New York Thursday, and were refused admission. They carried their griefs to the anti-slavery meeting, where they received the condolence of Garrison and his disciples.

FATAL CAR.—One of the cars destroyed at Norwalk had been built about a year, during which time it had been used but three times before that day, on two of which it was precipitated from the track and badly injured.

☞ At Northampton, last week, Henry Jackson, Richard Clough, Andrew Rogers, and Charles Neitch were each fined $2 and costs for drunkenness.

The Explosion of the Jenny Lind.

The explosion of the boiler of the steamboat Jenny Lind, a brief account of which we gave last week, produced the most terrible effect. The boat was on a pleasure excursion from San Francisco to San Jose, and when the explosion took place the ladies were just sitting down to dinner.

Many of them had their clothes literally torn from them, and the skin entirely burnt off their faces. They were not simply scalded, but all were more or less mangled by the fragments of the boiler and bulkhead, and streams of blood flowed from their mutilated bodies. Some few of the gentlemen managed to grope their way out of the cabin crying piteously to those above to save their wives and children. When some of the passengers who were unhurt rushed below, the sight that presented itself staggered them, and some became faint. They found the dead and the dying in a confused mass on the floor covered with fragments of chairs and tables, furniture and timber, and horrible to relate, they were writhing in scalding water, which lay six inches deep on the floor. Poor little children were crying piteously for their mothers, who could hear, but blinded could not see. Mothers were shrieking with agony, or calling upon some one to save their children. But the most terrible destruction of life was on the after part of the upper deck, just over the cabin. Here a large number of passengers were congregated.—After the steam had done its work of destruction in the cabin, it burst up the companion way, and in an instant swept those in its path to the deck, like grain before the sickle. Not a man stood around; fifty lay prostrate, scalded, wounded, shrieking with agony or moaning in the last moments of life. The cries of pain were fearful—some lost their senses and raved; others were seen staggering blindly about, the skin hanging in shreds from their bodies—from their hands like gloves turned inside out. Many had all their clothes blown off them, and shivered in the cold—while burning internally, they cried for water. Many were literally scalped—their hair was melted off, as it were by the steam, and they were left bald. The kind and generous hearts of those on board who escaped were filled with compassion, and they did all that men could do to alleviate the sufferings of the wounded, until assistance could reach them. Some who were rushing around frantic with pain had to be seized to prevent them from jumping overboard. Their clothes were stripped from them as soon as possible, but the skin from their bodies peeled off with it.

Among the victims were Noah Ripley and wife, formerly of Barre, and two of their children.

MURDER TTIAL AND SENTENCE.—Thomas Cascy, the Irishman, who is supposed to have murdered Mr. and Mrs. Taylor of Natick, last fall, was tried for that offence, at East Cambridge, on the first of the week, and convicted of the crime. On Wednesday he was brought into Court and sentenced to be hung. This is the first case under the law passed by the Legislature requiring prisoners to remain confined one year, after the date of their sentence, before they are executed except at the order of the Governor.

WHO WILL BE THE LOSER?—The Stockholders of the New Haven railroad, at a late meeting, were adverse to letting editors pass over their road, free, any longer, because they made public all the mishaps on the road.—The editors of the New York Tribune, will, at all events, be refused free passes. If a few more accidents occur upon the road, the stockholders will find it difficult to get passengers, even with free passes.

A SMART SCHOOL MARM.—A school-mistress in South Boston, shut up a little boy in a closet on Tuesday and forgot to let him out. His absence from home created quite an alarm, and on application to the teacher in the evening, she finally remembered of confining him in the school room closet, where the little fellow was found, frighteued almost to death.

LARGE VESSEL.—The English papers record the launch of "the largest vessel that ever slid down the ways since the world began," in the presence of 30,000 spectators, at Greenock. This vessel is the Royal West India Mail steamer Atvato, which is to take the place of the unfortunate Demarara.

CONNECTICUT LEGISLATURE.—The Legislature of Connecticut has adjourned until Tuesday of next week, and in the meantime the Committee on the disaster at Norwalk will pursue their investigations, and probably be ready to report soon after coming together again.

☞ Charles Brimblecom—what a name—has been appointed Postmaster at Barre in place of N. F. Bryant, removed. Amos H. Bullen has assumed the duties of Postmaster at Northampton in place of Augustus Clarke resigned.

LOSS OF LIFE.—By the falling of a building in Buffalo, on Saturday, some ten men were killed and several others severely injured. One man was killed and several others badly injured by the falling of a building at New York, on Monday.

ANNEXATION OF THE SANDWICH ISLANDS TO THE UNITED STATES.—It is stated that the Hawaiian Government had made a proposition to the United States for annexation.—The proposition is now before the administration.

Littell's Living Age, for the present week, contains an interesting article on the Search for Sir John Franklin. The other articles are in every respect worth reading. Published weekly for 12 1-2 cents per number.—Littell, Son & Co., Publishers, Boston.

GREAT DESTRUCTION.—During the last year upwards of eleven hundred vessels have been lost on the coast of Great Britain, with a loss of nine hundred lives. This exceeds any previous year.

Minesota.

Many of those who went to Minesota this Spring, from this region, have returned, dissatisfied with the country, and glad to get back to their old homes. Some of them represent the country to be inferior to many of the Western States nearer home, and say they have been grossly deceived by the agent of the company, who was sent to look out a place for a settlement. The summer season in Minesota is said to be short, and the land not so productive as many have reported.

On the other hand, some of those who are a little more persevering, write back that they have found a spot suited to their mind, and intend to remain there. They say the best of the land is in the hands of speculators, who ask a stiff price for it, which will prove a great barrier to emigration. People are apt to elevate their expectations too high when they think of emigrating to a new country, the result of which is the keenest disappointment, that for many years checks their ambition and embitters their lives.

Our advice to persons who are obtaining a comfortable living where they are, is not to risk an adventure in a new country with a view of immediately betteriug their condition. People calculated to lay up money will do it faster in Massachusetts than they can in Minesota.

A SMART WOMAN.—In Lexington, last week, an Irish woman, named McGrath, was engaged in baking bread, when, from a defect in the flue, an outbuilding connected with a pigsty took fire, and not being able to lift the pig, with an axe she knocked away a portion of the sty, took away the pig, and tied it at some distance from the house. On returning she discovered the roof of the house in flames, and there being no person in the house excepting her three children, her first movement was to carry them away from danger. Then returning, she removed every article of furniture, excepting one bedstead, which, having lost the key, she could not take apart. She then removed every door and window safely from their places almost before any assistance arrived, and was only prevented by force from entering the flames and saving her bread from the brick oven.—In little more than an hour from the breaking out of the fire, she walked over the smoking ruins and took out her bread, which was found to be nicely baked.—*Bunker Hill Aurora.*

INSURING RAILROAD PASSENGERS.—At the meeting of the citizens of New Haven, held on the 10th inst., in reference to the late railroad disaster at Norwalk, it was resolved, "That the railroads already chartered, and all that may be chartered hereafter by the laws of Connecticut, ought to be required to *insure* the lives and personal safety of the passengers, and to that end be made responsible in pecuniary damages for every life lost, as well as for every bodily injury short of death—excepting, only, accidents occasioned by the carelessness or presumption of the passengers themselves, or by the inevitable providence of God—and the courts in the State should take cognizance of such [illegible] they fall under either of these exceptions."

WARLIKE PREPARATIONS IN JAPAN.—The Paris correspondent of the Washington *Republic*, says:—

You have heard, of course, of the reception the American force is to meet with if it ever gets to Japan. A million of soldiers are keeping watch along the coast, with bonfires in readiness for immediate kindling, to warn a million more in the interior that the fleet is crossing the bar.

How did the Paris correspondent of the Republic come to know all this?

A QUESTION SETTLED.—Rev. Eleazer Williams, an Indian Missionary, has for some time been said to be heir to the throne of France. Evidence has been produced to show that the Dauphin, said to have died in Paris, is the same Rev. gentleman, but Mary Ann Williams, who calls herself the mother of the Rev. Eleazer Williams, has published an affidavit affirming that he is her son, and denying that there is any possible foundation for the Dauphin story.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—The express train from Albany to Buffalo on Thursday evening, last week, was thrown from the track near Oneida, by a broken rail, the engine was upset, the tender and baggage cars broken, and the fireman killed. The engineer was also badly scalded, but will probably recover.

☞ "Spiritual" preaching is now a literal fact. Rev. J. M. Spear, of Boston, recently preached a discourse while in the magnetic state, in the neighboring town of Milford.—He said a spirit of the "unfolded life" communicated through him, Mr. Spear being the mouth-piece.

☞ The four individuals in Monson, previously announced to have been arrested on complaint of Calvin Bradway of Palmer, who charged them with conspiracy against him, have been partially examined before Justice Hooker, and their hearing postponed to the last day of May.

ELOPED.—The Sonoma *Bulletin* gives an account of a wife who eloped from her husband in that place, by sitting up reading Blackstone, until she got him to sleep, when she slipped softly out, and in company with her better beloved paramour, *was taken with a leaving!*

QUEEN VICTORIA.—Queen Victoria, it is said, is haunted with an idea that she will be driven from the English throne by a revolution, and is therefore investing largely in U. S. securities. It is even said that the Barings have purchased for her at least half a street in the city of New York.

☞ An atmospheric concussion (What's that?) recently took place in the neighborhood of Huntsville, Texas, producing a report like the discharge of artillery, and illuminating the earth for a minute or two, like the sun at noon-day. Probably a meteor.

Loss of an American Ship and nearly Two Hundred Lives!

The brig Reuben Carver, of Rockland, which arrived in New York on Monday morning, brought Capt. Stinson, mate, second mate, and six of the crew of the ship William & Mary, of Bath, lost at sea. The W. & M. left Liverpool with a cargo of railroad iron, and 208 passengers, nearly all of whom, together with the steward and two of the seamen, went down in the ship.

Capt. L. reports that the William & Mary struck on a sunken rock near the Great Isaacs, on the evening of the 3d of May, at 8 1-2 o'clock, thumping heavily for fifteen minutes. She then fell off and struck another rock within a few rods of the first. Here she thumped a few times, and then fell off again into deep water, when she commenced filling. After laboring at the pumps till 7 o'clock in the morning without avail, and finding the ship had ten feet of water in her hold, and fast sinking, the captain, mates, and crew, with a few passengers, took to the boats and left her. In a few minutes she went down, carrying with her nearly two hundred souls. The long boat and the life boat, which were filled with passengers, parted company. A few hours afterwards a bark, apparently bound to Europe, hove in the direction of the boats, and it is supposed that the passengers were rescued.

The passengers taken on board the Wm. & Mary were mostly Irish, who embarked in Liverpool. The first and second mates, who were saved, are named Ross and Welsh.

The William & Mary was a fine ship of 512 tons burthen, built in Bowdoinham, last year, and was owned by John Harward, of that place. She was insured in New York for $26,000.

THE OLDEST WOMAN IN THE WORLD.—The *Charleston Standard* thinks that Mrs. Singleton, now living in the Williamsburg district, in that State, is the oldest woman in the world. She is now in the *one hundred and thirty-first* year of her age. Her mental faculties are still unimpaired, and she retains all her senses except that of sight, of which she was deprived at the advanced age of ninety-nine years, by an attack of measles. Her bodily energy has exhibited no diminution for many years, she being still able to walk briskly about the room. She has outlived all her children, her oldest descendant, living, being a grand-daughter, over sixty years old. The first grand-daughter of this grand-daughter, if now living, would be over sixteen years of age.

THE NORWALK DISASTER.—Death has claimed another victim from among the passengers on the unfortunate train. Mrs Harvey, wife of Gen. Harvey, died at Norwalk, on Wednesday morning at 6 o'clock. She had been deemed out of danger.

Geo. G. Hotchkiss, of Stonington, Ct., is believed to have perished at Norwalk. Miss C. Schmidt, just from Germany, had written to her friends in Pittsfield, that she should go in the fatal train, and is missing.

The relatives of Dr. Josiah Noyes of Massachusetts, and of a gentleman named Patton, were at Norwalk, on Tuesday, making inquiries, as they are missing.

The engine and tender were raised on Wednesday, a thorough search of the river revealed no more bodies. The cow catcher was found uninjured, which shows that it did not strike the abutment on the opposite side of the chasm, as has been stated.

The "wreck of matter" from the accident, was collected into a pile on Friday last, and consumed by fire, by order of the Company—leaving no vestige of the late calamity.

EXECUTION.—Thos. Atchison, a native of Edinburg, Scotland, 51 years of age, and a house painter by trade, was executed at North Hempstead, Queens Co., L. I., on Friday, for the murder of Ralph Voorhies, a farmer, 60 years of age, who lived at Plainridge, in the same county. This is the only execution that has taken place in Queens county since 1807.

☞ Queen Victoria, upon receiving the news of the melancholy accident which resulted in the loss of President Pierce's only son, personally wrote a letter to Mr. Ingersoll, in condolence for the sad affliction the President had sustained.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—The express train from Albany to Buffalo on Thursday evening, last week, was thrown from the track near Oneida, by a broken rail, the engine was upset, the tender and baggage cars broken, and the fireman killed. The engineer was also badly scalded, but will probably recover.

EQUAL TO WATER GAS.—Dr. Alexander Mayer, of Paris, announces that he has been able to obtain heat for all the purposes for which heat is now used, by means of friction. An apparatus for this purpose will soon be exhibited to the public.

☞ In Brattleboro', Vt., in the case of Israel Haynes vs. Joel May, Jr., for trespass in burning the saw and threshing mill of plaintiff, the jury, after twenty hours' deliberation, found May guilty, and assessed damages at $330.

☞ An infant son of Mrs. Margaret Ann Taylor, 121st st., Harlem, N. Y., was killed on Wednesday, by a dose of laudanum, which was put up for and labelled paregoric, by a clerk in the drug store of Mr. James Wood, Harlem. The clerk's name is Fabor.

☞ Havana letters mention that another cargo of slaves, 850 in number, have been landed on the shores of Cuba, in spite of the vigilance of the British cruisers. Another cargo of cooley laborers have also arrived.

A QUEEN'S PRESENT TO A QUEEN.—A steam packet recently arrived at Southampton, bringing a *hyena* and a *wildcat*, as a present to Queen Victoria, from the Queen of Portugal!

☞ The owners of the propeller Ogdensburg, have recovered $3000 of the owners of the steamer Atlantic, for damages proceeding from the collision on Lake Erie, by which the latter vessel was sunk, last fall.

POWDER MILL EXPLOSION.—One of the wheel mills of the Enfield Powder Co., at Enfield, Ct., blew up on Tuesday morning, burning and otherwise injuring a laborer employed in the mill so severely that his life is despaired of.

Communication.

Things as they are.

It is not to be wondered at that our old grand-parents hold up their hands with such holy horror at viewing the degeneracy of these times. We, who are not gifted with a back-ground view, knowing nothing but of the present, can hardly do less as we take our hurried glance at what is and was.—Their hardy frames, though toughened by toil and exposure, are scarcely able to venture on such a rapid living—to be one among the jostling crowd of this race-course.—'What does it mean?' 'What are we coming to?' And gravely they foretell the curses of God for leaving the good old ways of our fathers. Neither is it all fiction. Old Time seems only half to enforce his mandates, and even stands one side to give a pass to the Genius of the nineteenth century, and on it rushes. Once time was quite important in order to reach manhood and old age, but now, alas, 'tis changed. The swadling clothes are scarce removed, and the stimulus of this wonderful air we breathe works its effect, when great words about "rights" meet you full in the phiz; and even before this change, if they can bring out a well rounded oath, and carry their Havana at the requisite angle, they are considered promising candidates for the arena.

Gray hairs no longer receive their wonted reverence, but the "old man," since he has become old, is quite an unnecessary article—only in the way. In giving his advice—which he sometimes dares to do—his youthful charge finds his cares too pressing to catch but a few of his first words, while the winds take the rest. The youth of twelve is no longer his "father's love and mother's joy," for he has donned the high heeled boots and beaver, and is off "for himself." What has his father to do with him? No wonder the old lady put on her "specks" at sight of her little grandson. She knew appearances were sometimes deceitful, but there he was—boots blacked to extravagance—chin sunk deep in his newly "done up" dickey—prim, as if just from the bandbox, and yet—riding the horse to plow, while his good-natured father, with sleeves rolled up, and sweat standing on his face in memory of father Adam, followed on behind.

One can hardly be said now to live a natural lifetime, even should he show the marks of advanced age, so great is the furor for a headlong rush—to experience in the present what the future should only bring, that the different stages of life have a strange commingling, if, unhappily, the extremes are not brought unceremoniously together. These are nervous times, and the spirit pervades the whole, save those, who, with the grave close by them, and with life's scenes nearly past, are mere lookers on.

HORAZ.

GOON.—A paper has been published in N. Y. for some time, devoted to the interests of the consolidated lotteries, drawn in Baltimore. Last week the entire edition, 30,000 copies, were seized by the officers, while on the way from the printing room to the publication office, and all concerned with it have been arrested.

WHALING NEAR HOME.—Capt. Ebenezer Cook and crew recently killed and brought into Provincetown, three whales within one week. Several whales have been seen and chased among the vessels at anchor in Provincetown harbor this spring. Three or four vessels there are fitted for a few days' cruise about the shore.

SINGULAR.—The *Cambridge* (Eng.) *Press* says that a respectable woman named Wilkinson, living in Eynesbury, who has been totally blind for twenty years, fell down stairs; and the shock caused to her system by the fall resulted in the complete recovery of her sight.

KILLED.—Algernon S. Clark of Tewksbury, a young man about twenty-one years of age, engaged in a machine shop at Andover, was caught by a belt and carried over a drum and instantly killed, on Tuesday.

A BRUTE.—At Babington, S. C., on Saturday, John Simons, having some difficulty with his overseer and wife, shot them both, killing the former instantly.

COWHIDED.—Edward Smith has been cowhiding the Rev. Ira M'Quillan, in Newburyport. The Rev. gentleman had complained of Smith for selling liquor.

SAVE YOUR OLD RAGS!—The price of printing paper has advanced fifteen per cent, within the past three months, on account of the scarcity of rags.

☞ S. C. Carter, at present Postmaster at Amherst, has been appointed station agent at that place, of the Amherst and Belchertown Railroad.

MAJ. ANDRE.—A movement is on foot in Westchester county, N. Y., for the erection of a monument to the captors of Andre, on the spot where the event took place.

☞ The Connecticut River R. R. Depot building at Northampton, was struck by lightning on Monday evening, and slightly damaged.

APPROPRIATE.—The Senate of the Connecticut Legislature have raised a committee on *Trout*, and appointed Mr. *Fish* chairmrn.

☞ E. H. Fuller, who was shot by Schaumberg at Washington, last winter, has been appointed to a government clerkship.—He has recovered his health.

☞ Another of Kossuth's sisters, Mrs. Ruttkay, with three children, arrived at New York in the Hermann.

LOCAL MATTERS.

THE WEATHER took a sudden turn on Monday, and became very warm hearted before night. White pants and vests came out like the blossoms on the trees, iced-soda sparkled at many a thirsty lip, and people who couldu't sweat much, lolled lazily in shady places, making themselves as confortable as circumstances would admit. A heavy thunder shower, with vivid lightning comprised the programme of the evening, and people went to bed with the conviction that warm weather had really set in. Tuesday was another hot day, but Wednesday and Thursday checked the progress of warm weather and cooled the earth with a succession of heavy showers. Vegetation has advanced finely within a week, causing the woods, fields and gardens to look as fresh and green as a Berkshire milk-maid.

THE SIAMESE TWINS held a levee at Nassowanno Hall, on Tuesday afteruoou and evening, and were visited by a large number of people. The twins are very sociable, good humored and intelligent; their children with them possess a remarkable degree of aptness. The twins have the coarse features of the Maylay race, but their children resemble very fine complexioned mulattoes. The former are a curiosity which never had, and in all probability never will have, au equal. They are united at the termination of the breast boue, by a ligature, about three inches and a half in length and eight in circumference. This ligature, physicians have decided, cannot be severed without causing the death of both. They are rich, owning a farm and twenty slaves, in North Carolina.

ROMANCE IN LUDLOW.—Cupid's strange freaks are not wholly confined to Palmer and Monson, but have extended into the very peaceable province of Ludlow. It appears that one Oscar Wood (why *would* he do so?) had fallen deeply in love with a Miss Joanna Miller, a blooming youug lass, who didn't object to his attentions, but rather liked them. Parental authority, however, obstructed "the course of true love," aud, as is always the case in such instances, the lovers were determined to come off victorious. Taking advantage of the absence of her parents on Sunday, the couple weut off without consulting the wishes of any oue, and nothing was heard of them for several days. At length young Wood returned to the neighborhood without the girl. The father of the lady at once waited on him and demanded his daughter, but Wood refused to inform him where she might be found; whereupon an officer was sent to arrest him, but getting wind of what was going on, he escaped to the woods. Finally, a neighbor discovered the retreat of the girl, and to bring the unpleasant affair to a *happy* termination, took her and her unfortunate lover and carried them to Somers, the Gretna Green of Connecticut, and saw them married; after which event the couple returned home to spend the honey moon and reconcile the injured parents of the bride.

JOHN HEATHCOTT, of Three Rivers, who, by the way, is a single man, will please excuse us for makiug him the father of a pair of babies, in our last week's record of births. The honor of that position belongs to his brother William, who has a legal right to shoulder such responsibilities.

A QUESTION MUCH AGITATED.—Who is to have the Post Office in Palmer? The correct answer to this would interest three or four people here, more than to know whether Rev. Eleazer Williams is the Dauphin of France.

ALL kinds of fruit trees look promising for a fine crop of fruit next fall. Peach trees never blossomed more full, and cherry and apple trees are completely white with bloom.

THE New London, Willimantic and Palmer Railroad Co. have a new advertisement in this week's paper. The time of running trains is slightly altered.

HIGH FARE.—The fare on the Amherst and Belchertown Railroad, between here and Three Rivers, is at the rate of 7 1-2 cents a mile.

A SILVER STREET BLOOMER passed by our office, a day or two ago, with her husband's go-to-meeting-boots on.

THE NORWALK DISASTER.—Edward W. Tucker, the engineer, is still confined to his bed from injuries received by the recent disaster. He has been admitted to bail in the sum of $5000, and will be removed to New Haven. Miss Griswold is out of danger, although still very weak. There are remaining at Norwalk, some ten or twelve of the wounded, most, if not all of whom are doing well.

Mr. and Mrs. Day, of Brighton, who were injured, passed through Springfield on Saturday last, on their way home. They are still very feeble,

The Popular Educator, is the title of a new periodical, published by Alexander Montgomery, New York. For the seeker after general education we know of uo better work published. It is decidedly interesting, and gives the most valuable information on all subjects. Price only 12 1-2 cents. It is for sale at Bowles' Bookstore.

☞ The French Empress Eugenia, has had some trouble of a domestic nature, owing to imprudence in taking a warm bath.

☞ One hundred Scotch girls are daily expected at Holyoke, as operatives in the mills in that place.

STICK A PEG THERE.—At Holderness, N. H., 100 bushels of pegs are made daily, most of them are shipped to foreign ports. On the first of January, 600 barrels were shipped for Liverpool.

DEATH OF JESSE HUTCHINSON.—Jesse Hutchinson, of the Hutchinson family, died on Sunday, at a water cure establishment near Cincinnati.

☞ Gov. Lowe, of Maryland, has fixed the 8th day of July next, as the day for the execution of Thomas Conner, convicted of the murder of Capt. Hutchinson.

VALUABLE CATTLE.—Nine head of cattle from Cuyahoga Co., Ohio, were sold at Buffalo, last week, for $5000. They are to be sent to the World's Fair.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Here is your Spring and Summer Remedy.

Dr. Langley's Root and Herb Bitters.

THIS certifies that I have furnished Dr. J. O. Langley, No. 97 Union street, Boston, for the last three years, large quantities of Yellow Dock and Dandelion Root, Prickly Ash and Wild Cherry Bark, Sarsaparilla, Thoroughwort, &c., &., used by him in the compound and manufacture of his Root and Herb Bitters, and I am constantly employed to furnish the above medicinal Roots, Herbs, and Barks, for compounding said Bitters.

N. B. GOULD, Malden, Mass.

Boston, March 14, 1853.

The above named Root and Herb Bitters are the very best Medicine in the world for Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Billious and Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Humors of the Blood and Skin, Indigestion, Languor, Drowsiness, Debility, and all similar complaints, so common at this season of the year. Buy it—try it.

REDDING and CO., 8 State street, and, dealers everywhere, sell them.

Wholesale Depot, 97 Union street, to which all Agents will send their orders, that they may be supplied in turn.

Sold in Palmer by Dr. W. Holbrook and D. A. Calkins.

March 26. 1853. 6m49.

A CARD.

Mrs. Winslow to the Ladies.

Mrs. Winslow, an old and experienced nurse and Female Physician, would call the attention of the ladies to her Soothing Syrup for Children teething. It will immediately relieve them from pain, allay all spasmodic action, soften the gums, reduce inflamation, and is sure to regulate the Bowels. Depend upon it, Mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to your children. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Cramp and Pain Killer.

The world is astonished at the wonderful cures performed by the CRAMP AND PAIN, KILLER prepared by CURTIS & PERKINS. Its equal has never been known for removing pain in all cases; for the cure of spinal complaints, cramp in the limbs and stomach, rheumatism in all its forms, billious cholic, burns, sore throat, and gravel, is decidedly the best remedy in the world. For particulars, see circulars in the hands of the Agents, for a gratuitous circulation.

N. B.—Be sure and call for CURTIS & PERKINS' Cramp and Pain Killer. All others bearing this name are base imitations. Price 12 1-2, 25, 37 1-2, cts. a bottle according to the size.

We have sold very large quantities of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup during the past six years, several thousand the last year. We believe it the best medicine in the world for Children teething or for the cure of Dysentery and Diarrhea in Children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause. It gives universal satisfaction—never heard a complaint from any one using it—never sold a medicine so universally successful in relieving pain and effecting cures—relief is ABSOLUTELY SURE.

CURTIS & PERKINS.

Druggists, Bangor, Me.

AGENTS.—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; W. N. Packard, Thorndike; A. H. Longley, Belchertown; T. F. Packard, Monson; Crane & Kingsbury, Stafford Springs; Wm. H. Sessions, Warren; O. F. Packard & Co., Three Rivers; L. B. Bliss, Wilbraham; and for sale in nearly every town in the State.

Henshaw Edwards & Co., India St., and Weeks & Potter, Washington St., Boston, wholesale agents, and Boyd & Paul, No. 40, Courtland St. New York. 1y. 28.

Poisoning.

Thousands of parents who use Vermifuge composed of Castor oil, Calomel, &c., are not aware, that while they appear to benefit the patient, they are actually laying the foundation of a series of diseases, such as salivation, loss of sight, weakness of limbs, &c.

In another column will be found the advertisement of Hobensack's Medicines, to which we ask the attention of all directly interested in their own as well as their children's health.—In Liver Complaints and all disorders arising from those of a bilious type, should make use of the only genuine medicine, Hobensack's Liver Pills.

☞ "*Be not deceived*," but ask for Hobensack's Worm Syrup and Liver Pills, and observe that each has the signature of the Proprietor, J. N. HOBENSACK, as none else are genuine.

BORN.

In this town, (Bondsville) May 13, a daughter to Isaac Ferrell.

MARRIED.

At the Nassowanno House, May 17, by Rev. W. W. Belden, Wm. J. Warner of Williamsburg, and Ruth L. Whitney of Stafford, Ct.

In this town, (Duckville) May 14, by A. R. Murdock, Esq., Moses Largess of Worcester, and Josephine Rogers of D.

In Charlemont, 11th, W. H. Hawks of Belchertown, and Fanny E. H. Merriam of C.

In West Brookfield, May 17, by Rev. S. Byington, Edwin F. Strickland, Esq., of New York city, and Miss Sophronia Barnes of W. B.

DIED.

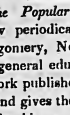
In Monson, May 9, Mrs. Polly Utley, 69.

Notice.

REV. D. J. MANDELL, will preach in the School House, "Silver Street," Monson, on Sunday, the 29th inst., at the usual hours, on subjects designed to illustrate the spiritual unity of earth with Heaven, and the recognition and reunion of friends in the resurrection state.

May 21.

SUMMER HATS.



A SPLENDID lot of Drab Beaver, Panamas, and all the kinds of HATS that will be in use the coming season, for sale low at the HAT and CAP ESTABLISHMENT, North end of the Nassowanno House.

CHARLES M. GARFIELD.

Palmer, May 21, 1853. 3w5

PLAIN and Figured Berages, compsising Tan Drab. MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

Great Sale of Dry Goods!

Bankrupt Stock of $3,500!

THE undersigned wish to inform the citizens of Palmer and vicinity, that they have purchased the stock of Goods formerly owned by E. B. Miles, at a very low price, and have taken stores in McGilvery's Block, where they will offer the above named stock at cost. The stock consists of all kinds of Goods usually kept in a country store. All persons wanting Dry Goods will find it for their interest to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

D. W. SNOW & CO.

P. S. We have just received a large invoice of new goods, consisting of a variety of new style Dress Goods, Ready Made Clothing, Carpeting, Straw Matting, Boots and Shoes, Paper Hangings, &c. Also an entire new stock of W. I. Goods and Family Groceries, all of which will be sold at the lowest market price.

D. W. SNOW & CO.

McGilvray's Block, Palmer, May 21. 5tf

Notice.

THE subscriber having engaged to remain with D. W. Snow & Co., McGilvray's Block, would be happy to see all his former friends and patrons.

E. B. MILES.

Palmer, May 21. 5tf

E. E. Wilder, M. D.,

BOTANIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, having taken the Stand formerly occupied by R. Barron, (Palmer Depot,) offers his professional services to the inhabitants of this place and vicinity, and relying on the unequalled success which has attended the Reformed practice, and on his own endeavors, trusts he shall afford satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage.

REFERENCES.—R. Barron, M. D., Palmer Depot; H. F. Gardner, M. D., Springfield; I. J. Sperry, M. D., Hartford, Ct.; John Hooker, M. D., Springfield.

Palmer Depot, May 21, 1853. 3w5.

List of Letters

REMAINING in the P. O. at Palmer, May 19, 1853.

Allen H P	Taylor Joshua C
Bird Robert	Thayer Henry
Bahaw B	Ulrich Joseph
Carpenter J H	White Marshall
Calkins E M	Warner B F
Coy Erastus 3	Wallace Harriet
Carrol Israel 2	Wright John
Casgrain Timothy	Wallace Henry
Campbell Marinda S	Williams Lucy
Clark O S	Williams Ned 2
Ely George Q	FOREIGN LIST.
Flemming S L	Morris Ready
Geralds Mary	John Honan
Goff Jonathan	John Shuchen
Greene Chas A	Catharine Murry
Greene Susan	Corneleus Murry
Harrington Hannah	Daniel Lynch
Hill A H	Dennis Healy
Hastings Chester	Bridget Gavin
Kendall Madison	John Hollerian
Knowlton Nathan	Michael Denan
Michel Warner B	Patric Carolan
Michel Lysander	James Cahill
Maron L	John Mac
Mixter Alonzo	Patric Konna
Newton James	Ellen Curly
Smith Emery 2	Patric Powers
Smith Abbey	Edward Fennerty
Smith John 2	Cornelius Currier
Snow Levi	Catharine Cullen

Please say advertised when the above letters are called for.

WM. HOLBROOK, P. M.

New-London, Willimantic, & Palmer AND Amherst & Belchertown Railroads.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Commencing Monday, 16th May, 1853.

LEAVE NEW LONDON, AT

7,30 A. M. for Amherst, Norwich, 8,12 A. M. Willimantic 9,05 connecting at 9,05 A. M. for Hartford and Bristol. Palmer 10,45, connecting at 10,44 for Springfield and Albany, and at 1,55 P. M. for Worcester and Boston.

*10,00 A. M. for Willimantic, (or on arrival of accommodation train from New Haven.)—Norwich 11,30 A. M., connecting at 12 M. at Norwich for Worcester and Boston.

1,45 for Amherst (or on arrival of train from New York and New Haven.) Norwich 2,35 P. M., connecting at 3,20 for Worcester.—*Willimantic 3,30 connecting at 4,20 for Hartford. *Palmer 6,10 connecting at 7,09 for Springfield and Albany, and 9,55 for Worcester and Boston.

LEAVE AMHERST AT

5,00 A. M. for New London, New Haven and New York. *Palmer 6,30 connecting at 8,48 for Worcester and Boston, and 10,44 for Springfield and Albany. Willimantic 9,05 connecting at 9,05 for Hartford and Bristol. Norwich 9,55 connecting at 12 M. for Worcester and Boston, and at New London at 10,30 A. M. for New Haven and New York.

1,15 P. M. for New London, New Haven and New York. Palmer 2,30 connecting at 2,18 for Worcester and Boston, and at 3,21 for Springfield. Willimantic 4,25 connecting at 4,20 for Hartford. Norwich 5,20. At New London at 6,00 for New Haven and New York, and at 9,30 with Steamers Connecticut, Knickerbocker and Worcester for New York.

LEAVE WILLIMANTIC AT

*1,30 P. M. for New London. Norwich 3,10 connecting at 3.20 for Worcester.

*Freight trains with Passenger Car attached; and do not stop at Massapeag, Mohegan, Norwich Falls, Norwich Town, Franklin or Lebanon.

Through tickets to New York, via Steamboat from New London, can be had at all the Ticket Stations on this Road.

Discount made to passengers procuring tickets before taking seats in the cars.

THROUGH TICKETS FROM

Palmer to New York (Cabin) $3,00.
" " " (Deck) $2,60.

WM. R. STORRS, Supt.

New London, May 12, 1853.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of E. B. Miles & Co., or to E. B. Miles, are requested to make immediate payment to the Subscriber, or to E. B. Miles, who is authorized to settle the same.

R. F. STEVENS, Assignee.

May 21. 5tf.

Stray Steer.

CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on the 11th inst., a two years old Steer, of a pale red color, broad horns, and in good condition. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

SUSAN WEBBER

Palmer, May 21. 3w45.

Pocket Book Lost.

LOST, in the Ladies' Sitting Room, in the depot of the Western Railroad, in Palmer, May 7th, a Red Morocco Pocket Book, containing a small amount of money. The finder will confer a favor by leaving the same—the Pocket Book at least—with Mr. Childs, the depot agent.

May 21, 1853. 3w4

IN STORE,

AND FOR SALE—
16 Hhds. Mus., P. R. and Card Molasses.
8000 lbs. Sugar, various kinds.
Old Hyson Teas,
Young " "
Ningyoung "
Souchong "
Oolong " of many qualities.

Soaps, Spices, Fish, Salt, Lard, Hams, Pork, Tobacco, &c., *at prices satisfactorily low.*

M. W FRENCH & CO.

Palmer, May 7. 3tf

FLOUR in half and whole bbls. by MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

And Still they Come!

MORE new Goods at M. W. FRENCH & Co.'s.

May 14. 4tf.

Alarm and Repeating Clocks,

EIGHT Day, and Thirty Hour—a good assortment. Warranted good time keepers. For sale by

A. BLODGETT.

Union Block, Palmer Depot, May 14. 2tf.

Clothing! Clothing!! Clothing!!! By MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

J. W. ELLIOT, SURGEON DENTIST,

Thankful for past favors, would respectfully solicit a share of public patronage at the present time. Office at H. J. LYMAN'S Cottage House, a few steps north of the Journal Office.

Palmer, May 7. 3tf

TRUNKS, Traveling Bags, Valises, &c. by MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

A FEW pieces 22 cts. DE LAINE for 12 1-2 cents, can be found at MUNGER & BASSETT'S.

May 7. 3tf

BOOTS and SHOES by MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

COOLEY'S Hampden Daguerrian Gallery,

(Nos. 26 & 27 Foot's Block,)

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

THIS is one of the oldest Daguerreotype Galleries there is in New England, and never in Western Massachusetts had its rival. It is well known in Hampden County and all over the United States, and has as good a reputation as any other establishment in the Union.

The Likenesses taken at this Gallery will, as they always have done, speak for themselves, and to more effect than all the gas the pen can manufacture.

This Gallery is alone responsible for all the fine gems that it exhibits, and no borrowed or purchased Daguerreotypes does it claim the merit of.

It was at the last annual Fair of the Hampden County Agricultural Society awarded a Diploma for the best Daguerreotypes exhibited.

Report of Committee for 1852—"O. H. Cooley, fine specimens, Diploma." No others received any notice.

Report of the Committee for 1851—"Cooley's Daguerreotypes are yet unsurpassed."

This Gallery was also awarded the first premium in 1851, at the Hampshire, Hampden and Franklin County Agricultural Fair, and a Premium of $3,00 in 1852 by the same Institution The Hampden Agricultural Society has years before awarded this Gallery a larger cash premium than any which it ever noticed.

This Gallery has the largest collection of Daguerreotypes on Exhibition of any Gallery in Massachusetts, and the numerous visits it daily receives show the marked respect the Gallery so justly merits.

Daguerreotypes, Paintings and Engravings accurately copied.

Out door views and minatures of deceased persons taken at the shortest notice.

Whether visitors wish pictures or not the Gallery is open daily. Admission Free.

A fine likeness of the Rev. Eleazer Williams can be seen at this Gallery, taken two years ago by Cooley; also, Daguerreotypes of Hon. Wm. L. Marcy, Hon. Wm. H. Seward, Hon. Alpheus Felch, Hon. Geo. Ashmun, Ex-Gov. George N. Briggs, Gov. John H. Clifford, Hon. Theodore Frelinghuysen, Judges Bigelow, Boyington and Morris, and a superior likeness of the late District Attorney Wm. H. Porter, and a host of other Distinguished men, all taken at this Gallery. We wish only to state what we can do; no deceptive means used to get people to sit at this Gallery for Likenesses. Nobody makes Daguerreotypes in oils; no one in Springfield makes and colors Talbotypes that can be shown We claim no Professorship for what does not exist; we are Daguerreotypists for the public; we have been known as such for ten years. Our prices are reasonable. We do not advertise one price and charge another.

O. H. Cooley and Charles Sexton Operators.

And in connection with the above we have to add that we have established a Branch Gallery at Palmer Depot, furnished in the most improved style, with a superior Sky Light, and every thing adapted to the highest perfection of the art, where we shall always be in readiness to wait upon our friends in a manner which we know will prove satisfactory.

WM. F. TALCOTT, Operator.

2tf

Ready Made Clothing

OF all kinds, from the cheap Sack, to the most Fashionable Dress Coat. Pants and Vests, the largest and best assortment ever before offered in this vicinity. Also, a good assortment of Plain and Fancy Cravats and Stocks, Shirts, Collars, Bosoms, Gloves, &c.

L. A. BAILEY.

Nassowanno Block, April 16, 1853. 52tf.

Read This.

IT has become a common saying with most venders of Goods, that such and such articles are the very best and neatest in the world. We speak of this, because we do not like to be ranked with that class of traders who recommend every thing they sell because they wish to sell it *regardless of its merits*. What we are trying to come at is simply this, that our selections of Prints *superceeds* any variety *in style* ever before brought to Hampden Co.; if this is doubted we will get it endorsed by responsible persons.

MUNGER & BASSETT.

April 16. 52tf

Hams! Hams!!

HAMS, Pork, Lard, &c., may be found at M. W. FRENCH & CO.'s.

April 16. 52tf

An Entirely New

AND Fresh assortment of PAPER HANGINGS received this week. Call and see.

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Palmer, March 19. tf43

FEATHERS, by MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

Notice---Removal.

L. B. CHAMBERLIN, manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, next building to the Nassowanno House, would call the attention of the inhabitants of Palmer and vicinity, to his new and choice stock of goods, feeling confident that he can offer inducements worthy the favorable notice of all.

Those who in their purchases regard durability and cheapness, or wish for a fashionable article, can do no better than to examine this assortment, consisting of

Men's French and American Calf Boots,
" Calf and Enameled Congress do.,
" Kipp and Calcutta do.,
Men's and Boys' Calf, Kipp, Enameled and Goat Skin Shoes,
Slippers and Rubbers,
Misses' and Children's Shoes, Bootees and Gaiters,
Ladies' Gaiters,
" Half Gaiters.
" Morocco Lind,
" Enameled "
" " Polkas,
" Patent Leather Shoes,
" Kid Buskins,
" Morocco Slippers &c. &c. &c.

May 7, 1853. 3tf.

Marshall Calkins, M. D.,

WOULD announce to the inhabitants of Monson and adjacent towns, that he, as the successor of his brother, Dr. David Calkins, has again located himself in Monson. Having been associated with Prof. Calvin Newton, both in the practice and the teaching of Medicine, he has during his absence made commendable progress in professional acquirements. From all those who prefer a system of innocent and sanative medication, when scientifically applied, to that which sanctions the frequent use of mercurials, antimonials, arsenic and the lancet, he respectfully solicits patronage.

At all hours by day or night he holds himself in readiness to attend to professional calls. Office nearly opposite the Academy.

Monson, May 7, 1853. 3w3.

CAN BE FOUND At the Nassowanno Grocery Store,

A fresh and full assortment of Groceries and Provision, which will be sold for the next sixty days, at very low prices. To all persons buying goods with cash, I wish to say to be sure and not make your purchase until you have called and examined our stock and prices.

C. C. SHAW, Agt.

Palmer, Apr. 30, 1853. 2tf.

New Miliner's Shop!

MRS. SQUIRES would invite the attention of the Ladies of Palmer and vicinity to the stock of New Milinery Goods just opened in Hall & Valentine's Block, two doors north of the Post Office.

She has a great variety of all the late styles of Bonnets and other Milinery articles, which will be sold very low. Now is the season for getting new Bonnets, and dressing up old ones.—Call at the *new Shop*, and you will be pleased with the assortment, as well as the work.

☞ Mrs. Squires also continues business at her old stand (up stairs) in Ware, where she will be happy to wait on all who may give her a call.

April 16th, 1853. 52.

Grand Opening! New and Elegant Spring Goods!

GENTLEMEN desirous of New and Beautiful Styles of Goods for Spring wear, are invited to call and examine a choice Selection of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vesting of the most approved Fabric.

L. A. BAILEY.

Nassowanno Block, April 16, 1853. 52tf.

Fire! Fire!!

THE Subscriber is Agent for some of the best Fire Insurance Companies in the United States, and will take risks on the most favorable terms.

GEORGE W. RANDELL

Three Rivers April 24th.

Coffin Plates

SHROUDS; Caps &c on hand, or furnished at short notice by

A. BLODGETT.

Union Block, Palmer Depot.

Grass Seeds!

HERD'S Grass, Glover and Red Top Seeds at prices as low as the market will allow, For sale by M. W. FRENCH & CO.

April 16. 52tf

"Equal and Exact Justice to all, Special favors to none."

Trade Solicited but no Trust.

ONE PRICE ONLY!

TERMS CASH, OR ITS EQUIVALENT.

HAVING just purchased a Stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c, the same will be offered at a small advance from cost. The public are invited to call and determine for themselves as to prices, and choose between the Cash and Credit systems.

A. C. BILLINGS.

Tockwotton Block, Palmer Depot.

Apr. 9th, 1853. 51tf.

The Old Shop!

MRS. Collins would say to her old friends and customers, that she has returned from the City with a good assortment of Fancy Goods, and Millinery, and after they have examined the new shops, please call and look at her assortment, as she thinks it will compare favorably both as to prices and quality, with any shop in Western Mass. She would also say to those who are in the habit of purchasing Goods at Ware, that she has opened a Shop in that place, (next door to Ezra Allen's,) down stairs, where they will find a good assortment of Goods, and agreeable young ladies to wait on them.

Apr. 23, 1853. 1tf.

THE place to buy the best Hams and Dried Beef, (not smoked) is at the Nassowanno Grocery Store.

Palmer, Apr. 30, 1853. 2tf.

Just Received!

M. W. FRENCH & CO., have this week received an assortment of Elegant Dress Goods, among which may be found Rich Black Silks, Mazena Cloths, (new and pretty) Mourning Poplins, Barege DeLaines, Mous. DeLaines (spring styles) Muslins, Bor'd. English and American Prints in great variety, of new patterns. *All for sale very low.*

April 16. 52tf

Lime.

The subscriber will keep constantly on hand, a full supply of FRESH BURNT Lime, by the cask or bushel, at A. C. Billings' store, Tockwotton Block. All orders supplied at short notice.

S. G. SHAW.

Palmer March 11th, 1853. 48tf.

Millinery Notice---Special.

HAVING completed our arrangements on an extensive scale for the Spring business, we desire to inform our friends who have so *generously* patronized us since our removal, and others, that our SPRING OPENING of FASHIONABLE MILLINERY will occur Thursday the 31st inst.

We intend to have the most splendid Stock of Millinery Goods this Spring ever exhibited in the growing "Infant City." Our Millinery department is in charge of those who are *fully* competent to do justice in *fashion* to any who may give us their patronage.

We have engaged the services of a Cap Maker from one of the first Boston Stores, who will devote her time to the manufactory and sale of CAPS, HEAD DRESSES, &c. We shall have completed our store by next Thursday, and give added to it One Story, with a

Splendid Silk and Shawl

Room, VISITE, MANTILLA and CAP room, and DRESS MAKING rooms attached; making it in all the most Spacious and by far the *very best lighted* Dry Goods Store in the *State*.

Hampden County Savings Store
Opposite Hampden Hall
Corner Store,
ROCKWOOD & CO.

Springfield, March 26. 8w50

J. Parker & Co's Marble Works.

Successors to A. & S. Tomlinson,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

THE subscribers having lately purchased of Messrs. A. & S. Tomlinson their Marble Works, corner of Main and William sts., comprising their entire Stock, Machinery and Water power, for the manufacture of Marble; also, the entire stock of Marble, of the late firm of Dwelley & Keep, of this City, and having erected a new shop opposite the North Church on Main st., a few rods south of the Depot, they are prepared to furnish Monuments, Grave Stones, Tomb Tablets, Counter Tops, Pier and Center Tables, Soda Founts, Chimney Pieces, or any other kind of Marble Work, at the shortest notice, at either of the above named places, from the largest and best stock of Foreign and American Marble ever offered for sale in this city.—Having purchased the aboved named lots of Marble at very low rates, they are prepared to sell at prices which cannot fail to suit all.

J. PARKER & CO.

Springfield, April 16th, 1853.

Having disposed of our interest in the Marble business to Messrs. J. Parker & Co., (as noticed above,) we cheerfully recommend them to the favorable notice of our friends and former patrons, as men of integrity and experience, and as meriting the confidence of the public.

A. & S. TOMLINSON.

April 16th, 1853. 6m52.

Hammond's Liniment.

A SAFE and speedy remedy for all diseases requiring an external application This Liniment has been before the public for the last seven years, steadily acquiring a reputation by its own merits, and now feeling confidence in it, as a remedial agent, we give it a wide circulation, that all may receive benefit from its invaluable properties. For sprains, and contractions of the muscles and tendons, stiffness and injuries of joints, rheumatism, gout, burns, bruises, frozen extremities, &c., it has no equal. The following certificates of some of our most prominent physicians and citizens, shows the confidence and reliance they place upon it:

Certificates.—This may certify, that we have used the above named Liniment in the various diseases, &c., for which it is recommended, and cheerfully add our testimony to its efficacy.

J. N. Bates, M. D., Barre. J. Gorham, Barre.
W. Parkhurst, " Petersham. A. Alden, "
G. Barstow, " Boston. G. Twichell, Sup't
G. W. Pierce, " Leominster. of B. & W. R. R.
D. Rice, Barre. Gen. A. Holman, Bolton,

For sale wholesale and retail, by CALDWELL & HILL, Apothecaries,

229 Main street, Worcester, Mass., General Agents.

Also for sale by J. BOWLES, Palmer, WILSON & EDWARDS, and S. C. PARSONS, Northampton, and by Merchants generally.

March, 26. 1853. 3m49.

Coal! Coal!!

OF all kinds will be furnished at short notice delivered at Palmer, by applying to J. S. AMES, Agent N. L. W. & P. R. R. Co.

Blacksmiths and all others using coal in this vicinity can save money by sending orders as above.

Palmer, April 2. 50tf

Smith's Patent VERTICAL GATE.

THE attention of Farmers, and the Public generally is invited to the above Gate, which possesses many advantages over any other Gate in use. This Gate does not swing but opens vertically from the center by a parallel movement of the rails, consequently there can be no *saging*, or drawing over of the Posts; it requires no ground to swing upon, but may be opened and shut while teams are standing close upon either side of it, and without any shoveling away of snow in the winter, and is equally adapted to inclining as to level ground. The Gate is very simple in its construction, not liable to get out of order, and may be built for less expense than the common swing Gate of equal size and strength. A full size working Gate may be seen by calling on the subscriber near the Union House, Palmer Depot, who will furnish Gates, or the Right for making and using the Gates, on liberal terms.

A. BLODGETT.

Palmer, April 2, 1853. 50tf.

A Candid, Sober Fact, Viz:

THAT we have got a better assortment of Clothing, than was ever before offered in this vicinity, and in addition to our unrivaled assortment, we would say most emphatically, that a great portion of it equals any custom work that can be procured, and relative to prices, that our *superior* styles and qualities will be sold as low as the *kind* usually kept by clothiers. We think this ample inducement to merit the attention of all purchasers.

MUNGER & BASSETT.

April 16. 52tf

"A Hat! A Hat! My Kingdom for a Hat!" So King Richard would have said if he had lived in 1853, and seen the new lot just received by us. They are the neatest, prettiest, and of course, the cheapest lot offered in Palmer. Our assortment of Caps is also good, and worthy of being examined before purchasing elsewhere.

MUNGER & BASSETT.

Palmer, April 16, 1853. 52tf.

Plaster.

150 Tons Ground Plaster.
800 Bush. Corn.
50 Bbls. Lime.
200 " Flour.

Meal, Feed, Salt, Grass Seeds, &c., for sale at the Old Stand of Hall & Valentine.

J. A. HALL.

Palmer, April 16. 52tf

J. & P. HENDRICK'S fine cut, and chewing Tobacco, by the paper or gross, by MUNGER & BASSETT.

Palmer, March 19, 1853. 52tf

POETRY.

Common Sense.

She came among the glittering crowd—
A maiden fair without pretence—
And when they asked her humble name,
She whispered mildly, "Common Sense."

Her modest garb drew every eye,
Her ample cloak, her shoes of leather—
And when they sneered, she simply said,
"I dress according to the weather."

They argued long and reasoned loud,
In dubious Hindoo phrase mysterious,
While she, poor child, could not divine
Why girls so young should be so serious.

They knew the length of Plato's beard,
And how the scholars wrote in Saturn—
She studied authors not so deep,
And took the Bible for a pattern.

And so she said, "Excuse me, friends,
I find all have their proper places,
And Common Sense should stay at home,
With cheerful heart and smiling faces."

The Dream of Home.

Who has not felt how sadly sweet
The dream of home, the dream of home,
Steals o'er the heart, too soon, too fleet,
When far o'er sea or land we roam?
Sunlight more soft may o'er us fall,
To greener shores our bark may come;
But far more bright, more dear than all,
That dream of home, that dream of home.

Ask of the sailor youth when far
His light bark bounds o'er ocean's foam,
What charms him most, when ev'ning's star
Smiles o'er the wave? to dream of home.
Fond thoughts of absent friends and loves
At that sweet hour around him come;
His heart's best joy where'er he roves,
That dream of home, that dream of home.

☞ The twenty-four letters of the alphabet may be transposed 620,448,401,733,239,439,360,000 times. All the inhabitants of the globe on a rough calculation, could not, in a thousand million of years, write out all the transpositions of the twenty-four letters, even supposing that each wrote forty pages daily, each of which pages contained 40 different transpositions of the letters.

☞ The word *lady* is not found in the Bible. So say various exchanges. Turn to Isaiah 47th, 5th and 7th verses; to 2d Ep. John, vs. 1 and 5; to Judges 5, 29, and Esther 1, 18, and judge of the Scriptural knowledge of the originator of that paragraph.

☞ Ferdinand, King of Spain, used to say that he could distinguish a wise man from a fool by the following marks. Moderation in auger, government in household affairs, and writing a letter without useless repetitions.

☞ God sometimes sends a famine, sometimes a pestilence, and sometimes a hero, for the chastisement of mankind—none of them, surely, for their admiration.

DELICACY.—An American young lady, a weekly newspaper having been left on her toilet table, refused to dress herself because there was an Observer in the room.

☞ A disagreeable duty should be done as a dose of medicine should be swallowed, without allowing one's self to think beforehand of its unpleasantness.

☞ "Excuse me, madam, but I would like to ask why you look at me so very savagely?" 'Oh! beg pardon, sir; I took you for my husband!"

SICK.—Dr. Kane, leader of the second Grinnell expedition to the Arctic regions, is suffering from inflammatory rheumatism.—The voyage should commence on the 15th of May.

BUSINESS CARDS.

F. T. WALLACE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office in Munger's Building.
April 1, 1852. 50tf

C. FORBUSH, & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Foreign and American Marble,
PALMER, MASS.
☞ Shop about half a mile East of Palmer Depot.
Tombstones, Monuments and Table Tops, made to order at short notice.
Palmer, Feb. 21, 1852. tf44

TORREY & BARLOW,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
PALMER, MASS.
Office first door East of the Nassowanno House.
C. TORREY. M. BARLOW.
jan. 13. 39 tf.

H. F. MILLER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Shop in Barton's Block,
MONSON, MASS.
15tf

C. SANFORD,
(*Successor to S. W. Cone,*)
DEALER IN
Monuments, Grave Stones, &c., of Italian and American Marble.
All kinds of Carving and Ornamental work done in the best manner, as well as Lettering that will bear inspection.
H. D. SANFORD, Agt.
Ware, Mass., Dec. 25, 1852.

J. S. BAILEY,
DEALER IN
All kinds of Cooking, Parlor and other Stoves, Tin Ware, &c., which will be sold at fair prices.
Job work done promptly and in the best manner.
Palmer, Jan. 1, 1853. 57tf

STATIONERY,
BLANKS, BLANK BOOKS,
ENVELOPES & PAPER
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;
TOYS, PERFUMERY, BRUSHES,
ALSO,
FANCY GOODS,
In great variety, for sale by
ELIHU GEER,
10 State St., Hartford, Conn.

THE Store of the Subscriber will be weekly replenished with New Goods, from the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Importing Houses, and from all the principal American manufacturers. Among his extensive assortment may be found all kinds of

Letter, Cap, Drawing, Note and Fancy Papers;
White, Buff & Enameled Envelopes;
Papier Mache, Rosewood, Mahogany & Leather Writing Desks, Work Boxes, &c.;
Cloth, Leather and Papier Mache Portefolios, From 37½ cts. to $8.00 each;
All styles of Card Cases and Porte Monnaies;
Wallets and Pocket Books;
Steel, Silk and Kid Purses; Bankers' Cases;
Lubin's Celebrated Genuine Perfumes;
Farina's Unrivaled Cologne;
Bridal, Glove & Handkerchief Perfumed Boxes,
Building Blocks, Wood Alphabets;
Velvet, Iron, Tin and India Rubber Toys;
Pearl & Ivory Tablets;
Crying Babies; China, Wax and Rubber Dolls;
Games too numerous to mention;
Magnets, Masks, & Magic Lanterns;
Hair, Cloth, Hat, Tooth, Nail & Lather Brushes,
Gentlemen's Dressing Cases;
Shell and Horn Dressing Combs; Ivory Combs;
Ladies' Companions, Spool Stands;
All kinds Rubber Balls; Vesta Lights;
Harmonicans, Pickwicks, Sand Toys, Tea Bells
Opera Glasses, Toilet & Traveling Glasses;
Thermometers and Barometers;
Tooth Powder, Hair Oils, Toilet & Shaving Soaps,
Chessmen, Dominoes, Back Gammon Boards,
Chessboards; Dice; Checkers;
Sewing Birds, six kinds, from 37½ to 62½ cents;
Penknives, Scissors and Shears;
A splendid assortment of
Gold Pens, in Gold and Silver Cases;
Steel Pens, Fifty Styles; Pen Nibs and Quills;
Letter Seals or Stamps, all styles;
The best of Wax, warranted to burn free;
Water Colors, from 6 cents to $4.00 per box;
Fancy Paper and Glass Boxes;
Transparent, Porcelain and Paper Slates;
A large assortment of Visiting & Wedding Cards:
Stationery Articles in general;
Every kind of Legal & Probate Blanks;
Wedding Stationery and "Fixins," best qualities;
Patent Blot Pads; Diaries;
Ledgers, Day & Cash Books, Journals, &c.
Blank Notes, Drafts, Orders, Due Bills, &c. &c.,
Letter Copying Presses, Books & Ink;
Mathematical Instruments; Blotting Papers;
Paper Folders and Paper Weights; Erasers;
Newspaper Files and Wires;
Mouth Glue & Mucilage; Indelible Inks;
Black, Blue, Red & Violet Inks;
Inkstands, of One Hundred different varieties.

ALL of the above described articles can be found in greater profusion and variety than elsewhere in New England, besides other articles too numerous to mention. Call and see for yourself. They will be sold at the lowest prices, either at wholesale or retail. ☞ Particular attention given to the PAPER and ENVELOPE TRADE, at 10 STATE STREET, HARTFORD, CT., by ELIHU GEER.

☞ Every kind and style of JOB, CARD and BOOK PRINTING, by Steam, executed as heretofore. Large additions of NEW TYPE and MACHINERY are being made this year, to the already most extensive Printing Establishment of
ELIHU GEER, 10 STATE ST.
Hartford, May, 1853.

To Those who are Diseased.

THE Uudersigned, having been in successful practice of Medicine for the past nine years, in this place, and being no longer able to ride to a distance and bear the responsibility which has formerly rested upon him, proposes to examine Patients at his residence. Patients can be examined while he is in the clairvoyant state, or by the common practice of examining. Feeling confident in the success he has had for the last six months in his clairvoyant examinations, and prescriptions, that he can benefit all who call upon him, desires all who are diseased to test him for their own benefit.
R. BARRON.
Botanic Physician and Clairvoyant.
All kinds of Medicine carefully prepared, by the clairvoyant, who is experienced in compounding Medicine of all kinds.

Syrups.	Bitters.
Cancer,	Jaundice,
Scrofula,	Strengthening,
Erysipelas,	Wine,
Compound Humor,	Stimulating,
Lung,	

Anti-billious Pills of a superior kind.
All kinds of the above Medicines kept constantly on hand.
Palmer, Sept. 10. 21tf

Merchant Tailoring ESTABLISHMENT.

THE Subscriber having purchased the shop formerly occupied by T. C. Denecke, would announce to the citizens of Monson and vicinity, that he has on hand, and will constantly keep, a good assortment of Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Vestings, &c., and at prices to suit.
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS—Shirts, Collars, Cravats, Caps, &c. Also a good assortment of

Ready Made Clothing.

The public may rest assured of finding such goods as they may want, and of finding me at all times at the shop, ready to wait on any who may give me a call.
☞ All Garments made warranted to fit.
STEPHEN NEEDHAM.
Monson, May, 1852. 1y6

Shaving Made Easy.

BY using one of "Frederick's Celebrated Razors," which, together with Razors of several other brands, made by some of the best manufacturers in England; Shaving Brushes; and a variety of First Quality Soaps, &c., may be found at A. BLODGETT'S,
Union Block, Palmer Depot, Dec. 11. 34

HOWARD'S
VEGETABLE
Cancer and Canker SYRUP.

THIS Preparation, which has been used during the last sixteen years with the most signal success, is now, for the first time, presented to the medium of advertising.

At a period like the present, when the proprietors of medicine are flooding the community, through the press, with testimonials in favor of their respective preparations, the subscriber deems it a duty which he owes to suffering humanity to present his also, for the consideration of the afflicted. In doing so, he is happy to be able to say, that the efficacy of this INVALUABLE COMPOUND has never been surpassed in the treatment of

CANCERS, CANKER, SCROFULA,
SALT RHEUM, ERYSIPELAS,
KING'S EVIL, SCALD
HEAD, FEVER SORES,
SCURVY, TUMORS,
ULCERS, &c.,

and those affections generally which originate in a DEPRAVED STATE of the BLOOD.

The benefit derived from its PROPER application (see DIRECTIONS) must be permanent, from the fact that it acts with great power upon THE SEAT of the disease *the morbid matter accumulated in the blood*, and entirely eradicates it from the system. But while it acts with great power and certainty in the removal of HUMORS generally, its efficacy is the most satisfactorily demonstrated in the cure of *Cancers and Fever Sores.*

It is well known that when the *blood* becomes so impure as to produce disease in these forms, the patient is supposed to be beyond the restoring influence of medicine.

Those who may be so unfortunate as to be afflicted with *Cancers or Fever Sores*, need only make a fair trial of the SYRUP *following rigidly the directions*, to be convinced that they are not *necessarily doomed* to die.

That we speak advisedly upon this subject, and do not wish to thrust upon the afflicted a useless preparation to extort from them money for which we are not willing to give them more than an equivalent, we respectfully invite attention to the subjoined testimonials which furnish the most emphatic evidence of the truthfulness of our statements.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TESTIMONY
BY A LADY.

By Mrs. H. S. Spear, wife of Capt. G. Spear.

A Cancer deemed incurable by eminent Physicians, entirely removed by the Syrup.

Quincy, April 15, 1852.

Dear Sir: This is to certify, that some years since, I was the subject of much suffering occasioned by a swelling on my breast which after a few months was pronounced by eminent physicians, a Cancer, and one which they could not encourage me to hope could be cured. Deriving no benefit from their prescriptions, and hearing of your invaluable specific for cancerous affections, I commenced taking the Syrup, and soon began to feel its beneficial effects. Encouraged by its favorable effects in the incipient stages of its operation. I persevered in its use till the swelling subsided, the cancerous symptoms wholly disappeared, and my health was perfectly restored. I feel that the continuance of my life is attributable to the agency of your excellent medicine, and I cheerfully recommend it to the afflicted as the *best* remedy for the diseases for which it is prescribed of which I have any knowledge.

HANNAH S. SPEAR.

Most malignant Fever Sores healed and the Patient restored to health.

ASTONISHING CURE!!

Worcester, Sept. 1, 1851.

Mr. D. Howard: It is with great pleasure that I send you my testimony in favor of your *Cancer and Canker Syrup.* It has affected by the blessing of God attending its administration, the greatest cure that ever came to my knowledge. My son was afflicted with Fever Sores to such a degree that for four months his life was despaired of, when I was informed that Zeba Howard, of Randolph Mass., could cure him. I immediately sent for him, and in three days after he came the boy began to recover, and continued to improve till his sores were completely healed, since which he has enjoyed as good health as could be desired. I have recommend the Syrup to a great many persons since, who are also ready to give their testimony in its favor. Of all medicines of which I have any knowledge, I regard this, for the diseases for which it is recommended, as *the best.* I could write all day, and not tell half I feel in relation to the utility of your excellent Syrup. May God speed you in your work, and succeed your efforts to alleviate human suffering.

MARSON EATON.

SCIENTIFIC TESTIMONY.

To the Public. A Card: By a Druggist.

Randolph, April 12, 1852.

I know the ingredients which compose Howard's Vegetable Cancer and Canker Syrup, and am acquainted with the formula for its preparation. It is purely vegetable in its nature, containing no *mecurial or mineral* substances, and is composed of such vegetables only as possess great Alterative properties. It is an excellent remedy for those diseases for which the Proprietor recommends it, and I cheerfully commend it to the afflicted.

ZENAS SNOW, Druggist and Chemist.

Having presented the above statements and testimonials, we assure the afflicted that the certificates (which have been selected from many in our possession) are *Genuine*; of which, if they have any doubt, they are desired to communicate with the individuals over whose signatures they are published and their suspicions will soon be removed.

☞ The *genuine* is prepared and sold by D. HOWARD, Randolph, Mass. For sale also by REDDING & CO. 8 STATE ST. BOSTON, General Agents; and retailed by Agents through out the country.

Circulars furnished gratuitously by Agents when desired.

☞ Price, $1,00 per bottle; $5,00 for six bottle. A liberal discount made to those who buy to sell again.

For sale in Palmer, by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.

PAPER HANGINGS, a good assortment, by MUNGER & BASSETT.
Palmer, March 19, 1853. 32tf.

"Eureka, Eureka."

We have found it at last. Now for the little ones. Why will parents waste hours and days in fruitless endeavors to get perfect pictures of their children, and after all get nothing but a poor miserable caricature? We would say, come to our *Excelsior Gallery*, and we will guarantee to make you a perfect picture, by our *Electro Chemical* process, that works in from 1-2 to 2 seconds

We defy any Daguerrian in Springfield or elsewhere to compete with us, as we are the inventors, and the process is used only in our different establishments in the New England and Middle States. For pictures of adults, the Silver Medals we have received from the American Institute, New York, and Franklin, Philadelphia, together with hundreds of premiums from county fairs is sufficient proof that they are the "*ne plus ultra*" of perfection.

We have at great expense procured the *exclusive right* of Hampden Co., for the

VIGNETTE OR CRAYON PICTURES,

The most beautiful and brilliant production of the art. We caution all operatives from any infringement of the same.

Prof. D. C Collins, who is pronounced the best practical operator in the United States, has charge of the Chemical department.

Howard Peal, an *artist* by profession, has charge of the *artistical*

This establishment, connected as it is, with the world renowned and celebrated artist Verno of *Paris*, and Mayall of *London*, has facilities of receiving all the late European improvements.

We would call particular attention to our *Talbotypes* in *Oil.*

COLLINS & CO.
Main st., opposite Site late Hampden House, Springfield. Collin's buildings, Westfield.
No. 100 Chestnut st. Philadelphia.
March 12th, 1853. 47tf.

HERE IS YOUR REMEDY.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

A most miraculous cure of Bad Legs, after 43 years' standing.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. Wm. Galpin, of 70 St. Mary's st., Weymouth, May 15th, 1851. To Professor Holloway:

Sir,—At the age of 18, my wife, who is now 61, caught a violent cold, which settled in her legs, and ever since that time they have been more or less sore, and greatly inflamed. Her agonies were distracting, and for months together she was deprived entirely of rest and sleep.—Every remedy that medical men advised was tried but without effect; her health suffered severely, and the state of her legs was terrible. I had often read your advertisements, and advised her to try your Pills and Ointment; and, as a last resource, after every other remedy had proved useless, she consented to do so. She commenced six weeks ago, and strange to relate, is now in good health. Her legs are painless, without seam or scar, and her sleep sound and undisturbed. Could you have witnessed the sufferings of my wife during the last 43 years, and contrast them with her present enjoyment of health, you would indeed feel delighted in having been the means of so greatly alleviating the sufferings of a fellow creature.

Signed. WM. GALPIN.

A person 70 Years of Age Cured of a Bad Leg of Thirty Years' standing.

Copy of a letter from Mr Wm. Abbs, builder of Gas Ovens, of Rushcliffe, near Huddersfield, dated May 31st, 1851.

To Professor Holloway:

Sir,—I suffered for a period of thirty years from a bad leg, the result of two or three different accidents at Gas Works; accompanied by scorbutic symptons. I had recourse to a variety of medical advice, without deriving any benefit, and was even told that the leg must be amputated, yet, in opposition to that opinion, your Pills and Ointment have effected a complete cure in so short a time, that few who had not witnessed it would credit the fact.

Signed WM. ABBS.

The truth of this statement can be verified by Mr W. P. England, Chemist, 13 Market st., Huddersfield.

A dreadful bad Breast cured in one Month.

Extract of a letter from Mr. Frederick Turner, of Penshurst, Kent, dated Dec. 13th, 1850.

To Professor Holloway:

Dear Sir,—My wife had suffered from bad Breasts for more than six months, and during the whole period had the best medical attendance, but all to no use. Having before healed an awful wound in my own leg by your unrivalled medicine, I determined again to use your Pills and Ointment, and therefore gave them a trial in her case and fortunate it was I did so, for in less than a month a perfect cure was effected, and the benefit that various other branches of my family have derived from their use is really astonishing. I now strongly recommend them to all my friends.

Signed FREDERICK TURNER.

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases:

Bad legs	Gout
Bad breasts	Glandular Swellings
Burns	Lumbago
Bunions	Piles
Bite of Moschetoes and Sand-Flies	Rheumatism
Coco-bay	Scalds
Chiego-foot	Sore Nipples
Chilblains	Sore throats
Chapped hands	Skin diseases
Corns (soft)	Scurvy
Cancers	Sore heads
Contracted & stiff joints	Tumors
Elephantiasis	Ulcers
Fistulas	Wounds
	Yaws

Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 244 Strand, near Temple Bar, London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the British Empire, and of those of the United States, in Pots at 37 1-2 c., 87 c., and $1,50 c., each. Wholesale by the principal Drug houses in the Union and by Messrs A. B. & D. SANDS, New York, and REDDING & Co., Boston.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

For sale in Palmer by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.
Sept 10th. 1yeow.

FAIRBANKS'
PATENT PLATFORM
AND
COUNTER SCALES,

Of improved quality, and at reduced prices, sold at their Warehouse,

16, Kilby St. Boston.

Railroad, Hay, Coal, Ice and Farmers' Scales set in any part of the country, at short notice.
Feb. 26. 3m45

BAG and Bbl. SALT, by MUNGER & BASSETT.
May 7. 3tf

New System and New Remedies
FOR THE CURE OF
CONSUMPTION.
NUTTALL'S SYRIACUM,
IN THREE BOTTLES,
CONTAINING
THREE DIFFERENT PREPARATIONS,
For the Cure of the
Three Different Stages
OF CONSUMPTION.

INCIPIENT

FIRST STAGE—*Symptoms.*—Cough, pain in the breast, side, head, back, joints and limbs; inflammation, soreness and tickling in the throat fever, difficult and quick breathing, *expectoration difficult, slight and frothy.*

CONFIRMED

SECOND STAGE—*Symptoms.*—Costiveness, spasmodic cough, violent fever, night, morning and mid-day sweats, heetic flush in the face and cheeks, burning heat in the palms of the hands and soles of the feet, *expectoration easy, copious, and streaked with blood.*

TUBERCULAR

THIRD STAGE—*Symptoms.*—Diarrhœa, diminished fever, cough, and morning sweats, great and increasing debility, frequent fainting fits, slight delirium, and swelling of the extremities.

TO THE AFFLICTED.

The appearance in Three Bottles of NUTTALL'S SYRIACUM is a rare era in Medicine, from its novelty and direct opposition to the old *absurd and inconsistent one bottle system*, while its success prepared in this manner, each Bottle containing a different preparation, in curing the different stages which characterize Consumption, has established the welcome truth of the curability *of every stage of Pulmonary Consumption.*

Physicians approve of it, because it is based upon correct Physiological and Pathological principles. The public approve of it, because it is common sense, and because they *know* from sad experience that *one* preparation will *not* cure the *three* stages of Consumption. The suffering, disappointed, and discouraged Invalid approves of it, because its principles hold out a reasonable Hope, and *when he uses Nuttall's Syriacum, his hopes are realized.*

IF HE IS IN THE FIRST STAGE OF CONSUMPTION.

and uses the first bottle, his expectoration, difficult and painful, becomes free and easy, his cough soon gets well, the soreness, tickling in his throat, inflammation, pain in his breast, side, head, back, joints, and limbs are removed.

IF HE IS IN THE SECOND STAGE

and uses the second bottle, his fever leaves him, his disturbed slumbers become sweet and refreshing, his night sweats vanish, his expectoration copious and bloody, assumes a healthy appearance, and at length disappears, his bowels become regular, his appetite returns, the flush in his cheek disappears, the burning heat in the palms of his hands and soles of his feet, are felt no longer, his cough now ceases, he recovers and is well.

IF HE IS IN THE THIRD STAGE

and uses the third bottle, his Diarrhœa gradually ceases, his weak bowels become strong, his cough and other bad symptoms disappear, feeble digestion becomes strong and vigorous, his stomach recovers its proper tone, and creates new, rich and nourishing blood, his strength returns, his wasted body is clothed with flesh, his life is saved, and he is

RESTORED TO HEALTH!

Each bottle of *NUTTALL'S SYRIACUM* has the *symptoms* of the stage for which it is *intended*, printed in front of the wrapper, whereby every invalid knowing his own symptoms, can judge for himself

WHICH BOTTLE HE REQUIRES,

consequently no mistake can occur in selecting

THE PROPER MEDICINE.

☞ See Pamphlet in possession of the editor of this paper, containing Dr. Nuttall's Pathology of Consumption. Lecture on the Structure and Uses of the Human Lungs, and Certificates of Cures.

☞ Prepared only by *Dr. WM. NUTTALL*, Inventor and Proprietor. Price one dollar per bottle.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE,
278 *Race-st., one door above Eighth,*
PHILADELPHIA.

Sold in Palmer Depot, by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.
83 Dec. 4, 1852.

Plows.

THE Subscriber keeps at his shop, about one mile east of the Depot Village, the different sizes of J. R. Whittemore & Co.'s celebrated Eagle Plows, which he will sell for cash at manufacturers' prices, or exchange for white oak timber.
F. BLANCHARD.
Palmer, Dec. 27. 35tf

DEVINE'S
PITCH LOZENGES.

A pleasant, safe and effectual Remedy for Colds, Coughs, Influenza, Croup, Asthma, Whooping-Cough, and all Pulmonary Diseases, when a portion of the Lungs remain sufficient to sustain life. Columns of testimonials of their efficacy might be inserted, but the using of a single box is better evidence than them all.—Try them and be convinced.

Only 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Circulars containing certificates of Cures may be found with all the agents.

For sale, wholesale and retail by
A. BLODGETT,
Union Block, Palmer Depot, Feb. 12. 43tf

Coffins.

THE Subscriber keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of Mahogany, Black Walnut, White Wood and Pine Coffins, which he will furnish with shrouds and plates, if desired, and will deliver them if wished.
J. S. LOOMIS.
Palmer, Oct. 19, 1850. tf29

Factory Room and Steam Power to Let.

TO LET, 2 Rooms 50 feet long and 40 feet wide, each, also steam power, situated 01 miles from Boston, within 50 feet of the Depot 10 trains a day each way. Will be let for a term of years on reasonable terms, on application to O. W. FISK,
Dedham, Mass. 44tf

Billet Paper.

JUST received a beautiful assortment of Billet Paper of various styles—just the thing for writing pretty thoughts on—for sale cheap at the Journal Office.

All Ready!

TO show you Blk. and mode col'd Silk Hose, Mixed Slate and White Cotton do. for Ladies, Misses and Children. Men's 1-2 do., all qualities. Also Kid, Silk, Lisle and Cotton Gloves. Low prices will buy them of
M. W. FRENCH & CO.
April 16. 52tf

$500 CHALLENGE.

WHATEVER concerns the health and happiness of a people, is at all times of the most valuable importance. I take it for granted that every man will do all in their power, to save the lives of their children and that every person will endeavor to promote their own health at all sacrifices, I feel it to be my duty to solemnly assure ou that WORMS, according to the opinion of the best physicians, are the primary causes of a large majority of diseases to which children and adults are liable. If you have an appetite continually changeable from one kind of food to another, Bad Breath, Pain in the stom jack, Picking at the Nose, Hardness and Fullness of the Belly, Dry Cough, Slow Fever, Pulse irregular—remember that all these denote WORMS, and you should at once apply the remedy:—

Hobensack's Worm Syrup.

An article founded on Scientific Principles, compounded with purely vegetable substances, being perfectly safe when taken, and can be given to the most tender Infant with decided beneficial effect, where, *Bowell Complaints and Diarrhœa* have made them weak and debilitated the Tonic properties of my Worm Syrup are such that it stands without an equal in the catalogue of medicines, in giving tone and strength to the Stomach, which makes it an Infallible remedy for those afflicted with *Dyspepsia*, the astonishing cures performed by this Medicine after Physicians have failed, is the best evidence of its superior efficacy over all others.

The Tape Worm.

This is the most difficult worm to destroy of all that infest the human system, it grows to an almost indefinite length, becoming so coiled and fastened in the Intestines and Stomach, effecting the health so sadly as to cause the St. Vitus Dance, Fits, &c., that those afflicted seldom if ever suspect that it is Tape Worm hastening them to an early grave. In order to destroy this Worm, a very energetic treatment must be pursued, it would therefore be proper to take from 6 to 8 of my Liver Pills so as to remove all obstructions, that the Worm Syrup may act direct upon the Worm, which must be taken in doses of two table spoonfuls three times a day, these directions followed have never been known to fail in curing the most obstinate case of *Tape Worm.*

Hobensack's Liver Pills.

No part of the system is more liable to disease than the LIVER, it serving as a filterer to purify the blood or giving the proper secretion of the bile; and so that wrong action of the Liver effects the other important parts of the System and results variously in Liver Complaints, Janndice, Dyspepsia, &c. We should therefore, watch every symptom that might indicate a wrong action of the Liver. These pills being composed of ROOTS & PLANTS furnished by nature to heal the sick: Namely 1st AN EXPECTORANT which augments the secretion from the Pulmonary mucus membrane or promotes the discharge of secreted matter. 2d, AN ALTERNATIVE, which changes in some inexplicable and insensible manner the certain morbid action of the System. 3d, A TONIC which gives tone and strength to the nervous system, renewing health and vigor to all parts of the body. 4th, A CATHARTIC, which acts in perfect harmony with the other ingredients and operating on the Bowels, and expelling the whole mass of corrupt and vitiated matter, and purifying the blood, which destroys disease and restores health.

To Females.

You will find these Pills an invaluable medicine in many complaints to which you are subject. In obstruction either total or partial they have been found of inestimable benefit, restoring their functional arrangements to a healthy action, purifying the blood and other fluids so effectually, as to put to flight all complaints which may arise from female irregularities, as headache, giddiness, dimness of sight, pain in the side, back, &c.

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OFFICE CORNER OF MAIN AND THORNDIKE STS.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

A HALF MARRIED YANKEE.

A ROMANCE.

During one of my rambles down Royal street a few days ago, my attention was attracted to a very beautiful young lady, dressed in the height of fashion, coming up on the opposite side. While her attention was directed to some object in the street, she came in contact with a fine, tall, good-looking Yankee, who stood about six feet two inches in his boots. In order to give her the right of the way, he stepped obliquely to the right to let her pass; in doing so, her left foot caught that of his and threw her down in the gutter, where the mud and water was about six inches deep. The six-footer then set about relieving the lady from her unfortunate predicament in which she was placed. After rolling her out of the gutter, he raised her upon her feet, when he ventured to say to her, "My dear Miss, have you injured yourself by the fall you had?" to which she replied with half a smile, "no sir." He then took out his white pocket handkerchief, with which he endeavored to wipe off some of the mud and water from her dress and pretty face and hands. When the usual apologies had been made on both sides, for the present mishap, the Yankee picked up her parasol, and a small bundle, which had been partially broken open by the fall, containing sundry articles, and laid them down on the sidewalk; after which he expressed a wish to get a carriage, and see her home to her parents, as she might have a long distance to go. The lady stated to him that she lived in Customhouse, near Rampart street, and would accept of his kind offer. The carriage was sent for, and when it arrived, the young lady was placed in it, and the Yankee, after having got her consent, took a seat by the side of her, to see her home. During the short ride to her residence, he inquired of her if she had a father and mother. She replied that she had a mother only. He next asked her if she had any brothers or sisters. She replied that she was not aware of it, if she had, and that her father was very rich when he first came to the city ten years ago.

"Says the Yankee, "might I ask you, Miss, how rich was your father at the time of his death."

"He has been dead about six months, and just before he died he was saying to my mother he was worth in cash $70,-000." She here interrupted the conversation, by informing him that she was then at home. The driver was ordered to stop. It was in front of a three story brick house. The driver was requested to dismount from his seat and ring the bell. The summons brought the servant to the door, when the fine Yankee gallant gets out of the carriage, and assists the lady into the house. He replies to her that she must excuse him then as he had some very urgent business to transact at that hour, and by her permission, would return that evening, after which, for the first time, he inquired if he should have the pleasure of knowing by what name he could address her. Says she with a gentle smile, "My name is Maria ——."

He then takes his leave of her with a gentle squeeze of the fair one's hand, and makes light steps to his office in Camp street, thinking over the good and bad fortune that he had met with in the last two hours, and no doubt cogitating to himself that the one would more than balance the other, as $70,000 was not to be picked out of the gutters every day, as well as a lovely young girl of seventeen, and to all appearance having all the accomplishments of a young lady of that age. While pondering over the affairs of the day, night set in, and the Yankee prepared himself to pay the evening visit, according to promise. He closes his office, wends his way to the unfortunate fair one's residence—intending at the same time, should a fair chance offer, to pop the question. On arriving at the lovely one's dwelling, he rang the bell; a servant came to the door, when our Yankee inquired if Miss Maria was at home. He was answered in the affirmative and "will you walk in sir!" He was ushered into the parlor, and asked to be seated for a few minutes while she could call her young mistress, who was up stairs. After a few moments had elapsed, the lovely Maria made her appearance down stairs. When the usual salutations had been gone through with, seats were taken upon the sofa.

Conversations of the mishaps of the day, and then a long discussion on traveling, balls and courting.

While upon the last subject, the Yankee observed to her, that it put him very much in mind of getting married himself, for he had been thinking over the matter a long time to do so; says he to Maria, "I have fallen in love with you at first sight, and will marry you if you will give your consent to do so; what do you say my lovely one?" The question being rather unsuspected, brought her to blush, when a little composed, she turns to him and says, "she cannot say anything without first getting the consent of her ma."

"Where is your ma," he enquired.

"She is up stairs, not being very well."

"Cannot she come down this evening," says the Yankee; "I had some idea of leaving the city to-morrow, and will be absent some time, and would like to get your answer before I go."

A thought struck Maria that she had better strike while the iron was hot, and therefore gave her consent to marry him and get her ma's afterwards. So the bargain was concluded and sealed by a few soft kisses.

"Now," says he, "I would like to get married in the shortest time, Maria.—When would it suit you best?" Said she "to-morrow evening." All was agreed to. When the time arrived, the cake, the wine, the priest and all things requisite for the occasion was ready, and now the hour, and the six foot Yankee and all was in waiting for the beautiful Maria the bride, who was up stairs with her ma, arranging her toilet. She is soon ready, and comes down into the parlor and takes her seat alongside of her liege lord, that is to be. Says the Yankee to Maria, "are you ready?" Says she, "I am as soon as my ma comes down stairs." The priest somewhat in a hurry, asks the couple who are going to be married, "to stand up."

Says the priest, "do you take this young lady for your ——," herc the ceremony was interrupted by the entry of Miss Maria's ma, by a door in the room, when the lovely Maria says to her half married Yankee, "this is my ma." Says the Yankee "your what?" his eyes bigger round than two edged saucers.—"Your ma! Col. Bragg's grape shot!—Tarantulas and Scorpions! Thunder and California gold, and bank defaulters!—She is a negro ma! as true as preaching!" At this moment the priest enquired if he should finish the marriage ceremony. Says the Yankee "finish what?" "Why the marriage of you and Miss Maria." "No," says the Yankee, "I wouldn't surrender this night for all the gold in christendom, if I could get it.—A negro mother-in-law as black as the ace of spades weighing 240 pounds—$70,000. Geehew! give me my hat," and he took it and sloped to parts unknown. 'Spose he's gone over the Lake for a few weeks among the fashionables.

P. S. I have no doubt if the young Yankee would come back, and call upon the beautiful Maria, and be a little more discreet, and, not in so great a hurry to pop the question, he might offer his hand a second time, and find out his intended mother-in-law is not so black as she might be; for she was so black for that particular occasion, for the purpose of finding out if his love for her daughter was as ardent as he persisted.—*N. O. Cres.*

☞ Every heart has its secret sorrow, which the world knows not; and oftimes we call a man cold when he is only sad.

For the Journal.

Greatness.

The desire of greatness is instinctive in the breast of man. No emotion is more constant, no pulsation of the heart more powerful or commanding, no appetite or fleshly passion more insatiable. It is a part of man's very being, interwoven in his very existence, and the first breathing of his ever longing soul.

We gaze with wonder and admiration upon the majesty of greatness. As we see it enshrined in some vast colossal structure, the workmanship of frail human skill and the last relic to speak of a hand that long since has perished; or in nature's more lofty monuments, wrought out by the finger of the eternal sculptor, and fashioned by the word of the great "I Am," we bow with awe profound before the throne of heaven and sink like pigmies in the vast ocean of creation. Thus is it when we meditate upon its several exhibitions whether in mind or in matter.

In the contemplation of greatness, we feel our own weakness. As is the *desire* of superiority, so is a sense of that superiority instinctive in the nature of man. Though all men perhaps were created free, all men were not created equal.—Had ever the untutored savage the poetry of a Homer, or the tawny Hottentot the intellect of a Newton? Can he boast himself of the discernment of a Bacon, or of the powers of a Franklin or a Webster? If all men were equal and under like circumstances, what a world would be this we live in—a world of Ciceroes or a world of Ceasars; all philosophers fools or all fools philosophers; each pedant a king or each king a pedant; every saint a devil or every devil a saint. But all are not equal, neither are all degrees of greatness the same or in like manner attained or exhibited.

Yet to greatness there is no royal road. Kings and princes though they may have attained it themselves can point out no path for its attainment to others; though they may stand on fame's topmost ground yet the ascent is but by a steep and thorny path. They stand where many *would* but few *can* climb, the hight of worldly honor and the goal of aspiring souls.

Military prowess has won honors coveted by not a few. But when we contemplate the fertile plains of Waterloo, that theatre of earth's great contest, that tragedy in which kings were the dramatists and nations themselves the actors; that night when the pale-faced moon shone bloodly on the monarch's brow, and the cold stars looked dimly on the colder forms of the noble, now naught but one vast Necropolis, peopled with the bodies and enriched with the blood of the brave, we sigh over the ambition of man and each heart exclaims with an emphasis before unknown, "*sic transit gloria mundi.*"

But the pomp of war and the pageantry of office are o'ermastered by the sublime energies of a sublimer intellect. It amasses more lasting honors than arise from a field of battle. Sways a more powerful, more enduring sceptre than the court of kings. Satisfieth not itself with aught it hath attained, but ever onward, onward, hasteneth to a "richer feast of reason, to a freer flow of soul." Sits within its own inner-chambers, feasting itself on pleasures unalloyed, muses upon the future, present, past, and in imagination "sees the distant tops of thought which men of common stature never saw." Drinks deep at the percnial fount, probes the dark shadows of immensity, and garners a rich harvest, fruit for a richer mind. Yet there is a superiority which surpasses all mental acquisitions. There is a dignity, an eminence, compared with which the glory of kings is naught.—There is real, true greatness, and this is known only with genuine magnanimity of soul. "I admire the great men of all classes, those who stand for facts and for thoughts," but something more than this does man seek of his fellow man, even purity of heart and of life.

He may possess powers to investigate and search all science, to unravel their hidden mystcries, to walk within the garden of knowledge led by the finger of wisdom and guided by the councils of understanding, yet except he knows of a deeper, stronger passion, and is moved by a more noble, holy guide, he knoweth not wherein true greatness lieth.

Self and selfish interest must be forgotten amid the desire to seek the good of all. To earthly wisdom must be superadded a philanthropic spirit. The glitter of worldly honor and emoluments shall neither tempt nor swerve him from the path of duty. He shall possess a soul deeply imbued with the spirit from on high, and shall have been breathed upon by the breath of the Eternal. Then shall he stand like the copious reservoir on the mountain tops, drinking in the rain and dews of heaven and sending them forth in fertilizing streams, which shall clothe the wilderness with beauty and cause the desert to bud and blossom as the rose.

JAY.

A FACT.—Locke says:—"Education begins the gentleman; but reading, good company, and reflection, must finish him."

The Flogging of a Prince.

The London correspondent of a North German paper relates a story with regard to the way in which Prince Albert disciplines his children, which *The Tribune* translates as follows:—

"The young prince stood one day in his room in the royal palace at Windsor, at the windows whose panes reached to the floor. He had a lesson to learn by heart, but instead was amusing himself by looking out into the garden and playing with his fingers on the window. His governess, Miss Hillyard, an earnest and pious person, observed this, and kindly asked him to think of getting his lesson. The young prince said:—'I don't want to.' 'Then,' said Miss Hillard, 'I must put you in the corner.' 'I won't learn,' answered the little fellow resolutely, 'and won't stand in the corner, for I am the Prince of Wales.' And as he said this he knocked out one of the window panes with his foot. At this, Miss Hillard rose from her seat and said: 'Sir, you must learn, or I must put you in the corner.' 'I won't,' said he, knocking out a second pane. The governess then rang, and told the servant who entered to say to Prince Albert, that she requested the presence of his Royal Highness immediately on a pressing matter connected with his son. The devoted father came at once, and heard the statement of the whole matter, after which he turned to his little son and said, pointing to an ottoman, 'sit down there, and wait till I return.' Then Prince Albert went to his room and brought a bible. 'Listen, now,' he said to the Prince of Wales, 'to what the holy Apostle Paul says to you and other children in your position.'—Hereupon he read Galat. iv. 1 and 2:—'Now I say that the heir, so long as he is 'a child, differeth not from a servant, tho' 'he be loved of all; but is under tutors 'and governors until the time appointed 'of the father.' 'It is true,' continued Prince Albert, 'that you are the Prince of 'Wales, and if you conduct properly you 'may become a man of high station, and 'even after the death of your mother, may 'become King of England. But now you 'are a little boy, who must obey his tutors 'and governess. Besides, I must impress upon you another saying, of the 'wise Solomon, in Proverbs xii. 24:'—'He that spareth his rod, hateth his son; but he that loveth him chasteneth him betimes.' Hereupon the father took out a rod and gave the heir to the throne of the weightiest empire in Christendom a very palpable switching, and then stood him up in the corner, saying, 'You will stand here and study your lesson till Miss Hillyard gives you leave to 'come out. And never forget again that 'you are now under tutors and governors, 'and that hereafter you will be under a law of God." This, adds the correspondent, is an excellent Christian mode of education, which every citizen and peasant who has a child may well take as a model.

—It may be proper to add that the youngster who is represented to have received this paternal admonition is but 11 years old.

STRANGE CASE OF PINS IN A LADY'S STOMACH.—The London *Lancet* records the death of Mrs. Watts in a mysterious way, when a *post mortem* examination was ordered. The woman's stomach contained, in its lower half, nine ounces of pins of a purple, black color, not corroded, all bent or broken, many very pointed. The contents of the stomach were very much thickened. The intestines contained a mass of pins, very tightly packed, of various shapes, similar to those found in the stomach, and wholly obstructing the tube. Their weight was about a pound. The husband of the deceased had never seen her put pins into her mouth; but her son said that he had observed his mother biting pins, and he believed that she swallowed them; and stated moreover, that he had occasionally taunted her with the fact, when she corrected him. It appeared that her apetite was always capricious, occasionally very keen; and her sister informed the doctor that, when a child, she was in the habit of eating starch and slate pencils, and that she had seen her biting pins.

IMPORTANT TO THE PUBLIC.—It is gratifying to know that, in the opinion of the Superintendent of the New Haven Railroad, an accident is not likely to occur on that road again for the space of "three years, perhaps." The recent catastrophe, he thinks, will make the employes of the company sufficiently careful for "three years, perhaps," to prevent all accidents. We think, perhaps, that the requisite degree of carefulness might, perhaps, be accured at less cost than the annual destruction of sixteen hundred human beings—perhaps.

RIGHT.—Two men were sentenced to one month's imprisonment at hard labor, a short time since, in London, for the crime of causing unnecessary pain to a cat while they were killing it.

Thoughts on Death.

Who has not been deprived of a friend by death? Who has not seen the speaking eye—heard the love-thrilling voice for the last time? Hushed in death's cold slumber is the voice of a father, mother, brother, sister, or friend; yet the memory of such remain. Impressed upon our heart's pure tablet is the face, form and deeds of the loved, yet departed one.

But where are those—the departed?—that's the query. Dwell they in the grave, or have they soared to the lands unknown to us, where happiness reigns supreme—a land of light and love, rendered thus by the visible appearance of God?

When darkness prevades our sight, when arrows rankle in our heart when a loved one is torn from our bosom, and consigned to the damp, cold grave. We pray for their return, but should we?—Why wish them back to be a sufferer, mayhap a victim to treachery or vice, on this sin-stained earth? Why wish them to be partakers of misery? Let them rest; wish them not back. We shall soon meet with them—soon, aye, *very* soon our dust will be mingled with theirs—our souls go where theirs have gone.—We are being swiftly borne adown the rapid stream of Time. We can almost see death's gate, so nigh have we approached the line, the boundary line that connects life with death. Then mourn not the departure of friends. They have but passed through what awaits every one of us poor, dying mortals.—*N. Y. Mirror.*

MEN OF THE REVOLUTION.—Gen. Greene, in his despatches, after the battle of Eutaw, says: "Hundreds of my men were naked as they were born." Judge Johnson in his life of Greene, says:—Posterity will scarcely believe that the bare loins of many men who carried death into the enemy's ranks, at the Eutaw, were galled by their cartouch boxes, while a fold of a rag or a tuft of moss protected the shoulder from the same injury from the musket." Gen. Greene says, in his letters to the Secretary of War: "We have three hundred men without arms, and more than one thousand so naked that they can be put on duty only in cases of a desperate nature. Our difficulties are so numerous, and our wants so pressing, that I have not a moment's relief from the most painful anxieties. I have more embarrassments than it is proper to disclose to the world."

☞ Boys are sometimes endowed with remarkable memories. The Keen family of the State of Texas, consisted of three girls and a boy—the latter only four years old. They were all sitting around the fire, seeing how far back they could recollect. One of the girls recollected when she had a doll that "winked with both eyes." Another recollected when she was "a little baby at the breast, and Nancy tickled her feet." John Keen who was last of them all, said he recollected "*wuss than that.*" "How wuss?" said all the girls in a breath. "Oh I recollect three weeks afore Ize born, and how I cried all the time for fear I would be a girl.

MISERLY.—Oliver Smith, who died in Hatfield, Mass., four or five years since, and left over half a milion of dollars in charities to Hampshire and Franklin counties, was so frugal of his means, that we have seen him eat bread and cheese three times a day, and sleep in a barn over night, because, he said, "it cost too much to eat meat, and pies, and cakes, and sleep in the house." How much comfort did that man take? Not half so much as he who eats bread and cheese from necessity, and is satisfied with what God gives him.

THE DOCTORS.—A New York paper says that the following, written in English hyeroglyphics, was picked up on the floor of the room which the Medical Convention had occupied:

"Pliny informs us that Rome was five hundred years without Physicians. Her rulers forbade the practice of Medicine, and banished its professors. It is stated that the health of Rome was never better than at that period."

TOBACCO.—The Esquimaux are inordinately fond of tobacco. "As we go north," observes Commander Maguire, "their eagerness for it can hardly be imagined; if we had a ship full of tobacco with us, we could not appease their wants. I can only compare them to a set of people shut up without food or drink for a week, and then let loose only on a scanty supply; add to this their being savages, and some idea may be formed of our small boats surrounded on all sides with baidars full of Esquimaux, all shouting out the same story—'Tawac!'"

☞ The largest pearl in the world weighs a few grains less than one-third of an ounce. It belongs to a gentleman in Panama, and is worth $5,000.

THE STATE OF MATRIMONY.—There are a great many States in the Union, and a great many out of it. Some are queer, and some are not. The greatest of them all, however, in or out of the Union, look or go where you may, is the State of Matrimony. A friend who has been married eleven years, gives us the following touching this peculiar State.—

"It is one of the United States. It is bounded on one side by hugging and kissing, and on the other by cradles and babies. Its chief productions are population, broom sticks and staying out late o'night. It was discovered by Adam and Eve, while trying to find a northwest passage out of Paradise. The climate is sultry till you pass the tropics of housekeeping when equally weather commonly sets in with such power as to keep all hands as cool as a cucumber. For the principal road leading to this interesting State, consult the first pair of blue eyes you run against."

GOLD DISCOVERIES IN TEXAS.—Advices from Galveston, of the 10th, fully confirm the previous accounts of the discovery of gold in Texas. A party of citizens just returned from an exploring expedition have found gold in the mountains, 70 miles northwest of the town, both on and under the surface; they brought back some lumps valued at nearly $6000.

The Austin Gazette, hitherto incredulous, fully endorses the most favorable reports, and soon expects to hear of discoveries equaling the mines of California. The deeper the digging the more abundant and richer the gold. The principal gold region is enclosed by the Colorado on the East, the San Saba on the North, and the Saluno on the South.

PRAYING AND SHOOTING.—A correspondent in D——county, Ohio, relates the following incident as occurring in a village church in his neighborhood:—

At the close of the service last Sunday, these announcements were made, with due solemnity, by one of the fathers:—"Prayer meeting at Bro. Wood's next Thursday evening; also a 'shooting match' at Bro. Rahn's on Christmas. We hope the lovers of the good cause, and good vension, will turn out generally on both occasions. With respect to the latter, we may remark—Brother Rahn is a worthy man, though poor, and any assistance in this way will be thankfully received." An actual fact without the slightest exaggeration.

ADVICE TO RAILROAD MANAGERS.—A Western paper says:—We would suggest the propriety of railroad companies attaching to their advertisements a notice, "that the company have, in the most liberal spirit, provided a large stock of coffins of all sizes, for the transportation of which an extra car will attend each train. The friends of passengers by this line may rely upon the bodies of those killed being shrouded, coffined with the utmost speed, and delivered at their homes the same day by express. N. B. An experienced undertaker accompanies each train.

ALL THE GOLD IN THE WORLD.—Taking the cube yard of gold at £2,000,000, which it is in round numbers, all the gold in the world at this estimate might, if melted into ingots, be contained in a cellar twenty-four ft. square and sixteen ft. high. All our boasted wealth already obtained from California and Australia, would go into an iron safe nine ft. square and nine ft. high. So small is the cube of yellow metal that has set population on the march, and roused the world to wonder.

Feast for the Birds.—One of the prettiest Christmas customs is the Norwegian practice of giving, on Christmas day, a dinner to the birds. On Christmas morning, every gable, gateway, or barn-door, is decorated with a sheaf of corn fixed on the top of a tall pole, wherefrom it is intended that birds shall make their Christmas dinner. Even the peasant will contrive to have a handful set by for this purpose, and what the birds do not eat on Christmas day, remains for them to finish at their leisure through the winter.—*Household Words.*

A Certificate of Marriage.—The following certificate was duly granted to the parties therein named, and signed by an embryo justice of the peace, in Peoria county, Illinois:

To all the world greeting, know ye John Smith and Peggy Myers, is hereby certified to go together and do as old folks does, anywhere in corporass precinct, and when my commission comes I am to marry 'em good, and date 'em back to kiver accidents.

Queer.—Geo. W. Houston, living near Sparta, Caroline Co., Va., has a calf a few weeks old, which has two distinct mouths, four nostrils, two tongues and four eyes. It eats with either mouth, and is a playful and pretty bossy. It is supposed that it will have four horns.

☞ John Adams once remarked that New England had four institutions, any one of which would have led to national independence. These were: the Congregational Church, the Town Meeting, the Volunteer Militia, and the Free School.

THE JOURNAL.

PALMER, MASS.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 28, 1853.

The Loss of the Ship William and Mary.

In last week's paper we gave a brief account of the loss of the ship William & Mary, of Bath, Me., with nearly *two hundred lives*. A description of the awful scene that followed the first striking of the ship upon the rocks, is thus given by Stephen W. Pennington, one of the crew:

Her anchors were let go as soon as possible, and after drifting a few rods she struck again so heavily that it prostrated many on the deck, and it was evident to all that the ship could not possibly stand but a few more such shocks.

The sceue was now dreadful beyond description. Some were upon their knees, prayiug for the Lord to have mercy on them; some were crying, others were running, catcbing hold of the officers and crew, begging them to save them, telling them that they were unfit to die—that they were unprepared to meet their God. Some who had the evening previous been boasting of their infidelity were the first upon their knees, and loudest in their cries for God to have mercy upon them. It now seemed evident to all that the ship would go down immediately. Men who before this had acted their part nobly, now ceased to make any effort to save themselves or others. Some went to a cask of liquor that was between decks, and there forgot their dangers and troubles. The mate and myself went below about 12, to ascertain, if we could, the amount of water in the ship. It was then but little above the kelson, much less than we expected. We informed them on deck immediately, which seemed to encourage the hope that the ship might be kept afloat until some assistance could be procured. They labored more earuestly at the pumps, and all who were willing to work were kept caulking the long boat. It was almost impossible, in fact, to get them to work, as they despaired of saving themselves. The mate and myself again went to the hold to find out whether the water was gaining, and found that there were seven or eight feet of water.

We still endeavored to encourage the passengers to work at the pumps, hoping that she might be kept afloat till daylight. At daylight we looked after the boats, and found that the quarter-boat was stove. The mate, not being aware of its condition, got into it and attempted to bail it, but making no progress, he was compelled to give it up. He then got into the life-boat, not daring to return on board the sinking ship, which was at this time rapidly going down. I got into one of the boats that was stove, and hauled myself along by a rope, running from the ship to the life-boat, into which I got. I was followed by John Best, who jumped overboard and swam to the boat, which was now almost full as it would hold. The spray was breaking over it. The captain was the last who got out into the life-boat, and even then he had to be urged very strongly before he would consent to leave the vessel. When the passengers saw him leave the ship, they knew there was no longer any hope, and became perfectly frantic with despair, screaming and calling wildly for that assistance which it was impossible to render them.

As soon as the captain left, six of the crew, who still remained in the ship, got ready the long boat, into which several of the passengers jumped indiscriminately. I never saw anything in my life so fearful. Women and men jumped overboard from the after part of the vessel near where the boat lay, and many were drowned. One of the crew who was in the long boat, was compelled, with a hatchet, to keep off the passengers who were crowding into the boat, and who, if allowed to enter it, would undoubtedly have sunk it. We cut our boat loose from the vessel, rigged a sort of sail, and ran before the wind. The longboat followed immediately, and we kept company for a short distance, when we separated, but still kept in sight. We saw the long-boat picked up between two and three hours after she left the vessel. About two hours later, we were picked up by the Reuben Carver.

The sailors say that they did not see the ship sinking, and they do not believe any in the boat saw her sinking, as she was in sight for an hour and a half after they left her, and they were making good speed running before the wind.

DEATH FROM ABORTION.—The Boston Mail Says: "A most painful case of this character has just terminated in this city, by the death of a female in Tremont street, named Henrietta Mercer, who died in consequence of having taken the oil of tansy for the purpose of producing an abortion. It appears that about a year ago, the husband of the deceased left home for California, leaving his wife and one child not in a very prosperous condition, so far as pecuniary matters were concerned. What little means he left them were soon exhausted, and the wife becoming disheartened and depressed in spirits—seeing nothing but starvation before herself and infant child—was persuaded to resort to prostitution as a means of life. She discovered in due course of time that she was enciente, and learning that her husband contemplated returning in a few months, resolved to resort to the above expedient to escape his certain indignation. Accordingly her paramour bought, at her request, a small vial of the oil of tansy, all of which she swallowed, and died in a few hours afterwards; the dose being sufficiently large to cause the death of perhaps a half a dozen persons. The deceased was of respectable parents, who who reside in Troy, N. Y., said to have been a woman of fine intelligence, and from her appearance was surely one of charming beauty."

LITTLE CITIES.—The Green Bay Advocate laughs in its sleeve at the idea of the little villages and towns in the interior getting charters and calling themselves cities. On which The Racine Advocate remarks: "Why, man, what is the use of exhibiting so much 'fogyism?' Is not the age a progressive one? Are there any girls or boys in your village? There are none here. We have not seen a girl these five years. There are a few babies of both genders about town. These go naked to a little above their knees—but as soon as they find it out, the girls put on long clothes, and are ladies; and the boys take a cigar in their mouth, and swear profanely—unhang gates and upset boxes o'nights, and are gentlemen. What is the reason thatolder boys cannotkeep up with the times, and make cities? Supposing the business streets are blocked up with stumps, and the 'slews' are unbridged—that is no sign there is not a city in that neighborhood."

☞ An Irishman named James Quinlan ruptured a blood vessel while sawing wood at Waterbury, Ct., a day or two since, and died instantly.

The Sacrifice of Human Life.

Within the last month, over *five hundred* lives have been lost, in this country, by sudden and unforeseen casualties. We have been serving up details of these accidents week after week, until we have felt sickened by so painful a duty. By the burning of the Independence, on the Pacific coast, it is now stated that nearly 200 lives were lost instead of 125; by the explosion of the Jenny Lind on the Sacramento river 31 lives were lost; by the burning of the Ocean Wave, on Lake Ontario 37 lives were destroyed; and by the foundering of the ship William & Mary, on the Great Isaacs 170 persons found a watery grave. By the collision on the Michigan Central railroad 16 persons lost their lives; by the disaster at Norwalk 45 are knowu to have perished, and at the falling of a building at Buffalo 6 persons were killed. These disasters sent into eternity nearly *five hundred* souls, and when we add those killed by minor casualties the number will run up to uearer six hundred.

What a fearful amount of suffering and sorrow, involving hundreds of families, has attended these calamities. Many a happy home has been made sad and desolate, many a wife has been made a widow and many a child an orphan. When death comes in the form of disease and takes away a loved member of a family, though that event be awfully solemn, there is a consolation to be had in the thought that the departed died at home; that gentle hands made soft a bed of death, that kind friends watched over that dear, dear one till the lamp of life went out, and the spirit had fled; but when, under such painful circumstances as those attending the late fearful accidents, a friend is taken from us, the first intelligence comes like a crash of thunder at bright noon-day, and the heart is rent with a wound that never heals.

Adjournment of the Legislature.

The longest Legislative session ever held in Massachusetts wound up its business on Wednesday evening last. The session was one day longer than the Coalitiou Legislature of 1851, and three days longer than that of 1852. A great deal of time has been spent upon the Liquor Law, but very fortunately it has escaped anihilation, to stand the test another year. The Tunnel Loan bill has been defeated, which is a great disappointment to those interested in boring the Hoosac. The Governor has signed 422 bills and 99 resolves, being the whole number passed this session.

Every body, we believe, is glad the session is ended; it has been dull and uninteresting, long and unprofitable. The Springfield Republican, whose judgment of its own party will be received with due consideration, says:

"This week will see the end of the longest and meanest Legislature on record.—There was an air of magnificence about the way the Coalition Legislatures of the last two years portioned and parceled the offices, and guided the destinies of the State, that quite imposed the imagination. There was no halting, shuffling, quibbling or small potatoism in their political meanness and villainy. It was quite of the Napoleonic order. There was a *character* to their legislation, to which that of the present session can lay no pretensions. There has been no system in its operations, no principle in its action, and no wisdom in its deliberations. Nothing could be predicated of it, save its unreliableness. It has ripened no beneficent act of legislation; it has added nothing to the fame or the wealth of the Commonwealth; it has erected no monument but the record of its length and its follies. No party can justly escape the odium that belongs to it; each and all are responsible for its errors and its vices; for a true and intelligent desire to advance the good of the State seems to have animated the action of neither of them. The admitted leaders of the two chief parties were totally unfit men for the places assigned them; they have more talent than right principle; more self-will than true patriotism; and have been more desirous of carrying a personal point than of serving the interests of the Commonwealth, or advancing the business of the session.

Let it rest in peace, and may we never look upon its like again!

RAILROAD ACCIDENTS IN GREAT BRITAIN.—On all the Railroads in Great Britain only *thirty-two passengers* were killed during the year 1852. Of this number *ten* only were killed from causes beyoud their own control, the other 22 being killed from the results of their own carelessness. The number of miles of road in use at the close of the year 1852 was 7,076, and the number of passengers conveyed was 89,435,729. The ratio of passengers killed, where they were not in fault, is only one to over eight million nine hundred thousand conveyed. If the same caution was used upon American railroads they might present a similar indication of safety.

ASSAULT & BATTERY.—Messrs. Henry Vose and Homer Foot were attacked in the street, in Springfield, last Monday, by Frederick Dwight, who got the worst of it in the emi. Messrs. Foot and Vose are among the first men of Springfield, but what position the other *gentleman* occupies we know not. Mr. Dwight attacked them for, as he alleged, being prime instigators of the execution by the city government of the proposed widening of the street, along the premises now owned and occupied by him.

☞ William Dickinson of South Amherst, shot a bald-beaded eagle on the 22d inst., which measured 7 feet 2 inches from the tip of one wing to the tip of the other.

Railroad Accommodation.

A writer in the Springfield Republican, suggests to the Western Railroad Corporation the propriety of running a train from Palmer to Springfield in the morning, to connect with the first train from Amherst, which arrives here at 6 1-2 o'clock. The writer believes, by such an arrangement, that a large number of people from the towns north of here would be attracted to Springfield to transact business with merchants, banks, &c., who now go to Northampton, and elsewhere, in carriages, rather than be detained at Palmer from 6 1-2 o'clock in the morning to nearly 11, before they can go to Springfield.

We believe an arrangement of the kind proposed, during the summer at least, would operate favorably for the Western Railroad Corporation, the people of Springfield and a large number of the inhabitants in the eastern part of Hampden and Hampshire Counties. Our jealousy of Springfield is not quite equal to that manifested by our neighbors west of the Connecticut, nor would it be increased by an arrangement that would be likely to draw people to the "infant city" who now go in a different direction. So long as Springfield is one of the most important places in Western Massachusetts, and so long as it offers inducements for trade &c., which no other town in the County affords, it will necessarily attract people from a large circle around, especially when they can reach there by cheap and easy access.—We know of many merchants in the small towns around us who make all their purchases of Flour, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, in Springfield; and this is done because they can be accommodated near home, and make purchases nearly as cheap as they can in Boston.

Of course, those merchants who make large purchases of dry goods and groceries go to Boston or New York. This is the case with the merchants in Palmer, and they sell at retail as cheap, and in many instances cheaper than their Springfield competitors.

A train leaving Palmer at 7 o'clock in the morning, and returning at 11 o'clock, would give passengers about four hours to spend in Springfield, in the cool of the day. A man living in any of the towns near the line of the Amherst and Belchertown railroad, could then eat his breakfast at home, go to Springfield, where he would have time to transact a large amount of business, and return in season to take dinner with his family. An early morning train from Palmer to Springfield has long been needed to accommodate passengers. A large number wait several hours at the depot, every day, for the 10,45 express train, and when that arrives, it is generally so full that many of them can find no seats, and have to ride standing up, or wait for the next train. The demand for another train is now needed more than ever, and we trust our Springfield neighbors will use their united influence to secure it.

☞ The Cotton Plant, a paper priuted at Baltimore, and devoted to the interests of Cotton and Slavery, publishes the following, which will be readily understood by the Northern reader:

Advertisement!

WANTED—Five hundred youths from the South, to teach abolitionism. This expensive, but valuable course embraces abolitionism from the "necessary evil" doctrine clear through. *Taught at all Northern Colleges.*—☞ Address, the National Era Office, or the President of Yale College.

We might as well inform the Cotton Plant, that some five hundred or more young men annually come to Northern Schools to obtain an education, finding the air of Freedom better suited to literary attainments than the oppressed atmosphere of the South. However, the above advertisement may increase the number, and many be benefitted thereby.

☞ If any of our friends abroad can tell us where there is good fishing, we will be there to "try them."—*Northampton Courier.*

This way, neighbor Gere; we feast our eyes upon large strings of trout almost every day. They are caught in brooks and ponds in this vicinity. It is no novelty to witness those weighing from one to two pounds, and our friend Burley, living about a mile from here, says he has seen them in his trout brook about as large as Shad! We never fish, except with a silver hook.

CHURCH STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.—Last Sunday, the Congregational Church in Lockport was struck by lightning, during service. It entered the singers' gallery, instantly killing Luther Crocker, one of the choir, and severely wounding six others, three of whom were ladies. The minister, on witnessing the awful occurreuce, fainted in the pulpit. Consternation seized all present.

☞ Much apprehension has long been felt in St. Louis, that the action of the waters of the Missouri, where they enter the Mississippi above that city, will eventually wear away the Illinois shore to such an extent as to force a new channel for the great Father of Waters, and thus leave St. Louis some five or six miles out in the country.

DROWNED.—William Mahon, 16 or 17 years of age, son of John Mahon, and residing in Elm street, Hartford, was drowned Sunday afternoon, in the Little River, back of the College. His body was recovered in about two hours. He was bathing, and it is supposed was seized with cramp.

SHOCKING.—A girl about ten years of age, was run over and killed on the Housatonic Railroad, between Gaylord's Bridge and New Milford on Saturday, her head being severed from the body as completely as if it had been done with an axe.

For the Journal.

Harvard University.

The Inauguration of Dr. Walker as President of Harvard University, took place at Cambridge last Tuesday, May 24.

His Excellency Gov. Clifford, together with other State officers, were escorted from Boston by the National Lancers at 3 o'clock P. M. At half past three, the processiou, consisting of the Officers of the College, Overseers, Ex-President, Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Cambridge, and other invited guests, together with the under-graduates, members of the professional schools and alumni, marched from Gore Hall, across the college green to the church. After music by the Germania Serenade Band, a hymn was sung by a select choir, and prayer offered by Rev. Dr. Lathrop. The Governor then delivered a very appropriate address to the President elect, and gave into his hands the college keys and seal, with the ancient charter. On his induction into office, President Walker made a brief but pertinent reply, expressing his sense of the honor and responsibilities of the sacred trust imposed upon him, as President of this time-honored University. A Latin Oration by George Carroll was then delivered. After the Inaugural address, the services were closed by prayer and singing:

"From all that dwell below the skies,
Let the Creator's praise arise,
Let the Redeemer's name be sung
Through every land, by every tongue."

HARVARD.

Communication.

Total Depravity.

Another disgraceful and revolting scene occurred in our streets (Palmer Depot) on the 24th inst., through the medium of a colored man, (Clem) made drunk and crazy at the expense of souless scoundrels who exult over and enjoy the privilege of participating in the unearthly yells, oaths and gestures of a poor ignorant creature, in point of intellect the last link in the chain of humanity.

Is it true that *men* (not boys) can be found in our midst that will stoop so low, at the expense of so miserable an object, depriving him of a home, one that has been so generously tendered him in his usually sober and quiet moments.

Will the peace loving citizens of this place, (it is hoped there are a few such) step forward and denounce in good earnest such riotous proceedings? Where are the guards of the Temperance cause? Will not some of our newly appointed Peace Officers come to the rescue? INDIGNATION.

A SERMON GIVEN TO THE WIND.—We were witness to an amusing incident, or rather accident, which happened to a young clergyman, in a neighboring town, several years ago. It was a warm Sunday in June and the windows and doors of the church were all open. The minister had fairly commenced his discourse, and was enchaining the attention of his hearers with a sublime and lofty flight of his imagination, when a sudden gust of wind swept down the aisles of the church, taking the sermon from the desk and whirling it out of a window near the pulpit, into the fields. Two deacons jumped to their feet and started in pursuit, the minister was broken off in the midst of his sentence, and being inexperienced in extemporaneous speaking, sat down to await the recovery of his sermon. Away went the deacons at Gilpin speed, over fences and ditches, and away went the sermon, fluttering in the air like the tail of a kite. After a chase of nearly half an hour the deacons returned with the last leaf of the sermon, stating that they had followed the remainder till it was carried entirely out of their sight.—The minister then rose and gave out the hymn commencing with

"The winds may sweep our hopes away,
And disappointment be our doom,"

which the choir sang with great effect, after which the services were closed with the Benediction.

THE SIGNAL AT NORWALK.—The editor of the Norwalk Gazette, in alluding again to the catastrophe at that place, and speaking of the signal and the engineer, says:

"We have taken much pains to ascertain if there might not be some object which could have misled the unhappy man, and are now entirely satisfied that the Engineer was misled by the top of a chimney, which is in range with the ball, and all save its top concealed by a tree, so that at one point, near the bridge, over the cut—this entirely hides the ball! We are satisfied now that the Engineer did look and was thus deceived, and that thus was he left to enact the awful tragedy of Friday."

JUST RIGHT.—A man and woman were recently found guilty of murdering the wife of a man at Kamarouska, Canada, and sentenced to be executed; but so strong was the feeling of the people there against capital punishment, that the sheriff was unable to carry the sentence into execution, and they have been committed to the penitentiary for life.

A DEFAULTER.—Mr. Berth, foreman for the State at the rock quarry at Nashville, Tenn., has absconded, after swindling the State out of a large sum of money. His salary was $1000, and in four years he bought $20,000 worth of property.

THE FATAL BRIDGE.—It is stated that since the disaster at Norwalk, all the trains are required to make a full stop on approaching any of the draw-bridges upon the route of the New Haven road.

ENOUGH TO MAKE ONE CRAWL.—A fly entered Mr. Gelbach's ear in Millerstown, Pa., but flew out upon his starting for the doctor. Two days afterwards, two hundred live maggots were extracted from the ear.

Communication.

Change of Conductors.

The traveling community will learn with regret that the very careful and gentlemanly Conductors, J. W. Williams and Charles Smith, on the New Loudon railroad, have left the employment of the Co., because of inadequate pay. Mr. Williams has been on the road some two years and Mr. Smith about one, a time sufficient to become familiar with, and well qualified to discharge, the responsible duties of a good railroad Conductor. I am informed that they demanded an additional pay of some fifty dollars per annum, which the company, after due consideration, concluded they could not pay.

A TRAVELER.

Stafford, May 25.

Communication.

MONSON, May 25th, 1853.

MR. EDITOR:—Among the prominent appointments made by our present Governor, I notice the names of David Tenney, Franklin Morgan and Thomas Ward, all of Palmer, who have been appointed Justices of the Peace. Having *myself* been an applicant for some time, for the same rank—*or would take something lower*—and not having *succeeded*, I should be willing to pay you liberally for any information you might be able to give me in the case, that is, the *modus operandi* for obtaining the much desired promotion. Should you enlist in my behalf and find they have got 'Squires enough, for my sake, tell 'em to give me the next poorer office. Anxiously Yours,

A MAN WHO WOULD SERVE HIS COUNTRY.

OUR RIGHTS IN DANGER!—On Monday last a petition was handed in to the Constitutional Convention, signed by Abby B. Alcott and seventy-five others, praying that the Constitution should be so altered, that the privilege of voting should be extended to women. Another petition, headed by Wendell Phillips, and signed by about nine hundred individuals wearing the masculine garb, praying that wherever the word *male* occurs in the Constitution, it should be stricken out, was also laid before the Convention. These petitions were referred to the Committee having in charge the revision of that part of the Constitution relating to the qualifications of voters; and the result of the deliberations of the Committee will be awaited with fear and trembling.

The Boston Journal says it is feared that the dear women will go further than all this, and get up a mammoth petition to the Convention, praying not only that the word *male*, wherever it occurs in the Constitution should be stricken out and the word *female* substituted! It is lucky that the members of the Convention are males, and equally fortunate that some of them are out of the reach of their strong-minded better halves while attending the Convention, or there would be great danger of the men losing their rights entirely in the formation of the new Constitution.

GREAT SPEED.—The Cincinnati express train, on the New York and Erie Railroad, ran from Hornellsville to Susquehanna, on Tuesday, a distance of 145 miles, in 161 minutes. The Binghamton Republican believes this to be the greatest speed which has ever been attained, for so great a distance, on any road in the United States.

☞ A fellow named Nathaniel T. Edson has been arrested at New Orleans for perjury, in swearing to the death of a Mr. Espy, and getting himself appointed administrator of the estate of the latter, who is still alive. He had collected a large amount of money due the estate of the supposed defunct.

KILLED.—A fireman named Dodge was killed on the Vermont Valley Railroad, near Putney, on Monday evening, while oiling the machinery of the locomotive while in motion. He was drawn into the machinery and the lower part of his body torn to fragments before he was discovered.

☞ We see it stated that Mrs. Sayles, wife of Francis W. Sayles, of Boston, who was killed in the Norwalk catastrophe, is now insane. She was with her husband when the accident occurred, and the shock she experienced has bereft her of reason.—She is daughter of B. F. Hallett.

GEN. HARRISON'S REMAINS.—It is proposed to remove the remains of Gen. Harrison, which are now entombed at North Bend, to the battle-field of Tippecanoe, there to slumber with those of the intrepid Col. Joe Davis and their compatriots.

GOOD IDEA.—Mr. Daniels, from Pittsfield, on moving for an adjournment of the Legislature, the other day, suggested that the members had better go home before the ravages of time had left such traces that their nearest friends would not recognize them.

LIGHTNING.—The house of John Everett, at Wareham Centre, was struck by lightning on Thursday afternoon and damaged to the amount of about $300. There were four or five persons in the house at the time, who very fortunately escaped uninjured.

GOOD TO DRINK.—An exchange paper says: "Port wine as made in Portugal, is a compound of elder juice, sloe juice, logwood, sweetening matter, brandy and a variety of secret ingredients. It is made for "American use."

☞ The grist, saw and shingle mills and tan-works of Frederick Fowler, of Westfield, were destroyed by an incendiary fire on Sunday evening, together with a quantity of lumber and leather adjacent to the building.

THE SEA SERPENT.—The Columbia (Texas) Democrat gives the following account of a sea or river serpent recently seen in the Brazos river:

"On Friday last several of our citizens had a full view of a monster in our river, answering the description of the sea serpent. They say it was from sixteen to eighteen feet long, with a very large head resembling the alligator. The circumference of its body near its head was about twenty-five or twenty-six inches, and its motions in the water were similar to that of the snake. It moved with incredible swiftness, sometimes raising its body out of the water three or four feet at a time. When a mile below our town, his snakeship took a resting spell, and was seen very plainly by a gentleman living immediately on the river.

There can be no doubt that this individual is either a lineal descendant of the sea serpent, or in some way related to that monstrosity."

GROSS OUTRAGE.—An outrageous attack on the chastity of two females, Mrs. Catharine McLaughlin, a married woman, and her niece, a young girl of about fifteen years of age, was committed by four ruffianly fellows, on Saturday afternoon, about three o'clock. It appears that that the two females, while walking along the track of the Harlem railroad, were met when near to Sixty-fifth street, N. Y., by the above mentioned ruffians, who dragged them into the bushes that lay on one side of the road, and after violating their persons, left them there. As soon as sufficiently recovered from the injuriesthey received they gave the alarm to some people passing by, by whom they were taken to the nearest police station. The officers went immediately in search of the fellows, but were unable to obtain any traces of them. The aunt, Mrs. McLaughlin, is dangerously sick.—*Albany Express.*

VITAL STATISTICS.—The quarterly returns of the births, marriages and deaths in England and Wales, shows that during the last fifteen months more weddings have taken place than were ever known to have occurred before during the same period in England. This establishes one most satisfactory fact—that with the growth of general prosperity the number of marriages increases, and that as one declines the other does also. 94,416 persons were married in England and Wales during the last quarter of 1852. The number of births registered during the quarter ending March 31, 1853, was 161,598. The deaths during the same period were 118,241. The number of emigrants who left the country during the same time was 57,720.

CATTLE FOR CALIFORNIA.—The amount of stock which will be driven over the plains this season, will be very large. The Occidental (Mo.) Messenger publishes an estimate of the number of cattle owned by citizens of Jackson county alone, that will go forward this season. The estimate is 8263 cattle, and 2200 sheep, besides other animals. California was once a grazing State, but what has become of the immense herds of cattle, which, when a province of Mexico, were valued only for their hides, we cannot imagine. That they must have been greatly thinned out the fact that so many cattle are going forward from the States affords an evidence.

KEEP OFF THE PLATFORM.—On the door of one of the railroad cars in New Jersey is painted the following notice:—"Passengers are not permitted to stand on the platforms, nor to pass from car to car while the train is in motion." As illustrative of the legend are several pictures, one represents Time's scythe with a distant view of a graveyard, another presents the spectacle of two crutches and a wooden leg, accompanied with bandages.

THE ACCIDENT AT BUFFALO.—The Coroner's jury which held the inquest at Buffalo on the persons killed by the fall of a building, found that the accident was caused by the bad construction of the basement walls and that the walls were not sufficiently examined to ascertain the strength and condition of the same before commencing the alterations.

THE EARTH A BALL OF FIRE.—Dr. Boynton is endeavoring to prove, in Boston, that this earth is a mass of melted fire or rock, and that we live upon a thin outer crust which has cooled, and which is not so thick in proportion to the size of the earth, as a bank bill would be on the outside of an egg.

AN INTERESTING LAW QUESTION.—We see it stated that the life insurance upon persons who were killed at Norwalk amounts to $30,000, and the life insurance companies have determined to prosecute the railroad company to collect their losses. This will raise a novel and interesting question of law.

☞ In the Connecticut House of Representatives, a bill requiring railroad corporations to employ a brakeman on each car, and all passenger trains to stop at least two minutes at stations, under a penalty for neglect of $1000, has been read a second time, and referred to the Committee on Railroad Accidents.

☞ The great combined railway, carriage and foot suspension bridge, now constructing at Niagara Falls, is being pushed forward with energy, and is expected to be ready for the trains by the first of May next. It will be one of the most remarkable architectural works in the world.

EQUIVOCATION.—Adam Mackey was lately tried in Tuscarores county, Ohio, for the murder of Adam Clark. The defence set up was insanity, which was clearly established, and the jury found him guilty of assult and battery. That's something like the jury in Pennsylvania, who found the defendant not guilty, but must not do so again.

☞ The Cleveland Herald says: "A strong-minded woman" from Illinois passed through that place last Thursday. Her costume was frock coat, pants, vest, boots, and a stand up collar, and fashionable cap.—Hearing that her father was "after her" she took cars for the east. Her name (she said) was Henry Davis.

"Silver Street" Bloomers shouldn't read the above.

WHAT THE NORWALK TRAGEDY WILL COST.—The *Hartford Times* says: "Under the New York statute, the damages recovered against the New York and New Haven Company, for those who were killed at Norwalk, (provided they are liable at all,) would amount to $255,000, and the damages for injuries to persons and destruction of property to $50,000 or $60,000 more. Under the statute of Connecticut, the damages for the dead might run up to $400,000 or $500,000. *We are informed that one suit has already been commenced by the surviving relatives of an eminent deceased physician for* $25,000, *and another by the friends of one of the deceased Boston passengers for* $100,000. Such being the state of the case, it is evident that no further legislation is necessary so far as the money remedy is concerned."

We hope every one who sues for damages will recover the highest possible amount.—The only way to reach the feelings of Corporations is through their pockets.

SLAVERY AS IT IS.—Speaking of the recent arrest of two ladies in Virginia for teaching colored children, the Philadelphia Register says:

"We are intimately acquainted with the ladies alluded to, and our statements are based on actual knowledge of the facts.—Mrs. Douglass is a Southerner, by birth, education, and feeling, and has always resided in the South. She has been, if she is not now, a slaveholder, and possesses all the southern prejudice against the North, and northern abolitionism in particular. So far as these matters are concerned, there is not a man or woman in the delectable city of Norfolk who can excel her. At the same time, she is a woman whose heart is as open as the day to every benevolent work, and whose charitable nature is worthy of the profoundest reverence."

THE SEASON.—At this season of the year no swain can appeal to his lady-love in more beautiful and expressive language than the following:

"Rise up, my love, my fair one, and come away; for, lo, the winter is past, the rain is over and gone."

"The flowers appear on the earth; the time of the singing birds is come, and the voice of the turtle is heard in our land."

"The fig tree putteth forth her green figs, and the vines with the tender grape give a good smell. Arise my love, my fair one, and come away."—*Song of Solomon.*

A MONSTER SNAKE.—Mr. John Davis, a teamster on the farm of Squire Gifford, in the north west part of the city, on Thursday last, had a sight of the great black snake which has been so often seen in that vicinity. Upon an accurate measurement of the form where he was resting, it appeared that he was eighteen and a half feet long, and Mr. Davis thinks he was about a foot and a half in circumference.—*New Bedford Mercury.*

Can't believe that story; no black snake ever grew so large.

A HORRIBLE DEATH.—On Thursday evening, about 10 o'clock, as the Boston freight train was within two miles of Providence, it ran over a man by the name of James Smith, of Blackstone. The man was lying on the track with his head across the rails. He was seen by the conductor, but not in time to stop the train before reaching him. His head was completely severed from his body, his left leg cut off, and his body otherwise mangled.

CHARGES AGAINST THE VANDERBILT LINE.—The Grand Jury of the District Court of San Francisco, have ignored a bill brought against Capt. Sampson, of the Independence, for manslaughter, but said if it had the power would bring bills against the owners of the Vanderbilt line on account of miserable outfit, unseaworthiness and other acts, and unjustifiable negligence, which entailed the loss of over one hundred lives.

DROWNED.—A son of S. M. Gladwin of South Hadley Falls, aged five years, while playing with a boat upon the bank of the canal at that place, on Friday, fell into the water, and was drowned. He had only been absent from his home a few moments when missed, and though the body was soon recovered, life could not be restored.

A THRIVING FARMER.—We are informed that recently, in Middletown, R. I., a Mr. Barker, a farmer, in one week, had the following additions made to his domestic semicircle, and to the live stock of his place:—His wife presented him with two children; one of his cows had two calves; and one of his sheep three lambs.—*Fall River News.*

That will do.

VERY PROPER.—A National Convention of the Colored (African) People of this country is responsibly called, to assemble at Rochester, on the 6th of July. Should this Convention undertake to construct a Platform, we trust it will have better success than other National Conventions have generally had.

☞ The Court of Common Pleas, criminal term, commenced its session in Springfield last Monday. A large batch of thieves and other criminals are indicted and will now receive their just deserts.

THE GIRL-BOY.—Miss Emma Snodgrass, the young lady who has such a proclivity for wearing pantaloons and other articles of male attire, has been arrested at Clevelaud, Ohio.

THREE TO TUCK UP.—The Farmington, Me., Chronicle says that the wife of Mathew Tuck, of that town, on Thursday last, gave birth to three smart boys, weighing seven pounds each, and the mother and children are all doing well.

THE BOSTON ANNIVERSARIES commenced on Sunday last and have continued through the week. For want of room we are unable to give a report of them.

☞ At tea-table, the other evening, a little girl said to her father, "If d-e-p-o-t spells depo, don't t-e-a-p-o-t spell teapo?—Please pass the teapo, father."

☞ Nathaniel P. Earle, aged 55, of Leicester, while eating his dinner on the 17th instant, leaned back in his chair, and instantly expired.

GOING TO TURN CATHOLIC.— The New York Truth Teller says that Thurlow Weed, of the Albany Journal, is on the eve of his departure for Rome, with a view of becoming a Catholic.

THE CELESTIAL EMPIRE.—The Washington Union in alluding to the events in China, says if the ports of that country were thrown open to the world, no other nation could compete with the United States for the commerce of the Chinese Empire, and it regards the present momeut as auspicious for the overthrow of that system of exclusion which has so long shut out all foreign nations. It says:—

'A territory of more than five millions of square miles, four thousand walled cities, a population of three hundred and fifty millions, an army of nearly two millions of soldiers, a fleet of a thousand sail, and an annual revenue of two millious of dollars, are some of the evideuces of its immensurable wealth. Among the productions of its soil, every acre of which is in the highest state of cultivation, are seen nearly all the richest offerings of the vegetable and mineral kingdoms. Its manufactures, especially of porcelain and silk, are unsupassed by any nations. What incalculable beuefits would the United States reap from an unrestricted commerce with an empire so teeming in wealth! What a market for the products of American skill and industry might be found among the redudant population of China! The surplus production of our agricultural labor would be especially acceptable to a people who reap a scanty and precarious subsistance from au overcrowded soil."

☞ The bodies of Porter and Moseley, two young men who were drowned in a pond at West Amesbury on Friday, have been recovered. They were found within a few feet of each other, about 500 yards from the spot where the boat was upset. Moseley was on the eve of marriage, and they were both young men of the highest respectability and greatly esteemed.

CALIFORNIA.—The Maine Liquor bill was lost in the Senate of the California Legislature, by a vote of 14 to 22.

Three murderers, named Ackerman, Stewart and Thompson, were hung at Sacramento on the 19th of April.

HEN FEVER.—The fowl fever is prevalent in the western part of New York. At Rochester, last Monday, "one Brama Pootra crower and two hens" sold for $150; chickens, four weeks old, $1; eggs, 50 cents each.

☞ The story of gold found in Texas is flatly contradicted in some quarters. The Victoria Advocate thinks there is more humbug and speculation than gold.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Here is your Spring and Summer Remedy.

Dr. Langley's Root and Herb Bitters.

THIS certifies that I have furnished Dr. J. O. Langley, No. 97 Union street, Boston, for the last three years, large quantities of Yellow Dock and Dandelion Root, Prickly Ash and Wild Cherry Bark, Sarsaparilla, Thoroughwort, &c., &, used by him in the compound and manufacture of his Root and Herb Bitters, and I am constantly employed to furnish the above medicinal Roots, Herbs, and Barks, for compounding said Bitters.

N. B. GOULD, Malden, Mass.

Boston, March 14, 1853.

The above named Root and Herb Bitters are the very best Medicine in the world for Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Billious and Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Humors of the Blood and Skin, Indigestion, Languor, Drowsiness, Debility, and all similar complaints, so common at this season of the year. Buy it—try it.

REDDING and CO., 8 State street, and, dealers everywhere, sell them.

Wholesale Depot, 97 Union street, to which all Agents will send their orders, that they may be supplied in turn.

Sold in Palmer by Dr. W. Holbrook and D. A. Calkins.

March 26. 1853. 6m49.

A CARD.

Mrs. Winslow to the Ladies.

Mrs. Winslow, an old and experienced nurse and Female Physician, would call the attention of the ladies to her Soothing Syrup for Children teething. It will immediately relieve them from pain, allay all spasmodic action, soften the gums, reduce inflamation, and is sure to regulate the Bowels. Depend upon it, Mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to your children. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Cramp and Pain Killer.

The world is astonished at the wonderful cures performed by the CRAMP AND PAIN, KILLER prepared by CURTIS & PERKINS. Its equal has never been known for removing pain in all cases; for the cure of spinal complaints, cramp in the limbs and stomach, rheumatism in all its forms, billious cholic, burns, sore throat, and gravel, is decidedly the best remedy in the world. For particulars, see circulars in the hands of the Agents, for a gratuitous circulation.

N. B.—Be sure and call for CURTIS & PERKINS' Cramp and Pain Killer. All others bearing this name are base imitations. Price 12 1-2, 25, 37 1-2, cts. a bottle according to the size.

We have sold very large quantities of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup during the past six years, several thousand the last year. We believe it the best medicine in the world for Children teething or for the cure of Dysentery and Diarrhea in Children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause. It gives universal satisfaction—never heard a complaint from any one using it—never sold a medicine so universally successful in relieving pain and effecting cures—relief is ABSOLUTELY SURE.

CURTIS & PERKINS.
Druggists, Bangor, Me.

AGENTS.—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; W. N. Packard, Thorndike; A. H. Longley, Belchertown; T. F. Packard, Monson; Crane & Kingsbury, Stafford Springs; Wm. H. Sessions, Warren; O. F. Packard & Co., Three Rivers; L. B. Bliss, Wilbraham; and for sale in nearly every town in the State.

Henshaw Edwards & Co., India St., and Weeks & Potter, Washington St., Boston, wholesale agents, and Boyd & Paul, No. 40, Courtland St. New York. 1y. 28.

Poisoning.

Thousands of parents who use Vermifuge composed of Castor oil, Calomel, &c., are not aware, that while they appear to benefit the patient, they are actually laying the foundation of a serics of diseases, such as salivation, loss of sight, weakness of limbs, &c.

In another column will be found the advertisement of Hobensack's Medicines, to which we ask the attention of all directly interested in their own as well as their Children's health.—In Liver Complaints and all disorders arising from those of a bilious type, should make use of the only genuine medicine, Hobensack's Liver Pills.

☞ "*Be not deceived,*" but ask for Hobensack's Worm Syrup and Liver Pills, and observe that each has the signature of the Proprietor, J. N. HOBENSACK, as none else are genuine.

LOCAL MATTERS.

DAGUERREOTYPES.—We wish to invite the attention of our readers to Cooley's Daguerrian Gallery, located in this village. The work that comes from this Gallery is unsurpassed. We have never looked upon more perfect Likenesses than those lately taken by Mr. Talcott at this establishment. His rooms are fitted up in a style of elegance, with advantages rarely equalled, and not surpassed in the best city galleries of the Union, and his pictures are characterized by a judicious and tasteful disposition of light and shade, and by a distinctness of delineation that show him to be a master of his art, and a skillful manipulator in its various processes. Those who would have correct and elegant Likenesses of themselves or friends, should not delay to call at this Gallery.

THE WEATHER continues favorable for the growth of vegetation. Repeated showers and a genial atmosphere have inspired Nature with new vigor. The fields present a beautiful panorama of different hues of verdure and the woods are growing dark with their heavy foliage. What can be more beautiful and lovely than to witness the resurrection of life in the vegetable world?—What event stirs the soul with happier emotions or impresses it with a deeper sense of love and reverence for the Creator? Surely

"In every leaf, in each expanding flower,
We daily witness an Almighty power."

LARGE EGG.—Col. KNOX, of this village, has left with us an egg, which mensures 8 inches around the longest way and six inches and a quarter the smallest way, and weighs nearly a quarter of a pound. Mr. George Babson has also left with us an egg of about the same dimensions. We hope the hens about here will continue their mammoth productions, for by so doing we shall be saved the expense of purchasing eggs.

LARGE TROUT.—Lambert Allen, of this village, went out fishing a few days since, and in half an hour caught five trout, which weighed 4 lbs.

☞ Persons in want of Books will find it for their interest to attend the Book Auction this evening in Tockwotton Block. The variety is good, and they will be sold low.

Brighton Cattle Market.

May 26.—At Market, 520 Beef Cattle, no Stores, 9 pairs Working Oxen, 63 Cows and Calves, 850 Sheep and Lambs, 1200 Swine.—The following were the prices.

Beef Cattle—Extra $8; first quality 7,50; second do. 7; third do. 6,75; ordinary 6 a 6,25. Working Oxen—Stormy, and no sales noticed. Cows and Calves—Sales at $20, 22, 24, 25, 28, a 31. Sheep and Lambs—$2, 3, 3,50 a 4; extra $5, 6, 7 a 9. Swine—7 a 8c. Retail, 8 a 9c. Fat Hogs 5 1-8c.

BORN.

In this town, May 23d, a son to Erastus Harvey; same day, a daughter to Patriek Thomas.

MARRIED.

In this village, May 23d, by Rev. S. A. Collins, Mr. J. W. Davis of Boston, and Lizzie C., daughter of T. Covington, Esq. of Fort Wayne, Indiana.

In Belchertown, 16th, by Rev. C. L. Woodworth, Daniel Haynes of Brimfield, to Adeline B. Randolph of B.

In Charlemont, 11th, by Dr. S. J. W. Tabor, W. H. Hawks of Belchertown, to Fanny E. H. Merriam of C.

In Ware, 21st, by Rev. Geo. E. Fuller, Walter Buckley to Almeda Green; Calvin H. Kimball of New Haven, to Sarah Woods of W.

In Amherst, 17th, Henry B. Nims of Troy, to Susan A. Miles.

In Norwich, 3d, by Rev. Mr. Miller, Lewis H. Knight, aged 18, to Laura Jane Woods aged 15.

DIED.

In this town (Bondsville) 23d, Mrs. Melissa Tirrel, 25, daughter of the late John Sackett of Westfield.

At Westfield, 19th, Joseph Dunley, 88.

In this town, (Thorndike) May 21, Laura A. Burlingame, 18.

Boots and Shoes.

JUST received a new lot of all kinds new styles, as good as the best and as cheap as the cheapest, at

J. BOWLES'
No 1, Nassowanno Block.

Palmer, May 27. 3w6

NOTICE.

AS there is a certain class of people in Palmer very desirous of trying to find out what right I have to draw rails from a certain lot of land, lying near Palmer Center, such as Doctors, Deacons, Justices, young Lawyers, and various other persons, they are requested to call at the old established stand of the subscriber and the matter will be explained.

N. B. For further particulars please to call at the intelligence office, next door above, same side of the way.

SAMUEL D. SHAW,
No. 1, Bunkum Row, Sign of the Commissioner's Hat.

Palmer, May 25th, 1853. 1w

STEPHEN NEEDHAM,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
(Successor to T. C. Denecke,)
MONSON, MASS.

Garments made in the best manner, with the utmost despatch, and all work warranted to give satisfaction. Cutting done at short notice. A good assortment of Ready Made Clothing constantly on hand.

May 28. 1y5

Carriage Repairing!

ALL kinds of Carriage Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms at the Steam Shop of the Subscriber, a few rods South side of the railroad Bridge.

GEORGE E. WINSLOW.

Palmer, May, 28 1853. 6tf

Hams! Hams!!

HAMS, Pork, Lard, &c., may be found at M. W. FRENCH & CO.'s.

April 16. 52tf

TRUNKS, Traveling Bags, Valises, &c. by MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

Great Sale of Dry Goods!

Bankrupt Stock of $3,500!

THE undersigned wish to inform the citizens of Palmer and vicinity, that they have purchased the stock of Goods formerly owned by E. B. Miles, at a very low price, and have taken stores in McGilvery's Block, where they will offer the above named stock at cost. The stock consists of all kinds of Goods usually kept in a country store. All persons wanting Dry Goods will find it for their interest to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

D. W. SNOW & CO.

P. S. We have just received a large invoice of new goods, consisting of a variety of new style Dress Goods, Ready Made Clothing, Carpeting, Straw Matting, Boots and Shoes, Paper Hangings, &c. Also an entire new stock of W. I. Goods and Family Groceries, all of which will be sold at the lowest market price.

D. W. SNOW & CO.

McGilvray's Block, Palmer, May 21. 5tf

Notice.

THE subscriber having engaged to remain with D. W. Snow & Co., McGilvray's Block, would be happy to see all his former friends and patrons.

E. B. MILES.

Palmer, May 21. 5tf

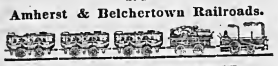
E. E. Wilder, M. D.,

BOTANIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, having taken the Stand formerly occupied by R. Barron, (Palmer Depot,) offers his professional services to the inhabitants of this place and vicinity, and relying on the unequalled success which has attended the Reformed practice, and on his own endeavors, trusts he shall afford satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage.

REFERENCES.—R. Barron, M. D., Palmer Depot; H. F. Gardner, M. D., Springfield; I. J. Sperry, M. D., Hartford, Ct.; John Hooker, M. D., Springfield.

Palmer Depot, May 21, 1853. 3w5.

New-London, Willimantic, & Palmer
AND
Amherst & Belchertown Railroads.



SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Commencing Monday, 16th May, 1853.

LEAVE NEW LONDON, AT

7,30 A. M. for Amherst, Norwich, 8,12 A. M. Willimantic 9,05 connecting at 9,05 A. M. for Hartford and Bristol. Palmer 10,45, connecting at 10,44 for Springfield and Albany, and at 1,55 P. M. for Worcester and Boston.

*10,00 A. M. for Willimantic, (or on arrival of accommodation train from New Haven.)—Norwich 11,30 A. M., connecting at 12 M. at Norwich for Worcester and Boston.

1,45 for Amherst (or on arrival of train from New York and New Haven.) Norwich 2,35 P. M., connecting at 3,20 for Worcester.—*Willimantic 3,30 connecting at 4,20 for Hartford. *Palmer 6,10 connecting at 7,09 for Springfield and Albany, and 9,55 for Worcester and Boston.

LEAVE AMHERST AT

5,00 A. M. for New London, New Haven and New York. *Palmer 6,30 connecting at 8,43 for Worcester and Boston, and 10,44 for Springfield and Albany. Willimantic 9,05 connecting at 9,05 for Hartford and Bristol. Norwich 9,55 connecting at 12 M. for Worcester and Boston, and at New London at 10,30 A. M. for New Haven and New York.

1,15 P. M. for New London, New Haven and New York. Palmer 2,30 connecting at 2,18 for Worcester and Boston, and at 3,21 for Springfield. Willimantic 4,25 connecting at 4,20 for Hartford. Norwich 5,20. At New London at 6,00 for New Haven and New York, and at 9,30 with Steamers Connecticut, Knickerbocker and Worcester for New York.

LEAVE WILLIMANTIC AT

*1,30 P. M. for New London. Norwich 3,10 connecting at 3.20 for Worcester.

*Freight trains with Passenger Car attached; and do not stop at Massapeag, Mohegan, Norwich Falls, Norwich Town, Franklin or Lebanon.

Through tickets to New York, via Steamboat from New London, can be had at all the Ticket Stations on this Road.

Discount made to passengers procuring tickets before taking seats in the cars.

THROUGH TICKETS FROM
Palmer to New York (Cabin) $3,00.
" " " (Deck) $2,60.

WM. R. STORRS, Supt.

New London, May 12, 1853.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of E. B. Miles & Co., or to E. B. Miles, are requested to make immediate payment to the Subscriber, or to E. B. Miles, who is authorized to settle the same.

R. F. STEVENS, Assignee.

May 21. 5tf.

Stray Steer.

CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber on the 11th inst., a two years old Steer, of a pale red color, broad horns, and in good condition. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

SUSAN WEBBER

Palmer, May 21. 3w45.

Pocket Book Lost.

LOST, in the Ladies' Sitting Room, in the depot of the Western Railroad, in Palmer, May 7th, a Red Morocco Pocket Book, containing a small amount of money. The finder will confer a favor by leaving the same—the Pocket Book at least—with Mr. Childs, the depot agent.

May 21, 1853. 3w4.

Notice.

REV. D. J. MANDELL, will preach in the School House, "Silver Street," Monson, on Sunday, the 29th inst., at the usual hours, on subjects designed to illustrate the spiritual unity of earth with Heaven, and the recognition and reunion of friends in the resurrection state.

May 21.

SUMMER HATS.

A SPLENDID lot of Drab Beaver, Panamas, and all the kinds of HATS that will be in use the coming season, for sale low at the HAT and CAP ESTABLISHMENT, North end of the Nassowanno House.

CHARLES M. GARFIELD.

Palmer, May 21, 1853. 3w5

PLAIN and Figured Berages, compising Tan Drab. MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

J. W. ELLIOT,
SURGEON DENTIST,

Thankful for past favors, would respectfully solicit a share of public patronage at the present time. Office at H. LYMAN'S Cottage House, a few steps north of the Journal Office.

Palmer, May 7. 3tf

An Entirely New

AND Fresh assortment of PAPER HANGINGS received this week. Call and see.

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Palmer, March 19. tf48

Notice---Removal.

L. B. CHAMBERLIN, manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, next building to the Nassowanno House, would call the attention of the inhabitants of Palmer and vicinity, to his new and choice stock of goods, feeling confident that he can offer inducements worthy the favorable notice of all.

Those who in their purchases regard durability and cheapness, or wish for a fashionable article, can do no better than to examine this assortment, consisting of

Men's French and American Calf Boots,
" " Calf and Enameled Congress do.,
" Kipp and Calcutta do.,
Men's and Boys' Calf, Kipp, Enameled and Goat Skin Shoes,
Slippers and Rubbers,
Misses' and Children's Shoes, Bootees and Gaiters,
Ladies' Gaiters,
" Half Gaiters.
" Morocco Lind,
" Enameled "
" " Polkas,
" Patent Leather Shoes,
" Kid Baskins,
" Morocco Slippers &c. &c. &c.

May 7, 1853. 3tf.

Marshall Calkins, M. D.,

WOULD announce to the inhabitants of Monson and adjacent towns, that he, as the successor of his brother, Dr. David Calkins, has again located himself in Monson. Having been associated with Prof. Calvin Newton, both in the practice and the teaching of Medicine, he has daring his absence made commendable progress in professional acquirements. From all those who prefer a system of innocent and sanative medication, when scientifically applied, to that which sanctions the frequent use of mercurials, antimonials, arsenic and the lancet, he respectfully solicits patronage.

At all hours by day or night he holds himself in readiness to attend to professional calls. Office nearly opposite the Academy.

Monson, May 7, 1853. 3w3.

CAN BE FOUND
At the Nassowanno Grocery Store,

A fresh and full assortment of Groceries and Provision, which will be sold for the next sixty days, at very low prices. To all persons buying goods with cash, I wish to say to be sure and not make your purchase until you have called and examined our stock and prices.

C. C. SHAW, Agt.

Palmer, Apr. 30, 1853. 2tf.

New Milliner's Shop!

MRS. SQUIRES would invite the attention of the Ladies of Palmer and vicinity to the stock of New Millinery Goods just opened in Hall & Valentine's Block, two doors north of the Post Office.

She has a great variety of all the late styles of Bonnets and other Millinery articles, which will be sold very low. Now is the season for getting new Bonnets, and dressing up old ones.—Call at the *new Shop*, and you will be pleased with the assortment, as well as the work.

☞ Mrs. Squires also continues business at her old stand (up stairs) in Ware, where she will be happy to wait on all who may give her a call.

April 16th, 1853. 52.

Grand Opening!

New and Elegant Spring Goods!

GENTLEMEN desirous of New and Beautiful Styles of Goods for Spring wear, are invited to call and examine a choice Selection of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vesting of the most approved Fabric.

L. A. BAILEY.

Nassowanno Block, April 16, 1853. 52tf.

Fire! Fire!!

THE Subscriber is Agent for some of the best Fire Insurance Companies in the United States, and will take risks on the most favorable terms.

GEORGE W. RANDELL

Three Rivers April 24th.

Coffin Plates

SHROUDS; Caps &c on hand, or furnished at short notice by

A. BLODGETT.

Union Bock, Palmer Depot.

Grass Seeds!

HERD'S Grass, Clover and Red Top Seeds at prices as low as the market will allow, For sale by

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

April 16. 52tf

"Equal and Exact Justice to all, Special favors to none."

Trade Solicited but no Trust.

ONE PRICE ONLY!

TERMS CASH, OR ITS EQUIVALENT.

HAVING just purchased a Stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c, the same will be offered at a small advance from cost. The public are invited to call and determine for themselves as to prices, and choose between the Cash and Credit systems.

A. C. BILLINGS.

Tockwotton Block, Palmer Depot.

Apr. 9th, 1853. 51tf.

The Old Shop!

MRS. Collins would say to her old friends and customers, that she has returned from the City with a good assortment of Fancy Goods, and Millincry, and after they have examined the new shops, please call and look at her assortment, as she thinks it will compare favorably both as to prices and quality, with any shop in Western Mass. She would also say to those who are in the habit of purchasing Goods at Ware, that she has opened a Shop in that place, (next door to Ezra Allen's,) down stairs, where they will find a good assortment of Goods, and agreeable young ladies to wait on them.

Apr. 23, 1853. 1tf.

THE place to buy the best Hams and Dried Beef, (not smoked) is at the Nassowanno Grocery Store.

Palmer, Apr. 30, 1853. 2tf.

Just Received!

M. W. FRENCH & CO., have this week received an assortment of Elegant Dress Goods, among which may be found Rich Black Silks, Mazena Cloths, (new and pretty) Mourning Poplins, Barege DeLaines, Mous. DeLaines (spring styles) Muslins, Bor'd. English and American Prints in great variety, of new patterns. *All for sale very low.*

April 16. 52tf

Lime.

The subscriber will keep constantly on hand, a full supply of FRESH BURNT Lime, by the cask or bushel, at A. C. Billings' store, Tockwotton Block. All orders supplied at short notice.

S. G. SHAW.

Palmer March 11th, 1853. 48tf.

FEATHERS, by

MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

Read This.

IT has become a common saying with most venders of Goods, that such and such articles are the very best and neatest in the world. We speak of this, because we do not like to be ranked with that class of traders who recommend every thing they sell because they wish to sell it *regardless of its merits.* What we are trying to come at is simply this, that our selections of Prints *superceeds* any variety *in style* ever before brought to Hampden Co.; if this is doubted we will get it endorsed by responsible persons.

MUNGER & BASSETT.

April 16. 52tf

IN STORE,

AND FOR SALE—
16 Hhds. Mus., P. R. and Card Molasses.
8000 lbs. Sugar, various kinds.
Old Hyson Teas,
Young " "
Ningyoung "
Souchong "
Oolong " of many qualities.
Soaps, Spices, Fish, Salt, Lard, Hams, Pork, Tobacco, &c., *at prices satisfactorily low.*

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Palmer, May 7. 3tf

J. Parker & Co's Marble Works.

Successors to A. & S. Tomlinson,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

THE subscribers having lately purchased of Messrs. A. & S. Tomlinson their Marble Works, corner of Main and William sts., comprising their entire Stock, Machinery and Water power, for the manufacture of Marble; also, the entire stock of Marble, of the late firm of Dwelley & Keep, of this City, and having erected a new shop opposite the North Church on Main st., a few rods south of the Depot, they are prepared to furnish Monuments, Grave Stones, Tomb Tablets, Counter Tops, Pier and Center Tables, Soda Founts, Chimney Pieces, or any other kind of Marble Work, at the shortest notice, at either of the above named places, from the largest and best stock of Foreign and American Marble ever offered for sale in this city.—Having purchased the aboved named lots of Marble at very low rates, they are prepared to sell at prices which cannot fail to suit all.

J. PARKER & CO.

Springfield, April 16th, 1853.

Having disposed of our interest in the Marble business to Messrs. J. Parker & Co., (as noticed above,) we cheerfully recommend them to the favorable notice of our friends and former patrons, as men of integrity and experience, and as meriting the confidence of the public.

A. & S. TOMLINSON.

April 16th, 1853. 6m52.

Hammond's Liniment.

A SAFE and speedy remedy for all diseases requiring an external application This Liniment has been before the public for the last seven years, steadily acquiring a reputation by its own merits, and now feeling confidence in it, as a remedial agent, we give it a wide circulation, that all may receive benefit from its invaluable properties. For sprains, and contractions of the muscles and tendons, stiffness and injuries of joints, rheumatism, gout, burns, bruises, frozen extremities, &c., it has no equal. The following certificates of some of our most prominent physicians and citizens, shows the confidence and reliance they place upon it:

Certificates.—This may certify, that we have used the above named Liniment in the various diseases, &c., for which it is recommended, and cheerfully add our testimony to its efficacy.

J. N. Bates, M. D., Barre. J. Gorham, Barre.
W. Parkhurst, " Petersham. A. Alden, "
G. Barstow, " Boston. G. Twichell, Sup't
C. W. Pierce, " Leominster. of B. & W. R. R.
D. Rice, Barre. Gen. A. Holman, Bolton,

For sale wholesale and retail, by CALDWELL & HILL, Apothecaries,
229 Main street, Worcester, Mass., General Agents.

Also for sale by J. BOWLES, Palmer, WILSON & EDWARDS, and S. C. PARSONS, Northampton, and by Merchants generally.

March, 26. 1853. 3m49.

Coal! Coal!!

OF all kinds will be furnished at short notice delivered at Palmer, by applying to J. S. AMES, Agent N. L. W. & P. R. R. Co.

Blacksmiths and all others using coal in this vicinity can save money by sending orders as above.

Palmer, April 2. 50tf

Plaster.

150 Tons Ground Plaster.
800 Bush. Corn.
50 Bbls. Lime.
200 " Flour.

Meal, Feed, Salt, Grass Seeds, &c., for sale at the Old Stand of Hall & Valentine.

J. A. HALL.

Palmer, April 16. 52tf

A Candid, Sober Fact, Viz:

THAT we have got a better assortment of Clothing, than was ever before offered in this vicinity, and in addition to our unrivaled assortment, we would say most emphatically, that a great portion of it equals any custom work that can be procured, and relative to prices, that our *superior* styles and qualities will be sold as low as the *kind* usually kept by clothiers. We think this ample inducement to merit the attention of all purchasers.

MUNGER & BASSETT.

April 16. 52tf

FLOUR in half and whole bbls. by

MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

And Still they Come!

MORE new Goods at

M. W. FRENCH & Co.'s.

May 14. 4tf.

Alarm and Repeating Clocks,

EIGHT Day, and Thirty Hour—a good assortment. Warranted good time keepers. For sale by

A. BLODGETT.

Union Block, Palmer Depot, May 14. 2tf.

Clothing! Clothing!! Clothing!!!

By

MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

BOOTS and SHOES by

MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

Ready Made Clothing

OF all kinds, from the cheap Sack, to the most Fashionable Dress Coat. Pants and Vests, the largest and best assortment ever before offered in this vicinity. Also, a good assortment of Plain and Fancy Cravats and Stocks, Shirts, Collars, Bosoms, Gloves, &c.

L. A. BAILEY.

Nassowanno Block, April 16, 1853. 52tf.

A FEW pieces 22 cts. DE LAINE for 12 1-2 cents, can be found at

MUNGER & BASSETT'S.

May 7. 3tf

POETRY.

The Gate of Bliss.

Mortals o'er the earth may roam,
Leaving early friends and home,
Hoping pleasant things to find,
Which may satisfy the mind ;
Yet, alas, they toil in vain,
Happiness on earth to gain.

There's a path that leads to bliss,
To a fairer clime than this,—
To a land of brighter flowers,
Where no darkness dims the hours,
Where no evil can come near,
Where no one will shed a tear.

But it is a "narrow way,"
And the thoughtless go astray,
Plucking flowers on either side,
Till they wander, far and wide,
From this "way," so plain and straight,
Leading up to Heaven's gate.

Yet the gate of bliss is free,
Why will not the whole world see it?—
Enter in, find heavenly rest,
Mingle with the angels blest,
Live with loved ones gone before,
To this bright and blessed shore.

To my Lady Love.

And when the reverend sir shall say
"My son take thou this daughter?"
I'd answer him in fearless tones,
"I shan't do nothin' shorter!"

"Will you, my son, support and nourish
This flower I give to thee?"
I'd give my white kid gloves a flourish,
And answer, "Yes, sir-ee!"

☞ An Englishman and a Welshman, disputing in whose country was the best living, the Welshman said, "There is such noble housekeeping in Wales, that I have known about a dozen cooks employed at one wedding dinner." "Ah!" answered the Englishman, "that was because every man toasted his own cheese!"

☞ When virtue leaps high in the public fountain, you seek for the lofty spring of nobleness, and find it far off in the dear breast of some mother who melted the snows of winter, and condensed the summer's dew into fair sweet humanity, which now gladdens the face of man in all the city streets.—*Theodore Parker.*

BRANDY.—Brandy was invented by Raymundus Lillius, a celebrated alchymist, who died in 1315. But for many centuries it was only used as a medicine, and chiefly as an external application.—Next in daring to the man that swallowed an oyster, must he be reckoned who drank the first glass of brandy.

☞ "Madam," said a cross-tempered physician to a patient, "if women were admitted to Paradise, their tongues would make it a Purgatory." "And some physicians, if allowed to practice there," replied the lady, "would soon make it a desert."

☞ There are now in California, about twenty-two thousand Chinamen. The capital invested and owned by the Chinese in the State, is one million of dollars.

☞ A country editor drops the disinterested observation :—"Blessed are they who do not advertise, for they will be rarely troubled with customers."

☞ An Indian was ordained to the work of the ministry by the Baptist Home Missionary Society, in Troy, last week, who, to attend the Convention, *walked six hundred miles in snow shoes*, accompanied by his wife and child.

☞ "That beats all," is now rendered by language refined into "that flagellates the entire complement."

BUSINESS CARDS.

F. T. WALLACE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office in Munger's Building.
April 1, 1852. 50tf

C. FORBUSH, & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Foreign and American Marble,
PALMER, MASS.
☞ **Shop** about half a mile East of Palmer Depot.
Tombstones, Monuments and Table Tops, made to order at short notice.
Palmer, Feb. 21, 1852. tf44

TORREY & BARLOW,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
PALMER, MASS.
Office first door East of the Nassowanno House.
C. TORREY. M. BARLOW.
jan. 13. 39 tf.

H. F. MILLER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Shop in Barton's Block,
MONSON, MASS.
15tf.

C. SANFORD,
(Successor to S. W. Cone,)
DEALER IN
Monuments, Grave Stones, &c., of Italian and American Marble.
All kinds of Carving and Ornamental work done in the best manner, as well as Lettering that will bear inspection.
H. D. SANFORD, Agt.
Ware, Mass., Dec. 25, 1852.

J. S. BAILEY,
DEALER IN
All kinds of Cooking, Parlor and other Stoves, Tin Ware, &c., which will be sold at fair prices.
Job work done promptly and in the best manner.
Palmer, Jan. 1, 1853. 3tf

STATIONERY,
BLANKS, BLANK BOOKS,
ENVELOPES & PAPER
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;
TOYS, PERFUMERY, BRUSHES,
ALSO,
FANCY GOODS,
In great variety, for sale by
ELIHU GEER,
10 State St., Hartford, Conn.

THE Store of the Subscriber will be weekly replenished with NEW GOODS, from the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Importing Houses, and from all the principal American manufacturers. Among his extensive assortment may be found all kinds of

Letter, Cap, Drawing, Note and Fancy Papers;
White, Buff & Enameled Envelopes;
Papier Mache, Rosewood, Mahogany & Leather Writing Desks, Work Boxes, &c.;
Cloth, Leather and Papier Mache Portefolios, From 37½ cts. to $8.00 each;
All styles of Card Cases and Porte Monnaies; Wallets and Pocket Books;
Steel, Silk and Kid Purses; Bankers' Cases;
Lubin's Celebrated Genuine Perfumes;
Farina's Unrivaled Cologne;
Bridal, Glove & Handkerchief Perfumed Boxes, Building Blocks, Wood Alphabets;
Velvet, Iron, Tin and India Rubber Toys; Pearl & Ivory Tablets;
Crying Babies; China, Wax and Rubber Dolls; Games too numerous to mention;
Magnets, Masks, & Magic Lanterns;
Hair, Cloth, Hat, Tooth, Nail & Lather Brushes, Gentlemen's Dressing Cases;
Shell and Horn Dressing Combs; Ivory Combs; Ladies' Companions, Spool Stands;
All kinds Rubber Balls; Vesta Lights;
Harmonicans, Pickwicks, Sand Toys, Tea Bells
Opera Glasses, Toilet & Traveling Glasses;
Thermometers and Barometers;
Tooth Powder, Hair Oils, Toilet & Shaving Soaps,
Chessmen, Dominoes, Back Gammon Boards, Chessboards; Dice; Checkers;
Sewing Birds, six kinds, from 37½ to 62½ cents;
Penknives, Scissors and Shears;
A splendid assortment of Gold Pens, in Gold and Silver Cases;
Steel Pens, Fifty Styles; Pen Nibs and Quills;
Letter Seals or Stamps, all styles;
The best of Wax, warranted to burn free;
Water Colors, from 6 cents to $4.00 per box;
Fancy Paper and Glass Boxes;
Transparent, Porcelain and Paper Slates;
A large assortment of Visiting & Wedding Cards:
Stationery Articles in general;
Every kind of Legal & Probate Blanks;
Wedding Stationery and "Fixins," best qualities;
Patent Blot Pads; Diaries;
Ledgers, Day & Cash Books, Journals, &c.
Blank Notes, Drafts, Orders, Due Bills, &c. &c.,
Letter Copying Presses, Books & Ink;
Mathematical Instruments; Blotting Papers;
Paper Folders and Paper Weights; Erasers;
Newspaper Files and Wires;
Mouth Glue & Mucilage; Indelible Inks;
Black, Blue, Red & Violet Inks;
Inkstands, of One Hundred different varieties.

ALL of the above described articles can be found in greater profusion and variety than elsewhere in New England, besides other articles too numerous to mention. Call and see for yourself. They will be sold at the lowest prices, either at wholesale or retail. ☞ Particular attention given to the PAPER and ENVELOPE TRADE, at 10 STATE STREET, HARTFORD, CT., by ELIHU GEER.

☞ Every kind and style of JOB, CARD and BOOK PRINTING, by Steam, executed as heretofore. Large additions of NEW TYPE and MACHINERY are being made this year, to the already most extensive Printing Establishment of
ELIHU GEER, 10 STATE ST.
Hartford, May, 1853.

To Those who Are Diseased.

THE Undersigned, having been in successful practice of Medicine for the past nine years, in this place, and being no longer able to ride to a distance and bear the responsibility which has formerly rested upon him, proposes to examine Patients at his residence. Patients can be examined while he is in the clairvoyant state, or by the common practice of examining. Feeling confident in the success he has had for the last six months in his clairvoyant examinations, and prescriptions, that he can benefit all who call upon him, desires all who are diseased to test him for their own benefit.
R. BARRON.
Botanic Physician and Clairvoyant.
All kinds of Medicine carefully prepared, by the clairvoyant, who is experienced in compounding Medicine of all kinds.

Syrups.	Bitters.
Cancer,	Jaundice,
Scrofula,	Strengthening,
Erysipelas,	Wine,
Compound Humor,	Stimulating,
Lung,	

Anti-billious Pills of a superior kind.
All kinds of the above Medicines kept constantly on hand.
Palmer, Sept. 10. 21tf

BAG and Bbl. SALT, by
MUNGER & BASSETT.
May 7. 3tf

Smith's Patent VERTICAL GATE.

THE attention of Farmers, and the Public generally is invited to the above Gate, which possesses many advantages over any other Gate in use. This Gate does not swing but opens vertically from the center by a parallel movement of the rails, consequently there can be no *saging*, or drawing over of the Posts; it requires no ground to swing upon, but may be opened and shut while teams are standing close upon either side of it, and without any shoveling away of snow in the winter, and is equally adapted to inclining as to level ground. The Gate is very simple in its construction, not liable to get out of order, and may be built for less expense than the common swing Gate of equal size and strength. A full size working Gate may be seen by calling on the subscriber near the Union House, Palmer Depot, who will furnish Gates, or the Right for making and using the Gates, on liberal terms.
A. BLODGETT.
Palmer, April 2, 1853. 50tf.

J. & P. HENDRICK'S fine cut, and chewing Tobacco, by the paper or gross, by
MUNGER & BASSETT.
Palmer, March 19, 1853. 38tf

HOWARD'S
VEGETABLE
Cancer and Canker SYRUP.

THIS Preparation, which has been used during the last sixteen years with the most signal success, is now, for the first time, presented to the medium of advertising.

At a period like the present, when the proprietors of medicine are flooding the community, through the press, with testimonials in favor of their respective preparations, the subscriber deems it a duty which he owes to suffering humanity to present his also, for the consideration of the afflicted. In doing so, he is happy to be able to say, that the efficacy of this INVALUABLE COMPOUND has never been surpassed in the treatment of

CANCERS, CANKER, SCROFULA, SALT RHEUM, ERYSIPELAS, KING'S EVIL, SCALD HEAD, FEVER SORES, SCURVY, TUMORS, ULCERS, &C.,

and those affections generally which originate in a DEPRAVED STATE of the BLOOD.

The benefit derived from its PROPER application (see DIRECTIONS) must be permanent, from the fact that it acts with great power upon THE SEAT of the disease *the morbid matter accumulated in the blood*, and entirely eradicates it from the system. But while it acts with great power and certainty in the removal of HUMORS generally, its efficacy is the most satisfactorily demonstrated in the cure of *Cancers and Fever Sores.*

It is well known that when the *blood* becomes so impure as to produce disease in these forms, the patient is supposed to be beyond the restoring influence of medicine.

Those who may be so unfortunate as to be afflicted with *Cancers or Fever Sores*, need only make a fair trial of the SYRUP *following rigidly the directions*, to be convinced that they are not *necessarily doomed* to die.

That we speak advisedly upon this subject, and do not wish to thrust upon the afflicted a useless preparation to extort from them money for which we are not willing to give them more than an equivalent, we respectfully invite attention to the subjoined testimonials which furnish the most emphatic evidence of the truthfulness of our statements.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TESTIMONY BY A LADY.

By Mrs. H. S. Spear, wife of Capt. G. Spear.
A Cancer deemed incurable by eminent Physicians, entirely removed by the Syrup.

Quincy, April 15, 1852.

Dear Sir: This is to certify, that some years since, I was the subject of much suffering occasioned by a swelling on my breast which after a few months was pronounced by eminent physicians, a Cancer, and one which they could not encourage me to hope could be cured. Deriving no benefit from their prescriptions, and hearing of your invaluable specific for cancerous affections, I commenced taking the Syrup, and soon began to feel its beneficial effects. Encouraged by its favorable effects in the incipient stages of its operation. I persevered in its use till the swelling subsided, the cancerous symptoms wholly disappeared, and my health was perfectly restored. I feel that the continuance of my life is attributable to the agency of your excellent medicine, and I cheerfully recommend it to the afflicted as the *best* remedy for the diseases for which it is prescribed of which I have any knowledge.

HANNAH S. SPEAR.

Most malignant Fever Sores healed and the Patient restored to health.

ASTONISHING CURE!!

Worcester, Sept. 1, 1851.

Mr. D. Howard: It is with great pleasure that I send you my testimony in favor of your *Cancer and Canker Syrup.* It has affected by the blessing of God attending its administration, the greatest cure that ever came to my knowledge. My son was afflicted with Fever Sores to such a degree that for four months his life was despaired of, when I was informed that Zeba Howard, of Randolph Mass., could cure him. I immediately sent for him, and in three days after he came the boy began to recover, and continued to improve till his sores were completely healed, since which he has enjoyed as good health as could be desired. I have recommend the Syrup to a great many persons since, who are also ready to give their testimony in its favor. Of all medicines of which I have any knowledge, I regard this, for the diseases for which it is recommended, as *the best.* I could write all day, and not tell half I feel in relation to the utility of your excellent Syrup. May God speed you in your work, and succeed your efforts to alleviate human suffering.

MARSON EATON.

SCIENTIFIC TESTIMONY.

To the Public. A Card: By a Druggist.

Randolph, April 12, 1852.

I know the ingredients which compose Howard's Vegetable Cancer and Canker Syrup, and am acquainted with the formula for its preparation. It is purely vegetable in its nature, containing no *mercurial or mineral* substances, and is composed of such vegetables only as possess great Alterative properties. It is an excellent remedy for those diseases for which the Proprietor recommends it, and I cheerfully commend it to the afflicted.

ZENAS SNOW, Druggist and Chemist.

Having presented the above statements and testimonials, we assure the afflicted that the certificates (which have been selected from many in our possession) are *Genuine*; of which, if they have any doubt, they are desired to communicate with the individuals over whose signatures they are published and their suspicions will soon be removed.

☞ The *genuine* is prepared and sold by D. HOWARD, Randolph, Mass. For sale also by REDDING & CO. 8 STATE ST. BOSTON, General Agents; and retailed by Agents through out the country.

Circulars furnished gratuitously by Agents when desired.

☞ Price, $1,00 per bottle; $5,00 for six bottle. A liberal discount made to those who buy to sell again.

For sale in Palmer, by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.

PAPER HANGINGS, a good assortment, by
MUNGER & BASSETT.
Palmer. March 19, 1853. 38tf.

"Eureka, Eureka."

We have found it at last. Now for the little ones. Why will parents waste hours and days in fruitless endeavors to get perfect pictures of their children, and after all get nothing but a poor miserable caricature? We would say, come to our *Excelsior Gallery*, and we will guarantee to make you a perfect picture, by our *Electro Chemical* process, that works in from 1-2 to 2 seconds

We defy any Daguerrian in Springfield or elsewhere to compete with us, as we are the inventors, and the process is used only in our different establishments in the New England and Middle States. For pictures of adults, the Silver Medals we have received from the American Institute, New York, and Franklin, Philadelphia, together with hundreds of premiums from county fairs is sufficient proof that they are the "*ne plus ultra*" of perfection.

We have at great expense procured the *exclusive right* of Hampden Co., for the

VIGNETTE OR CRAYON PICTURES,

The most beautiful and brilliant production of the art. We caution all operatives from any infringement of the same.

Prof. D. C Collins, who is pronounced the best practical operator in the United States, has charge of the Chemical department.

Howard Peal, an *artist* by profession, has charge of the *artistical*

This establishment, connected as it is, with the world renowned and celebrated artist Verno of *Paris*, and Mayall of *London*, has facilities of receiving all the late European improvements.

We would call particular attention to our *Talbotypes* in *Oil.*

COLLINS & CO.
Main st., opposite Site late Hampden House, Springfield. Collin's buildings, Westfield.
No. 100 Chestnut st. Philadelphia.
March 12th, 1853. 47tf.

THE ROAD TO HEALTH.
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.
Cure of a Disordered Liver and bad Digestion.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. R. W. Kirkus, Chemist, 7, Prescot st., Liverpool, dated 6th June, 1851.

To Professor Holloway:

Sir,—Your Pills and Ointment have stood the highest on our sale list of Proprietary Medicines for some years. A customer, to whom I can refer for any inquiries, desires me to let you know the particulars of her case. She had been troubled for years with a disordered liver, and bad digestion. On the last occasion, however, the virulence of the attack was so alarming, and the inflammation set in so severely, that doubts were entertained of her not being able to bear up under it; fortunately she was induced to try your Pills, and she informs me that after the first, and each succeeding dose, she had great relief. She continued to take them, and although she used only three boxes, she is now in the enjoyment of perfect health. I could have sent you many more cases, but the above, from the severity of the attack, and the speedy cure, I think, speaks much in favor of your astonishing Pills.

Signed R. W. KIRKUS.

An extraordinary Cure of Rheumatic Fever, in Van Diemen's Land.

Copy of a letter inserted in the Hobart Town Courier, of March 1st, 1851, by Major J. Walch.

Margaret M'Connigan, nineteen years of age, residing at New Town, had been suffering from a violent rheumatic fever for upwards of two months, which had entirely deprived her of the use of her limbs; during this period she was under the care of the most eminent medical men in Hobart Town, and by them her case was considered hopeless. A friend prevailed upon her to try Holloway's celebrated Pills, which she consented to do, and in an incredible short space of time they effected a perfect cure.

Cure of a Pain and Tightness in the Chest and Stomach of a Person 84 years of age.

From Messrs Thew and Son, Proprietors of the Lynn Advertiser, who can vouch for the following statement.

August 2d, 1851.

To Professor Holloway;

Sir,—I desire to bear testimony to the good effects of Holloway's Pills. For some years I suffered severely from a pain and tightness in the stomach, which was also accompanied by a shortness of breath, that prevented me from walking about. I am 84 years of age, and notwithstanding my advanced stage of life, these Pills have so relieved me, that I am desirous that others should be made acquainted with their virtues. I am now rendered, by their means, comparatively active, and can take exercise without inconvenience or pain, which I could not do before.

Signed HENRY COE.
North street, Lynn, Norfolk.

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficacious in the following complaints:

Ague	Inflammation
Asthma	Jaundice
Billious complaints	Liver complaints
Blotches on the Skin	Lumbago
Bowel complaints	Piles
Colics	Rheumatism
Constipation of bowels	Retention of Urine
Consumption	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Debility	Sore Throats
Dropsy	Stone and Gravel
Dysentery	Secondary Symptoms
Erysipelas	Tic Douloureux
Female irregularities	Tumors
Fevers of all kinds	Ulcers
Fits	Vencreal affections
Gout	Worms of all kinds
Headache	Weakness, from what-
Indigestion	ever cause, &c &c.

Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, near Temple Bar, London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the British Empire, and of those of the United States, in boxes at 37 1-2 c., 87 c., and $150 c., each. Wholesale by the principal Drug houses in the Union, and by Messrs A. B. & D. SANDS New York, and REDDING Co., Boston.

For Sale in Palmer by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.
Sept. 11th. 1yeow.

Shaving Made Easy.

BY using one of "Frederick's Celebrated Razors," which, together with Razors of several other brands, made by some of the best manufacturers in England; Shaving Brushes; and a variety of First Quality Soaps, &c., may be found at A. BLODGETT'S.
Union Block, Palmer Depot, Dec. 11. 34.

"A Hat! A Hat! My Kingdom for a Hat!" So King Richard would have said if he had lived in 1853, and seen the new lot just received by us. They are the neatest, prettiest, and of course, the cheapest lot offered in Palmer. Our assortment of Caps is also good, and worthy of being examined before purchasing elsewhere.
MUNGER & BASSETT.
Palmer, April 16, 1853. 52tf.

New System and New Remedies
FOR THE CURE OF
CONSUMPTION.
NUTTALL'S SYRIACUM,
IN THREE BOTTLES,
CONTAINING
THREE DIFFERENT PREPARATIONS,
For the Cure of the
Three Different Stages OF CONSUMPTION.

INCIPIENT

FIRST STAGE—*Symptoms.*—Cough, pain in the breast, side, head, back, joints and limbs; inflammation, soreness and tickling in the throat fever, difficult and quick breathing, *expectoration difficult, slight and frothy.*

CONFIRMED

SECOND STAGE—*Symptoms.*—Costiveness, spasmodic cough, violent fever, night, morning and mid-day sweats, hectic flush in the face and cheeks, burning heat in the palms of the hands and soles of the feet, *expectoration easy, copious, and streaked with blood.*

TUBERCULAR

THIRD STAGE—*Symptoms.*—Diarrhœa, diminished fever, cough, and morning sweats, great and increasing debility, frequent fainting fits, slight delirium, and swelling of the extremities.

TO THE AFFLICTED.

The appearance in Three Bottles of NUTTALL'S SYRIACUM is a rare era in Medicine, from its novelty and direct opposition to the old *absurd and inconsistent one bottle system*, while its success prepared in this manner, each Bottle containing a different preparation, in curing the different stages which characterize Consumption, has established the welcome truth of the curability *of every stage of Pulmonary Consumption.*

Physicians approve of it, because it is based upon correct Physiological and Pathological principles. The public approve of it, because it is common sense, and because they *know* from sad experience that *one* preparation will *not* cure the *three* stages of Consumption. The suffering, disappointed, and discouraged Invalid approves of it, because its principles hold out a reasonable Hope, and *when he uses Nuttall's Syriacum, his hopes are realized.*

IF HE IS IN THE FIRST STAGE OF CONSUMPTION.

and uses the first bottle, his expectoration, difficult and painful, becomes free and easy, his cough soon gets well, the soreness, tickling in his throat, inflammation, pain in his breast, side, head, back, joints, and limbs are removed.

IF HE IS IN THE SECOND STAGE

and uses the second bottle, his fever leaves him, his disturbed slumbers become sweet and refreshing, his night sweats vanish, his expectoration copious and bloody, assumes a healthy appearance, and at length disappears, his bowels become regular, his appetite returns, the flush in his cheek disappears, the burning heat in the palms of his hands and soles of his feet, are felt no longer, his cough now ceases, he recovers and is well.

IF HE IS IN THE THIRD STAGE

and uses the third bottle, his Diarrhœa gradually ceases, his weak bowels become strong, his cough and other bad symptoms disappear, feeble digestion becomes strong and vigorous, his stomach recovers its proper tone, and creates new, rich and nourishing blood, his strength returns, his wasted body is clothed with flesh, his life is saved, and he is

RESTORED TO HEALTH!

Each bottle of *NUTTALL'S SYRIACUM* has the *symptoms* of the stage for which it is *intended*, printed in front of the wrapper, whereby every invalid knowing his own symptoms, can judge for himself.

WHICH BOTTLE HE REQUIRES,

consequently no mistake can occur in selecting

THE PROPER MEDICINE.

☞ See Pamphlet in possession of the editor of this paper, containing Dr. Nuttall's Pathology of Consumption. Lecture on the Structure and Uses of the Human Lungs, and Certificates of Cures.

☞ Prepared only by *Dr. WM. NUTTALL*, inventor and Proprietor. Price one dollar per bottle.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE,
278 *Race-st., one door above Eighth,*
PHILADELPHIA.

Sold in Palmer Depot, by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.

£c Dec. 4, 1852.

Plows.

THE Subscriber keeps at his shop, about one mile east of the Depot Village, the different sizes of J. R. Whittemore & Co.'s celebrated Eagle Plows, which he will sell for cash at manufacturers' prices, or exchange for white oak timber.
F. BLANCHARD.
Palmer, Dec. 27. 35tf

DEVINE'S PITCH LOZENGES.

A pleasant, safe and effectual Remedy for Colds, Coughs, Influenza, Croup, Asthma, Whooping-Cough, and all Pulmonary Diseases, when a portion of the Lungs remain sufficient to sustain life. Columns of testimonials of their efficacy might be inserted, but the using of a single box is better evidence than them all.—Try them and be convinced.

Only 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Circulars containing certificates of Cures may be found with all the agents.

For sale, wholesale and retail by
A. BLODGETT,
Union Block, Palmer Depot, Feb. 12. 43tf

Coffins.

THE Subscriber keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of Mahogany, Black Walnut, White Wood and Pine Coffins, which he will furnish with shrouds and plates, if desired, and will deliver them if wished.
J. S. LOOMIS.
Palmer, Oct. 19, 1850. tf 29

Factory Room and Steam Power to Let.

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JUST received a beautiful assortment of Billet Paper of various styles—just the thing for writing pretty thoughts on—for sale cheap at the Journal Office.

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TO show you Blk. and mode col'd Silk Hose, Mixed Slate and White Cotton do. for Ladies, Misses and Children. Men's 1-2 do., all qualities. Also Kid, Silk, Lisle and Cotton Gloves. Low prices will buy them of
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April 16. 52tf

$500 CHALLENGE.

WHATEVER concerns the health and happiness of a people, is at all times of the most valuable importance. I take it for granted that every man will do all in their power, to save the lives of their children and that every person will endeavor to promote their own health at all sacrifices, I feel it to be my duty to solemnly assure ou that WORMS, according to the opinion of the best physicians, are the primary causes of a large majority of diseases to which children and adults are liable. If you have an appetite continually changeable from one kind of food to another, Bad Breath, Pain in the stomjack, Picking at the Nose, Hardness and Fullness of the Belly, Dry Cough, Slow Fever, Pulse irregular—remember that all these denote WORMS, and you should at once apply the remedy:—

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An article founded on Scientific Principles, compounded with purely vegetable substances, being perfectly safe when taken, and can be given to the most tender Infant with decided beneficial effect, where, *Bowell Complaints and Diarrhœa* have made them weak and debilitated the Tonic properties of my Worm Syrup are such that it stands without an equal in the catalogue of medicines, in giving tone and strength to the Stomach, which makes it an Infallible remedy for those afflicted with *Dyspepsia*, the astonishing cures performed by this Medicine after Physicians have failed, is the best evidence of its superior efficacy over all others.

The Tape Worm.

This is the most difficult worm to destroy of all that infest the human system, it grows to an almost indefinite length, becoming so coiled and fastened in the Intestines and Stomach, effecting the health so sadly as to cause the St. Vitus Dance, Fits, &c., that those afflicted seldom if ever suspect that it is Tape Worm hastening them to an early grave. In order to destroy this Worm, a very energetic treatment must be pursued, it would therefore be proper to take from 6 to 8 of my Liver Pills so as to remove all obstructions, that the Worm Syrup may act direct upon the Worm, which must be taken in doses of two table spoonfulls three times a day, these directions followed have never been known to fail in curing the most obstinate case of *Tape Worm.*

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TENDING TO
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MISCELLANEOUS.

WELL IN THE WILDERNESS.

A TALE OF THE PRAIRIE.

FOUNDED ON FACT.

Richard Steel was the son of one of those small landholders who are fast disappearing from Merry Old England.—His father left him the sole possessor of twenty-five acres of arable land and a snug little cottage, which had descended from father to son, through many generations.

The ground plot, which had been sufficient to maintain his honest progenitors for several ages, in the palmy days of Britain's glory and independence, ere her vast resources passed into the hands of the few, and left the many to starve, was not enough to provide for the wants of our stout yeoman and his family, which consisted at that period of three sons and one daughter, a lovely, blooming girl of ten years, or thereabouts. Richard and his boys toiled with unceasing diligence; the wife was up late and early, and not one moment was left unemployed; and yet they made no headway, but, every succeeding year found them in arrears.

"Jane," said the yeoman one evening, thoughtfully, to his wife, after having blessed his homely meal of skimmed milk and brown bread, "couldst thee not have given us a little treat to-night? Hast thee forgotten that it is our dear Annie's birthnight?"

"No, Richard, I have not forgotten; how could I forget the anniversary of the day that made us all so happy! But times are bad; I could not spare the money to buy sugar and plums for the cake; and I wanted to sell all the butter in order to scrape together enough to pay the shoemaker for making our darling's shoes. Annie knows that she is infinitely dear to us all, though we cannot give her luxuries to prove it."

"It wants no proof, dear mother," said the young girl, flinging her round but sunburnt arms about the worthy parents neck. "Your precious love is worth the wealth of the whole world to me. I know how fond you and dear father are of me, and I am more than satisfied."

"Annie is right," said Steel, dropping his knife and holding out his arms for a caress. "The world could not purchase such love as we feel for her; and let us bless God that, poor though we be, we are all here to-night, well and strong, ay, and rich, in spite of our homely fare, in each other's affections. What say you, my boys?" And he glanced with parental pride on the three fine lads, whose healthy and honest countenances might well be contemplated with pleasure, and afford subjects for hopeful anticipations for the future.

"We are happy, father," said the eldest, cheerfully.

"The cakes and spiced ale would have made us happier," said the second.—"Mother makes such nice cakes."

"So she does," cried the third. "It seems so dull to have nothing nice on Annie's birth-day. I should not care a fig if it were Dick's birth-day, or Owen's, or mine, but not to drink Annie's health seems unlucky."

"You shall drink it yet," said Annie, laughing.

"In what?" asked both the boys in a breath.

"In fine spring water!" And she filled their mugs."

"Better God never gave to his creatures. How bright it is! How it sparkles! I will never from this day ask a finer drink. Here is health to you my brothers, and may we never know what it is to lack a draught of pure water."

Annie nodded to her brothers, and drank off her mug of water; and the good natured fellows, who dearly loved her, followed her example.

Oh, little did the gay-hearted girl think in that moment of playful glee, of the price she was one day destined to pay for a drink of water!

The crops that year were a failure, and the heart of the strong man began to droop. He felt that labor in his native land would no longer give his children bread, and, unwilling to sink into the lowest class, he wisely resolved, while he retained the means of doing so, to emigrate to America. His wife made no opposition to his wishes, his sons were delighted with the prospect of any change for the better, and if Annie felt a passing pang at leaving the dasied fields, and her pretty playmates, the lambs, she hid it from her parents. The dear homestead, with its quiet rural orchard, and trim hedge-rows, fell to the hammer; nor was the sunburnt cheek of the honest yeoman unmoistened with a tear, when he saw it added to the enormous possessions of the lord of the manor.

After the sale was completed, and the money it brought duly paid, Steel lost no time in preparing for his emigration. In less than a fortnight he had secured their passage to New York, and they were already on their voyage across the Atlantic. Favored by wind and weather, after the first effects of the sea had worn off they were comfortable enough. The steerage passengers were poor, but respectable English emigrants, and they made several pleasant acquaintances among them.—One family especially attracted their attention, and so far engaged their affections during the tedious voyage, that they entered into an agreement to settle in the same neighborhood. Mr. Atkins was a widower, with two sons, the ages of Richard and Owen, and an elder sister, a primitive, gentle old woman, who had been once both wife and mother, but had outlived all her family. Abigal Winchester—for so she was called—took an especial fancy to our Annie, in whom she fancied that she recognized a strong resemblance to a daughter whom she had lost. Her affection was warmly returned by the kind girl, who, by a thousand little attentions, strove to evince her gratitude to Abigal for her good opinion.

They had not completed half their voyage before the scarlet fever broke out among the passengers, and made dreadful havoc among the younger portion.—Steel's whole family were down with it at the same time, and, in spite of the constant nursing of himself and his devoted partner, and the unremitting attentions of Abigal Winchester, who never left the sick ward for many nights and days, the two youngest boys died, and were committed to the waters of the great deep, before Annie and Richard recovered to consciousness of their dreadful loss.—This threw a sad gloom over the whole party. Steel said nothing, but he often retired to some corner of the ship to bewail his loss in secret. His wife was wasted and worn to a shadow, and poor Annie looked the ghost of her former self.

"Had we never left England," she thought, "my brothers had not died."—But she was wrong; God who watches with parental love over all his creatures, knows the best season in which to reclaim his own; but human love, in its vain yearnings, is slow in receiving this great truth. It lives in the present, lingers in the past, and cannot bear to give up that which now is for the promise of that which shall be. The future separated from the things of time has always an awful aspect. A perfect and childlike reliance upon God can alone divest it of those thrilling doubts and fears which at times shake the firmest mind, and urge the proud unyielding spirit of man to cleave so strongly to kindred dust.

The sight of the American shores which the poor lads had desired so eagerly to see, seemed to renew their grief, and a sadder party never set foot upon a foreign strand than our emigrant and his family.

Steel had brought letters of introduction to a respectable merchant in the city, who advised him to purchase a tract of land in the then new State of Illinois.—The beauty of the new country, the fine climate and fruitful soil, were urged upon him in the strongest manner. The merchant had scrip to dispose of in that remote settlement, and, as is usual in such cases, he consulted his own interest in the matter.

Steel thought that the merchant, who was a native of the country, must know best what would suit him; and he not only became a purchaser of land in Illinois, but indueed his new friends to follow his example.

We will pass over their journey to the West. The novelty of the scenes through which they passed, contributed not a little to raise their drooping spirits. Richard had recovered his health, and amused the party not a little by his lively anticipations of the future. They were to have the most comfortable log-house, and the neatest farm in the district. He would raise the finest cattle, the largest crop, and the best garden stuff in the neighborhood. Frugal and industrious habits would soon render them wealthy and independent.

His mother listened to those sallies with a delighted smile; and even the grave yeoman's brow relaxed from its habitual frown. Annie entered warmly into all her brother's plans, and if he laid the foundation of this fine castle in the air, she certainly provided the cement and all the lighter material.

As their long route led them further from the habitations of men, and deeper and deeper into the wilderness, the stern realities of their solitary locality became hourly more apparent to the poor emigrants. They began to think they had acted too precipitately in going so far back into the woods, unacquainted as they were with the usages of the country. But repentance came too late; and, at length when they reached their destination, they found themselves upon the edge of a vast forest, with a noble open prairie stretching away as far as the eye could reach in front of them, and no human habitation in sight, or indeed existing for miles around them.

In a moment the yeoman comprehended all the difficulties and dangers of his situation; but his was a stout heart, not easily daunted by circumstances. He possessed a vigorous constitution and a strong arm; and he was not alone. Richard was an active energetic lad, and his friend Atkins, and his two sons, were a host in themselves. Having settled with his guides, and ascertained by the maps, that he had received at Mr. ——'s office, the extent and situation of his new estate, he set about unyoking the cattle which he had purchased, and secured them, while Atkins and his sons pitched a tent for the night, and collected wood for their fire. The young people were in raptures with the ocean of verdure, redolent with blossoms, that lay smiling in the last rays of the sun before them; never did garden appear to them so lovely as that vast wilderness of sweets, planted by the munificent hand of Nature with such profuse magnificence. Annie could scarcely tear herself away from the enchanting scene, to assist her mother in preparing their evening meal.

"Mother, where shall we get water?" asked Annie, glancing wistfully towards their empty casks; "I have seen no indications of water for the last three miles."

"Annie has raised a startling doubt," said Steel; "I can perceive no appearance of stream or creek in any direction."

"Hist! father, do you hear that?" cried Richard. "The croaking of those frogs is music to me just now, for I am dying with thirst," and seizing the can, he ran off in the direction of the discordant sounds.

It was near dark when he returned with his pailful of clear cold water; with which the whole party slaked their thirst, before asking any questions.

"What delicious water—as clear as crystal—as cold as ice! How fortunate to obtain it so near at hand," exclaimed several in a breath.

"Ah, but it is an ugly place," said Richard thoughtfully; "I should not like to go to that well at early day, or after night fall."

"Why not, my boy?"

"It is in the heart of a dark swamp, just about a hundred yards within the forest; and the water trickles from beneath the foot of an old tree into a natural stone tank; but all around is involved in frightful gloom; I fancied I heard a low growl as I stooped to fill my pail, while a horrid speckled snake glided from between my feet and darted hissing and rattling its tail into the brake. Father, you must never let any of the people go alone to that well."

The yeoman laughed at his son's fears, and shortly after the party retired into the tent, and, overcome with fatigue, were soon asleep.

The first thing that engaged the attention of our emigrants was the erection of a log shanty for the reception of their respective families. This important task was soon accomplished. Atkins preferred the open prairie for the site of his; but Steel, for the nearer proximity of wood and water, chose the edge of the forest, but the habitations of the pioneers were so near that they were within call of each other.

To fence in a piece of land for their cattle, and prepare a plot for wheat and corn for the ensuing year, was the next thing to be accomplished; and by the time these preparations were completed the long bright summer had passed away and the fall was at hand. Up to this period both families had enjoyed exceellent health, but in the month of September, Annie and then Richard, fell sick with intermittent fever, and old Abigal kindly came across to help Mrs. Steel to nurse her suffering children. Medical aid was not to be had in that remote place, and beyond simple remedies which were perfectly inefficacious in their situation, the poor children's only chance for life, was their youth, a good sound constitution, and the merciful interposition of a benevolent and overruling Providence.

It was towards the close of a sultry day that Annie, burning with fever, implored the faithful Abigal to give her a drink of cold water. Hastening to the water cask, the old woman was disappointed by finding it exhausted, Richard having drank the last drop, who was still raving in the delirium of fever for more drink.

"My dear child, there is no water."

"Oh! I am burning—dying with thirst! Give me but one drop, dear Abigai—one drop of cold water!"

Just then Mrs. Steel returned from milking the cows, and Abigal proffered to the lips of the child a bowl of new milk, but she shrunk from it with disgust, and, sinking back on her pillow, murmured, "Water! water! for the love of God give me a drink of water!"

"Where is the pail?" said Mrs. Steel; "I don't much like going to that well alone, but it is still broad day, and I know in reality there is nothing to fear; I cannot bear to hear the child moan for drink in that terrible way."

"Dear mother," said Richard, faintly, "don't go; father will be in soon—we can wait till then."

"Oh! the poor dear child is burning!" cried Abigal, she cannot wait till then; do, neighbor, go for the water; I will stay with the children, and put out the milk while you are away."

Mrs. Steel let the shanty, and a few minutes after the patients, exhausted by suffering, fell into a profound sleep. Abigal busied herself scalding the milk pans, and, in her joy at the young people's cessation from pain, forgot the mother altogether. About half an hour had elapsed, and the mellow light of evening had faded into night, when Steel returned with his oxen from the field.

The moment he entered the shanty he went up to the bed which contained his sick children, and satisfied that the fever was abating, he looked round for his supper, surprised that it was not, as usual, ready for him upon the table.

"No water!" he cried, "in the cask, and supper not ready. After working all day in the burning sun, a man wants to have things made comfortable at night.—Mrs. Winchester, are you here? Where's my wife?

"Merciful goodness!" exclaimed the old woman, turning pale as death, "is she not back from the well?"

"The well!" cried Steel, grasping her arm: "how long has she been gone?"

"This half hour, or more."

Steel made no answer—his cheek was as pale as her own; and taking his gun from the beam to which it was slung, he carefully loaded it with ball, and without uttering a word left the house.

Day still lingered upon the open prairie, but the moment he entered the bush it was deep night. He had crossed the plain with rapid strides, but as he approached the swamp his step became slow and cautious. The well was in the centre of a jungle, from the front of which Richard had cleared away the brush to facilitate their access to the water; as he drew near the spot his ears were chilled by a low deep growling, and the crunching of teeth, as if some wild animal was devouring the bones of its prey. The dreadful truth, with all its shocking, heart revolting reality, flashed upon the mind of the yeoman, and for a moment paralyzed him. The precincts of the well were within range of his rifle, and dropping down upon his hands and knees, and nerving his arm for a clear aim, he directed his gaze to the spot from whence the fatal sounds proceeded. A little on one side of the well, a pair of luminous eyes glared like green lamps at the edge of the dark wood; and the horrid sounds which curdled the blood of the yeoman became more distinctly audible.

Slowly Steel raised the rifle to his shoulder, and setting his teeth, and holding his breath, he steadily aimed at a space between those glowing balls of fire. The sharp report of the rifle awoke the far echoes of the forest, the deer leaped up from his lair, the wolf howled and fled into the depths of the wood, and the panther, for such it was, uttering a hoarse growl, sprang several feet into the air, then fell across the mangled remains of his victim.

Richard Steel rose from the ground; the perspiration was streaming from his brow; his limbs trembled and shook, his lips moved convulsively, and he pressed his hands upon his heaving breast to keep down the violent throbbings of his agitated heart. It was not fear that chained him to the spot, and hindered him from approaching his dead enemy. It was horror. He dared not look upon the mangled remains of his wife—the dear partner of his joys and sorrows—the companion of his boyhood—the love of his youth—the friend and counsellor of his middle age—the beloved mother of his children. How could he recognize in that crushed and defiled heap his poor Jane? The pang was too great for his agonized mind to bear. Sense and sight alike forsook him, and, staggering a few paces forward, he fell insensible across the path.

Alarmed by the report of the rifle, Atkins and his sons proceeded with torches to the spot, followed by Abigal, who, unconscious of the extent of the calamity, was yet sufficiently convinced that something dreadful had occurred. When the full horrors of the scene were presented to the sight of the terror-stricken group, their grief burst forth in tears and lamentations. Atkins alone retained his presence of mind. Dragging the panther from the remains of the unfortunate Mrs. Steel, he beckoned to one of his sons, and suggested to him the propriety of instantly burying the disfigured and mutilated body, before the feelings of her husband and children were agonized by the sight.

First removing the insensible husband to his dwelling, Atkins and his sons returned to the fatal spot, and conveying the body to the edge of the prairie, they selected a quiet, lovely spot beneath the wide-spreading boughs of a magnificent chestnut tree, and wrapping all that remained of the wife of Richard Steel in a sheet committed it to the earth in solemn silence; nor were prayers or tears wanting in that lonely hour to consecrate the nameless grave where the English mother slept.

Annie and Richard recovered to mourn their irreparable loss—to feel that their mother's life had been sacrificed to her maternal love. Time, as it ever does, softened the deep anguish of the bereaved husband. During the ensuing summer, their little colony was joined by a hardy band of British and American pioneers. The little settlement grew into a prosperous village, and Richard Steel died a wealthy man, and was buried by the side of his wife, in the centre of the village church-yard; that spot having been chosen for the first temple in which the emigrants met to worship in his own house the God of their Fathers.

How to Dress.

A friend of ours, says the Portland Transcript, who had long been absent, returned recently, and called upon two beautiful young ladies of his acquaintance. One came quickly to greet him in the neat, yet not precise attire, in which she was performing her household duties. The other, after the lapse of half an hour, made her stately entrance, in all the primeness of starch and ribbons, with which, on the announcement of his entrance, she had hastened to bedeck herself. Our friend, who had long been hesitating on his choice between the two, now hesitated no longer. The cordiality with which the first hastened to greet him, and the charming carelessness of her attire, entirely won his heart. She is now his wife.

Young ladies, take warning from the above, and never, refuse to see a friend because you have on a wash gown. Be assured the true gentleman will not think less of you because he finds you in the performance of your duties, and not ashamed to let it be known. Besides, there may positively be a grace, a witching wildness about an every day dress, that adds to every charm of face and feature.

REMEDY TO PURIFY WATER.—It is not so generally known as it ought to be, that pounded alum possesses the property to purify water. A large table spoonful of pulverised alum, sprinkled into a hogshead of water, (the water stirred round at the time, will, after the lapse of a few hours, precipitate to the bottom the impure particles), so purify it that it will be found to possess nearly all the freshness and clearness of the purest spring water. A pailful, containing four gallons, may be purified by a single teaspoonful.

A MISTAKE.—It is quite a mistaken idea, that a woman cannot keep a secret—nobody can so well. Trust her but with half, or try to keep it from her altogether, and she is sure to betray you, because her pride prompts her to find out what the man thinks right to conceal, and then her vanity induces her to tell what she has found out; and this in order to show her power of discovery.—Trust all to her, and she will never betray you; but half a confidence is not worth having.

WHO IS THEIR FATHER?—A negro woman in Bowling Green, Ky., was delivered, a few days since of twins, one of whom was perfectly white, and the other a pure African.

England's Humanity.

It is generally known, says the Boston Post, that savages were employed by George III., and paid at so much per scalp of man, woman, and child, during the revolutionary war. A few items from this terrible trade in human flesh may interest some of our readers, and show them how this paternal king strove to crush the noble spirit of independence of our early heroes. Here is a list of a number of packages that were sent by one James Boyd, from a Capt. Crawford, to the British Governor of Canada, Colonel Haldiman. These packages of scalps were found among the baggage of the English army after the defeat of Burgoyne, cured and dried, with Indian marks upon them. The letter accompanying them read thus:

'Package 1. Containing forty-three scalps of Congress soldiers, killed in different skirmishes, stretched on black hoops four inches in diameter.

'Pack. 2. Containing ninety-eight farmer's scalps, killed in their houses, on red hoops, with a scalp's figure of a hoe painted on each to denote their occupation.'

'Pack. 3. Containing ninety-seven farmer's scalps, on green hoops to show that they were killed in the fields.'

'Pack. 4. Containing one hundred and two farmer's scalps, eighteen of them marked on yellow flames, to signify that they were burnt alive.'

'Pack. 5. Containing eight scalps of women, hair long and braided, to show that they were mothers.'

'Pack. 7. Containing one hundred and ninety-three scalps of boys of various ages, on small green hoops.'

'Pack. 8. Two hundred and eleven girls' scalps, big and little, on small yellow hoops.'

Such was the stuff of which English royalists were made in the days 'which tried men's souls.'

DISTINCTION.—Merit is not necessarily the accompaniment of distinction: It is the man who makes a noise that attracts the notice of the world. A silent elephant may remain unseen amid the foliage of a wood; but the croaking bull frog will attract attention in the darkest night. A farthing candle elevated to a conspicuous situation thinks itself a more brilliant light than the sun behind the western hills.

It has been said of the late celebrated Rothschild that, though no man was less lavish of his money, no one was more ready to detect a love of it in others. It was one day, while at a city feast, that a gentleman observed, that, for his part, he thought venison was very good; but that he loved mutton better. "Ah, ah! I knowsh vy! it is becausn he doesn't like to pay de prishe—it is becausn mutton's sheep, and venshon's deer."

ONE OF THE FAMILIES THAT DON'T TAKE THE PAPERS.—"Dad, who is Sam Francisco, that's getting all the gold out there in California? he must be the richest man in the diggins."

"Well, Johnny, I rather think he is some sorter relation to Sam Jacinto who was killed in Texas, by Gen. Sam Houston."

ILLEGITIMATE CHILDREN.—The following act has been recently passed and approved in Massachusetts:—When after the birth of an illegitimate child, his parents have intermarried or shall intermarry, and his father has acknowledged or shall after the marriage acknowledge him as his child, such child shall be considered as legitimate to all intents and purposes.

☞ Ik Mavel says, after hearing a dull sermon preached by a dandy, he asked a friend what he thought of the discourse? He replied, in his usual, quaint, queer style—"If they go on preaching this way, the grass will soon be knee-deep in the streets of heaven."

OFFICE-HOLDERS.—When men are fit for nothing else, they commonly look to the interests of their country. Out of every hundred office-holders in the country, you will not find over three per cent who could get a living even if they owned the fee-simple of a gold mine.

☞ A Connecticut dame, the mother of a large family, was one day asked the number of children. "La me!" she replied, rocking herself to and fro, "I've got fourteen; *mostly boys and girls!*"

☞ A man died a day or two since in Salem who weighed between three and four hundred pounds; his coffin was two feet deep and two feet four inches wide.

☞ An urchin being sent for a cent's worth of Maccaboy snuff, forgot the name of the article, and asked the man for a cent's worth of make-a-boy sneeze.

SHOP-BREAKING IN ANDOVER.—The clothing-store of Daniel Logue, in Andover, was broken open, Monday night, and robbed of ready-made clothing, and other articles, to the value of $1500.

☞ Douglas K. Hawks of Charlemont, aged about 35 years, and the father of a family, was killed by a stroke of lightning, on Sunday afternoon of last week.

Traveling Circuses.—The New York Tribune publishes the following facts concerning traveling Circuses, which possessees some interesting information:

There are in the United States twenty-two traveling circus companies, all prosperous, and composed of the most daring and spleudid riders and vaulters in the world, whose feats literally outvie those of Olympic games. The American character in its intrepidity is as fully shown in the peripatetic audacity of these companies as in the more renowned functions of pioneership or war. The self-governing force of the people is also fully centered in their companies. For example: Twenty odd companies traveling about would naturally, without some arrangement forbidding it, cross the paths of one another. In France this would be regulated by the Government, and some one would be decorated and pensioned for his immense services in that way. Here we manage the thing better. The circus directors, like the physicians, geologists, philanthropists, &c., have their spontaneous congressess. There they consider matters of pith to the craft, and draw lots to determine their respective circles of action. The first drawn number entitles the holder to take a piece of chalk and describe on a map of the United States the circle of his operations, indicating where he will be on particular days—the time, of course, being limited. The drawer of number two cannot run against him in his circle on the map. And so with the other members. This is all curious and nationally characteristic.—*New York Tribune.*

A Negro Hung.—On Friday last a negro boy, the property of Jim Roper, was executed at Charlestown, Va., for an attempt to take the life of S. Howell Brown, Roper's overseer. The negro inflicted several severe wounds upon Brown, but the latter recovered and was well and hearty when the former was hung. The last words of the negro are thus given by a correspondent of The Baltimore Sun:

"Farewell, gentlemen, I am goin' to die! I am willin' to die, but I never done nothin' to die for. But, we are all sinners, and must die some day, and I would as lief die to day as to morrow. O, I hope I will meet you in Heaven! I hope the Lord will forgive my sins, and receive my soul! Farewell, gentlemen and ladies all."

English Ignorance Respecting the United States.—A Bostonian who is visiting his friends in England writes home that the recent movements in Great Britain in regard to American affairs, have revealed the deplorable ignorance which exists there among the better classes in regard to this country. He was asked by an English merchant. "How many slave markets there were in Boston?" He was also asked. "If the Indians were troublesome in Massachusetts?" To the latter query, the American replied that the "Indians" had been very quiet in this neighborhood, since they put a quantity of tea into Boston harbor.—*Transcript.*

Petrified Man.—The Morris (Ill.) Yeoman states that not long since, while some men were diggiug in a coal bank, near the canal, they exhumed the body of a man in a perfect state of petrifaction. From the corduroy cloth in which the legs were encased, the cords and seams of which are perfectly defined, it is supposed to be the body of one of the Irish laborers engaged in the construction of the canal. The limbs are nearly perfect, and are completely transformed to stone.

☞ The Hippodrome in New York, located near the Crystal Palace, is now in the full tide of successful operation. It is a Circus on an immense scale, with many features new to the American public. The structure will hold about four thousand persons, and it is said to be filled nightly. Two accidents have befallen female performers within a fortnight, one of which resulted in death. The ladies were thrown from the chariots in the race course.

Pacific Railroad.—The British Minister, Lord John Russell, told Abbott Lawrence, our late Minister to the Court of St. James, that the Pacific Railroad, when built, would have a greater influence upon human affairs that any event since the discovery of the New World by Columbus. In this opinion Mr. Lawrence concurred, and now says it will be one of his cherished objects for the remainder of his life.

☞ Mrs Daniel Jones, and Mrs Loren Jones and child, were thrown from a carriage, while driving down the hill to the bridge on the Buckland side, at Shelburne Falls, on Saturday. The head of the latter lady struck the stone at the corner of the bridge, badly fracturing her skull, and it was thought fatally injuring her. The child was also badly hurt.

Children Killed while Walking on a Railroad Track.—On the Housatonic Road a few days since, a girl of ten years was instantly killed by being run over while walking on the railroad track. Near Wellsburg, New York, this week, two girls, eight and thirteen years of age, children of Mr. Hamilton of Wellsburg, were run over by the Buffalo Express train, and were instantly killed.

Unlucky.—The New York Evening Post states that Robert Schuyler, the President of the New York and New Haven Railroad Company, is also President of the Central Road of Illinois, which was only a week ago the theatre of a massacre almost as appaling as that at Norwalk, and a large owner in the steamship Independence, recently wrecked in the Pacific.—*Phila. Ledger.*

☞ An "important if true" statement is made in the Stauford Mercury. The editor says that a novel mode of hatching chickens has been put into operation in Lincoln, on the premises of a fellmonger. The eggs are placed in water, which is kept up to the requisite warmth by means of a solar lamp; and many fine chickens thus hatched are running about the premises.

Great Speed.—We have been informed that a locomotive despatched from Laporte to Chicago for physicians to attend Mr. Doxtater, ran the entire distance and back in one hour and forty minutes. The distance is fifty-eight miles each way, making a speed of one hundred and sixteen miles in one hundred minutes.—*Constantine Mercury.*

The False Hair Trade.—An article in the London Quarterly Review says, that the imports of false hair from the Continent into Europe, amount to five tons annually, the black hair coming from Brittanny and the South of France, and the light hair from Germany.

THE JOURNAL.

PALMER, MASS.,

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 4, 1853.

Slavery in London.

England points to America with the finger of scorn, because negro slavery is tolerated under laws that claim to ensure Freedom to the oppressed of all nations. That negro Slavery is a dark stain upon this nation we have ever been ready to declare, but when our trans-Atlantic neighbors taunt us "with ills we did not make," and at the same time take no measures for removing the mote in their own eye, we are disposed to consider their sympathy for the Southern slave entirely affectation—a mere sham.

It is not generally known that in the city of London there are extensive mantua-making establishments, which employ hundreds of girls year in and year out, from 7 o'clock in the morning till 11 at night—a period of 16 hours, the only intervals allowed being 10 minutes for each meal. During the "busy season" at some of the shops the girls are compelled to work till 3 o'clock every morning, and have only about three hours for sleep. The only leisure day they have is Sunday. Then they can go where they choose, but from Monday morning to Saturday night they are confined as closely as the prisoners of Newgate and know not whether the sun shines or the rain falls all that time. They cannot cross the threshold of their prison, even to purchase a necessary article of clothing. Shut out from the world, they lead a life of perpetual toil and slavery. Yet this kind of labor is represented to be more reputable than that in the factories.

The girls employed in these establishments are first taken as apprentices, and when they have served a sufficient time, they are hired, at low wages, and obliged to sign a contract binding themselves to all the rules of the shop. They are huddled together in small work-rooms about a dozen feet square, and at night they lodge in small unventilated bed rooms, from six to eight being huddled into a single room. The most beautiful embroidery and the finest needle work is done in these shops. In them the check of many a fair girl grows pale, and the seeds of death are sown in many a healthy constitution.—Such unnatural confinement, accompanied with incessant labor, soon wears out the most healthy and sinks them into a premature grave. This is English slavery—a species of bondage not known in the United States.

No slave in this country is compelled to labor as many hours as the white slave women in London; no negro at the South is shut up from one week's end to another, denied the liberty of going into the open air for a few moments; and no slave, we will venture to say, has his meal times limited to ten minutes each. The slavery of the United States is incorporated into society, that of England is barely seen beyond the walls of those pent up work-shops.

Mrs. Stowe, whose sympathies are so deeply interested with the slaves of this country, should step into one of these London work-shops, now she is in England. A comparision between the Slavery of America and that of Europe from her vigorous pen, would undoubtedly be well received here. It is said that she is having a dress made in one of these London establishments, thereby patronizing a system that she condems at home. She is the champion of the black slave, but her sympathies do not seem to extend to the slaves of her own sex and complexion.

Gold in Texas.—There have been various stories reported concerning the discovery of gold in Texas, but these stories have been contradicted frequently, and people have therefore doubted the existence of the precious ore in that State. It is now ascertained beyond doubt that gold and other metals exist along the Colorado and Brazos country, but it is in such small quantities that it will not pay for the trouble of collecting. Not only gold, but stone coal, iron, salt springs, andse veral varieties of marble have been discovered in the mineral region. Easy means of access to that part of the State would render the mines exceedingly valuable, and induce large numbers to try their fortune there.

A Libertine Minister.—Rev. D. N. Merritt, well known in this vicinity as a Temperance lecturer, has been cutting up a singular caper in Boston. He met a married lady in that city and passed her off as his wife at one of the hotels, where they lodged over night. The lady was formerly a member of the congregational church in Haverhill.—The Rev. gentleman is undoubtedly a hypocrite as well as a libertine.

Drowned.—A small vessel containing a pleasure party, upset in the Patapsco river, Md., on Friday, last week, and two females, Mrs. McCartney, and Bridget Rundell, were drowned. A boy named Reese, and William Weaver, died of exhaustion soon after they were rescued from the water.

☞ Some writer attributes the superior brightness, wit, shrewdness, and sagacity of the Irish over the English, to their living principally on potatoes.

We shall, therefore, conclude that every witty person we meet lives chiefly on potatoes.

☞ A widow lady, named Benjamin, committed suicide in Springfield, on Friday morning, last week, by throwing herself into the Connecticut. She was a victim of Millerism.

Communication.

Another Medical Clairvoyant.

Friend Fisk:—This is emphatically an age for the developement of spiritual capacity, whether on the part of disembodied intelligence, or among those who yet linger in the earthly tabernacle; and as I am in the way of demonstrating and testing much of the aforesaid capacity, I make bold to present to the acquaintanceship of yourself and readers, a lady whom I find to be endowed with the power of examining diseases with an accuracy I have never seen excelled. I speak of her through your columns, more especially, because she is a resident of a town in your own vicinity, and would be convenient of access to all within this more immediate section of country who may need her services.

The lady I speak of, is Mrs. Mary A. Brown, wife of Dr. Warren Brown, of Ware, Mass. She has heretofore been of the Methodist Church connection—is a woman of exalted christian character, and has, for some time, been what is styled a "medium." Her peculiar developement adapts her to sympathise deeply with the suffering and infirm, and hence she can take ready cognizance of any disorder, or internal derangement of the functions under which any person may labor. The case of which I made use of in testing her powers was in this wise:

Mr. R. L. Roys, of Meriden, Conn., an entire stranger to myself, wrote to me sometime ago, to obtain for him an examinatiou in behalf of a young lady residing at the West, in whom he was deeply interested, but of the particulars of whose case he said nothing. Having had an intoduction to Mrs. Brown recently, I presented her a slip of paper, containing a few stanzas of pencil writing, by the young lady in question, sent in the letter from Mr. Roys. Immediately on taking the paper, the hand of Mrs. Brown moved in a direction toward the distant patient, and she began the following statement:

The nervous system of this lady is exceedingly debilitated—there is pain through her right side to her shoulders—a pressure in her head—she suffers greatly from neuralgia all over—has a morbid, inactive stomach—bowels sometimes costive and sometimes the reverse—there is a rush of blood to the brain—labors under a difficulty of breathing—is subject to hysterical affections. O, what a poor, weak, debilitated being! in pain from the crown of her head to the sole of her foot. *Disappointed affection* is the *cause of it* and the mind has a very great effect on the system in this case—her mind must be raised above the material—she must have good, cheerful company and pure air—this light from the spirit world will be peculiarly beneficial in her case—Belladonna (homeopathically administered) will relieve her head—places—manipulations from head to foot will be of great benefit to her, but she will never be fully restored—can't be cured till she lays off the form.

The above description was sent to Mr. Roys, and its accuracy may be judged from his reply given below:

Meriden, Conn., May 24th, 1853.

Bro. Mandell:—Yours of the 21st inst. is now before me. In answer to your enquiry "how near the clairvoyant came to the mark," I would say that much—perhaps all of it,—is too true. Her nervous system is very much debilitated. She is troubled with a pain in her right side, also with hysterical symptoms. The mind does appear to have a great deal to do in this case, and from an intimation from a lady with whom she stayed most of the time during her visit to Conn., I have formed the conclusion that it is the result of disappointed affection. During her stay in the family above mentioned I tried those gentle manipulations—long passes from head to foot—with the most beneficial results. Once, after making these passes, she voluntarily exclaimed it was the first time she had felt like herself since she came from home. I will seek further information and send to you as soon as obtained.

Fraternally and cordially thine,
R. L. Roys.

I would here remark, additionally, that Mrs. Brown, who examined the above case, is remarkably skilled, in administering homeopathic remedies, and to all who apply to her will find her a sympathizing friend and true-hearted adviser. Her terms for examination &c., I have not yet learned.

I am happy, also, to inform you, Mr. Editor, that Dr. Barron, who has already been honorably mentioned in your paper, is becoming more and more a useful and valuable member of society in his new department of spiritual life and action; and ere long you may have an opportunity of copying into your columns a full report of a most interesting case in which his capacity of clairvoyant medical examinations were thoroughly exhibited and tested

Yours cordially,
D. J. Mandell.

"Life in Boston."—William N. Berry, connected with a disreputable paper called *The Life in Boston*, was on Sunday night attacked by some unknown individual, when he discharged one barrel of a revolver at his assailant, who thereupon fled. Later in the night, the office of *The Life in Boston* was entered, and most of the types thrown out of the window.

The Bible Question.—The Maryland House of Representatives on Wednesday passed to a third reading a bill prohibiting the use of sectarian books in public schools, after amending by adding a proviso that this prohibition shall not extend to the Bible.

Multidextrous.—There is a child born of respectable parents in Fairhaven, having eight fingers upon one hand. The child in every other respect is well formed and healthy. It is now only fifteen months old. —*New Bedford Mercury.*

Destructive Conflagration in Canada.

A fire broke out in the Upper Ottowa country, on the 13th of May, and burned over a tract of country 70 miles in length by 40 miles in breadth, nearly one-half of which has been laid waste. The scene was of the most terrific and appalling nature. Hundreds of families, embracing persons of all ages and sexes, literally pursued by the flames, had to flee in all directions with nothing saved excepting the clothes in actual use which in many instances were scorched and partially consumed on the backs of the fugitives. The scene of the calamity being in the vicinity and on both sides of the Ottawa, many individuals took refuge in the river to protect themselves from the intense heat. A small steamer assisted some of the inhabitants to escape. Even they were nearly compelled to abandou her, owing to the excessive heat of the woods, burning on both sides of the river.

Only one death has as yet been heard of, that of an aged man named Thrasher, who perished in a vain attempt to save some of his property. The Gazette says:

"Upwards of *five hundred* families, according to our informant, have been reduced from tolerable competence to a nearly destitute condition, in numerous instances without food for present necessities, clothes to cover, or houses to shelter themselves; and what is, if possible, even worse, without the means of pursuing the necessary agricultural operations of the season.

The Convention.—The Constitutional Convention is pursuing its work at Bostou with considerable energy. Several propositions have elicited warm debates, but as a general thing the Convention experiences a great degree of harmony. Abby Folsom went before one of the Committees last week, and attempted to enlighten their ignorance and stupidity in regard to retaining the word "male" in the constitution. But, the Committee refused to hear her, she proceeded to the lobby of the House, where the Convention was in session, from which she was quickly and forcibly ejected upon her attempting to harangue that body. Last Wednesday the Convention was occupied with the subject of the election of all civil officers by the plurality system. After a long debate it was referred to a special Committee, consisting of one member from each County.

Girl Killed.—A little girl, ten years old, daughter of Wm. H. Hosmer, was killed at Willimantic on the New London and Palmor railroad on Monday. The child was going to school, in company with two other children, when the cars came along, and there being two railway tracks at that place, they all became frightened and confused as to which was the track to avoid, and this one unfortunately took the track over which the train was running. She was knocked down and cut all to pieces—the remains presenting a most melancholy and dreadful sight.

A Disgusting Bedfellow.—Two little girls at Lancaster, Pa., on Wednesday morning of last week, after getting out of bed, and while in the act of dressing themselves, discovered a snake in their bed. Their bed was in the second story of the house, and the snake was of the black water species, measuring after being killed, twenty inches.

The Tunnel Bill.—Besides burning Judge Warren in effigy, the people of North Adams held a meeting, on the reception of the news of the defeat of the tunnel bill, and resolved, that "until this question is settled in the affirmative we know no party."

Accidents.—James Daily was caught by a shaft in a machine shop in Holyoke, on Thursday, and injured so badly that he is not likely to recover. A son of Dr. Hall had an arm broken by being thrown from a wagon at Northampton.

A Strong Belief.—One of the Chinese Jugglers, about being sworn as a witness the other day, was questioned in regard to his religious belief, when he replied, through an interpreter, "I believe in the President of the United States and God Almighty."

☞ An act has passed our Legislature which prohibits the circulation of bills of a fractional part of a dollar, or bills any part of which shall be for a fractional part of a dollar, in this Commonwealth.

☞ A late letter from Australia says that crime is very prevalent. The principal crime is robbery, geuerally with violence; but murders of peculiar atrocity are shockingly frequent.

Taylor, who was convicted of forging pension papers at the late term of the United States Circuit Court in Connecticut, has been sent to the State Prison for ten years, the longest time the law allows.

☞ Mrs E. Oakes Smith publishes in the Tribune a call for a Woman's Rights Convention to be held at Cleveland, Ohio, on the 5th and 6th October.

Right— A Bill has been reported in the lower House of the Connecticut Legislature, allowing divorce to be granted after one year's desertion.

☞ Strawberries are beginning to be hawked about the streets of New York at twelve cents a basket.

The City Councils of Lowell and New Bedford have appropriated $2,000 each for the celebration of the coming 4th of July.

☞ Governor Boutwell has been elected to the Constitutional Convention, unanimously, from the town of Berlin.

"Hang up de Fiddle and de bow."—Seven thousand dollars worth of fiddles were destroyed by fire in New York last week.

For the Journal.

Summer is Here.

Summer is here again, and the warm air comes in balmy breezes over the variegated landscape. There is music soft and sweet, on every breath, and there is perfume of delicious fragrance upon every gale. How softly the air fans the fevered cheek or the burning brow; how soothingly its low murmur steals upon the ear, lulling the memory to dream of bliss in happy Summer hours.

Summer is here, and the fields are dressed in their livery of green; the tall trees raise their shadowy canopies and shake their leafy fingers in the fanning breeze; the flowers blossom as sweetly as ever, the rose unfolds its purity and the morning dew kisses it with innocent tenderness. A refreshing loveliness greets the eye in every direction, a life-renewing energy springs up with every flower that decks the fields, yielding beauty and pleasure to the earnest admirer.

Summer is here: How pleasant to stray upon the hill-side, when the dew spangles the grass and the birds are repeating their morning anthem. How delightful to sit beneath the shady arms of some venerable tree and listen to the music of a distant water-fall, the gentle murmur of the wind among the trees and the incessant hum of myriads of insects. Is there not a happier sensation awakened in the heart by such scenes than can be produced by any other? Is there not beauty incomparable, ecstacy more heart-felt, than in the trifling gaiety of seusual amusements?

Summer is here, and the soft moonlight of eveuing wanders over the neighboring hills; it streams through the shady arbors of the garden, glides across the green lawn, melting the darkness into a mellow paleness and sits like a crown of glory upon the great throne of Nature. The glow worm sparkles in the dewy grass, fire-flies flit through the curdled atmosphere, while lonely Philomel, in some neighboring grove, wakes the quiet shadows of night with her plaintive song.

Summer is here—beautiful emblem of Youth, love and gentleness. Who does not welcome it as a bosom friend, a valued acquaintance? It embraces us with a genial fondness, enchants us with her loveliness and entertains us with her varied scenery.—It imparts innocence to childhood, hope and pleasure to youth, cheerfulness to middle life and old age, and will cause the flowers to blossom and the turf to grow green upon our graves. Summer, beautiful Summer, thou art thrice welcome!

Nelly Gray.

Good News!—A dispatch from Savannah says:—"We learn from the officers of the steamship Conway, previously reported at this port, that all but two of the passengers by the ill-fated William & Mary, wrecked a short time since on the Great Isaacs, near the Great Bahama banks, have been rescued by wrecking schooners, whilst the ship was drifting, previously to her going down."

If this is true—and we hope it is—the abandoning of the vessel by the captain and crew, was one of the most cowardly acts on record. The captain reported that he saw the ship go down, but none of the crew could vouch for his statement. Had the captain and crew remained on board and used proper means, the vessel might have been worked into shoal water, or at least been kept afloat till relief came to their assistance. No words can express the heartlessness of a man who will thus desert a sinking ship while it is in his power to save all on board.

☞ Miss Stone relates the case of a Massachusetts woman, who brought a penniless husband $10,000 by marriage, and he dying about three months after, intestate, the widow was compelled to be content with her third, while the rest was distributed among his distant relatives.

Miss Stone don't tell of any instances where the husband was compelled to pay debts contracted by his wife before marriage.

Look out for Peddlers.—A peddler was arrested in Waltham, a day or two since, on charge of defrauding Mrs. Haines of that place, out of thirteen dollars, by representing to her that a dress pattern which she purchased of him was brocade silk of the best quality. Upon close examination the goods proved to be half or two-thirds cotton.

Life and Property.—While no redress was obtained for the lives lost on board of the Atlantic which proved the grave of so many persons last season—the court has awarded $3,000 damages to the proprietors of the Ogdensburg for injuries sustained by the collision—of course, property is more sacred (by this standard) than life.

Accidentally Shot.—Mary Kattering, a girl of six years, died in Williamsburg, L. I., on Sunday, from a wound by a ball accidentally discharged from a pistol in the hands of her uncle. The ball took effect in the lower part of the right breast, passed through the body, and lodged in her clothes, near the shoulder blade, behind.

☞ In a recent debate in the British House of Commons on a bill for regulating licenses for public houses in Scotland, Mr. Henry Drummond affirmed that every Saturday night *thirty thousand men* got drunk in Glasgow, and lay in a perfect state of insensibility until Monday morning.

A Sure Preventive.—A thousand plans have been suggested for preventing accidents at railroad draw-bridges, but none so simple and perfectly safe as the following:

"On approaching a drawbridge let the train be always stopped, and let the passengers all get out and walk over."

Gossip—Mrs Howard.—The following is an extract from a Baltimore letter to the New Orleans Crescent:—

The late marriage of the Emperor of France and the putting away of Mrs Howard, as she is called, his former mistress, has a peculiar interest here. This Mrs Howard is the daughter of a distinguished family in Baltimore, but has long been considered by them as dead. When young, she was distinguished for her beauty and wit. She went to England, and was introduced into the highest society there, by the daughter of a Maryland family, who is now one of the brightest ornaments of the British nobility. There she was married to a titled gentleman, and after committing a number of indiscretions, and giving her friends an infinite degree of trouble and anxiety, finally irretrievably disgraced herself by eloping with a gay young officer.

After being in succession the mistress of several noblemen, she attached herself to Louis Napoleon, with whom she has remained a number of years. A real affection is said to have existed between them, several children having been the fruit of their connection. Her banishment, to England, and her rumored abstraction of important secret papers from the Emperor's private apartments, is the last phase in her eventful life. After her fall, finding her reclamations impossible, her friends here announced her death, and even went through the ceremony of interring her supposed remains in Green Mound Cemetery; and to them she is to all intents, morally, if not physically dead."

☞ A heart broken widow of Lafayette, lamenting the loss of her husband, gives vent to the anguish of her feelings in the following dolorous strains, which we copy from The Lafayette (Ind.) Courier:

Notice.—Whereas Dr. Loran Dodge has left my bed and board without cause or provocation, this is to warn all persons from harboring or trusting him on my account, as I shall pay no debts of his contracting. He has shown himself unworthy of the name of man, by the brutal and shameful manner he has treated his family. He is a villian, having stole near two hundered dollars from me when he left. He is a brute, having been repeatedly proved unfaithful to his wife. He is too lazy to work, too vulgar to be decent, too much addicted to stealing to be honest. Said Dr. Loran Dodge was, at last accounts, in Indianapolis and expected soon to leave for Cincinnati, where he will attempt to pass off as a gentleman so long as the money he has stolen from me lasts.

Lafayette, May 3. Sophia Dodge.

Girls and old maids had better be on the lookout.

Murders.—At Troy, on Wednesday last, a woman named Robinson, of unenviable character, induced a man named Timothy Lanagan, and a young woman named Victorine Lubee, to drink some beer, into which she put some arsenic, saying that it was the nicest kind of loaf sugar. They both died the same day. The wife of Lanagan, who was the real object of the spite of Mrs. Robinson, and the one whom she meant to destroy, was present, but refused to drink. The murderess is about 30 years of age, said to be of great beauty, and is already "practising insanity."

Attempt at Rape.—A man named Black, residing in a hut in Love Lane, about a mile and a half north of the city, was arrested and examined before Justice Collier to day (Thursday) for an attempt at rape on a girl ten years of age. The child's name is Westey. The offence was committed in a field where the girl had gone in pursuit of a cow. The fellow was seen to make the attempt by some men in a neighboring house, who ran after him, when he fled. He was bound over in $500 to appear for trial before the Superior Court.—[Hartford Times.

From the Plains.—A party arrived at Independence, Mo., on Thursday, from Santa Fe the 3d. They met large parties of emigrants, with immense herds of cattle. The Pawnee Indians had run off with some cattle, and killed one teamster. The mail from Salt Lake arrived at Independence, on Wednesday evening, in twenty-five days to Fort Laramie and back—the quickest trip on record. The snow on the mountains was very deep. There was no sickness among the emigrants on the route.

A Man in Disguise.—Last summer a (reputed) female was going the rounds, instructing ladies in the art of cutting dresses, &c., hailing from the North, we believe. We understand that this person recently died in one of the upper counties, when the discovery was made that the cutter of ladies garments was a man in disguise—one who had donned the petticoats for some unexplained reason, and passed for a female until after death.—Fredricksburg (Va.) Herald.

Sad and Fatal Accident.—On Wednesday evening, near the close of the play at the Museum in Lowell, Mr. Cyrus P. Wheeler, a young man 21 years of age, and a supernumerary in the Company, was instantly killed by coming in contact with a poised bayonet, which entered the eye and penetrated into the brain. He fell and expired without a struggle.

Rev H. M. Nichols, formerly of Williamsburg in this State, has been appointed Home Missionary and General Agent of the Western Home and Foreign Free Missionary Association, and also an Agent of the American Reform Tract and Book Society for the Territory of Minnesota.

☞ It is said of the late Duke of Wellington that he resembled Napoleon in the uncommon and enviable faculty of commanding instantaneous sleep; however critical the moment, he could surrender himself to nature's sweet restorer, whether on a bench, under a tree, or anywhere, to awake refreshed as a giant, and ready again for any work.

Missing.—Wm. B. McCray, aged 18, son of Dr. E. McCray of Agawam, left the school at Suffield, Ct., on the 27th of April, since which time he has not been heard of. It is feared he may be laboring under aberration of mind, and any information concerning him may be directed to his father.

Fish Story.—The editor of the Amherst Express says that a Mr. Watson, formerly of Palmer, recently caught a trout, somewhere in Canada, which weighed four pounds.

LOCAL MATTERS.

OUR MERCHANTS.—The merchants in this village are getting in a large and fine assortment of new Summer goods. They have facilities for obtaining goods at as low rates as any other merchants this side of Boston or New York, and they will sell as cheap.—The system which they have been necessitated to adopt, by a driving competition, is "large sales and small profits," which, of course, operates as much to the advantage of the purchaser as the seller. This place being accessible by railroad and stage conveyance from every direction, has become a central point for the surrounding country.—Business men have entered largely into trade here, and offer such inducements to purchasers as cannot fail to be for the interest of those who give them a trial. Persons in the adjoiuing towns will here find a ready market for their produce and a couvenient place to make their purchases.

SPIRITUAL CELEBRATION ON THE FOURTH OF JULY.—A communication in the "New Era," purporting to be from the spirit of Andrew Jackson, announces that there will be a Spiritual Celebration in Palmer, on the Fourth of July, at which time great doings may be expected. The celebration is to be held on "Mount Hope," but where that mountain is we don't kuow; there is certainly no such place iu Palmer. Perhaps the spirit of Gen. Jackson has given a new name to Mount Dumpling; if so the spiritualists will find an almost *Hopeless* task in ascending it. We had given up every idea of a celebration in Palmer ou the coming Fourth, but this message from the spirit world, gives us reason to hope there will be considerable going on about here on that day.

MONSON.—During the thunder shower, ou Thursday, last week, lightuing struck the telegraph wires iu Monson, and ran down *fourteen* posts, shivering them in pieces. A hissing sound was heard upon the wires, at the same time, about three miles from the place where the bolt struck.

SAMUEL D. SHAW has brought into our office a stalk of rye 6 feet and 4 inches in height. Mr. Shaw says he has potatoes growing in his garden, which have stalks 15 1-2 inches high. What a pity Mr. Shaw didn't get elected County Commissioner.

MUSIC GRINDERS have fairly got thawed out, and are as plenty as usual in our streets. A frog pond near here furnishes our citizens with similar music gratis, thereby causing the organ grinders to suffer for want of patronage.

ARRAIGNMENT OF A GIRL FOR THE MURDER OF HER LOVER.—Agnes Anderson, the young woman now in confinement, charged with the murder of Mr. Taylor, was brought up for arraignment this morning, in the Fifth district court. The court room was crowded on the occasion. Agnes had on a black silk dress, a bonnet, and a green veil, and looked fatigued and care worn. When called to the bar, she advanced from her seat with a steady step, but when the clerk commenced reading the indictment and the finding of the grand jury, her assumed fortitude gave way, and before the document was read she became terribly agitated. When the clerk had finished reading the indictment, he put the usual question, "Are you guilty or not guilty?" to which she replied, "I am guilty in self defence, and I wish I was hung and be done with it. I'll die for him; I love him; I wish I was hung for it; I don't want to live in chains." Her language here became incoherent, and in the midst of the excitement of the scene, the Judge very properly ordered the officer to remove her from the court room.—*Augusta (Ga.) Sentinel, May 24.*

OPENED.—The Stafford Springs Hotel, is now open for summer visitors. Hazen Peavey is the proprietor, and we are assured that he is an excelleut landlord. Stafford will be found a conveuient and pleasant place of resort for persons wishing a cool retreat during the warm weather.

☞ The statement of the saving of the passengers of the wrecked ship William and Mary, is confirmed by the Charleston papers. One hundred and sixty-four were taken from the wreck, by the schooner Oracle, Captain Sands. They are now at Nassau, N. P., in a very destitute condition.

A GAS OPERATION.—An adroit scamp, by pretending that he had been sent to arrange the gas fixtures in a house in New York gained admittance, passed through the whole house, and stole gold watches, jewelry, and valuables to a large amount.

SAILING OF THE ARCTIC EXPEDITION.—The brigantine Advance, under the command of Dr. Kane, sailed from New York on Tuesday forenoon for the Arctic regions, to continue the search for Sir John Franklin.

☞ William E. Brainerd, an insane bookbinder, who has worked in Boston, lately murdered his brother and his mother, in Melbourne, Canada East, and escaped. A reward of $250 is offered for his arrest.

☞ Thomas Hine, a man about 50 years of age, nearly murdered his wife at their resilence in Eighth street, New York, on Monday. Jealousy was the cause of the deed. He has been arrested.

PEAS AND STRAWBERRIES.—Green peas are abundant in the Cincinnati market at 40 cents per half peck, and strawberries 20 cents per quart.

☞ The sister of Kossuth is residing in New York, and offers for sale a rich assortment of laces which she brought with her from Brussels.

☞ The city government of Springfield have appropriated $500 towards a Fourth of July Celebration.

FEMALE TIPPLING HOUSE.—Eliza Lawler, 87 Forsyth street, New York, was brought before the Board of Excise, and from her testimouy it appeared that she keeps a female porter-house. No men are ever allowed there, according to her statement. She went on to plead her case very earnestly; she never allowed a *man* inside of her doors to drink; it was only for the *accommodation of ladies*, &c. Alderman—We want to hear no more from you, and if we used you as you deserve, we should have you arrested at once. Be sure you close your place immediately.

DROWNED.—On Sunday morning last, Leicester W. Ramsdell of Ware, a boy of 15, went into the river at that place, to bathe, and, undertaking to swim across a deep place by using a rail, lost his balance, and went down. His boy companions were not swimmers, and were unable to render him any assistance. His body was not recovered until three hours afterwards, when life of course, was extinct.—*Spring. Rep.*

☞ The jury in the case of Mary Ann Wheeler, recently tried at Milwaukie, on charge of murdering her seducer, John W. Lace, were unable to agree, and after being out two days and three nights, were discharged. A new trial is now in progress.

OUR ARMY.—The annual cost of the army of the United States is $8,689,53, and of the Navy, $7,450,300. This would build the Pacific Railroad, at $35,000 per mile, from the Mississippi River to San Francisco.

THE CRYSTAL PALACE.—The Crystal Palace Managers at New York now promise to be ready for the reception of goods June 15, and to be open to the public July 15. Fifty cents is fixed as the admission fee.

MEXICAN RUMORS.—Two of the rumors from Mexico are, that Santa Anna contemplates the re-conquest of California, and that Spain will furnish him with 15,000 troops to carry out his plans.

☞ Newspapapers sent from Great Britain to America, containing manuscript writing, will in future be charged treble letter postage.

☞ Recent accounts from the Molucca Islands state that fearful earthquakes were experienced there on the 16th of November, and more than sixty lives were lost.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Here is your Spring and Summer Remedy.

Dr. Langley's Root and Herb Bitters.

THIS certifies that I have furnished Dr. J. O. Langley, No. 97 Union street, Boston, for the last three years, large quantities of Yellow Dock and Dandelion Root, Prickly Ash and Wild Cherry Bark, Sarsaparilla, Thoroughwort, &c., &c., used by him in the compound and manufacture of his Root and Herb Bitters, and I am constantly employed to furnish the above medicinal Roots, Herbs, and Barks, for compounding said Bitters.

N. H. GOULD, Malden, Mass.

Boston, March 14, 1853.

The above named Root and Herb Bitters are the very best Medicine in the world for Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Billious and Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Humors of the Blood and Skin, Indigestion, Languor, Drowsiness, Debility, and all similar complaints, so common at this season of the year. Buy it—try it.

REDDING and CO., 8 State street, and, dealers everywhere, sell them.

Wholesale Depot, 97 Union street, to which all Agents will send their orders, that they may be supplied in turn.

Sold in Palmer by Dr. W. Holbrook and D. A. Calkins.

March 26. 1853. 6m49.

A CARD.

Mrs. Winslow to the Ladies.

Mrs. Winslow, an old and experienced nurse and Female Physician, would call the attention of the ladies to her Soothing Syrup for Children teething. It will immediately relieve them from pain, allay all spasmodic action, soften the gums, reduce inflamation, and is sure to regulate the Bowels. Depend upon it, Mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to your children. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Cramp and Pain Killer.

The world is astonished at the wonderful cures performed by the CRAMP AND PAIN, KILLER prepared by CURTIS & PERKINS. Its equal has never been known for removing pain in all cases; for the cure of spinal complaints, cramp in the limbs and stomach, rheumatism in all its forms, billious cholic, burns, sore throat, and gravel, is decidedly the best remedy in the world. For particulars, see circulars in the hands of the Agents, for a gratuitous circulation.

N. B.—Be sure and call for CURTIS & PERKINS' Cramp and Pain Killer. All others bearing this name are base imitations. Price 12 1-2, 25, 37 1-2, cts. a bottle according to the size.

We have sold very large quantities of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup during the past six years, several thousand the last year. We believe it the best medicine in the world for Children teething or for the cure of Dysentery and Diarrhea in Children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause. It gives universal satisfaction—never heard a complaint from any one using it—never sold a medicine so universally successful in relieving pain and effecting cures—relief is ABSOLUTELY SURE.

CURTIS & PERKINS.

Druggists, Bangor, Me.

AGENTS.—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; W. N. Packard, Thorndike; A. H. Longley, Belchertown; T. F. Packard, Monson; Crane & Kingsbury, Stafford Springs; Wm. H. Sessions, Warren; O. F. Packard & Co., Three Rivers; L. B. Bliss, Wilbraham; and for sale in nearly every town in the State.

Henshaw Edwards & Co., India St., and Weeks & Potter, Washington St., Boston, wholesale agents, and Boyd & Paul, No. 40, Courtland St. New York. 1y. 28.

Poisoning.

Thousands of parents who use Vermifuge composed of Castor oil, Calomel, &c., are not aware, that while they appear to benefit the patient, they are actually laying the foundation of a series of diseases, such as salivation, loss of sight, weakness of limbs, &c.

In another column will be found the advertisement of Hobensack's Medicines, to which we ask the attention of all directly interested in their own as well as their Children's health.—In Liver Complaints and all disorders arising from those of a bilious type, should make use of the only genuine medicine, Hobensack's Liver Pills.

☞ "*Be not deceived,*" but ask for Hobensack's Worm Syrup and Liver Pills, and observe that each has the signature of the Proprietor, J. N. HOBENSACK, as none else are genuine.

BORN.

In this village, May 31, a son to Charles Whitwell.

In this village, May 31st, a daughter to John Converse

MARRIED.

At the Nassowanno House, June 1, by Rev. W. W. Belden, Chandler Fenton of Brimfield and Lovinia M. Nelson of Monson.

In Three Rivers, May 31, by Rev. L. H. Wakeman, John B. Alden 2d, of Ludlow and Delia Tourtellott of Belchertown.

At Monson, 31st, by Rev. Dr. Ely, Sanford Fuller and Mary R., only daughter of John King.

At Northampton, 25th, Henry I. Bowers of Middleton, Ct., and Julia E. Clapp of N.

DIED.

In Brookfield, May 29, Francis A., wife of Otis Tillotson, 19.

In Springfield, 26, Mrs Elizabeth, wife of Phineas Tyler, 76.

In West Springfield, (Agawam) 27, Judson Worthington, 22.

In this town, (Thorndike) May 21, Laura A. Burlingame, 18.

The flowers of May with beauty rife,
Scarce on the air their fragrance shed,
When one just in the morn of life
Was numbered with the dead.

The rose of health bloomed on her cheek,
The light of Youth shone in her eye;
And hopes of earthly bliss were sweet
Alas! that she must die.

Consumption's hand was on her laid,
She wasted slowly day by day.;
The shaft of death we would have stayed,
But who can tell him nay?

We watched with breaking hearts the breath
Which fainter grew as life sped on;
It ceas'd—yes, truly this is death,
The fearful work is done.

It is our Father's hand—we bow
In meek submission to his will,
Hoping when in the grave laid low,
To rest with her in heaven.

COM.

New Goods! New Goods!!

BONNETS, Ribbons, Flowers, Parasols, Fans, long and short Mitts, Under Hdkfs. Under Sleeves, Collars, long and short Veils, Hosiery, Gloves, &c. Also a new lot of Ladies' Shoes.

Please call and examine and you will find the prices a little lower than at any other place in Hampden County. WM. CONKEY,

East end Nassowanno Block.

Palmer Depot, June 3. 7tf

MILLINERY.

MRS. HUBBARD will return from New York in a few days with Fashionable Summer Millinery.

ROCKWOOD & CO.,
Corner Store.

Springfield, June 4. 4w7

Dress Goods.

BAREGE DE LAINES, Poplins, De Bege and De Bege Robes, Toi D Inde, Chambrays, Ginghams, Prints, Slate Linens, Nankeens, Black and Colored India Crapes, Twisted India Silks, Summer Silks and Shawls. Visites and Mantillas on hand and made to order.

Dry Goods, Carpets, Millinery and Dress Making Rooms, CORNER STORE,

Fronting on Main and Court Sts

ROCKWOOD & CO.

No Goods exhibited outside.

Springfield, June 4. 4w7

Time is Money.

THUS said Doct. Franklin, and it is as true now as ever that, "He who saves time saves money."

Money and time are both saved in the use of the KAOLEAN SOAP, an article heretofore but little known in this vicinity, but nevertheless an article which is working its way into every community, and when once known, is used in preference to almost any other soap, and is recommended to the public as having among others, the following superiorities over most soap.

1st It requires no more than half the quantity to do the same work.

2d It saves nearly half the time and labor in washing.

3d It costs no more than the best family soap.

4th Nothing enters into its composition that will injure the most delicate fabric.

5th It does not chap or injure the hands like many soaps, but on the contrary is softening and healing and will cure cracked or chapped hands. One trial will convince the most skeptical of its superiorities.

This soap is manufactured in Palmer, (Depot village) and is for sale by the box at the Factory, and at retail in most of the Stores in this vicinity, and is known as the "Kaolean Soap," or "McCord's Family Soap." Made by

W. McCORD & CO.,
Palmer, Mass.
Factory near the Church.

Certificate.

I have examined McCord's Kaolean Soap *practically*, and am well acquainted with the properties of the ingredients used in its manufacture, and do no not hesitate to pronounce it superior for washing to any other soap now in use. It contains nothing that will injure the most delicate fabric.

SAMUEL TRUESDELL, Chemist,
New York City.

Person wishing to purchase the right to manufacture the above soap, should address S. H. Hall, Palmer, Mass., who is fully authorized to make sales of territory and execute all needful papers.

W. McCORD, Patentee.

Palmer, June 4. 7tf

STEPHEN NEEDHAM,
MERCHANT TAILOR,

(Successor to T. C. Denecke,)

MONSON, MASS.

Garments made in the best manner, with the utmost despatch, and all work warranted to give satisfaction. Cutting done at short notice. A good assortment of Ready Made Clothing constantly on hand.

May 28. 1y5

Carriage Repairing!

ALL kinds of Carriage Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms at the Steam Shop of the Subscriber, a few rods South side of the railroad Bridge.

GEORGE E. WINSLOW.

Palmer, May, 28 1853. 6tf

Hams! Hams!!

HAMS, Pork, Lard, &c., may be found at M. W. FRENCH & CO.'s.

April 16. 52tf

TRUNKS, Traveling Bags, Valises, &c. by MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

FEATHERS, by MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

Great Sale of Dry Goods!

Bankrupt Stock of $3,500!

THE undersigned wish to inform the citizens of Palmer and vicinity, that they have purchased the stock of Goods formerly owned by E. B. Miles, at a very low price, and have taken stores in McGilvery's Block, where they will offer the above named stock at cost. The stock consists of all kinds of Goods usually kept in a country store. All persons wanting Dry Goods will find it for their interest to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

D. W. SNOW & CO.

P. S. We have just received a large invoice of new goods, consisting of a variety of new style Dress Goods, Ready Made Clothing, Carpeting, Straw Matting, Boots and Shoes, Paper Hangings, &c. Also an entire new stock of W. I. Goods and Family Groceries, all of which will be sold at the lowest market price.

D. W. SNOW & CO.

McGilvray's Block, Palmer, May 21. 5tf

Notice.

THE subscriber having engaged to remain with D. W. Snow & Co., McGilvray's Block, would be happy to see all his former friends and patrons.

E. B. MILES.

Palmer, May 21. 5tf

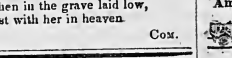
E. E. Wilder, M. D.,

BOTANIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, having taken the Stand formerly occupied by R. Barron, (Palmer Depot,) offers his professional services to the inhabitants of this place and vicinity, and relying on the unequalled success which has attended the Reformed practice, and on his own endeavors, trusts he shall afford satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage.

REFERENCES.—R. Barron, M. D., Palmer Depot; H. F. Gardner, M. D., Springfield; I. J. Sperry, M. D., Hartford, Ct.; John Hooker, M. D., Springfield.

Palmer Depot, May 21, 1853. 3w5.

New-London, Willimantic, & Palmer
AND
Amherst & Belchertown Railroads.



SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Commencing Monday, 16th May, 1853.

LEAVE NEW LONDON, AT

7,30 A. M. for Amherst, Norwich, 8,12 A. M. Willimantic 9,05 connecting at 9,05 A. M. for Hartford and Bristol. Palmer 10,45, connecting at 10,44 for Springfield and Albany, and at 1,55 P. M. for Worcester and Boston.

*10,00 A. M. for Willimantic, (or on arrival of accommodation train from New Haven.)—Norwich 11,30 A. M., connecting at 12 M. at Norwich for Worcester and Boston.

1,45 for Amherst (or on arrival of train from New York and New Haven.) Norwich 2,35 P. M., connecting at 3,20 for Worcester.—*Willimantic 3,30 connecting at 4,20 for Hartford. *Palmer 6,10 connecting at 7,09 for Springfield and Albany, and 9,55 for Worcester and Boston.

LEAVE AMHERST AT

5,00 A. M. for New London, New Haven and New York. *Palmer 6,30 connecting at 8,48 for Worcester and Boston, and 10,44 for Springfield and Albany. Willimantic 9,05 connecting at 9,05 for Hartford and Bristol. Norwich 9,55 connecting at 12 M. for Worcester and Boston, and at New London at 10,30 A. M. for New Haven and New York.

*1,15 P. M. for New London, New Haven and New York. Palmer 2,30 connecting at 2,18 for Worcester and Boston, and at 3,21 for Springfield. Willimantic 4,25 connecting at 4,20 for Hartford. Norwich 5,20. At New London at 6,00 for New Haven and New York, and at 9,30 with Steamers Connecticut, Knickerbocker and Worcester for New York.

LEAVE WILLIMANTIC AT

*1,30 P. M. for New London. Norwich 3,10 connecting at 3.20 for Worcester.

*Freight trains with Passenger Car attached; and do not stop at Massapeag, Mohegan, Norwich Falls, Norwich Town, Franklin or Lebanon.

Through tickets to New York, via Steamboat from New London, can be had at all the Ticket Stations on this Road.

Discount made to passengers procuring tickets before taking seats in the cars.

THROUGH TICKETS FROM

Palmer to New York (Cabin) $3,00.
" " " (Deck) $2,60.

WM. R. STORRS, Supt.

New London, May 12, 1853.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of E. B. Miles & Co., or to E. B. Miles, are requested to make immediate payment to the Subscriber, or to E. B. Miles, who is authorized to settle the same.

R. F. STEVENS, Assignee.

May 21. 5tf.

Stray Steer.

CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber, on the 11th inst., a two years old Steer, of a pale red color, broad horns, and in good condition. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

SUSAN WEBBER

Palmer, May 21. 3w45.

Pocket Book Lost.

LOST, in the Ladies' Sitting Room, in the depot of the Western Railroad, in Palmer, May 7th, a Red Morocco Pocket Book, containing a small amount of money. The finder will confer a favor by leaving the same—the Pocket Book at least—with Mr. Childs, the depot agent.

May 21, 1853. 3w4.

SUMMER HATS.

A SPLENDID lot of Drab Beaver, Panamas, and all the kinds of HATS that will be in use the coming season, for sale low at the HAT and CAP ESTABLISHMENT, North end of the Nassowanno House.

CHARLES M. GARFIELD.

Palmer, May 21, 1853. 3w5

PLAIN and Figured Berages, compising Tan Drab. MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

J. W. ELLIOT,
SURGEON DENTIST,

Thankful for past favors, would respectfully solicit a share of public patronage at the present time. Office at H. J. LYMAN'S Cottage House, a few steps north of the Journal Office.

Palmer, May 7. 3tf

An Entirely New

AND Fresh assortment of PAPER HANGINGS received this week. Call and see.

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Palmer, March 19. tf48

Boots and Shoes.

JUST received a new lot of all kinds new styles, as good as the best and as cheap as the cheapest, at J. BOWLES'

No 1, Nassowanno Block.

Palmer, May 27. 3w6

Notice---Removal.

L. B. CHAMBERLIN, manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, next building to the Nassowanno House, would call the attention of the inhabitants of Palmer and vicinity, to his new and choice stock of goods, feeling confident that he can offer inducements worthy the favorable notice of all.

Those who in their purchases regard durability and cheapness, or wish for a fashionable article, can do no better than to examine this assortment, consisting of

Men's French and American Calf Boots,
" Calf and Enameled Congress do.,
" Kipp and Calcutta do.,
Men's and Boys' Calf, Kipp, Enameled and Goat Skin Shoes,
Slippers and Rubbers,
Misses' and Children's Shoes, Bootees and Gaiters,
Ladies' Gaiters,
" Half Gaiters.
" Morocco Lind,
" Enameled "
" " Polkas,
" Patent Leather Shoes,
" Kid Buskins,
" Morocco Slippers &c. &c. &c.

May 7, 1853. 3tf.

Marshall Calkins, M. D.,

WOULD announce to the inhabitants of Monson and adjacent towns, that he, as the successor of his brother, Dr. David Calkins, has again located himself in Monson. Having been associated with Prof. Calvin Newton, both in the practice and the teaching of Medicine, he has during his absence made commendable progress in professional acquirements. From all those who prefer a system of innocent and sanative medication, when scientifically applied, to that which sanctions the frequent use of mercurials, antimonials, arsenic and the lancet, he respectfully solicits patronage.

At all hours by day or night he holds himself in readiness to attend to professional calls. Office nearly opposite the Academy.

Monson, May 7, 1853. 3w3.

CAN BE FOUND
At the Nassowanno Grocery Store,

A fresh and full assortment of Groceries and Provision, which will be sold for the next sixty days, at very low prices. To all persons buying goods with cash, I wish to say to be sure and not make your purchase until you have called and examined our stock and prices.

C. C. SHAW, Agt

Palmer, Apr. 30, 1853. 2tf.

New Milliner's Shop!

MRS. SQUIRES would invite the attention of the Ladies of Palmer and vicinity to the stock of New Milinery Goods just opened in Hall & Valentine's Block, two doors north of the Post Office.

She has a great variety of all the late styles of Bonnets and other Milinery articles, which will be sold very low. Now is the season for getting new Bonnets, and dressing up old ones.—Call at the *new Shop*, and you will be pleased with the assortment, as well as the work.

☞ Mrs. Squires also continues business at her old stand (up stairs) in Ware, where she will be happy to wait on all who may give her a call.

April 16th, 1853. 52.

Grand Opening!
New and Elegant Spring Goods!

GENTLEMEN desirous of New and Beautiful Styles of Goods for Spring wear, are invited to call and examine a choice Selection of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vesting of the most approved Fabric.

L. A. BAILEY.

Nassowanno Block, April 16, 1853. 52tf.

Fire! Fire!!

THE Subscriber is Agent for some of the best Fire Insurance Companies in the United States, and will take risks on the most favorable terms.

GEORGE W. RANDELL

Three Rivers April 24th.

Coffin Plates

SHROUDS; Caps &c on hand, or furnished at short notice by

A. BLODGETT.

Union Bock, Palmer Depot.

Grass Seeds!

HERD'S Grass, Clover and Red Top Seeds at prices as low as the market will allow, For sale by M. W. FRENCH & CO.

April 16. 52tf

"Equal and Exact Justice to all, Special favors to none."

Trade Solicited but no Trust.

ONE PRICE ONLY!

TERMS CASH, OR ITS EQUIVALENT.

HAVING just purchased a Stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c, the same will be offered at a small advance from cost. The public are invited to call and determine for themselves as to prices, and choose between the Cash and Credit systems.

A. C. BILLINGS.

Tockwotton Block, Palmer Depot.

Apr. 9th, 1853. 51tf.

The Old Shop!

MRS. Collins would say to her old friends and customers, that she has returned from the City with a good assortmcnt of Fancy Goods, and Millinery, and after they have examined the new shops, please call and look at her assortment, as she thinks it will compare favorably both as to prices and quality, with any shop in Western Mass. She would also say to those who are in the habit of purchasing Goods at Ware, that she has opened a Shop in that place, (next door to Ezra Allen's,) down stairs, where they will find a good assortment of Goods, and agreeable young ladies to wait on them.

Apr. 23, 1853. 1tf.

THE place to buy the best Hams and Dried Beef, (not smoked) is at the Nassowanno Grocery Store.

Palmer, Apr. 30, 1853. 2tf.

Just Received!

M. W. FRENCH & CO., have this week received an assortment of Elegant Dress Goods, among which may be found Rich Black Silks, Mazena Cloths, (new and pretty) Mourning Poplins, Barege DeLaines, Mous. DeLaines (spring styles) Muslins, Bor'd. English and American Prints in great variety, of new patterns. *All for sale very low.*

April 16. 52tf

"A Hat! A Hat! My Kingdom for a Hat!!"

So King Richard would have said if he had lived in 1853, and seen the new lot just received by us. They are the neatest, prettiest, and of course, the cheapest lot offered in Palmer. Our assortment of Caps is also good, and worthy of being examined before purchasing elsewhere.

MUNGER & BASSETT.

Palmer, April 16, 1853. 52tf.

Read This.

IT has become a common saying with most venders of Goods, that such and such articles are the very best and neatest in the world. We speak of this, because we do not like to be ranked with that class of traders who recommend every thing they sell because they wish to sell it *regardless of its merits.* What we are trying to come at is simply this, that our selections of Prints *superceeds* any variety *in style* ever before brought to Hampden Co.; if this is doubted we will get it endorsed by responsible persons. MUNGER & BASSETT.

April 16. 52tf

IN STORE,

AND FOR SALE—
16 Hhds. Mus., P. R. and Card Molasses.
8000 lbs. Sugar, various kinds.
Old Hyson Teas,
Young " "
Ningyoung "
Souchong "
Oolong " of many qualities.
Soaps, Spices, Fish, Salt, Lard, Hams, Pork, Tobacco, &c., *at prices satisfactorily low.*

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Palmer, May 7. 3tf

J. Parker & Co's Marble Works.

Successors to A. & S. Tomlinson,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

THE subscribers having lately purchased of Messrs. A. & S. Tomlinson their Marble Works, corner of Main and William sts., comprising their entire Stock, Machinery and Water power, for the manufacture of Marble; also, the entire stock of Marble, of the late firm of Dwelley & Keep, of this City, and having erected a new shop opposite the North Church on Main st., a few rods south of the Depot, they are prepared to furnish Monuments, Grave Stones, Tomb Tablets, Counter Tops, Pier and Center Tables, Soda Founts, Chimney Pieces, or any other kind of Marble Work, at the shortest notice, at either of the above named places, from the largest and best stock of Foreign and American Marble ever offered for sale in this city.—Having purchased the aboved named lots of Marble at very low rates, they are prepared to sell at prices which cannot fail to suit all.

J. PARKER & CO.

Springfield, April 16th, 1853.

Having disposed of our interest in the Marble business to Messrs. J. Parker & Co., (as noticed above,) we cheerfully recommend them to the favorable notice of our friends and former patrons, as men of integrity and experience, and as meriting the confidence of the public.

A. & S. TOMLINSON.

April 16th, 1853. 6m52.

Hammond's Liniment.

A SAFE and speedy remedy for all diseases requiring an external application This Liniment has been before the public for the last seven years, steadily acquiring a reputation by its own merits, and now feeling confidence in it, as a remedial agent, we give it a wide circulation, that all may receive benefit from its invaluable properties. For sprains, and contractions of the muscles and tendons, stiffness and injuries of joints, rheumatism, gout, burns, bruises, frozen extremities, &c., it has no equal. The following certificates of some of our most prominent physicians and citizens, shows the confidence and reliance they place upon it:

Certificates.—This may certify, that we have used the above named Liniment in the various diseases, &c., for which it is recommended, and cheerfully add our testimony to its efficacy.

J. N. Bates, M. D., Barre. J. Gorham, Barre.
W. Parkhurst, " Petersham. A. Alden, "
G. Barstow, " Boston. G. Twichell, Sup't
G. W. Pierce, " Leominster. of R. & W. R. R.
D. Rice, Barre. Gen. A. Holman, Bolton,

For sale wholesale and retail, by CALDWELL & HILL, Apothecaries,

229 Main street, Worcester, Mass., General Agents.

Also for sale by J. BOWLES, Palmer, WILSON & EDWARDS, and S. C. PARSONS, Northampton, and by Merchants generally.

March, 26. 1853. 3m49.

Coal! Coal!!

OF all kinds will be furnished at short notice delivered at Palmer, by applying to J. S. AMES, Agent N. L. W. & P. R. R. Co.

Blacksmiths and all others using coal in this vicinity can save money by sending orders as above.

Palmer, April 2. 50tf

Plaster.

150 Tons Ground Plaster.
800 Bush. Corn.
50 Bbls. Lime.
200 " Flour.

Meal, Feed, Salt, Grass Seeds, &c., for sale at the Old Stand of Hall & Valentine.

J. A. HALL.

Palmer, April 16. 52tf

A Candid, Sober Fact, Viz:

THAT we have got a better assortment of Clothing, than was ever before offered in this vicinity, and in addition to our unrivaled assortment, we would say most emphatically, that a great portion of it equals any custom work that can be procured, and relative to prices, that our *superior* styles and qualities will be sold as low as the *kind* usually kept by clothiers. We think this ample inducement to merit the attention of all purchasers.

MUNGER & BASSETT.

April 16. 52tf

FLOUR in half and whole bbls. by MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

And Still they Come!

MORE new Goods at M. W. FRENCH & Co.'s.

May 14. 4tf.

Alarm and Repeating Clocks,

EIGHT Day, and Thirty Hour—a good assortment. Warranted good time keepers. For sale by A. BLODGETT.

Union Block, Palmer Depot, May 14. 2tf.

Clothing! Clothing!! Clothing!!!

By MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

BOOTS and SHOES by MUNGER & BASSETT.

ay 7. 3tf

Ready Made Clothing

OF all kinds, from the cheap Sack, to the most Fashionable Dress Coat. Pants and Vests, the largest and best assortment ever before offered in this vicinity. Also, a good assortment of Plain and Fancy Cravats and Stocks, Shirts, Collars, Bosoms, Gloves, &c.

L. A. BAILEY.

Nassowanno Block, April 16, 1853. 52tf.

A FEW pieces 22 cts. DE LAINE for 12 1-2 cents, can be found at MUNGER & BASSETT'S.

May 7 3tf

POETRY.

Ladies' Names.

There is a strange deformity
Combined with countless graces,
As often in the ladies' names
As in the ladies' faces;
Some names are fit for every age,
Some fit for only youth,
Some passing sweet and musical,
Some horribly uncouth;
Some fit for dames of loftiest grades,
Some only fit for scullery maids.
Ann is too plain and common,
And Nancy sounds butill,
Yet Anna is endurable,
And Annie better still.
There is a grace in Charlotte,
In Eleanor a state,
An elegance in Isabella,
A haughtiness in Kate;
And Sarah is sedate and neat,
And Ellen innocent and sweet.
Matilda has a sickly sound,
Fit for nurses' trade.
Sophia is effeminate,
And Esther staid and sage;
Elizabeth is a matchless name,
Fit for a queen to wear,
In castle, cottage, hut or hall,
A name beyond compare;
And Bess or Bessy follow well,
But Betsey is detestable.
Maria is too forward,
And Gertrude is too gruff,
Yet coupled with a pretty face,
In pretty name enough.
Adelaide is fanciful,
And Laura is too fine,
But Emily is beautiful,
And Mary is divine.
Maud only suits a high born dame,
And Fanny is a baby name.
Eliza is not very choice,
Jane is too blunt and bold,
And Martha somewhat sorrowful,
And Lucy proud and cold;
Amelia is too light and gay,
Fit only for a flirt,
Caroline is vain and shy,
And Flora smart and pert.
Louisa is too soft and sleek,
But Alice, gentle, chaste and meek;
Harriet is confiding,
And Clara grave and mild,
And Emma is affectionate,
And Janet arch and wild,
Patience is expressive,
And Grace is old and rare,
And Catharine is warm and dutiful,
And Margaret frank and fair,
And Faith, Hope and Charity
Are heavenly names for sisters three.

BE COMPREHENSIVE.—Talk to the point and stop when you have reached it. The faculty some possess of making one idea cover a quire of paper, is not good for much. Be compreheusive in all you say or write. To fill a volume upon nothing is a credit to nobody, though Lord Chesterfield wrote a very clever poem upon nothing. There are men who get one idea into their heads and but one, and they make the most of it. You can hear it and almost feel it while in their presence. On all occasions it is produced till it is worn as thin as charity. They remind us of a twenty-four pounder discharged at a humming-bird. You hear a tremendous noise, see a volume of smoke rise, and the object is lost with the cost of the powder.

☞ If all the world were conservative, society would be like a long train of cars, without an engine. And if everybody were radical it would be like a train of engines without cars, rushing furiously ahead, bound for progress as long as the track holds out!

☞ Higgs wants to know if a black man can have the yellow fever; and thinks he might, for he once knew a white man to have the black vomito.

BUSINESS CARDS.

F. T. WALLACE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office in Munger's Building.
April 1, 1852. 50tf

C. FORBUSH, & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Foreign and American Marble,
PALMER, MASS.
☞ **Shop** about half a mile East of Palmer Depot.
Tombstones, Monnments and Table Tops, made to order at short notice.
Palmer, Feb. 21, 1852. tf44

TORREY & BARLOW,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
PALMER, MASS.
Office first door East of the Nassowanno House.
C. TORREY. M. BARLOW.
jan. 13. 39 tf.

H. F. MILLER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Shop in Barton's Block,
MONSON, MASS. 15tf

C. SANFORD,
(Successor to S. W. Cone,)
DEALER IN
Monuments, Grave Stones, &c., of Italian and American Marble.
All kinds of Carving and Ornamental work done in the best manner, as well as Lettering that will bear inspection.
H. D. SANFORD, Agt.
Ware, Mass., Dec. 25, 1852.

J. S. BAILEY,
DEALER IN
All kinds of Cooking, Parlor and other Stoves, Tin Ware, &c., which will be sold at fair prices.
Job work done promptly and in the best manner.
Palmer, Jan. 1, 1853. 47tf

STATIONERY,

BLANKS, BLANK BOOKS,
ENVELOPES & PAPER
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;
TOYS, PERFUMERY, BRUSHES,
ALSO,
FANCY GOODS,
In great variety, for sale by
ELIHU GEER,
10 State St., Hartford, Conn.

THE Store of the Subscriber will be weekly replenished with NEW GOODS, from the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Importing Houses, and from all the principal American manufacturers. Among his extensive assortment may be found all kinds of

Letter, Cap, Drawing, Note and Fancy Papers; White, Buff & Enameled Envelopes; Papier Mache, Rosewood, Mahogany & Leather Writing Desks, Work Boxes, &c.; Cloth, Leather and Papier Mache Portefolios, From 37½ cts. to $8.00 each; All styles of Card Cases and Porte Monnaies; Wallets and Pocket Books; Steel, Silk and Kid Purses; Bankers' Cases; Lubin's Celebrated Genuine Perfumes; Farina's Unrivaled Cologne; Bridal, Glove & Handkerchief Perfumed Boxes, Building Blocks, Wood Alphabets; Velvet, Iron, Tin and India Rubber Toys; Pearl & Ivory Tablets; Crying Babies; China, Wax and Rubber Dolls; Games too numerous to mention; Magnets, Masks, & Magic Lanterns; Hair, Cloth, Hat, Tooth, Nail & Lather Brushes, Gentlemen's Dressing Cases; Shell and Horn Dressing Combs; Ivory Combs; Ladies' Companions, Spool Stands; All kinds Rubber Balls; Vesta Lights; Harmonicans, Pickwicks, Sand Toys, Tea Bells Opera Glasses, Toilet & Traveling Glasses; Thermometers and Barometers; Tooth Powder, Hair Oils, Toilet & Shaving Soaps, Chessmen, Dominoes, Back Gammon Boards, Chessboards; Dice; Checkers; Sewing Birds, six kinds, from 37½ to 62½ cents; Penknives, Scissors and Shears; A splendid assortment of Gold Pens, in Gold and Silver Cases; Steel Pens, Fifty Styles; Pen Nibs and Quills; Letter Seals or Stamps, all styles; The best of Wax, warranted to burn free; Water Colors, from 6 cents to $4.00 per box; Fancy Paper and Glass Boxes; Transparent, Porcelain and Paper Slates; A large assortment of Visiting & Wedding Cards: Stationery Articles in general; Every kind of Legal & Probate Blanks; Wedding Stationery and "Fixins," best qualities; Patent Blot Pads; Diaries; Ledgers, Day & Cash Books, Journals, &c. Blank Notes, Drafts, Orders, Due Bills, &c. &c., Letter Copying Presses, Books & Ink; Mathematical Instruments; Blotting Papers; Paper Folders and Paper Weights; Erasers; Newspaper Files and Wires; Mouth Glue & Mucilage; Indelible Inks; Black, Blue, Red & Violet Inks; Inkstands, of One Hundred different varieties.

ALL of the above described articles can be found in greater profusion and variety than elsewhere in New England, besides other articles too nnmerons to mention. Call and see for yourself. They will be sold at the lowest prices, either at wholesale or retail. ☞ Particular attention given to the PAPER and ENVELOPE TRADE, at 10 STATE STREET, HARTFORD, CT., by ELIHU GEER.

☞ Every kind and style of JOB, CARD and BOOK PRINTING, by Steam, executed as heretofore. Large additions of NEW TYPE and MACHINERY are being made this year, to the already most extensive Printing Establishment of
ELIHU GEER, 10 STATE ST.
Hartford, May, 1853.

To Those who are Diseased.

THE Undersigned, having been in successful practice of Medicine for the past nine years, in this place, and being no longer able to ride to a distance and bear the responsibility which has formerly rested upon him, proposes to examine Patients at his residence. Patients can be examined while he is in the clairvoyant state, or by the common practice of examining. Feeling confident in the success he has had for the last six months in his clairvoyant examinations, and prescriptions, that he can benefit all who call upon him, desires all who are diseased to test him for their own benefit.
R. BARRON.
Botanic Physician and Clairvoyant.
All kinds of Medicine carefully prepared, by the clairvoyant, who is experienced in compounding Medicine of all kinds.

Syrups.	Bitters.
Cancer,	Jaundice,
Scroffula,	Strengthening,
Erysipelas,	Wine,
Compound Humor,	Stimulating,
Lung,	
Anti-billious Pills of a superior kind.	

All kinds of the above Medicines kept constantly on hand.
Palmer, Sept. 10. 21tf

BAG and Bbl. SALT, by
MUNGER & BASSETT.
May 7. 3tf

Smith's Patent
VERTICAL GATE.

THE attention of Farmers, and the Public generally is invited to the above Gate, which possesses many advantages over any other Gate in use. This Gate does not swing but opens vertically from the center by a parallel movement of the rails, consequently there can be no *saging*, or drawing over of the Posts; it requires no ground to swing upon, but may be opened and shut while teams are standing close upon either side of it, and without any shoveling away of snow in the winter, and is equally adapted to inclining as to level ground. The Gate is very simple in its construction, not liable to get out of order, and may be built for less expense than the common swing Gate of equal size and strength. A full size working Gate may be seen by calling on the subscriber near the Union House, Palmer Depot, who will furnish Gates, or the Right for making and using the Gates, on liberal terms.
A. BLODGETT.
Palmer, April 2, 1853. 50tf.

J. & P. HENDRICK'S fine cut, and chewing Tobacco, by the paper or gross, by
MUNGER & BASSETT.
Palmer, March 19, 1853. 38tf

HOWARD'S
VEGETABLE
Cancer and Canker SYRUP.

THIS Preparation, which has been used during the last sixteen years with the most signal success, is now, for the first time, presented to the medium of advertising.

At a period like the present, when the proprietors of medicine are flooding the community, through the press, with testimonials in favor of their respective preparations, the subscriber deems it a duty which he owes to suffering humanity to present his also, for the consideration of the afflicted. In doing so, he is happy to be able to say, that the efficacy of this INVALUABLE COMPOUND has never been surpassed in the treatment of

CANCERS, CANKER, SCROFULA, SALT RHEUM, ERYSIPELAS, KING'S EVIL, SCALD HEAD, FEVER SORES, SCURVY, TUMORS, ULCERS, &c.,

and those affections generally which originate in a DEPRAVED STATE of the BLOOD.

The benefit derived from its PROPER application (see DIRECTIONS) must be permanent, from the fact that it acts with great power upon THE SEAT of the disease *the morbid matter accumulated in the blood*, and entirely eradicates it from the system. But while it acts with great power and certainty in the removal of HUMORS generally, its efficacy is the most satisfactorily demonsrated in the cure of *Cancers and Fever Sores.*

It is well known that when the *blood* becomes so impure as to produce discase in these forms, the patient is supposed to be beyond the restoring influence of medicine.

Those who may be so unfortunate as to be afflicted with *Cancers or Fever Sores*, need only make a fair trial of the SYRUP *following rigidly the directions*, to be convinced that they are not *necessarily doomed* to die.

That we speak advisedly upon this subject, and do not wish to thrust upon the afflicted a useless preparation to extort from them money for which we are not willing to give them more than an equivalent, we respectfully invite attention to the subjoined testimonials which furnish the most emphatic evidence of the truthfulness of our statements.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TESTIMONY BY A LADY.

By Mrs. H. S. Spear, wife of Capt. G. Spear.

A Cancer deemed incurable by eminent Physicians, entirely removed by the Syrup.

Quincy, April 15, 1852

Dear Sir: This is to certify, that some years since, I was the subject of much suffering occasioned by a swelling on my breast which after a few months was pronounced by eminent physicians, a Cancer, and one which they could not encourage me to hope could be cured. Deriving no benefit from their prescriptions, and hearing of your invaluable specific for cancerous affections, I commenced taking the Syrup, and soon began to feel its beneficial effects. Encouraged by its favorable effects in the incipient stages of its operation. I persevered in its use till the swelling subsided, the cancerous symptoms wholly disappeared, and my health was perfectly restored. I feel that the continuance of my life is attributable to the agency of your excellent medicine, and I cheerfully recommend it to the afflicted as the *best* remedy for the diseases for which it is prescribed of which I have any knowledge.

HANNAH S. SPEAR.

Most malignant Fever Sores healed and the Patient restored to health.

ASTONISHING CURE!!

Worcester, Sept. 1, 1851.

Mr D. Howard: It is with great pleasure that I send you my testimony in favor of your *Cancer and Canker Syrup.* It has affected by the blessing of God attending its administration, the greatest cure that ever came to my knowledge. My son was afflicted with Fever Sores to such a degree that for four months his life was despaired of, when I was informed that Zeba Howard, of Randolph Mass., could cure him. I immediately sent for him, and in three days after he came the boy began to recover, and continued to improve till his sores were completely healed, since which he has enjoyed as good health as could be desired. I have recommend the Syrup to a great many persons since, who are also ready to give their testimony in its favor. Of all medicines of which I have any knowledge, I regard this, for the diseases for which it is recommended, as *the best*. I could write all day, and not tell half I feel in relation to the utility of your excellent Syrup. May God speed you in your work, and succeed your efforts to alleviate human suffering.

MARSON EATON.

SCIENTIFIC TESTIMONY.

To the Public. A Card: By a Druggist.

Randolph, April 12, 1852.

I know the ingredients which compose Howard's Vegetable Cancer and Canker Syrup, and am acquainted with the formula for its preparation. It is purely vegetable in its nature, containing no *mecurial or miucral* substances, and is composed of such vegetables only as possess great Alterative properties. It is an excellent remedy for those diseases for which the Proprietor recommends it, and I cheerfully commend it to the afflicted.

ZENAS SNOW, Druggist and Chemist.

Having presented the above statements and testimonials, we assure the afflicted that the certificates (which have been selected from many in our possession) are *Genuine*; of which, if they have any doubt, they are desired to communicate with the individuals over whose signatures they are published and their suspicions will soon be removed.

☞ The *genuine* is prepared and sold by D. HOWARD, Randolph, Mass. For sale also by REDDING & CO. 8 STATE ST. BOSTON, General Agents; and retailed by Agents through out the country.

Circulars furnished gratuitously by Agents when desired.

☞ Price, $1,00 per bottle; $5,00 for six bottle. A liberal discount made to those who buy to sell again.

For sale in Palmer, by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.

PAPER HANGINGS, a good assortment, by
MUNGER & BASSETT.
Palmer, March 19, 1853. 38tf.

"Eureka, Eureka."

We have found it at last. Now for the little ones. Why will parents waste hours and days in fruitless endeavors to get perfect pictures of their children, and after all get nothing but a poor miserable caricature? We would say, come to our *Excelsior Gallery*, and we will guarantee to make you a perfect picture, by our *Electro Chemical* process, that works in from 1-2 to 2 seconds

We defy any Daguerrian in Springfield or elsewhere to compete with us, as we are the inventors, and the process is used only in our different establishments in the New England and Middle States. For pictures of adults, the Silver Medals we have received from the American Institute, New York, and Franklin, Philadelphia, together with hundreds of premiums from county fairs is sufficient proof that they are the *"ne plus ultra"* of perfection.

We have at great expense procured the *exclusive right* of Hampden Co., for the

VIGNETTE OR CRAYON PICTURES,

The most beautiful and brilliant production of the art. We caution all operatives from any infringement of the same.

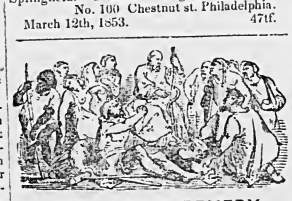
Prof. D. C Collins, who is pronounced the best practical operator in the United States, has charge of the Chemical department.

Howard Peal, an *artist* by profession, has charge of the *artistical*

This establishment, connected as it is, with the world renowned and celebrated artist Verno of *Paris*, and Mayall of *London*, has facilities of receiving all the late European improvements.

We would call particular attention to our *Tabotypes* in *Oil.*

COLLINS & CO.
Main st., opposite Site late Hampden House, Springfield. Collin's buildings, Westfield.
No. 100 Chestnut st. Philadelphia.
March 12th, 1853. 47tf.



HERE IS YOUR REMEDY.
HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

A most miraculous cure of Bad Legs, after 43 years' standing.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. Wm. Galpin, of 70 St. Mary's st., Weymouth, May 15th, 1851. To Professor Holloway:

Sir,—At the age of 18, my wife, who is now 61, caught a violent cold, which settled in her legs, and ever since that time they have been more or less sore, and greatly inflamed. Her agonies were distracting, and for months together she was deprived entirely of rest and sleep.—Every remedy that medical men advised was tried but without effect; her health suffered severely, and the state of her legs was terrible. I had often read your advertisements, and advised her to try your Pills and Ointment; and, as a last resource, after every other remedy had proved useless, she consented to do so. She commenced six weeks ago, and strange to relate, is now in good health. Her legs are painless, without seam or scar, and her sleep sound and undisturbed. Could you have witnessed the sufferings of my wife during the last 43 years, and contrast them with her present enjoyment of health, you would indeed feel delighted in having been the means of so greatly alleviating the sufferings of a fellow creature.

Signed. WM. GALPIN.

A person 70 Years of Age Cured of a Bad Leg of Thirty Years' standing.

Copy of a letter from Mr Wm. Abbs, builder of Gas Ovens, of Rushcliffe, near Huddersfield, dated May 31st, 1851.
To Professor Holloway:

Sir,—I suffered for a period of thirty years from a bad leg, the result of two or three different accidents at Gas Works; accompanied by scorbatic symptons. I had recourse to a variety of medical advice, without deriving any benefit, and was even told that the leg must be amputated, yet, in opposition to that opinion, your Pills and Ointment have effected a complete cure in so short a time, that few who had not witnessed it would credit the fact.

Signed WM ABBS.

The truth of this statement can be verified by Mr W. P. England, Chemist, 13 Market st., Huddersfield.

A dreadful bad Breast cured in one Month.

Extract of a letter from Mr. Frederick Turner, of Penshurst, Kent, dated Dec. 13th, 1850.
To Professor Holloway:

Dear Sir,—My wife had suffered from bad Breasts for more than six months, and during the whole period had the best medical attendance, but all to no use. Having before healed an awful wound in my own leg by your unrivalled medicine, I determined again to use your Pills and Ointment, and therefore gave them a trial in her case and fortunate it was I did so, for in less than a month a perfect cure was effected, and the benefit that various other branches of my family have derived from their use, is really astonishing. I now strongly recommend them to all my friends.

Signed FREDERICK TURNER.

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases:

Bad legs	Gout
Bad breasts	Glandular Swellings
Burns	Lumbago
Bunions	Piles
Bite of Moschetoes and Sand-Flies	Rheumatism
Coco-bay	Scalds
Chiego-foot	Sore Nipples
Chilblains	Sore throats
Chapped hands	Skin diseases
Corns (soft)	Scurvy
Cancers	Sore heads
Contracted & stiff joints	Tumors
Elephantiasis	Ulcers
Fistulas	Wounds
	Yaws

Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 244 Strand, near Temple Bar, London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the British Empire, and of those of the United States, in Pots at 37 1-2 c., 87 c., and $1,50 c., each. Wholesale by the principal Drug houses in the Union and by Messrs A. B. & D. SANDS, New York, and REDDING & Co., Boston.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

For sale in Palmer by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.
Sept 10th. 1yeow.

Shaving Made Easy.

BY using one of "Frederick's Celebrated Razors," which, together with Razors of several other brands, made by some of the best manufacturers in England; Shaving Brushes; and a variety of First Quality Soaps, &c., may be found at A. BLODGETT'S.
Union Block, Palmer Depot, Dec. 11. 34.

Lime.

The subscriber will keep constantly on hand, a full supply of FRESH BURNT Lime, by the cask or bushel, at A. C. Billings' store, Tuckwotton Block. All orders supplied at short notice.
S. G. SHAW.
Palmer March 11th, 1853. 48tf.

New System and New Remedies
FOR THE CURE OF
CONSUMPTION.
NUTTALL'S SYRIACUM,
IN THREE BOTTLES,
CONTAINING
THREE DIFFERENT PREPARATIONS,
For the Cure of the
Three Different Stages
OF CONSUMPTION.

INCIPIENT

FIRST STAGE—*Symptoms.*—Cough, pain in the breast, side, head, back, joints and limbs; inflammation, soreness and tickling in the throat fever, difficult and quick breathing, *expectoration difficult, slight and frothy.*

CONFIRMED

SECOND STAGE—*Symptoms.*—Costiveness, spasmodic cough, violent fever, night, morning and mid-day sweats, hectic flush in the face and cheeks, burning heat in the palms of the hands and soles of the feet, *expectoration easy, copious, and streaked with blood.*

TUBERCULAR

THIRD STAGE—*Symptoms.*—Diarrhœa, diminished fever, cough, and morning sweats, great and increasing debility, frequent fainting fits, slight delirium, and swelling of the extremities.

TO THE AFFLICTED.

The appearance in Three Bottles of NUTTALL'S SYRIACUM is a rare era in Medicine, from its novelty and direct opposition to the old *absurd and incousistent one bottle system*, while its success prepared in this manner, each Bottle containing a different preparation, in curing the different stages which characterize Consumption, has established the welcome truth of the curability *of every stage of Pulmonary Consumption.*

Physicians approve of it, because it is based upon correct Physiological and Pathological principles. The public approve of it, because it is common sense, and because they *know* from sad experience that *one* preparation will *not* cure the *three* stages of Consumption. The suffering, disappointed, and discouraged Invalid approves of it, because its principles hold out a reasonable Hope, and *when he uses Nuttall's Syriacum, his hopes are realized.*

IF HE IS IN THE FIRST STAGE OF CONSUMPTION.

and uses the first bottle, his expectoration, difficult and painful, becomes free and easy, his cough soon gets well, the soreness, tickling in his throat, inflammation, pain in his breast, side, head, back, joints, and limbs are removed.

IF HE IS IN THE SECOND STAGE

and uses the second bottle, his fever leaves him, his disturbed slumbers become sweet and refreshing, his night sweats vanish, his expectoration copious and bloody, assumes a healthy appearance, and at length disappears, his bowels become regular, his appetite returns, the flush in his cheek disappears, the burning heat in the palms of his hands and soles of his feet, are felt no longer, his cough now ceases, he recovers and is well.

IF HE IS IN THE THIRD STAGE

and uses the third bottle, his Diarrhœa gradually ceases, his weak bowels become strong, his cough and other bad symptoms disappear, feeble digestion becomes strong and vigorous, his stomach recovers its proper tone, and creates new, rich and nourishing blood, his strength returns, his wasted body is clothed with flesh, his life is saved, and he is

RESTORED TO HEALTH!

Each bottle of *NUTTALL'S SYRIACUM* has the *symptoms* of the stage for which it is *intended*, printed in front of the wrapper, whereby every invalid knowing his own symptoms, can judge for himself

WHICH BOTTLE HE REQUIRES,

consequently no mistake can occur in selecting

THE PROPER MEDICINE.

☞ See Pamphlet in possession of the editor of this paper, containing Dr. Nuttall's Pathology of Consumption. Lecture on the Structure and Uses of the Human Lungs, and Certificates of Cures.

☞ Prepared only by *Dr. WM. NUTTALL*, Inventor and Proprietor. Price one dollar per bottle.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE,
278 Race-st., one door above Eighth,
PHILADELPHIA.

Sold in Palmer Depot, by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.
☞ Dec. 4, 1852.

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THE Subscriber keeps at his shop, about one mile east of the Depot Village, the different sizes of J. R. Whittemore & Co.'s celebrated Eagle Plows, which he will sell for cash at manufacturers' prices, or exchange for white oak timber.
F. BLANCHARD.
Palmer, Dec. 27. 35tf

DEVINE'S
PITCH LOZENGES.

A pleasant, safe and effectual Remedy for Colds, Coughs, Influenza, Croup, Asthma, Whooping-Cough, and all Pulmonary Diseases, when a portion of the Lungs remain sufficient to sustain life. Columns of testimonials of their efficacy might be inserted, but the using of a single box is better evidence than them all.—Try them and be convinced.

Only 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Circulars containing certificates of Cures may be found with all the agents.

For sale, wholesale and retail by
A. BLODGETT,
Union Block, Palmer Depot, Feb. 12. 43tf

Coffins.

THE Subscriber keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of Mahogany, Black Walnut, White Wood and Pine Coffins, which he will furnish with shrouds and plates, if desired, and will deliver them if wished.
J. S. LOOMIS.
Palmer, Oct. 19, 1850. tf 29

Factory Room and Steam Power to Let.

TO LET, 2 Rooms 50 feet long and 40 feet wide, each, also steam power, situated 01 miles from Boston, within 50 feet of the Depot 10 trains a day each way. Will be let for a term of years on reasonable terms, on application to O. W. FISK,
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Billet Paper.

JUST received a beautiful assortment of Billet Paper of various styles—just the thing for writing pretty thoughts on—for sale cheap at the Journal Office.

All Ready!

TO show you Blk. and mode col'd Silk Hose, Mixed Slate and White Cotton do. for Ladies, Misses and Children. Men's 1-2 do., all qualities. Also Kid, Silk, Lisle and Cotton Gloves. Low prices will buy them of
M. W. FRENCH & CO.
April 16. 52tf

$500 CHALLENGE.

WHATEVER concerns the health and happiness of a people, is at all times of the most valuable importance. I take it for granted that every man will do all in their power, to save the lives of their children and that every person will endeavor to promote their own health at all sacrifices, I feel it to be my duty to solemnly assure ou that WORMS, according to the opinion of the best physicians, are the primary causes of a large majority of diseases to which children and adults are liable. If you have an appetite continually changeable from one kind of food to another, Bad Breath, Pain in the stomjack, Picking at the Nose, Hardness and Fullness of the Belly, Dry Cough, Slow Fever, Pulse irregular—remember that all these denote WORMS, and you should at once apply the remedy:—

Hobensack's Worm Syrup.

An article founded on Scientific Principles, compounded with purely vegetable substances, being perfectly safe when taken, and can be given to the most tender Infant with decided beneficial effect, where, *Bowell Complaints and Diarrhœa* have made them weak and debilitated the Tonic properties of my Worm Syrup are such that it stands without an equal in the catalogue of medicines, in giving tone and strength to the Stomach, which makes it an Infallible remedy for those afflicted with *Dyspepsia*, the astonishing cures performed by this Medicine after Physicians have failed, is the best evidence of its superior efficacy over all others.

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This is the most difficult worm to destroy of all that infest the human system, it grows to an almost indefinite length, becoming so coiled and fastened in the Intestines and Stomach, effecting the health so sadly as to cause the St. Vitus Dance, Fits, &c., that those afflicted seldom if ever suspect that it is Tape Worm hastening them to an early grave. In order to destroy this Worm, a very energetic treatment must be pursued, it would therefore be proper to take from 6 to 8 of my Liver Pills so as to remove all obstructions, that the Worm Syrup may act direct upon the Worm, which must be taken in doses of two table spoonfuls three times a day, these directions followed have never been known to fail in curing the most obstinate case of *Tape Worm.*

Hobensack's Liver Pills.

No part of the system is more liable to disease than the LIVER, it serving as a filterer to purify the blood or giving the proper secretion of the bile; and so that wrong action of the Liver effects the other important parts of the System and results variously in Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, &c. We should therefore, watch every symptom that might indicate a wrong action of the Liver. These pills being composed of ROOTS & PLANTS furnished by nature to heal the sick: Namely 1st AN EXPECTORANT which augments the secretion from the Pulmonary mucus membrane or promotes the discharge of secreted matter. 2d, AN ALTERNATIVE, which changes in some inexplicable and insensible manner the certain morbid action of the System. 3d, A TONIC which gives tone and strength to the nervous system, renewing health and vigor to all parts of the body. 4th, A CATHARTIC, which acts in perfect harmony with the other ingretients and operating on the Bowels, and expelling the whole mass of corrupt and vitiated matter, and purifying the blood, which destroys disease and restores health.

To Females.

You will find these Pills an invaluable medicine in many complaints to which you are subject. In obstruction either total or partial they have been found of inestimable benefit, restoring their functional arrangements to a healthy action, purifying the blood and other fluids so effectually, as to put to flight all complaints which may arise from female irregularities, as headache, giddiness, dimness of sight, pain in the side, back, &c.

None genuine unless signed J. N. HOBENSACK, all others being base Imitations.

☞ Agents wishing new supplies, and store keepers desirous of becoming Agents must address the Proprietor, J. N. Hobensack, at his Laboratory No. 120 North 2d, above Race-st., Phil., Pa.

For sale by Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer Depot; A. H. Longley & Co., Belchertown; M. B. Green, Worcester, and Druggists generally over the State.

PRICE EACH 25 CENTS.

Redding & Co., No. 8 State st., Boston, Wholesale Agents.
Dec. 18. 35

Great Cough Remedy.

FOR THE COMPLETE CURE OF
Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood, Asthma,
AND ALL OTHER LUNG COMPLAINTS
TENDING TO
CONSUMPTION!

THE above Expectorant, prepared by an experienced Physician and Chemist, has now become a standard Preparaion, and is offered for the COMPLETE CURE of those diseases of the THROAT and LUNGS, which, if neglected, usually terminate fatally in CONSUMPTION. It contains no *Opium, Calomel*, or any mineral whatever, but is composed entirely of those *Roots, Herbs*, and *Vegetable substances* which have a specific influence upon the Lungs and their connected organs. Its immediate effect is to allay all irritation, and gently remove the phlegm and other morbid secretions from the Throat and Air passages, thus relieving the Cough, by subduing the inflamation and other causes which give rise to it. It is approved of and recommended by Physicians of the highest standing, and may be given with perfect safety to the youngest child or the most delicate female.

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PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

GORDEN M. FISK,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE CORNER OF MAIN AND THORNDIKE STS.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

THE PILOT'S STORY.

cess.

Seven or eight years ago, last March, as we were cruising off the Capes, having run out of Hampton Road, just after a hard blow from the eastward was over us, and the breeze had sprung up from the westward.

We were running out under jib and mainsail, when, early in the morning we had something on the weather bow which looked like a wreck, which we knew in reason couldn't be; but there being no sail in sight, and, as we had plenty of time, we luffed up to see what it was.—That's what people ought always to do, whether they have time or not. God knows how many a poor fellow has stood alone on a wreck when a vessel had passed in plain sight, supposing it to be abandoned. Ah, yes, it was abandoned after that vessel had passed on, and the agony of despair endured by that poor soul, as the sail disappeared in the horizon, was a balance in the scale of human joy; and wo to all the happiness those cruel, careless deserters could ever know. I wish that people could think of this; for what is the satisfaction of a few hours' shorter voyage, to that of rescuing a fellow creature, or of having the will to do so, from a miserable death. Yes, a man who from such motives has boarded a wreck, even should it prove that there was no one on board of her, can fill away his maintopsail again, with a feeling of greater satisfaction to himself for having done his duty, than if the whole world had congratulated him upon having made the shortest passage or the most profitable voyage on record.

However, as we hauled our wind, you see it was no credit to us, it not being out of the way of our cruise. Pretty soon we made it out; it was a vessel bottom up, and might be of a hundred and fifty tons or so. She was so far under abaft that we could not make out her name; and I don't know as we did it for anything in particular, but as the sea was smooth, we launched our canoe and went alongside, and some of us got upon the vessel's bottom. Think of our surprise on hearing some one knocking from the inside! At first we thought it might be some of the cargo floating about in the wreck; but as we listened, we heard indistinctly, but surely, a human voice.

Instantly returning to the boat, we procured the few tools that were on board—an axe, a hatchet, and a saw—and commenced cutting a hole near the larboard; but in our haste the axe went overboard upon the first blow, and was lost; and this carelessness, how bitterly was it afterwards repented of! Well, we worked away with the hatchet and saw, so that in a few moments we made a hole in the plank under which we had heard the noise, large enough for a person to show his face, and for us to hear from below the shout of joy of those who had hailed us as their deliverers. Never were men destined to be disappointed as these poor wretches were. For a few moments they gave themselves up to the delirium of joy, and then—when the awful truth dawned upon them, that we, instead of saving them, were sending them to a more speedy destruction—there came a contrast that no pen can describe, nor tongue can tell. The hole which we had made, although not large enough to extricate a man, allowed the air, which had kept the vessel afloat, to escape, and to our horror, we saw that the vessel was every minute sinking, we ourselves coming nearer to the surface of the water.

We worked with the hatchet and the saw with all the energy men are capable of, but could only cut the plank. In vain we hacked with our little hatchet upon the close timber of the schooner. Our axe! we would have given worlds for it now; it might have saved them. But soon they, as well as ourselves, began to perceive that all our exertions were useless, and they crowded to the two small apertures we had made, putting through their hands, and seizing ours with convulsive grasps.

They cursed the light that had broken upon them the sooner to shroud them in eternal darkness, and then they vehemently implored forgiveness.

Amidst this confusion, the captain of the schooner made his way to the opening, and, arresting the disorder from beneath, asked of us in a cool manner and perfectly calm voice, how much of the hull seemed yet to be out of water. We told him, and then heard him communicating the information to those below, and give his orders to maintain silence, while he related to us his story, which was necessarily short.

They were from an eastern port, bound to Charleston, nearly in ballast. When they were capsized in the late gale, two men were lost; but most of them being below, as the schooner was lying to, they were able, upon her going bottom up, to get through the rum scuttle into the hold. The confined air had held the vessel up till now; but they had despaired of succor, knowing how improbable it was that the wreck should be seen, or if seen, that any would search for them.

Thus they had been for four days, having found sufficient provisions for subsistence, but without expectation of release, they had resigned themselves to a fate that seemed inevitable. But when they heard the sounds of our footsteps, then they thought their preservation sure—but now their disappointment was the phrenzy of despair.

But the captain was a man! There he hung on by the floor timbers, and told his story—gave his name, and the names of his crew—bade us good-bye, and in a firm voice, which only faltered as he gave his last message to his wife and children.

"Put your hand through," he said to one of us, "and let me kiss it. When upon land, go to my home, and let my wife put her lips to the same spot. Tell her it is all I can send her from here, but that my last breath shall be a prayer to God for her and her little one! And now, good bye, my kind friends—you have done all you could do for us—God will reward you—look to your own safety."

It was time, indeed, lest our canoe should be swallowed up in the vortex of the sinking vessel; and, with feelings to which nothing of wretchedness can compare, we shoved off to our pilot boat.

In a moment the wreck went down, and the last vestige of those it contained was the arm of her noble hearted master, as it seemed to wave an adieu to us, and to all things of earth.

"GO NOT IN THE WAY OF SINNERS."—The following beautiful allegory is translated from the German:

"Sophronius, a wise teacher, would not suffer even his grown up sons and daughters to associate with those whose conduct was not pure and upright.

"Dear Father," said the gentle Eulalia to him, one day, when he forbade her, in company with her brother, to visit the gentle Lucinda, "dear father, you must think us very childish if you imagine that we should be exposed to danger by it."

The father took in silence a dead coal from the hearth, and reached it to his daughter. "It will not burn you, my child, take it."

Eulalia did so, and behold, her beautiful white hand was soiled and blackened, and as it chanced, her white dress also.

"We cannot be too careful in handling coals," said Eulalia, in vexation.

"Yes, truly," said her father, "you see my child, that coals, even if they do not burn, blacken; so it is with the company of the vicious."

A FEARFUL LEAP.—Barrow, in his "Tour on the Continent," states that some three or four years ago an engine and one baggage car, returning from Ostend, where it had conveyed King Leopold of Belgium, who was about to embark for England, actually leaped across a chasm of thirty feet which was left by an open bridge! The engine was driven at a very high speed, and the engineer was not aware that the drawer was removed.

Remarkable Providence.

A few days before Christmas, in the year of 1840, a Russian clergyman was going home from a place at some distance from the village where he lived. Evening was coming on; and it was growing so bitterly cold, that it was almost dangerous for any one to be out. He was wrapped in a fur cloak, and traveled in a sledge, which went fast over the hard smooth snow. As he went along, he saw something lying on the ground, and stopped to see what it was. He found that it was a soldier, who seemed to have fallen down exhausted with the cold and to all appearance was dead. The good clergyman, however, would not leave him on the road, but lifted him into the sledge, with his gun which lay beside him, and drove on as fast as he could to the next inn, which it took about an hour to reach.

He was not satisfied with leaving the poor soldier in the care of the people there; but though he was very anxious to reach his home, he stayed for an hour directing and helping them to do all that was possible in order to bring the man to conscious life again, in case he were not really dead. And at length their endeavors were successful, and his senses and the use of his limbs gradually returned. Then the clergyman set off homewards, having first rewarded the people of the inn, and also given them money to buy a good meal for the poor man, before he should go forward on his journey. As soon as the man was refreshed, and felt able to go, he insisted on doing so, although the people did all they could to persuade him not to venture out again that night.

But he said he was carrying letters that were important, and he must not delay any longer than was quite necessary. So taking his gun, he proceeded on his way, which he found would very soon bring him to the village where the clergyman lived to whom he owed his life. He reached the place before long, and though it was very late at night, he could not forbear going to the clergyman's house, that he might, if possible, see and thank him for what he had done.

As he went up to the house, he saw that, though it was so late, there were still lights in it; and as he came nearer, he heard loud voices and great confusion within. He hastened to the door, but it was fastened; and without waiting to knock, he ran to the window close by, and looked in, saw the clergyman surrounded by four armed robbers. They had just tied his hands and feet, and were threatening to murder him if he would not tell where his money was to be found. The soldier instantly forced his way in, fired his gun at one of the robbers, and killed him on the spot. The others attacked the soldier, but he disabled one with his bayonet, and the other two were then seized with fear, and rushed out of the house, leaving the clergyman, as may be supposed, overpowered by astonishment and gratitude for his sudden deliverance. And then his still deeper and happier feelings may be imagined, when he found that the poor man, whose life he had saved only a few hours before, had now been made the means of preserving his own.

HOW TO JUDGE CATTLE.—In all domestic animals, the skin or hide, forms one of the best means by which to estimate their fattening properties. In the handling of oxen, if the hide be found soft and silky to the touch, it affords a proof of tendency to take meat. A beast having a perfect touch, will have a thick, loose skin, floating, as it were, on a layer of soft fat, yielding to the slightest pressure, and springing back towards the finger like a piece of soft leather. Such a skin will be usually covered with an abundance of soft, glossy hair, feeling like a bed of moss—and hence is ever termed a mossy skin. But a thick-set, hard, short hair, always handles hard, and indicates a hard feeder.

GOOD ADVICE.—A jeweller suggests that, to prevent fraudulent sales of "gold" chains and jewelry, whenever a purchase is made of any article of jewelry purporting to be gold, the buyer should request a bill to be made out, and see that it is described as solid sterling gold, or solid standard gold. If the shopkeeper hesitates and talks, instead of giving such a bill, they may be sure a fraud is intended. In the purchase of watches with "gold dials," the purchaser should insist on that being specified in the bill. If the shopkeeper demurs, or acknowledges it only a gilt or silver dial, the public may rest assured the watch altogether is of a very inferior quality, more particularly if the inner bottom, where you wind up the watch, is also of polished metal to resemble gold.

GREENWOOD CEMETERY.—This beautiful "city of the dead," in Brooklyn, N. Y., was opened in 1840, since which time there have been 26,470 interments. On an average, eighteen interments take place daily, and during some portions of the year this number is increased to 25 or 30, and passing the gateway, from morning till night, is a nearly unbroken line of funeral processions.

Peculiarities of a Frenchman.

In the police reports of a late Paris paper, we find the following curious incident. Madame Couscoussou was undoubtedly an injured woman:

A man named Couscoussou, was lately tried by the Tribunal of Correctional Police, for having beaten Madame Couscoussou, his wife. "It appeared that you thrashed her with great brutality; what have you got to say for yourself?" "Pray, Mr. President, if your wife wouldn't let you carry an umbrella, what would you do?" "Oh, the monster! oh, the brigand!" chimed in Madame Couscoussou. "What he says there is not true, Mr. President. He was drunk when he beat me!" "Who dosen't get drunk now and then?" asked M. Couscoussou. "But you get drunk always," answered the wife. "And, Mr. President, when he's drunk he insists on going to bed with his boots on, and with his umbrella—that his character." "I wear my boots in bed to keep my feet warm," observed the accused. "I don't so much object," said the wife, "to the boots, though they dirty and tear the sheets. But I do object to the umbrella. Think of a wet umbrella in bed, Mr. President." "It is in the wetness of the umbrella," related the husband, "that I find my excuse. A prudent man is never without his umbrella when it rains, and as it was raining when I went to bed, I took it with me." "Oh, you drunkard!" shrieked Madame Couscoussou. "But I appeal to all women here present," she continued, turning round to the auditory, "if it be pleasant to be in bed with a damp umbrella?" "It was raining, I tell you, and I was afraid that I might have dreamt that I was getting wet, and as I have a great antipathy to water, took my umbrella with me as a precaution."—"Yes, and you beat me when I wanted to remove it from bed." The Tribunal cut this discussion short by condemning M. Couscoussou to two days' imprisoment.

THE TREMENDOUS ADVENTURES, AND THE MIGHTY DEEDS, THE RISE, DOWNFALL, LIFE AND DEATH OF A. JACKS.

Chap. 1. It was night, nowhere, and nowhere was as dark as a bottle of ink in the bottom of a well, and upon a rugged throne of petrified turtle soup stood the mighty A. Jacks, eating a slice of buttered beeswax, occasionally wetting his parched lips by drinking fluidical flap jacks turned over.

Around him stood his courtiers!!!

"Bring forth the wangdoodle, and lace it on the hewgag!" he exclaimed with a terrific voice; at the same time cutting off a courtier's head with the sharp edge of a cotton bale.

Chap. 2. The whangdoodle was placed upon the hewgag and A. Jacks descended from his throne, twisted a double-headed fish worm into a cork screw drew a cork from a spectral vial and—

Chap. 3. Too horrible to relate!!!

Chap. 4. One of his courtiers, named Fuzzyrinktum, became incensed, transformed himself into an imaginary rhinoceros, swore eternal revenge, created a rebellion with remorseless and sanguinary fury, assassinated the grandfather of nobody's grandmother, by compelling him to swallow a few frieased candle-boxes, cross-wise.

A. Jacks buried his grandfather, then buried himself in a pot of porter—heels up.

Chap. 5. A. Jacks became lonely, and, in order to amuse himself, sold out his interest in a vast estate which he didn't own, and resolved to travel for the benefit of his illness.

Chap. 6. He traveled!!!

Chap. 7. He first journeyed to Oliferu near Egypt, on the ice, bound by the coast of Brazil, within a few miles of Orcgon. He then found his long-lost sister, who had married the remnant of an Egyptian mummy, in good preservation. She gave the weary A. Jacks a grand feast, consisting of stewed lard and fried shoe pegs, and—

Chap. 8 *and last.* The collation indigestible, the heroic A. Jacks and all present were obliged to *die-gest.*

TIME AND ETERNITY.—We step the earth—we look abroad over it, and it seems immense—as does the sea. What ages have men lived—and know but a small portion.—They circumnavigate it now with a speed under which its vast bulk shrinks. But let the astronomer lift up his glass, and he learns to believe in a mass of matter, compared with this great globe itself becomes an imponderable grain of dust. And so to teach us walking along the road of life a year, or an hour shall seem long. As we grow older the time shortens; but when we lift up our eyes to look beyond this earth, our 70 years which have rolled over, and a few thousand years which have rolled over the human race, vanish into a point; for then we are measuring time and eternity.

☞A merchant who lately advertised for a clerk who could bear *confinement*, was answered by one who had lain seven years in jail!

HOW TO PROSPER IN BUSINESS.—In the first place, make up your mind to accomplish whatever you undertake; decide upon some particular employment, and persevere in it. All difficulties are overcome by dilligence and assiduity.—Be not afraid to work with your own hands, and dilligently too. "A cat in gloves catches no mice." "He who remains in the mill grinds, not he who goes and comes." Attend to your own business, never trust to another. "A pot that belongs to many is ill-stirred and worse boiled." Be frugal. "That which will not make a pot will make a pot-lid." "Save the pence, and the pounds will take care of themselves." Be abstemious.—"Who danties love shall beggars prove." Rise early. "The sleeping fox catches no poultry." "Plough deep while sluggards sleep, and you will have corn to sell and keep." Treat every one with respect and civility. "Everything is gained and nothing lost by courtesy." "Good manners ensure success." Never anticipate wealth from any other source than labor; especially never place dependence upon becoming the possessor of an inheritance.—"He who waits for dead men's shoes may have to go for a long time barefooted."—"He who runs after a shadow has a wearisome race." Above all things, never despair. "God is where He was." He helps those who truly trust in Him.

THE COBRA is a serpent called by the Portuguese capella, from capella, a cloak. It is distinguished by a membrane on each side of the head, which are in general not perceived; but whenever the animal is irritated, they rise up and form a kind of head dress. This serpent is very dangerous and extremely irascible; but alkali is said to radically eure its bite. A species in India is the house serpent, which is not, in the smallest degree, either dangerous or irascible. It eveu glides into the cradle of infants, without occasioning the least accident. Yet an emotion of horror is naturally excited on finding it in a human dwelling. As soon, therefore, as one of these reptiles is discovered, care is taken to destroy it; or if it is to be caught, the euchanter is sent for. This man arrives loaded with baskets, in which are snakes and serpents of every kind.—His legs are furnished with a description of rings, which hang loosely on the ankle. These rings are eut in two breadthwise, and the two parts hollowed, so that at each motion of the juggler's foot, the two sides strike against each other and produce a shrill noise, resembling the sound of a brass bason when struck with a hammer. Another instrument is also employed, called a drone bag-pipe, of which the bag is pressed under the arm. The noise of this instrument is so great, that the serpent, stunned and overcome by it, is easily taken. The enchanter asks no other reward for his trouble than the animal he has taken.

DANGER IN LEAVING A YOUNG WIFE AT HOME.—The Cincinnati Commercial says that a young gentleman residing in that city, some three or four years ago, took it into his head to travel, but being very much attached to a young lady, and for the purpose of preserving the fair flower for his future use, on the eve of his departure he had the hymenial knot tied. But as he expected to be absent for a considerable length time, nothing more than the ceremony took place. A few weeks ago he returned, but what was his astonishment to find that his angel wife had, during his absence, wedded another, and was then mother of a youngster some months old, by the last husband! The Commercial says this is an instance of woman's constancy. For our part we think it rather too severe a test to put a young woman to, to make her wait three or four years for the husband who took her as his wedded wife.

THE UNITED STATES TREASURY.—The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun writes as follows respecting the present financial condition of the Government:

"We are a rich people; at least our Government has more cash than it knows what to do with. The revenues of the fiscal year will be sixty millions of dollars, and the ordinary expenditures, exclusive of redemption of the public debt will certainly not exceed forty-five millions, and probably not equal forty millions. The surplus for the year will be between fifteen and twenty millions of dollars. The receipts for customs during the last two months, at the principal ports, amount to ten and a quarter millions of dollars, and shows an excess over the same period of last year of two millions and a half of dollars, or over thirty per cent. The excess for January and February over last year was about four millions, showing an aggregate gain for the first four months of this year over last of six and a half million. What is to be done with the funds is a very serious question. Government has gone into the recesses of Change alley to pick up its own obligations at an immense premium, and is yet oppressed with a distressing plethora in the chest."

☞In Orange county, Mr. Eager says, there are places with "the odoriferous and expressive names" of "Brimstone Hill Skunk's Misery, Honey Pot, Goose Town, and Purgatory." He speaks also of a town called "Small Pox, in Joe Davies' county, Illinois."

For the Journal.

To an absent Friend.

As thou art journeying here below,
Oh, may thy days serenely flow;
Let not thy thoughts e'er cause thee wo,
But rest them still on me.

I oft retire from public eye,—
On Fancy's rapid wing I fly;
Then raise aspiring thoughts on high,
In ardent prayer for thee!

If doomed in sadness here to stray,
And hope forsake thee by the way,
Or those most dear are torn away,
And leave thee pressed with ill;

Turn, then, oh turn thy wandering feet,
And seek once more a calm retreat,
For here thou will not fail to meet
A friend who loves thee still.

ADA.

Palmer, May 26.

MARRIAGE IN GERMANY.—A German correspondent of the Boston Journal gives the following as one of the curiosities of German law:

"The German law requires that a man who wishes to be married should produce a certificate of baptism, place of birth, and also proof of the possession of sufficient property to sustain a family. Of course a youth who desires to take to himself a help-mate, is very often unable to do all that is exacted by the authorities, and the consequence is, that in thousands of instances you will find a man and woman living together, with children, whose marriage has never been solemnized. But it is understood here that a family, consisting of a wife and children, is not permitted to enter the city of New York without producing satisfactory proof that the woman is the wife of the man who accompanies her. Consequently, when these people wish to emigrate, they just go to the American Consul and get married."

JAPANESE LAW.—The following is the ediet which, for two centuries, has isolated Japan from the rest of the world. The Dutch only were exempted from the ban in return for the service they had rendered the Government. The following is said to be the substance of the edict:

"No Japanese ship or boat whatsoever, or any Japanese born, shall dare to go out of the country. All who disobey the order shall be punished with death; the ship, with her cargo, shall be effected with sequestration. All Japanese who return home from abroad shall be punished with death. A reward of five hundred pieces of silver is offered for the discovery of a Christian Priest, and for a Chistian laymen in proportion. All persons who spread the Christian doctrine, or bear so scandalous a name, are to be imprisoned. Finally, all Portugese, with their mothers, nurses and all their property, shall be transported to Macon.

The Virtues of Water.—An old paper contains the following recommendation:

"Every morning when washing yourself, dip your face in the water, open your eyes and keep them under the water as long as you can hold your breath. This strengthens the eye and cleanses it from the rheum which deadens the sight and considerably affects the ball. A gentleman in Maryland, by the name of James Calder, after using spectacles for 25 years, followed this plan, and at the age of 70 recovered his sight so as to see without them. Dipping the crown of the head in cold water, every morning, both winter and summer, is a preservative against the head and ear-ache, and will materially assist the other operation in its effect upon the eyes."

THE TEETH.—Healthy teeth depend mainly on healthy digestion, and on cleanly habits as regards the teeth. They must, of course, be confined to the purposes for which they are designed. If they are employed for the purpose of cracking nuts, biting thread, unscrewing needle cases, or turning the stopper of a smelling-bottle; if the mouth is used as a kind of portable tool chest, in which a pair of scissors, a knife, a vice, a corkscrew, or any other instrument, may be found at the time of need—then serious and irretrievable injury may be done to the enamel of the teeth, which no healthiness of digestion or cleanliness of habit can avail to remedy.

☞An Irishman, on arriving in this country, took a fancy to the Yankee girls, and wrote to his wife—"*Dear Norah:* These melancholy lines are to inform you that I died yesterday, and hope you are enjoying the same blessing. I recommend you to marry Jemmy O'Rourke, and take care of the childer. From your affectionate husband till death."

☞No icebergs have this season been seen on the Atlantic by packet ships. It is considered as an evidence that the winter in the Arctic regions has been very severe and protracted.

☞A medical writer in the Scalpel, speaks of two old maids, as "*so dry that they rattled.*"

Safety of the Passengers of the William & Mary.—The safety of the passengers of this ill-fated ship is fully confirmed. The ship floated three days after being deserted by the Captain and most of her crew.

Two seamen, Wm. Ware and Samuel D. Harris, refused to leave the ship and abandon the helpless and unfortunate passengers.—Discerning the land about eight miles ahead, they slipped the chain and tried to get the ship under way, in order if possible, to reach the land and run the ship ashore; but the passengers could render but little assistance in working the ship, and they were therefore unable to do so. Had not the captain and crew deserted the ship, it is the conviction of the seamen referred to, that the ship might have been run ashore. Being unable to manage her for the want of proper assistance she drifted to the NE., the passengers exerted themselves to the utmost at the pumps.—During the evening, rafts were constructed from spars, &c., but were not launched until the following morning. Early on the morning of the 5th the land was discovered about ten miles distant, and soon after a schooner hove in sight. The colors were set at half mast, when the schooner immediately bore down to the ship. The passengers redoubled their exertions at the pumps, and were soon relieved by the wrecking schooner Oracle, Robert Sands master, coming alongside to their assistance. The women and children were first taken off and landed—and afterwards the schooner returned and saved the remainder of the passengers, two men being on deck when the ship went down (on Friday) but saved themselves by jumping into the wrecking schooner's boat.

Death of Jesse Hutchinson, and Spirit Rapping.—Mrs. Swishelm, in speaking of the death of Jesse Hutchinson, of the Hutchinson family, says in the Pittsburg *Visitor* she met the family at Akron a year ago, and that Jesse with all the family, was a firm believer in spiritual manifestations. "He pledged himself," says the *Visitor*, "to convince us of their truth as soon as he went to the spirit land. Almost his parting words were that after death he would come and rap around us, so that we should have no peace until we believed. How sincerely we wish this promise could be kept—but how every day's experience proves the wisdom of the command, 'Work while it is day.' Assuredly the night cometh, when we shall know 'there is no device in the grave.'"

France.—It will be recollected that the Provisional Government of France abolished the penalty of capital punishment for political crimes, and since that time the severest punishment for this class of offences has been banishment or transportation. Recent accounts from France state that Louis Napoleon has proposed to the Assembly to restore the rescinded clauses in the penal code. Political crimes will henceforth be punished by death, provided that the legislative body passes the bill, which has received the unanimous assent of the Council of State, with the honorable exception of M. Cormeinin.—It is not improbable that this act of the Emperor may at some future day "return to plague the inventor."

Singular Phenomenon.—The *Attica* (Genesee Co.) *Atlas* says:—"A remarkable phenomenon in the heavens, was visible at this place last Wednesday night between 11 and 12 o'clock. A bright belt, about the width of a rainbow, extended from below the northwestern horizon, up through the zenith, and down to within a few degrees of the southeastern hills. There was considerable auroral light in the north, but nothing so bright as this belt. From the time we discovered it, there was no change of position or appearance till it gradually withdrew in the northwest and faded away. Its appearance was that of a tail to a comet, though brighter and more extended than any such appendage on record."

Steam Carriage.—The *Utica Gazette* mentions that a Mr. Fisher of that place, will have ready in a week or two, a new steam carriage, designed to travel ordinary roads.—He says,—His plans are finely drawn and indicate an ingenuity in the combination of principles and an inventiveness in avoiding or surmounting defects of structure, hitherto found objectionable, that convey an assurance of success. His first effort will be to produce a small sized vehicle, for the purpose of testing the accuracy and working qualities of his invention."

Horrible Summary.—A quarterly report of deaths occasioned by steamboat and railroad disasters, on routes of travel in the U. S., has just been published. Within the three months past, 1,200? persons have been thus killed; manifest carelessness or recklessness being the cause in most cases. This record does not include some hundreds lost at sea, by the wreck of sailing vessels and the destruction of three first-class ocean steamers. This species of mortality bill ought to alarm, as it certainly must shock, the whole country.

Railroad Accident.—The express train from Boston, last Thursday evening, ran against a cow while coming down the grade, into the city, and after she was rolled over several times, on the cow-catcher, the engineer supposed her to be thrown aside. She fell back, however, against the forward passenger car, and threw its hind wheels, and the forward wheels of the second passenger car, off the track. The train ran thus on the sleepers for a considerable distance, tearing up the sleepers and using up the track very essentially. Fortunately and Providentially no one was hurt. It was a very narrow escape. —*Spring. Rep.*

Brutal.—Fleming Wright, of Indiana, murdered his wife a few days since, by beating her on and about the head in the most shocking and brutal manner with a massive iron fire shovel. The murderer attempted to cut his own throat immediately afterwards, but was prevented by those who were attracted to the scene by the cries of the ill-fated wife, and lodged in prison to await his trial. Mrs. Wright was about 40 years of age, and leaves seven children to mourn her cruel and untimely end.

A Hard Storm.—In a recent hail storm at Macomb, Mich., hail fell from the size of a musket ball to that of a hen's egg, and of all conceivable shapes, as though they had been broken up in an ice house. Men caught in the storm were so pounded by chunks of ice as to be confined to their houses for two or three days, and hardly a pane of glass was left on the westerly side of the houses.

Got Clear.—The Jury in the case of Mary Ann Wheeler, for the murder of Lace, by shooting, at Milwaukie, on Saturday night, returned a verdict of not guilty, on account of insanity.

THE JOURNAL.

PALMER, MASS.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 11, 1853.

Progress of Spiritual Manifestations.

Spiritual manifestations have lately commenced astonishing the people of Germany and France. Their operations are chiefly confined to tipping tables and whirling vases. The scientific generally consider the manifestations an American humbug, and will not take the time to investigate the subject.—Like Mormonism, Millerism and all other exciting isms, will this Spiritualism spread itself till it extends to every civilized nook and corner of the world. There is a charm connected with it, that easily leads a large class of people to believe they witness in such manifestations a new developement of Divine power. The invention of man has for a long time been exercised to find an easier communication with Heaven than through the way so clearly defined by the bible; hence the advent of so many doctrines and isms to guide the soul to a happy immortality. The religion of Mahomet assured those who suffered in its defence, of a blissful rest for their souls, and this assurance led them to propagate Mahometanism by fire and sword, till nearly all other religions of the East were swallowed up by this insatiate monster. A promise of full absolution to those who engaged in the Crusades, sent millions of people to shed their blood on the plains of Palestine. That was an easy way to obtain immortal happiness, a promise of which by the head of the Catholic Church being sufficient to establish a hope and faith of the most devoted character.

The new Spiritual theory does not seek to gain popularity by force and arms, but it comes under the head of those mild and persuasive doctrines that claim a foundation upon the teachings of our Saviour. However absurd this theory may appear, it certainly baffles all attempts that have been made to account for its mysteriousness. The easiest way to get over anything which we cannot explain, is to pronounce it a humbug, and this is the argument made use of by those who are too bigoted to examine and reason for themselves.

We never could attach the importance to the so-called spiritual manifestations that large numbers do, but they have always appeared to us the operation of some natural law akin to magnetism and electricity. This mysterious agency is understood to a very limited degree, and though all the science the world possesses be brought to the investigation, it may still remain as undeveloped and mysterious as now. Its operations, as at present witnessed, direct the investigator to a communion with beings of the Spiritual world—with the souls of departed friends.—These demonstrations, however, do not prove conclusively that the mysterious agency is a spiritual one. Any unaccountable manifestation is generally credited to the same source by the superstitious and credulous.—No explanation being available they resort to a supernatural interpretation. They forget that all things in nature are governed by natural laws; that there is no necessity for *supernatural* causes to produce *natural* results. They might as well conceive the idea that some supernatural hand points the compass to the poles, fastens the magnet to the steel, and propels the electric spark!

Allowing the manifestations to be supernatural, we cannot discover that they will ever amount to anything. The uncertain messages purporting to be from departed spirits, partake too much of the sickening sentimentality of this world to produce any satisfactory impression. There is a sameness in all the communications alleged to be spiritual, that carries to the observing mind a strong conviction of their improbability. That no reliance can be placed upon them is evident from the fact that they often state what the believers themselves acknowledge to be false. If they are correct in some instances and incorrect in others, how shall we distinguish the right from the wrong? If the spirits of saints and sinners communicate with mortals through the same medium and with the same force, will not the evil communications counterbalance the good ones? We believe, however, that the spiritual theory teaches that all spirits are in a state of progression from bad to good, after they enter immortality; if so, it is a little singular that they should be allowed to manifest their wicked disposition on earth while undergoing such a happy metamorphosis. But enough for now; we hope the spiritual manifestations, so called, will be the means of much good—and that good, we believe will result when the true nature of the manifestations shall be discovered.

Attempted Murder in Philadelphia.—On Tuesday, a Mrs T. Harper, residing in Jackson's Court, while under the influence of mental derangement, attempted to take the lives of her four young children, and to kill herself. She inflicted severe wounds on three of her children with a carving knife, one of whom was very seriously injured.—The inteference of the neighbors saved their lives.

Hoosac Tunnel.—The citizens of Greenfield, have determined to call a mass meeting of the citizens of Franklin county, with reference to the present aspect of the tunnel question and the recent endeavor of the Western railroad and its friends to influence the action of the Convention.

☞ *Lightning* struck a hen-coop in Saugus, on the 17th ult., and killed sixteen chickens, the property of Salmon Snow.

The State Tax.

The late Legislature passed an act to tax the people of this State to the amount of *three hundred thousand dollars*, to meet the exigencies of the State Treasury. This is something of a pile, but our wealthy commonwealth can shoulder it with ease. The following table presents the total portion of each county:

Suffolk County $100,842, Essex 29,520, Middlesex 42,627, Worcester 29,631, Hampshire 7,197, Hampden 11,973, Franklin 6,117 Berkshire 9,411, Norfolk 23,649, Bristol 20,043, Plymouth 10,611, Barnstable 5,133, Dukes 921, Nantucket 2,325, total $300,000.

Boston pays $98,691 (or within a fraction of a third of the whole,) Salem 6,900, Lowell 8,604, Worcester 5,604, Charleston 4,392, Cambridge 5,190, Newburyport 2,707, Lynn 2,319, Roxbury 6,612, New Bedford 6,945. We give the apportionment in detail for the several towns of Hampden and Hampshire counties:

Hampden County.—Blandford $588, Brimfield 354, Chester 246, Chicopee 1803, Granville 219, Holland 78, Holyoke 966, Longmeadow 423, Ludlow 246, Monson 495, Montgomery 87, Palmer 666, Russell 96, Southwick 279, Springfield 3327, Tolland 111, Wales 120, West Springfield 840, Westfield 849, Wilbraham 430, total $11,973.

Hampshire County.—Amherst $621, Belchertown 465, Chesterfield 207, Cummington 210, Easthampton 228, Enfield 237, Goshen 99, Granby 213, Greenwich 132, Hadley 474, Hatfield 357, Middlefield 162, Northampton 1314, Norwich 135, Pelham 129, Plainfield 156, Prescott 135, South Hadley 378, Southampton 213, Ware 624, Westhampton 123, Williamsburg 348, Worthington 237, total $7,197.

Life in Boston.—On Monday morning last, says the Commonwealth, among some 26 culprits arrested since Saturday night, were an additional large number of Ann street women. Their appearance in Court was enough to appal the stoutest heart, and crush every aspiration for the welfare of the race. Men, women, youth—from grey hairs to beardless boyhood—ragged, dirty, bloated, blasphemous—girls just ripening into womanhood, upon whom the stain of dishonor was scarcely perceptible, side by side with abandoned hags, who laughed at the mockery of justice in that tribunal—sat in grim array. Sweltering, seething, festering in the pestilential atmosphere of the court room, in all their squallid wretchedness and hideous deformity, were the observed of a crowded auditory. It would astound some of our community to know upon what an infernal substratum Boston society rests.

☞ The New York Tribune describes a mode of ventilation tried on Monday on the Naugatuck railroad as follows:

"The passenger cars of a train are all thrown into one long saloon by means of a flexible cloth or rubber platform, and, the windows being kept closed and the train opened at the rear, a strong current of air is received just over the engine through a pipe or bag as wide as the train, and some six to twelve inches deep, which passes in at the top of the front car and so along through all the cars, and out at the rear. A passenger assures us that the exemption from dust was perfect, the sensation of coolness and freshness delightful, while the perfect facility and safety of passing from end to end of the train sensibly enchanced the pleasure of the journey."

North Bend.—The widow of General Harrison still occupies a portion of the old mansion at North Bend, where she is watched over by the filial care of the family of Col. Taylor. She is in the evening of a long and eventful life, and though bearing the weight of many years, is still able to move about her room. The present Harrison estate consists of 800 acres at North Bend, and 420 at the mouth of the Miami. The property is as yet undivided, though it is the intention of the heirs to effect a division the coming season. The estate formerly embraced a large tract of intervale land to the northward, but is now mostly composed of high rolling lands near the Ohio.

Paper.—The mill which has manufactured our paper for the last year, being stopped for repairs, obliges us to use a very poor article for a part of our edition of the Journal this week. We may be obliged to use the same kind of paper next week, but shall obtain a better quality if possible.

Poor Property.—A white man was sold for vagrancy, for the sum of twenty-five cents, the other day, in Ogle county, Ill.—His purchaser not being able to make change the "chattel" loaned the necessary sum.—The man had a family.

A Wife worth Having.—The editor of the Mountain Banner, a North Carolina paper, says, that during his absence, his wife set the type for four columns of the paper, prepared the copy, read the proofs, and wrote some editorials.

☞ The Westfield liquor agency has sold $1700 worth of liquor during the last year—all for medicine.

The hotels and shops in Palmer have probably sold more than that amount, all for—what?

☞ The editor of the Journal of Commerce has conversed with a planter from Georgia, who has come on to New York to engage men to work on his plantation. He thinks that white labor can be employed more economically than that of hired slaves.

Springfield.—William Trench, editor of the Post, has been appointed postmaster at Springfield. We congratulate our neighbor on his good luck, and wish him all the happiness imaginable in his new vocation.

☞ It cost a man $15 to kiss a married woman in Boston the other day.

That's too dear. Kissing can be purchased without money in this vicinity.

☞ A calf with two heads, and a chicken with four legs have been shown to the editor of the Chicopee Journal.

☞ A Fourth of July Celebration will take place at Northampton.

Rebellion in China.—We have hitherto said but little of the rebellion, which is making headway in China, striking terror to the Government, and accumulating strength in its rapid advance. Bayard Taylor, one of the editors of the New York Tribune, is now in China, and in a recent letter from the Celestial kingdom says:

"The rebels boldly avow their intention of overthrowing the present dynasty. They exhibit the greatest skill and judgment in their operations, and their career is marked by a succession of uninterrupted triumphs. They retain no city or fortress which they capture, respect private property, commit no outrage on individuals, and seek to conciliate those whom they conquer. The consequence is, their ranks are continually increasing, and unless checked before long, they will succeed in their aims. The British steamers ostensibly go up to protect British property in Shanghae. It is not known whether they will do more than this, since, should the rebels succeed, the probable effect will be, to open all ports of China to the world. The crisis is intensely interesting.—It is the first time in nearly two centuries that the Imperial Government has been seriously menaced."

A Prince Flogged.—The English papers mention a report to the effect that two sons of noblemen, at school at Eton, were asked to Windsor Castle to spend the day with the Prince of Wales. His highness having in the course of the day's amusements given himself some airs which the young Etonians had no relish for, one of them gave him a sound drubbing. The circumstance reaching the ears of the Queen, who, having ascertained on inquiry that her son had given sufficient provocation to merit the thrashing, had the good sense to express her satisfaction at the lesson taught him.

This is the same little fellow who lately received a flogging from his father because he would not obey his teacher. Should he ever come to the throne, we fear his unamiable disposition will get him into trouble.

Fractional Bills.—We merely mentioned last week, that a law had been passed to prevent the circulation of fractional bills in this State. The law not only prohibits the issue of fractional bills, by any of the banks in the State, but it prohibits them from receiving such bills, under a penalty of $100 for each offence. The bill also provides that "any and every person who shall *receive* or put in circulation as currency any such note or bill, shall forfeit and pay the sum of twenty-five dollars for each and every such reception, or putting in circulation, one half to the use of the complainant and the other half to the use of the Commonwealth. The act goes into effect on the 25th of June.

Important from Europe.—The latest news brought by the Canada, in relation to the Turkish difficulty, is contained in a dispatch from London, stating that Menschikoff's eight days of grace had expired, without any arrangements having been made; but the steamer with him on board had not sailed, however, left Constantinople, and the Russian subjects there have been placed under the protection of the Danish Ambassador.—Reschid Pasha, an anti-Russian statesman of marked ability, has been appointed by the Sultan, Minister of Foreign Affairs. The French fleet has received liberty to pass the Dardanelles. An English Cabinet Council was summoned, for consultation on Eastern Affairs, to be held on the 28th ult.

Served him Right.—A conductor on the New Haven and New London Railroad, was badly and properly cowhided at New London, on Sunday night, by a man named Thayer, for being caught in Thayer's bedroom, and enjoying his connubial bliss. The conductor was badly bruised, and his life was only saved by the interference of other parties. Mr. Thayer and his wife formerly resided in Hartford. The conductor has stopped.

Property of Married Women.—At the recent session of the Maryland Legislature, a law was passed in accordance with the requirements of the new constitution, securing all the property belonging to a woman at the time of her marriage, together with all subsequently acquired by her after marriage, it not being liable for the debts of her husband, unless it has been transferred to her in prejudice of his creditors.

The Cruel Girls.—On Monday evening, May 30th, a young man by the name of Sawin committed suicide in Princeton by hanging. The only known cause which led him to the commision of this rash act was, that he had invited three or four young ladies to accompany him to a social levee, and each in turn had refused his invitation. His funeral took place on Wednesday.

A Man Trap.—In New York, on Wednesday evening, a man while passing through Orange street, where new buildings were about to be erected, fell into an area and broke his neck. The coroner's jury found that he was killed by the carelessness of those who left open this pit for travelers.—The body was not identified.

☞ Coal was recently said to have been discovered in Castleton, Vt., but it proved to be only Slate, impregnated with sulphur or bitumen, so as to burn a while and leave nearly all the fuel behind, with a considerable smell extra. In and near Castleton are the finest Slate quarries in this country.

☞ The editor of the Chicopee Journal has been presented with a gold chain and thirty-three dollars in money, as testimonials of regard for his late services as clerk and paymaster of the Dwight Mills, of that place. All right.

☞ The "Chicopee Journal," which takes the place of the Telegraph, makes its appearance in new type, with a view of Chicopee at its head. J. R. Childs is the editor and publisher.

To Tea Drinkers.—Owing to the rebellion in China, tea has advanced in the United States 20 per cent on the greens and 10 per cent on the blacks.

☞ The thirteenth annual convention of the Chi Psi Fraternity was held at the Irving House, in the city of New York, on Wednesday of last week. A full number of delegates were present. The annual address was delivered by H. M. Needham, A. B., of Springfield, Mass. Our exchanges pronounce the address a beautiful production, and one in which vigor of thought, elegance of expression, and gracefulness of delivery, were all admirably combined. In the evening, about one hundred and fifty members of the Fraternity sat down to an excellent supper, and enjoyed themselves to a late hour.

This literary society was established in 1840 at Union College. It now numbers over eight hundred members, and has extended to nine colleges. It has chapters at Union, Williams, Middlebury, Bowdoin, Columbia, Hambleton, and Princeton Colleges, and at Wesleyan and Michigan Universities.

Liberal.—A striking instance of liberality was exhibited at the recent Baptist Missionary Convention at Albany, by a wealthy old sea-captain, named Thomas. He first offered the use of his sons' ships for any missionary work to California or China, then subscribed $100 each for eight sons and son-in-law, and when it was doubted whether $160,000 could be raised the present year, promised to make up the deficiency, whatever it might be, even if it should take sixty thousand dollars!

☞ The Paris correspondent of the National Intelligencer says:—"It is currently reported in private, that in one of the Emperor's rides, ten days since, in the Bois de Boulogne, another attempt was made on his life. No French paper alluded to the subject except in the most distant terms. The fate of the misled individual is a mystery yet. He will probably never be heard of again."

Ministers Drowned.—Two students of the Senior class of Union College, Rev. Ira S. Watkins of Chester, Vt., aged 35, and Ethan Clark of Ovid, Seneca Co., aged 29, were drowned by the upsetting of a boat on the Mohawk River on Saturday afternoon.—Mr. Watkins was a preacher of the Methodist persuasion. Mr. Clark was preparing for the Baptist ministry.

Murderers Executed.—Arthur Spring, convicted of murdering two females in Philadelphia, was to be hung yesterday. Up to the latest accounts he affirmed his innocence. Yesterday was also set for the execution of Thomas Neary and Patric S. Fitzgerald, in New York. Both murdered their wives and both have confessed the deed.

☞ A Massachusetts woman, in view of the accordance of the right of females to vote, asks that election day be changed from Monday—that day being from time immemorial "washing day."—*Ex.*

That's no objection. When the time comes for women to do the voting, it will be expected that the men will do the washing.

Poetic.—An old bachelor being ill, his sister gave him some medicine. "What is it?" he asked. She answered, "It is elixir asthmatic; it is very aromatic, and will make you feel ecstatic." "Nancy," he replied with a smile, "you are very sister-matic."

Inveterate Smokers.—The modern German smokes from morning till night; ay, and sometimes through the night hours too. In the bedrooms, now, you will find pieces of sand-paper attached to the walls, with notices requesting smokers to rub their matches *on that*, and not on the wall.

A Female Elected to Office.—Miss Rose has been actually elected Register of Deeds for the Eastern District of Lincoln county, Me. The vote was—Miss Rose, 496; Mr. Sylvester, 205; scattering 40. Miss R. had been for some time an assistant in the office.

☞ An anti-Bible Convention, composed of spiritualists, atheists, infidels, adventists, &c., assembled at Hartford, for the professed purpose of deciding the question of the authenticity of the Bible, broke up on Sunday night in a row.

The New York Weekly Budget, published by Hinsdale & Co., and edited by Mrs. E. Oaks Smith, is a very neatly printed and ably got up paper, the first number of which is on our table. Terms 50 cents a year.

☞ An officer of one of the Royal British Regiments, only 18 years of age, has recently walked 56 miles in 11 hours 56 minutes. He undertook to perform the feat in 12 hours.

Drowned.—Seven of the crew of the steamboat Winslow, lying at Louisville, while endeavoring to remove a log of wood which had got fastened in the wheel of the steamer, were drowned on Saturday last.

☞ It is stated, on what purports to be certain authority, that the U. S. steamer Vixen, which left New York recently under sealed orders, has been ordered to Vera Cruz to watch Santa Anna's movements.

☞ A monster hog, weighing eleven hundred and nine pounds, has been delegated to attend the World's Fair from Wisconsin.

☞ We learn that it is the intention of Mrs. Stowe to write a work on English men, women and manners, on her return to this country.

Hung Himself.—Geo. W. Winman committed suicide in Providence, on Friday, by hanging himself in the cellar of his house. He leaves a wife and several children.

Court Common Pleas.

The case of Henry Andrus, indicted for larceny of notes to the amount of about $3000 from his grandmother, Lydia Andrus, of Russell, in March, 1852, was argued for the defence by Wm. G. Bates, for the Commonwealth by Henry Vose. The principal witness for the prosecution was Dr. T. C. De Wolf of Chester, who swore that in June following the robbery, Andrus came to him, acknowledged the theft, stated that he had the notes, and offered him $500 if he would enable him to hold them. The Dr. pretended to accept the proposal, and appointed a time for a second meeting. At the appointed hour Andrus and the notes were present, and so was Deputy Sheriff Knox, placed so that he could hear all that passed between Andrus and the Dr. The details of the robbery having been related, and the scheme of the transfer fully matured, Mr. Knox stepped into the room and politely arrested the astonished Andrus. Mr. Knox was placed on the stand and corroborated the statement of Dr. De Wolf. Andrus was found guilty.—*Post.*

Girl Printers.—An editor out West, says he has employed girls to set type for his paper, and they did well, but the only fault he found with them was that they all got married pretty soon after learning the business. The Boston Olive Branch, has had rather better success. That paper says it has employed a great many girls, most of whom have got married and obtained excellent husbands, yet they occasionally assist in the office.—Our experience in this matter is very limited. We have employed three girls at different times in our office. One of them shortly turned school-marm, another married a rich farmer, and the other we presume will be doing something of the kind before many years.

From New Mexico.—By recent mails from New Mexico former intelligence as to the deplorably depressed state of affairs there is confirmed. The Santa Fe *Gazette*, in acknowledging that many of the wealthy citizens are on the point of leaving the country, perhaps forever, argues with them to remain and try what may be done under the new set of circumstances to grow up under the anticipated construction of the Pacific railroad, if it shall pass through the Territory.

☞ We are informed that three amphipious animals, shaped like an alligator, have been taken at South Hadley Falls within a few days, the largest about five feet in length. One was enclosed in a net, which he broke through, and let out the shad. One came out upon the land in pursuit of chickens. Such is the report. Will some one inform us whether it is true?—*Hampshire Gazette.*

Mayor on a Strike.—Mr. Stubbs, Mayor of Norfolk, consents to become again a candidate, with the express understanding, however, that his salary must be raised to $2000.—He quotes the price current of Mayors in various cities, and very properly determines that he cannot disparage his own qualifications by taking less than the market rate.

Good.—By a recent law of New habitual drunkards are allowed no more liberty to manage their property than idiots or lunatics. And whoever furnishes liquor to any drunkard after receiving notice from his guardian, is subject to a fine of ten dollars.

☞ John McGrath, an Irishman, committed suicide by drowning in the mill pond of Messrs Hayden, at Haydenville, on Sunday morning last, in a fit of mental derangement, brought on by the use of intoxicating liquors.

☞ The Grand Jury of Essex County have indicted the Eastern R. R. Co. for obstructing some of the highways in Ipswich, and the Boston and Maine Railroad for causing the death of the son of President Pierce, last fall.

Fatal Railroad Accident.—Allen W. Bowen, agent of the Western Railroad at the Shaker Village Station, (West Plainfield) was killed on Tuesday morning, by being crushed between two freight cars.

☞ Gov. Brigham Young has delivered a message in favor of "home manufactures."—There is one branch of home manufactures vigorously promoted by the Governor; when last heard from he had thirty-two children.

Lucky.—The Wheeling *Times* states that a rumor is current in that city that a citizen of Centre Wheeling has fallen heir to an estate in England estimated at $35, 000,000.—Upon this sum also, it is said, he will realize the interest for one hundred years.

Female Postmasters.—Three postmistresses have recently been appointed in Pennsylvania, and Mrs. Lucy F. Perkins has been appointed to the same position at Barraboo, Wisconsin.

Drowned.—Harriet Strecter, 14 years of age, was drowned Monday afternoon in a frog pond, in Manchester, N. H. It is supposed she had a fit, as she was accustomed to wading in the water, which was quite shallow.

☞ The Cleveland *True Democrat* says that during the past week, sixteen fugitives have landed safely on the Canada shores at Amherstburg, and about the same number at Niagara Falls, and several at Windsor.

☞ Lorenzo Slack has obtained a verdict of $800 in the Windsor Co. Court, Vt., against Dr. Dixi Crosby, for alleged malpractice in setting the thigh-bone of the former.

☞ A brute in human shape, living in Wethersfield, Ct., has fled from his home to avoid an arrest for the crime of incest with his daughter, only 14 years old. The poor girl has become a mother.

☞ The passenger engines on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, west of Piedmont, are now using coke as fuel, instead of wood, and it meets the most sanguine anticipations of the company, as to economy and efficiency.

LOCAL MATTERS.

EXCURSION TO AMHERST.—The New London people, and others along the line of the New London railroad, to the number of about three hundred, made an excursion to Amherst on Thursday. We accepted of an invitation to join them, and left Palmer at 20 minutes past ten in the morning to make our first trip over the Amherst & Belchertown railroad. Getting fairly out of Palmer, the steam horse drew us slowly up the valley of the swift river through Mill Hollow, and several other places of less importance, to Belchertown, when taking a different tack we were trundled up through the romantic scenery of Logtown, and the frowning hills of Pelham, to the retired and pleasant village of Amherst. Some two or three hundred college students and citizens welcomed the excursion party with a round of cheers, while the booming of cannon announced the distinguished arrival to the inhabitants of the surrounding country.

The party immediately repaired to the Amherst House to wet their "whistles" and get dusted. After those important duties were performed they visited the College and amused themselves for nearly an hour in viewing the curiosities in the several cabinets. A collation of choice dainties was enjoyed by the company at the Amherst House at 1 o'clock. We chose to take our dinner in a more retired manner, which we did at the Hygeian House, a hotel kept in excellent shape by Mr. A. P. Spaulding. A smart nag and fine carriage settled our dinner and gave us a fine view of the several streets in the village. At half past three the excursion left Amherst amid the cheers of a crowd assembled at the depot, and in an hour from that time we found ourself back in our sanctum writing this article. The Amherst people were very assiduous in their efforts to render the visit of their guests agreeable and pleasant.

The Amherst folks contemplate returning the visit of their New London friends sometime the present season. We bespeak for them a cordial reception at New London, and a very pleasant visit. We hope to participate in that "good time coming."

The distance from Palmer to Amherst is about 30 miles, and from Amherst to Palmer about 20.

A NEW POSTMASTER.—Amos C. Billings has been appointed Postmaster in this village, Dr. Wm. Holbrook having resigned.—There were several applicants for the office, and the earnestness with which they pressed their claims delayed the appointment for a month or two. Mr. Billings seems to have got ahead of the other applicants, who will enjoy, in their disappointment the, consoling thought that the office will furnish their successful competitor a great deal of work for a little pay. Dr. Holbrook has discharged the duties of the office faithfully and creditably for the past three years, and his successor, we doubt not, will give equal satisfaction to this community. The office will not be moved till the first of July.

REMARKABLE CIRCUMSTANCE.—There are ten persons now living in the northern part of this town and in the edge of Ware, who were born, married, and have always lived in the same neighborhood. They all live on the old stage road, on farms adjoining each other, with no houses or families between them. They are also embraced in the extent of a mile and a half on the line of the road. Their names and ages are: Reuben Shaw, 73; Michael Gates, 90; Thomas Bacon, 89; his wife, 84; Penuel Bacon, 84; his wife, 76; John Dunbar, 80; Thomas Pepper, 73; his wife, 71; Solomon Brown, 87. Their united ages make 807 years.—Neither one of them was ever married but once.

IMMEDIATELY on the reception of his appointment, the new postmaster was daguerreotyped, documents and all, and the picture hung up by the side of a likeness of the ex-postmaster, at the post office door. A view of the pictures was the first intimation that many of our citizens had of the change.—The pictures do credit to Mr. Talcott of the Palmer Daguerrian Gallery, who succeeded wonderfully in portraying the peculiar smile and expression which illuminated the countenance of the newly appointed, at the time he received the news. We recommend that the picture be forwarded to the post office department at Washington, to encourage those waiting there for appointments, and to exhibit the skill of our Palmer artist.

THORNDIKE.—A. R. Murdock, Esq. has been appointed Postmaster at Thorndike, in room of J. B. Merrick, removed. This is an excellent appointment, and we will guarantee that Mr. Murdock will make an obliging Postmaster. Mr. M. received the appointment on Monday and has already entered upon the discharge of his duties.

"MOUNT HOPE."—The "Mount Hope" on which the Spiritualists are going to hold a celebration, next Fourth of July, is "Mount Bunyan," located just back of the State Alms House, and is in Monson. The spirit of Andrew Jackson didn't know, probably, where the town line run when he located the mountain in Palmer.

COWS TRAINED TO THE YOKE.—Franklin Morgan, of this village, has a pair of twin cows, 4 years old, which have been worked in the yoke like oxen for a year or two.—They are large, good-looking animals, and are milked the same as his other cows.

THE State Alms House will be raised in a few days.

STRAWBERRIES.—S. H. Hall, of this village, has the honor of furnishing us the first mess of fine, nice Strawberries we have received this Summer. They were raised in his garden, and are the largest we ever saw.

AN OLD ONE.—Solomon Brown, of this town, has a cider barrel, now in good order, which is more than *seventy years old.* It is an old toper, and ought to have its time.

THE portion of the State Tax, which the late Legislature assessed upon the people, assigned to this town, is *six hundred and sixty-six dollars.*

POOR WOMAN.—Mrs. Annis Truesdale, who worked on the Hamilton Corporation, Lowell, attempted suicide, last week, by taking the oil of cedar. Dr. Moore was called in and succeeded in saving her life. She has a child with her, and a husband in California.

☞ The body of a white man, late deputy sheriff of Virginia, has been found dead a short distance from Washington city. The body was shockingly mangled. Three slaves have been arrested charged with the murder.

☞ Fifteen Slaves recently ran away from Ray Co., Mo., and made tracks for Iowa. A portion of them were arrested, but the majority of them made good their escape.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Here is your Spring and Summer Remedy.

Dr. Langley's Root and Herb Bitters.

THIS certifies that I have furnished Dr. J. O. Langley, No. 97 Union street, Boston, for the last three years, large quantities of Yellow Dock and Dandelion Root, Prickly Ash and Wild Cherry Bark, Sarsaparilla, Thoroughwort, &c., &., used by him in the compound and manufacture of his Root and Herb Bitters, and I am constantly employed to furnish the above medicinal Roots, Herbs, and Barks, for compounding said Bitters.

N. B. GOULD, Malden, Mass.

Boston, March 14, 1853.

The above named Root and Herb Bitters are the very best Medicine in the world for Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Billious and Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Humors of the Blood and Skin, Indigestion, Languor, Drowsiness, Debility, and all similar complaints, so common at this season of the year. Buy it—try it.

REDDING and CO., 8 State street, and dealers everywhere, sell them.

Wholesale Depot, 97 Union street, to which all Agents will send their orders, that they may be supplied in turn.

Sold in Palmer by Dr. W. Holbrook and D. A. Calkins.

March 26. 1853. 6m49.

A CARD.

Mrs. Winslow to the Ladies.

Mrs. Winslow, an old and experienced nurse and Female Physician, would call the attention of the ladies to her Soothing Syrup for Children teething. It will immediately relieve them from pain, allay all spasmodic action, soften the gums, reduce inflamation, and is sure to regulate the Bowels. Depend upon it, Mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to your children. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Cramp and Pain Killer.

The world is astonished at the wonderful cures performed by the CRAMP AND PAIN, KILLER prepared by CURTIS & PERKINS. Its equal has never been known for removing pain in all cases; for the cure of spinal complaints, cramp in the limbs and stomach, rheumatism in all its forms, billious cholic, burns, sore throat, and gravel, is decidedly the best remedy in the world. For particulars, see circulars in the hands of the Agents, for a gratuitous circulation.

N. B.—Be sure and call for CURTIS & PERKINS' Cramp and Pain Killer. All others bearing this name are base imitations. Price 12 1-2, 25, 37 1-2, cts. a bottle according to the size.

We have sold very large quantities of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup during the past six years, several thousand the last year. We believe it the best medicine in the world for Children teething or for the cure of Dysentery and Diarrhea in Children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause. It gives universal satisfaction—never heard a complaint from any one using it—never sold a medicine so universally successful in relieving pain and effecting cures—relief is ABSOLUTELY SURE.

CURTIS & PERKINS.
Druggists, Bangor, Me.

AGENTS.—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; W. N. Packard, Thorndike; A. H. Longley, Belchertown; T. F. Packard, Monson; Crane & Kingsbury, Stafford Springs; Wm. H. Sessions, Warren; O. F. Packard & Co., Three Rivers; L. B. Bliss, Wilbraham; and for sale in nearly every town in the State.

Henshaw Edwards & Co., India St., and Weeks & Potter, Washington St., Boston, wholesale agents, and Boyd & Paul, No. 40, Courtland St. New York. 1y. 28.

Poisoning.

Thousands of parents who use Vermifuge composed of Castor oil, Calomel, &c., are not aware, that while they appear to benefit the patient, they are actually laying the foundation of a series of diseases, such as salivation, loss of sight, weakness of limbs, &c.

In another column will be found the advertisement of Hobensack's Medicines, to which we ask the attention of all directly interested in their own as well as their Children's health.—In Liver Complaints and all disorders arising from those of a billous type, should make use of the only genuine medicine, Hobensack's Liver Pills.

☞ *"Be not deceived,"* but ask for Hobensack's Worm Syrup and Liver Pills, and observe that each has the signature of the Proprietor, J. N. HOBENSACK, as none else are genuine.

BORN.

In this town, (Thorndike) June 6, a son to E. Cross. Weight of baby 12 1-2 pounds.

In Westfield, 5, William Henry, son to Elijah Porter, editor of the News Letter.

In this town, (Bondsville) June 8, a son and daughter to Michael Danihy.

MARRIED.

In Hartford, 7th, G. C. Fisk, and Maria E. Ripley, both of Springfield.

In Belchertown, 2d, Charles T. Brown, and Nancy S. Chapman.

DIED.

In Belchertown, 3d, Joanna, 5, only daughter of Enoch G. Shaw.

In Belchertown, June 9, Martin Sedgwick, 79. Same day Daniel Olds, 70, and Henry Bridgman, about 55. Mr. Bridgman was one of the Selectmen of Belchertown.

In Amherst, May 20, Ephraim Roberts, 84.

In Northampton, May 25, of consumption, Aurelia C. 30, wife of George Bridgman, Jr., and daughter of Wm. Clark.

In Haydenville, June 2, Wm. Lewis, 48.

☞ The editor of the Springfield Post, the new Postmaster of that town, brags of being handsome. Undoubtedly this qualification had an important bearing in his case at Washington. If personal beauty *was* his real passport to success, we should like to be informed how much of that virtue the defeated applicants possess.

THE CROPS IN MAINE.—The *Eastern Times*, printed at Bath, gives a very encouraging account of the prospects of the fruit and other crops in that vicinity. There has been less blighting of blossoms this year than usual.—The grass crop is also said to be unusually promising.

Carpets!

JUST received, a lot of all Wool, Cotton, Cotton and Wool, Printed Carpets and Straw Matting, plain and checked, and will be sold at low prices, by

D. W. SNOW & CO.

Palmer, June 11, 1853.

Ready Made Clothing!

A new lot of thin Coats, Pants, Vests, Shirts and Overalls, just received and for sale, by

D. W. SNOW & CO.

Palmer, June 11, 1853.

LADIES' Dress Goods just received, consisting in part, of Silks, Muslins, Lawns, Barages, DeLains and Prints, also Hosiery, Gloves, Mitts, Gaiters, Shoes, all of which will be sold at prices that cannot fail to suit the purchaser.

D. W. SNOW & CO.

Palmer, June 11, 1853.

PAPER Hangings 25 per cent less than cost, to close out the loi.

D. W. SNOW & Co.

June 11.

A new lot of Crockery and Glass Ware just received and for sale cheap, by

D. SNOW & CO.

June 11.

PURE Cider Vinegar for sale, by

D. W. SNOW & CO.

June 11.

GOOD Molasses for sale at 25c per gallon, by

D. W. SNOW & CO.

June 11.

BROWN and Bleached Sheeting, Diapers, Crash, Denims, Tickings, &c. &c., for sale by

D. W. SNOW & CO.

Palmer, June 11, 1853.

SILK and Wool Barages, Barage DeLains, Lawns, from 8 to 25c per yard, by

D. W. SNOW & CO.

Palmer, June 11, 1853.

MEN'S and Boys' thick and thin Boots and Shoes, for sale 25 per cent less than any other store in town, by

D. W. SNOW & CO.

Palmer, June, 11, 1853.

More Bargains!

TWENTY pounds Clean Brown Sugar for one dollar, by.

M. W. FRENCH & CO,

June 11, 1853

Nothing New!

EXTRA and Superfine brands of Flour for sale low, by

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

June 11. 1853.

LARGE and Small Bags of Salt can be found at low prices at

D. W. SNOW & CO.'s.

Palmer Depot, June 9. 8tf

LEMONS, Oranges, Prunes, Dates, Figs, Pickles, for sale low by

D. W. SNOW & CO.

Palmer Depot, June 9. 8tf

TEA, Coffee, Raisins and Spices of all kinds on hand and for sale at low prices by

D. W. SNOW & CO.

Palmer Depot, June 9.

Bargains!

TWELVE hhds. more of *Excellent Sweet Molasses* at 25c per. gallon, by

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

June 11, 1853.

Sugars.

CRUSHED, Pulverized and Brown Sugars, from 5 12 to 11 cents per lb.

D. W. SNOW & CO.

Palmer Depot, June 9. 8tf

STEWART'S SYRUP, a nice article, for sale by

D. W. SNOW & CO.

Palmer Depot, June 9. 8tf

FLOUR of all grades constantly on hand and for sale by

D. W. SNOW & CO.

Palmer Depot, June 9. 8tf

New Goods! New Goods!!

BONNETS, Ribbons, Flowers, Parasols, Fans, long and short Mitts, Under Hdkfs. Under Sleeves, Collars, long and short Veils, Hosiery, Gloves, &c. Also a new lot of Ladies' Shoes.

Please call and examine and you will find the prices a little lower than at any other place in Hampden County.

WM. CONKEY,
East end Nassowanno Block.

Palmer Depot, June 3. 7tf

MILLINERY.

MRS. HUBBARD will return from New York in a few days with Fashionable Summer Millinery.

ROCKWOOD & CO.,
Corner Store.

Springfield, June 4. 4w7

Dress Goods.

BAREGE DE LAINES, Poplins, De Bege and De Bege Robes, Toi D Inde, Chambrays, Ginghams, Prints, Slate Linens, Nankeens, Black and Colored India Crapes, Twilled India Silks, Summer Silks and Shawls. Visites and Mantillas on hand and made to order.

Dry Goods, Carpets, Millinery and Dress Making Rooms,
CORNER STORE,
Fronting on Main and Court Sts

ROCKWOOD & CO.

No Goods exhibited outside.

Springfield, June 4. 4w7

Carriage Repairing!

ALL kinds of Carriage Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms at the Steam Shop of the Subscriber, a few rods South side of the railroad Bridge.

GEORGE E. WINSLOW.

Palmer, May, 28 1853. 6tf

TRUNKS, Traveling Bags, Valises, &c. by

MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

New-London, Willimantic, & Palmer AND Amherst & Belchertown Railroads.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Commencing Monday, 16th May, 1853.

LEAVE NEW LONDON, AT

7,30 A. M. for Amherst, Norwich, 8,12 A. M. Willimantic 9,05 connecting at 9,05 A. M. for Hartford and Bristol. Palmer 10,45, connecting at 10,44 for Springfield and Albany, and at 1,55 P. M. for Worcester and Boston.

*10,00 A. M. for Willimantic, (or on arrival of accommodation train from New Haven.)—Norwich 11,30 A. M., connecting at 12 M. at Norwich for Worcester and Boston.

1,45 for Amherst (or on arrival of train from New York and New Haven.) Norwich 2,35 P. M., connecting at 3,20 for Worcester.—*Willimantic 3,30 connecting at 4,20 for Hartford. *Palmer 6,10 connecting at 7,09 for Springfield and Albany, and 9,55 for Worcester and Boston.

LEAVE AMHERST AT

5,00 A. M. for New London, New Haven and New York. *Palmer 6,30 connecting at 8,48 for Worcester and Boston, and 10,44 for Springfield and Albany. Willimantic 9,05 connecting at 9,05 for Hartford and Bristol. Norwich 9,55 connecting at 12 M. for Worcester and Boston, and at New London at 10,30 A. M. for New Haven and New York.

1,15 P. M. for New London, New Haven and New York. Palmer 2,30 connecting at 2,18 for Worcester and Boston, and at 3,21 for Springfield. Willimantic 4,25 connecting at 4,20 for Hartford. Norwich 5,20. At New London at 6,00 for New Haven and New York, and at 9,30 with Steamers Connecticut, Knickerbocker and Worcester for New York.

LEAVE WILLIMANTIC AT

*1,30 P. M. for New London. Norwich 3,10 connecting at 3.20 for Worcester.

*Freight trains with Passenger Car attached; and do not stop at Massapeag, Mohegan, Norwich Falls, Norwich Town, Franklin or Lebanon.

Through tickets to New York, via Steamboat from New London, can be had at all the Ticket Stations on this Road.

Discount made to passengers procuring tickets before taking seats in the cars.

THROUGH TICKETS FROM
Palmer to New York (Cabin) $3,00.
" " " (Deck) $2,60.

WM. R. STORRS, Supt.

New London, May 12, 1853.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of E. B. Miles & Co., or to E. B. Miles, are requested to make immediate payment to the Subscriber, or to E. B. Miles, who is authorized to settle the same.

R. F. STEVENS, Assignee.

May 21. 5tf.

PLAIN and Figured Berages, compsising Tan Drab. MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

J. W. ELLIOT,
SURGEON DENTIST,

Thankful for past favors, would respectfully solicit a share of public patronage at the present time. Office at H. J. LYMAN'S Cottage House, a few steps north of the Journal Office.

Palmer, May 7. 3tf

An Entirely New

AND Fresh assortment of PAPER HANGINGS received this week. Call and see.

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Palmer, March 19. tf48

Lime.

The subscriber will keep constantly on hand, a full supply of FRESH BURNT Lime, by the cask or bushel, at A. C. Billings' store, Tockwotton Block. All orders supplied at short notice.

S. G. SHAW.

Palmer March 11th, 1853. 48tf.

Notice.

THE subscriber having engaged to remain with D. W. Snow & Co., McGilvray's Block, would be happy to see all his former friends and patrons.

E. B. MILES.

Palmer, May 21. 5tf

Time is Money.

THUS said Doct. Franklin, and it is as true now as ever that, "He who saves time saves money."

Money and time are both saved in the use of the KAOLEAN SOAP, an article heretofore but little known in this vicinity, but nevertheless an article which is working its way into every community, and when once known, is used in preference to almost any other soap, and is recommended to the public as having among others, the following superiorities over most soap.

1st It requires no more than half the quantity to do the same work.

2d It saves nearly half the time and labor in washing.

3d It costs no more than the best family soap.

4th Nothing enters into its composition that will injure the most delicate fabric.

5th It does not chap or injure the hands like many soaps, but on the contrary is softening and healing and will cure cracked or chapped hands. One trial will convince the most skeptical of its superiorities.

This soap is manufactured in Palmer, (Depot village) and is for sale by the box at the Factory, and at retail in most of the Stores in this vicinity, and is known as the "Kaolean Soap," or "McCord's Family Soap," Made by

W. McCORD & CO.,
Palmer, Mass.
Factory near the Church.

Certificate.

I have examined McCord's Kaolean Soap *practically*, and am well acquainted with the properties of the ingredients used in its manufacture, and do no not hesitate to pronounce it superior for washing to any other soap now in use. It contains nothing that will injure the most delicate fabric.

SAMUEL TRUESDELL, Chemist,
New York City.

Person wishing to purchase the right to manufacture the above soap, should address S. H. Hall, Palmer, Mass., who is fully authorized to make sales of territory and execute all needful papers.

W. McCORD, Patentee.

Palmer, June 4. 7tf

STEPHEN NEEDHAM,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
(Successor to T. C. Denecke,)
MONSON, MASS.

Garments made in the best manner, with the utmost despatch, and all work warranted to give satisfaction. Cutting done at short notice. A good assortment of Ready Made Clothing constantly on hand.

May 28. 1y6

FEATHERS, by

MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

Notice---Removal.

L. B. CHAMBERLIN, manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, next building to the Nassowanno House, would call the attention of the inhabitants of Palmer and vicinity, to his new and choice stock of goods, feeling confident that he can offer inducements worthy the favorable notice of all.

Those who in their purchases regard durability and cheapness, or wish for a fashionable article, can do no better than to examine this assortment, consisting of

Men's French and American Calf Boots,
" Calf and Enameled Congress do.,
" Kipp and Calcutta do.,
Men's and Boys' Calf, Kipp, Enameled and Goat Skin Shoes,
Slippers and Rubbers,
Misses' and Children's Shoes, Bootees and Gaiters,
Ladies' Gaiters,
" Half Gaiters.
" Morocco Lind,
" Enameled "
" " Polkas,
" Patent Leather Shoes,
" Kid Buskins,
" Morocco Slippers &c. &c. &c.

May 7, 1853. 3tf.

Marshall Calkins, M. D.,

WOULD announce to the inhabitants of Monson and adjacent towns, that he, as the successor of his brother, Dr. David Calkins, has again located himself in Monson. Having been associated with Prof. Calvin Newton, both in the practice and the teaching of Medicine, he has during his absence made commendable progress in professional acquirements. From all those who prefer a system of innocent and sanative medication, when scientifically applied, to that which sanctions the frequent use of mercurials, antimonials, arsenic and the lancet, he respectfully solicits patronage.

At all hours by day or night he holds himself in readiness to attend to professional calls. Office nearly opposite the Academy.

Monson, May 7, 1853. 3w3.

CAN BE FOUND
At the Nassowanno Grocery Store,

A fresh and full assortment of Groceries and Provision, which will be sold for the next sixty days, at very low prices. To all persons buying goods with cash, I wish to say to be sure and not make your purchase until you have called and examined our stock and prices.

C. C. SHAW, Agt.

Palmer, Apr. 30, 1853. 2tf.

Grand Opening!
New and Elegant Spring Goods!

GENTLEMEN desirous of New and Beautiful Styles of Goods for Spring wear, are invited to call and examine a choice Selection of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vesting of the most approved Fabric.

L. A. BAILEY.

Nassowanno Block, April 15, 1853. 52tf.

Fire! Fire!!

THE Subscriber is Agent for some of the best Fire Insurance Companies in the United States, and will take risks on the most favorable terms.

GEORGE W. RANDELL

Three Rivers April 24th.

Coffin Plates

SHROUDS; Caps &c on hand, or furnished at short notice by

A. BLODGETT.

Union Bock, Palmer Depot.

"Equal and Exact Justice to all, Special favors to none."

Trade Solicited but no Trust.
ONE PRICE ONLY!

TERMS CASH, OR ITS EQUIVALENT.

HAVING just purchased a Stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c, the same will be offered at a small advance from cost. The public are invited to call and determine for themselves as to prices, and choose between the Cash and Credit systems.

A. C. BILLINGS.

Tockwotton Block, Palmer Depot.

Apr. 9th, 1853. 51tf.

The Old Shop!

MRS. Collins would say to her old friends and customers, that she has returned from the City with a good assortment of Fancy Goods, and Millinery, and after they have examined the new shops, please call and look at her assortment, as she thinks it will compare favorably both as to prices and quality, with any shop in Western Mass. She would also say to those who are in the habit of purchasing Goods at Ware, that she has opened a Shop in that place, (next door to Ezra Allen's.) down stairs, where they will find a good assortment of Goods, and agreeable young ladies to wait on them.

Apr. 23, 1853. 1tf.

Just Received!

M. W. FRENCH & CO., have this week received an assortment of Elegant Dress Goods, among which may be found Rich Black Silks, Mazena Cloths, (new and pretty) Mourning Poplins, Barege DeLaines, Mous. DeLaines (spring styles) Muslins, Bor'd. English and American Prints in great variety, of new patterns. *All for sale very low.*

April 16. 52tf

"A Hat! A Hat! My Kingdom for a Hat!"

So King Richard would have said if he had lived in 1853, and seen the new lot just received by us. They are the neatest, prettiest, and of course, the cheapest lot offered in Palmer. Our assortment of Caps is also good, and worthy of being examined before purchasing elsewhere.

MUNGER & BASSETT.

Palmer, April 16, 1853. 52tf.

Great Sale of Dry Goods!
Bankrupt Stock of $3,500!

THE undersigned wish to inform the citizens of Palmer and vicinity, that they have purchased the stock of Goods formerly owned by E. B. Miles, at a very low price, and have taken stores in McGilvery's Block, where they will offer the above named stock at cost. The stock consists of all kinds of Goods usually kept in a country store. All persons wanting Dry Goods will find it for their interest to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

D. W. SNOW & CO.

P. S. We have just received a large invoice of new goods, consisting of a variety of new style Dress Goods, Ready Made Clothing, Carpeting, Straw Matting, Boots and Shoes, Paper Hangings, &c. Also an entire new stock of W. I. Goods and Family Groceries, all of which will be sold at the lowest market price.

D. W. SNOW & CO.

McGilvray's Block, Palmer, May 21. 5tf

Hams! Hams!!

HAMS, Pork, Lard, &c., may be found at

M. W. FRENCH & CO.'s.

April 16. 52tf

Read This.

IT has become a common saying with most venders of Goods, that such and such articles are the very best and neatest in the world. We speak of this, because we do not like to be ranked with that class of traders who recommend every thing they sell because they wish to sell it *regardless of its merits.* What we are trying to come at is simply this, that our selections of Prints *superceeds* any variety *in style* ever before brought to Hampden Co.; if this is doubted we will get it endorsed by responsible persons.

MUNGER & BASSETT.

April 16. 52tf

IN STORE,

AND FOR SALE—
16 Hhds. Mus., P. R. and Card Molasses.
9000 lbs. Sugar, various kinds
Old Hyson Teas,
Young " "
Ningyoung "
Souchong "
Oolong " of many qualities.
Soaps, Spices, Fish, Salt, Lard, Hams, Pork, Tobacco, &c., *at prices satisfactorily low.*

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Palmer, May 7. 3tf

J. Parker & Co's Marble Works.

Successors to A. & S. Tomlinson,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

THE subscribers having lately purchased of Messrs. A. & S. Tomlinson their Marble Works, corner of Main and William sts., comprising their entire Stock, Machinery and Water power, for the manufacture of Marble; also, the entire stock of Marble of the late firm of Dwelley & Keep, of this City, and having erected a new shop opposite the North Church on Main st., a few rods south of the Depot, they are prepared to furnish Monuments, Grave Stones, Tomb Tablets, Counter Tops, Pier and Center Tables, Soda Founts, Chimney Pieces, or any other kind of Marble Work, at the shortest notice, at either of the above named places, from the largest and best stock of Foreign and American Marble ever offered for sale in this city.—Having purchased the aboved named lots of Marble at very low rates, they are prepared to sell at prices which cannot fail to suit all.

J. PARKER & CO.

Springfield, April 16th, 1853.

Having disposed of our interest in the Marble business to Messrs. J. Parker & Co., (as noticed above,) we cheerfully recommend them to the favorable notice of our friends and former patrons, as men of integrity and experience, and as meriting the confidence of the public.

A. & S. TOMLINSON.

April 16th, 1853. 6m52.

Hammond's Liniment.

A SAFE and speedy remedy for all diseases requiring an external application This Liniment has been before the public for the last seven years, steadily acquiring a reputation by its own merits, and now feeling confidence in it, as a remedial agent, we give it a wide circulation, that all may receive benefit from its invaluable properties. For sprains, and contractions of the muscles and tendons, stiffness and injuries of joints, rheumatism, gout, burns, bruises, frozen extremities, &c., it has no equal. The following certificates of some of our most prominent physicians and citizens, shows the confidence and reliance they place upon it:

Certificates.—This may certify, that we have used the above named Liniment in the various diseases, &c., for which it is recommended, and cheerfully add our testimony to its efficacy.

J. N. Bates, M. D., Barre. J. Gorham, Barre.
W. Parkhurst, " Petersham. A. Alden, "
G. Barstow, " Boston. G. Twichell, Sup't
G. W. Pierce, " Leominster. of B. & W. R. R.
D. Rice, Barre. Gen. A. Holman, Bolton,

For sale wholesale and retail, by CALDWELL & HILL, Apothecaries,

229 Main street, Worcester, Mass., General Agents.

Also for sale by J. BOWLES, Palmer, WILSON & EDWARDS, and S. C. PARSONS, Northampton, and by Merchants generally.

March, 26. 1853. 3m49.

Coal! Coal!!

OF all kinds will be furnished at short notice delivered at Palmer, by applying to J. S. AMES, Agent N. L. W. & P. R. R. Co.

Blacksmiths and all others using coal in this vicinity can save money by sending orders as above.

Palmer, April 2. 50tf

Plaster.

150 Tons Ground Plaster.
800 Bush. Corn.
50 Bbls. Lime.
200 " Flour.

Meal, Feed, Salt, Grass Seeds, &c., for sale at the Old Stand of Hall & Valentine.

J. A. HALL.

Palmer, April 16. 52tf

A Candid, Sober Fact, Viz:

THAT we have got a better assortment of Clothing, than was ever before offered in this vicinity, and in addition to our unrivaled assortment, we would say most emphatically, that a great portion of it equals any custom work that can be procured, and relative to prices, that our *superior* styles and qualities will be sold as low as the *kind* usually kept by clothiers. We think this ample inducement to merit the attention of all purchasers.

MUNGER & BASSETT.

April 16. 52tf

FLOUR in half and whole bbls. by

MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

And Still they Come!

MORE new Goods at

M. W. FRENCH & Co.'s.

May 14. 4tf.

Alarm and Repeating Clocks,

EIGHT Day, and Thirty Hour—a good assortment. Warranted good time keepers. For sale by

A. BLODGETT.

Union Block, Palmer Depot, May 14. 2tf.

Clothing! Clothing!! Clothing!!!

By MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

BOOTS and SHOES by

MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

Ready Made Clothing

OF all kinds, from the cheap Sack, to the most Fashionable Dress Coat. Pants and Vests, the largest and best assortment ever before offered in this vicinity. Also, a good assortment of Plain and Fancy Cravats and Stocks, Shirts, Collars, Bosoms, Gloves, &c.

L. A. BAILEY.

Nassowanno Block, April 16, 1853. 52tf.

THE place to buy the best Hams and Dried Beef, (not smoked) is at the Nassowanno Grocery Store.

Palmer, Apr. 30, 1853. 2tf.

POETRY.

Lament of the Married Man.

The days are gone when I could spark
Each merry, bright eyed girl I met,
For now they pass, with scarce a nod—
To other beaux their caps are set.
Their nib's no longer stop to smile,
And sweetly ask me, 'Why so pale?'
The cards to dinner came no more—
My own fond home is rather stale,
And I, and I,
Must sigh, and sigh,
And catch such pleasures as I can—
Alas, I am a married man!

They once would praise my 'charming foot'—
My neat frock coat of glossy jet
Would 'fit so neat' but now no more,
Although Platt Evans cuts it yet.
If at a ball I chance appear,
My face with knowing looks they scan,
And whisper to their cousin near—
'Why, Kate, he is a married man!'
And I, and I,
Must sight and sigh,
A catch such pleasures as I can—
Alas, I am a married man!

'Tis hard to stay at home always,
And gaze upon a single face,
That, lovely in its summer days,
Has been by haggard time defaced·
O, would that youth would come again,
And bring me back my vanished dream,
And kindle new my Ada's eye,
Where love hath lost its early dresm.
But I, but I,
Must sigh, and sigh,
And catch such pleasures as can—
Alas, I am a married man!

Influence of Temper on the Voice.—The influence of temper upon tone, deserves much consideration. Habits of querulousness, or illnature, will communicate a catlike quality to the singing, as infallibly as they give a quality to the speaking voice. That there really exist amiable tones is not an unfounded opinion. In the voice there is no deception; it is, to many, the index of the mind, denoting moral qualities: and it may be remarked, that the low soft tones of gentle and amiable beings, whatever their musical endowments may be, seldom fail to please—besides which, the singing of ladies indicates the cultivation of their taste generally, and the embellishment of the mind.

A THING WHICH EVERY FARMER SHOULD KNOW.—If you wish to drive a cut nail into seasoned oak timber, and not to have it break or bend, just have a small quantity of oil near by and dip the nail before driving, and it will never fail to go. In mending carts and ploughs this is of great advantage, for they are generally made most of oak wood. In straightening old nails before using, let it be done on wood, and with easy blows. If done on iron they will be sure to break.

☞ A shrewd gentleman once said to his daughter: "Be sure, my dear, that you never marry a poor man; but remember, the poorest man in the world, is one who has money, and nothing else."

☞ Where true religion has prevented one crime, false religions have afforded a pretext for a thousand.

"A real blessing to mothers." A philanthropist in Missouri, has just invented a cradle, which on being wound up like a clock, will rock twenty-four hours without stopping.

TO TAKE INK OUT OF LINEN.—Take a piece of tallow, melt it, and dip the spotted part of the linen into the melted tallow—the linen may be washed, and the spots will disappear, without injuring the linen.

☞ Hours are at first blanks, but man writes upon them what he will, and they are forthwith missives delivering a message afterwards, not in this world merely, but in the next.

STATIONERY,

BLANKS, BLANK BOOKS,
ENVELOPES & PAPER
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;
TOYS, PERFUMERY, BRUSHES,
ALSO,
FANCY GOODS,
In great variety, for sale by
ELIHU GEER,
10 State St., Hartford, Conn.

THE Store of the Subscriber will be weekly replenished with NEW GOODS, from the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Importing Houses, and from all the principal American manufacturers. Among his extensive assortment may be found all kinds of

Letter, Cap, Drawing, Note and Fancy Papers; White, Buff & Enameled Envelopes; Papier Mache, Rosewood, Mahogany & Leather Writing Desks, Work Boxes, &c.; Cloth, Leather and Papier Mache Portefolios, From 37½ cts. to $8.00 each; All styles of Card Cases and Porte Monnaies; Wallets and Pocket Books; Steel, Silk and Kid Purses; Bankers' Cases; Lubin's Celebrated Genuine Perfumes; Farina's Unrivaled Cologne; Bridal, Glove & Handkerchief Perfumed Boxes, Building Blocks, Wood Alphabets; Velvet, Iron, Tin and India Rubber Toys; Pearl & Ivory Tablets; Crying Babies; China, Wax and Rubber Dolls; Games too numerous to mention; Magnets, Masks, & Magic Lanterns; Hair, Cloth, Hat, Tooth, Nail & Lather Brushes, Gentlemen's Dressing Cases; Shell and Horn Dressing Combs; Ivory Combs; Ladies' Companions, Spool Stands; All kinds Rubber Balls; Vesta Lights; Harmonicans, Pickwicks, Sand Toys, Tea Bells Opera Glasses, Toilet & Traveling Glasses; Thermometers and Barometers; Tooth Powder, Hair Oils, Toilet & Shaving Soaps, Chessmen, Dominoes, Back Gammon Boards, Chessboards; Dice; Checkers; Sewing Birds, six kinds, from 37½ to 62½ cents; Penknives, Scissors and Shears; A splendid assortment of Gold Pens, in Gold and Silver Cases; Steel Pens, Fifty Styles; Pen Nibs and Quills; Letter Seals or Stamps, all styles; The best of Wax, warranted to burn free; Water Colors, from 6 cents to $4.00 per box; Fancy Paper and Glass Boxes; Transparent, Porcelain and Paper Slates; A large assortment of Visiting & Wedding Cards: Stationery Articles in general; Every kind of Legal & Probate Blanks; Wedding Stationery and "Fixins," best qualities; Patent Blot Pads; Diaries; Ledgers, Day & Cash Books, Journals, &c. Blank Notes, Drafts, Orders, Due Bills, &c. &c., Letter Copying Presses, Books & Ink; Mathematical Instruments; Blotting Papers; Paper Folders and Paper Weights; Erasers; Newspaper Files and Wires; Mouth Glue & Mucilage; Indelible Inks; Black, Blue, Red & Violet Inks; Inkstands, of One Hundred different varieties.

ALL of the above described articles can be found in greater profusion and variety than elsewhere in New England, besides other articles too numerous to mention. Call and see for yourself. They will be sold at the lowest prices, either at wholesale or retail. ☞ Particular attention given to the PAPER and ENVELOPE TRADE, at 10 STATE STREET, HARTFORD, CT., by ELIHU GEER.

☞ Every kind and style of JOB, CARD and BOOK PRINTING, by Steam, executed as heretofore. Large additions of NEW TYPE and MACHINERY are being made this year, to the already most extensive Printing Establishment of
ELIHU GEER, 10 STATE ST.
Hartford, May, 1853.

To Those who are Diseased.

THE Undersigned, having been in successful practice of Medicine for the past nine years, in this place, and being no longer able to ride to a distance and bear the responsibility which has formerly rested upon him, proposes to examine Patients at his residence. Patients can be examined while he is in the clairvoyant state, or by the common practice of examining. Feeling confident in the success he has had for the last six months in his clairvoyant examinations, and prescriptions, that he can benefit all who call upon him, desires all who are diseased to test him for their own benefit.

R. BARRON.
Botanic Physician and Clairvoyant.

All kinds of Medicine carefully prepared, by the clairvoyant, who is experienced in compounding Medicine of all kinds.

Syrups.	Bitters.
Cancer,	Jaundice,
Scroffula,	Strengthening,
Erysipelas,	Wine,
Compound Humor,	Stimulating,
Lung,	

Anti-billious Pills of a superior kind.
All kinds of the above Medicines kept constantly on hand.
Palmer, Sept. 10. 21tf

BAG and Bbl. SALT, by
MUNGER & BASSETT.
May 7. 3tf

Smith's Patent VERTICAL GATE.

THE attention of Farmers, and the Public generally is invited to the above Gate, which possesses many advantages over any other Gate in use. This Gate does not swing but opens vertically from the center by a parallel movement of the rails, consequently there can be no *saging*, or drawing over of the Posts; it requires no ground to swing upon, but may be opened and shut while teams are standing close upon either side of it, and without any shoveling away of snow in the winter, and is equally adapted to inclining as to level ground. The Gate is very simple in its construction, not liable to get out of order, and may be built for less expense than the common swing Gate of equal size and strength. A full size working Gate may be seen by calling on the subscriber near the Union House, Palmer Depot, who will furnish Gates, or the Right for making and using the Gates, on liberal terms.
A. BLODGETT.
Palmer, April 2, 1853. 50tf.

J. & P. HENDRICK'S fine cut, and chewing Tobacco, by the paper or gross, by
MUNGER & BASSETT.
Palmer, March 19, 1853. 38tf

HOWARD'S
VEGETABLE
Cancer and Canker SYRUP.

THIS Preparation, which has been used during the last sixteen years with the most signal success, is now, for the first time, presented to the medium of advertising.

At a period like the present, when the proprietors of medicine are flooding the community, through the press, with testimonials in favor of their respective preparations, the subscriber deems it a duty which he owes to suffering humanity to present his also, for the consideration of the afflicted. In doing so, he is happy to be able to say, that the efficacy of this INVALUABLE COMPOUND has never been surpassed in the treatment of

CANCERS, CANKER, SCROFULA, SALT RHEUM, ERYSIPELAS, KING'S EVIL, SCALD HEAD, FEVER SORES, SCURVY, TUMORS, ULCERS, &C.,

and those affections generally which originate in A DEPRAVED STATE of the BLOOD.

The benefit derived from its PROPER application (see DIRECTIONS) must be permanent, from the fact that it acts with great power upon THE SEAT of the disease *the morbid matter accumulated in the blood*, and entirely eradicates it from the system. But while it acts with great power and certainty in the removal of HUMORS generally, its efficacy is the most satisfactorily demonstrated in the cure of *Cancers and Fever Sores.*

It is well known that when the *blood* becomes so impure as to produce disease in these forms, the patient is supposed to be beyond the restoring influence of medicine.

Those who may be so unfortunate as to be afflicted with *Cancers or Fever Sores*, need only make a fair trial of the SYRUP *following rigidly the directions*, to be convinced that they are not *necessarily doomed* to die.

That we speak advisedly upon this subject, and do not wish to thrust upon the afflicted a useless preparation to extort from them money for which we are not willing to give them more than an equivalent, we respectfully invite attention to the subjoined testimonials which furnish the most emphatic evidence of the truthfulness of our statements.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TESTIMONY
BY A LADY.

By Mrs. H. S. Spear, wife of Capt. G. Spear.
A Cancer deemed incurable by eminent Physicians, entirely removed by the Syrup.

Quincy, April 15, 1852.

Dear Sir: This is to certify, that some years since, I was the subject of much suffering occasioned by a swelling on my breast which after a few months was pronounced by eminent physicians, a Cancer, and one which they could not encourage me to hope could be cured. Deriving no benefit from their prescriptions, and hearing of your invaluable specific for cancerous affections, I commenced taking the Syrup, and soon began to feel its beneficial effects. Encouraged by its favorable effects in the incipient stages of its operation. I persevered in its use till the swelling subsided, the cancerous symptoms wholly disappeared, and my health was perfectly restored. I feel that the continuance of my life is attributable to the agency of your excellent medicine, and I cheerfully recommend it to the afflicted as *the best* remedy for the diseases for which it is prescribed of which I have any knowledge.

HANNAH S. SPEAR.

Most malignant Fever Sores healed and the Patient restored to health.

ASTONISHING CURE!!

Worcester, Sept. 1, 1851.

Mr. D. Howard: It is with great pleasure that I send you my testimony in favor of your *Cancer and Canker Syrup*. It has affected by the blessing of God attending its administration, the greatest cure that ever came to my knowledge. My son was afflicted with Fever Sores to such a degree that for four months his life was despaired of, when I was informed that Zeba Howard, of Randolph Mass., could cure him. I immediately sent for him, and in three days after he came the boy began to recover, and continued to improve till his sores were completely healed, since which he has enjoyed as good health as could be desired. I have recommend the Syrup to a great many persons since, who are also ready to give their testimony in its favor. Of all medicines of which I have any knowledge, I regard this, for the diseases for which it is recommended, as *the best*. I could write all day, and not tell half I feel in relation to the utility of your excellent Syrup. May God speed you in your work, and succeed your efforts to alleviate human suffering.

MARSON EATON·

SCIENTIFIC TESTIMONY.

To the Public. A Card: By a Druggist.

Randolph, April 12, 1852.

I know the ingredients which compose Howard's Vegetable Cancer and Canker Syrup, and am acquainted with the formula for its preparation. It is purely vegetable in its nature, containing no *mecurial or mineral* substances, and is composed of such vegetables only as possess great Alterative properties. It is an excellent remedy for those diseases for which the Proprietor recommends it, and I cheerfully commend it to the afflicted.

ZENAS SNOW, Druggist and Chemist.

Having presented the above statements and testimonials, we assure the afflicted that the certificates (which have been selected from many in our possession) are *Genuine*; of which, if they have any doubt, they are desired to commnicate with the individuals over whose signatures they are published and their suspicions will soon be removed.

☞ The *genuine* is prepared and sold by D. HOWARD, Randolph, Mass. For sale also by REDDING & CO. 8 STATE ST. BOSTON, General Agents; and retailed by Agents through out the country.

Circulars furnished gratuitously by Agents when desired.

☞ Price, $1,00 per bottle; $5,00 for six bottle. A liberal discount made to those who buy to sell again.

For sale in Palmer, by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.

PAPER HANGINGS, a good assortment, by
MUNGER & BASSETT.
Palmer. March 19, 1853. 38tf.

"Eureka, Eureka."

We have found it at last. Now for the little ones. Why will parents waste hours and days in fruitless endeavors to get perfect pictures of their children, and after all get nothing but a poor miserable caricature? We would say, come to our *Excelsior Gallery*, and we will guarantee to make you a perfect picture, by our *Electro Chemical* process, that works in from 1-2 to 2 seconds

We defy any Daguerrian in Springfield or elsewhere to compete with us, as we are the inventors, and the process is used only in our different establishments in the New England and Middle States. For pictures of adults, the Silver Medals we have received from the American Institute, New York, and Franklin, Philadelphia, together with hundreds of premiums from county fairs is sufficient proof that they are the "*ne plus ultra*" of perfection.

We have at great expense procured the *exclusive right* of Hampden Co., for the

VIGNETTE OR CRAYON PICTURES,

The most beautiful and brilliant production of the art. We caution all operatives from any infringement of the same.

Prof. D. C Collins, who is pronounced the best practical operator in the United States, has charge of the Chemical department.

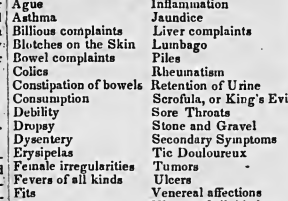
Howard Peal, an *artist* by profession, has charge of the *artistical*

This establishment, connected as it is, with the world renowned and celebrated artist Verno of *Paris*, and Mayall of *London*, has facilities of receiving all the late European improvements.

We would call particular attention to our *Talbotypes* in *Oil*.

COLLINS & CO.

Main st., opposite Site late Hampden House, Springfield. Collin's buildings, Westfield.
No. 100 Chestnut st. Philadelphia.
March 12th, 1853. 47tf.



THE ROAD TO HEALTH.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Cure of a Disordeed Liver and bad Digestion.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. R. W. Kirkus, Chemist, 7, Prescot st., Liverpool, dated 6th June, 1851.

To Professor Holloway:

Sir,—Your Pills and Ointment have stood the highest on our sale list of Proprietary Medicines for some years. A customer, to whom I can refer for any inquiries, desires me to let you know the particulars of her case. She had been troubled for years with a disordered liver, and bad digestion. On the last occasion, however, the virulence of the attack was so alarming, and the inflammation sot in so severely, that doubts were entertained of her not being able to bear up under it; fortunately she was induced to try your Pills, and she informs me that after the first, and each succeeding dose, she had great relief. She continued to take them, and although she used only three boxes, she is now in the enjoyment of perfect health. I could have sent you many more cases, but the above, from the severity of the attack, and the speedy cure, I think, speaks much in favor of your astonishing Pills.

Signed R. W. KIRKUS.

An extraordinary Cure of Rheumatic Fever, in Van Diemen's Land.

Copy of a letter inserted in the Hobart Town Courier, of March 1st, 1851, by Major J. Walch.

Margaret M'Connigan, nineteen years of age, residing at New Town, had been suffering from a violent rheumatic fever for upwards of two months, which had entirely deprived her of the use of her limbs; during this period she was under the care of the most eminent medical men in Hobart Town, and by them her case was considered hopeless. A friend prevailed upon her to try Holloway's celebrated Pills, which she consented to do, and in an incredible short space of time they effected a perfect cure.

Cure of a Pain and Tightness in the Chest and Stomach of a Person 84 years of age.

From Messrs Thew and Son, Proprietors of the Lynn Advertiser, who can vouch for the following statement.

August 2d, 1851.

To Professor Holloway;

Sir,—I desire to bear testimony to the good effects of Holloway's Pills. For some years I suffered severely from a pain and tightness in the stomach, which was also accompanied by a shortness of breath, that prevented me from walking about. I am 84 years of age, and notwithstanding my advanced stage of life, these Pills have so relieved me, that I am desirous that others should be made acquainted with their virtues. I am now rendered, by their means, comparatively active, and can take exercise without inconvenience or pain, which I could not do before.

Signed HENRY COE.
North street, Lynn, Norfolk.

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficacious in the following complaints:

Ague	Inflammation
Asthma	Jaundice
Billious complaints	Liver complaints
Blotches on the Skin	Lumbago
Bowel complaints	Piles
Colics	Rheumatism
Constipation of bowels	Retention of Urine
Consumption	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Debility	Sore Throats
Dropsy	Stone and Gravel
Dysentery	Secondary Symptoms
Erysipelas	Tic Douloureux
Female irregularities	Tumors
Fevers of all kinds	Ulcers
Fits	Venereal affections
Gout	Worms of all kinds
Headache	Weakness, from what-
Indigestion	ever cause, &c &c.

Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, near Temple Bar, London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the British Empire, and of those of the United States, in boxes at 37 1-2 c., 87 c., and $150 c., each. Wholesale by the principal Drug houses in the Union, and by Messrs A. B. & D. SANDS New York, and REDDING Co., Boston.

For Sale in Palmer by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.
Sept 11th. 1yeow.

Shaving Made Easy.

BY using one of "Frederick's Celebrated Razors," which, together with Razors of several other brands, made by some of the best manufacturers in England; Shaving Brushes; and a variety of First Quality Soaps, &c., may be found at A. BLODGETT'S.
Union Block, Palmer Depot, Dec. 11. 34.

A FEW pieces 22 cts. DE LAINE for 12 1-2 cents, can be found at
MUNGER & BASSETT'S.
May 7. 3tf

Boots and Shoes.

JUST received a new lot of all kinds new styles, as good as the best and as cheap as the cheapest, at J. BOWLES'
No 1, Nassowanno Block.
Palmer, May 27. 3w6

New System and New Remedies
FOR THE CURE OF
CONSUMPTION:
NUTTALL'S SYRIACUM,
IN THREE BOTTLES,
CONTAINING
THREE DIFFERENT PREPARATIONS,
For the Cure of the
Three Different Stages OF CONSUMPTION.

INCIPIENT

FIRST STAGE—*Symptoms.*—Cough, pain in the breast, side, head, back, joints and limbs; inflammation, soreness and tickling in the throat fever, difficult and quick breathing, *expectoration difficult, slight and frothy.*

CONFIRMED

SECOND STAGE—*Symptoms.*—Costiveness, spasmodic cough, violent fever, night, morning and mid-day sweats, hectic flush in the face and cheeks, burning heat in the palms of the hands and soles of the feet, *expectoration easy, copious, and streaked with blood.*

TUBERCULAR

THIRD STAGE—*Symptoms.*—Diarrhœa, diminished fever, cough, and morning sweats, great and increasing debility, frequent fainting fits, slight delirium, and swelling of the extremities.

TO THE AFFLICTED.

The appearance in Three Bottles of NUTTALL'S SYRIACUM is a rare era in Medicine, from its novelty and direct opposition to the old *absurd and inconsistent one bottle system*, while its success prepared in this manner, each Bottle containing a different preparation, in curing the different stages which characterize Consumption, has established the welcome truth of the curability *of every stage of Pulmonary Consumption.*

Physicians approve of it, because it is based upon correct Physiological and Pathological principles. The public approve of it, because it is common sense, and because they *know* from actual experience that *one* preparation will *not* cure the *three* stages of Consumption. The suffering, disappointed, and discouraged Invalid approves of it, because its principles hold out a reasonable Hope, and *when he uses Nuttall's Syriacum, his hopes are realized.*

IF HE IS IN THE FIRST STAGE OF CONSUMPTION.

and uses the first bottle, his expectoration, difficult and painful, becomes free and easy, his cough soon gets well, the soreness, tickling in his throat, inflammation, pain in his breast, side, head, back, joints, and limbs are removed.

IF HE IS IN THE SECOND STAGE

and uses the second bottle, his fever leaves him, his disturbed slumbers become sweet and refreshing, his night sweats vanish, his expectoration copious and bloody, assumes a healthy appearance, and at length disappears, his bowels become regular, his appetite returns, the flush in his cheek disappears, the burning heat in the palms of his hands and soles of his feet, are felt no longer, his cough now ceases, he recovers and is well.

IF HE IS IN THE THIRD STAGE

and uses the third bottle, his Diarrhœa gradually ceases, his weak bowels become strong, his cough and other bad symptoms disappear, feeble digestion becomes strong and vigorous, his stomach recovers its proper tone, and creates new, rich and nourishing blood, his strength returns, his wasted body is clothed with flesh, his life is saved, and he is

RESTORED TO HEALTH!

Each bottle of *NUTTALL'S SYRIACUM* has the *symptoms* of the stage for which it is *intended*, printed in front of the wrapper, whereby every invalid knowing his own symptoms, can judge for himself

WHICH BOTTLE HE REQUIRES,

consequently no mistake can occur in selecting

THE PROPER MEDICINE.

☞ See Pamphlet in possession of the editor of this paper, containing Dr. Nuttall's Pathology of Consumption. Lecture on the Structure and Uses of the Human Lungs, and Certificates of Cures.

☞ Prepared only by *Dr. WM. NUTTALL*, Inventor and Proprietor. Price one dollar per bottle.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE,
278 *Race-st., one door above Eighth,*
PHILADELPHIA.

Sold in Palmer Depot, by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.
Dec. 4, 1852.

Plows.

THE Subscriber keeps at his shop, about one mile east of the Depot Village, the different sizes of J. R. Whittemore & Co.'s celebrated Eagle Plows, which he will sell for cash at manufacturers' prices, or exchange for white oak timber.

F. BLANCHARD.
Palmer, Dec. 27. 35tf

DEVINE'S
PITCH LOZENGES.

A pleasant, safe and effectual Remedy for Colds, Coughs, Influenza, Croup, Asthma, Whooping-Cough, and all Pulmonary Diseases, when a portion of the Lungs remain sufficient to sustain life. Columns of testimonials of their efficacy might be inserted, but the using of a single box is better evidence than them all.—Try them and be convinced.

Only 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Circulars containing certificates of Cures may be found with all the agents.

For sale, wholesale and retail by
A. BLODGETT,
Union Block, Palmer Depot, Feb. 12. 43tf

Coffins.

THE Subscriber keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of Mahogany, Black Walnut, White Wood and Pine Coffins, which he will furnish with shrouds and plates, if desired, and will deliver them if wished.

J. S. LOOMIS.
Palmer, Oct. 19, 1850. tf 29

Factory Room and Steam Power to Let.

TO LET, 2 Rooms 50 feet long and 40 feet wide, each, also steam power, situated 01 miles from Boston, within 50 feet of the Depot 10 trains a day each way. Will be let for a term of years on reasonable terms, on application to O. W. FISK,
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JUST received a beautiful assortment of Billet Paper of various styles—just the thing for writing pretty thoughts on—for sale cheap at the Journal Office.

All Ready!

TO show you Blk. and mode col'd Silk Hose, Mixed Slate and White Cotton do. for Ladies, Misses and Children. Men's 1-2 do., all qualities. Also Kid, Silk, Lisle and Cotton Gloves. Low prices will buy them of
M. W. FRENCH & CO.
April 16. 52tf

$500 CHALLENGE.

WHATEVER concerns the health and happiness of a people, is at all times of the most valuable importance. I take it for granted that every man will do all in their power, to save the lives of their children and that every person will endeavor to promote their own health at all sacriyes, I feel it to be my duty to solemnly assure ou that WORMS, according to the opinion of the best physicians, are the primary causes of a large majority of diseases to which children and adults are liable. If you have an appetite continually changeable from one kind of food to another, Bad Breath, Pain in the stomjack, Picking at the Nose, Hardness and Fullness of the Belly, Dry Cough, Slow Fever, Pulse irregular—remember that all these denote WORMS, and you should at once apply the remedy:—

Hobensack's Worm Syrup.

An article founded on Scientific Principles, compounded with purely vegetable substances, being perfectly safe when taken, and can be given to the most tender Infant with decided beneficial effect, where, *Bowell Complaints and Diarrhœa* have made them weak and debilitated the Tonic properties of my Worm Syrup are such that it stands without an equal in the catalogue of medicines, in giving tone and strength to the Stomach, which makes it an Infallible remedy for those afflicted with *Dyspepsia*, the astonishing cures performed by this Medicine after Physicians have failed, is the best evidence of its superior efficacy over all others.

The Tape Worm.

This is the most difficult worm to destroy of all that infest the human system, it grows to an almost indefinite length, becoming so coiled and fastened in the Intestines and Stomach, effecting the health so sadly as to cause the St. Vitus Dance, Fits, &c., that those afflicted seldom if ever suspect that it is Tape Worm hastening them to an early grave. In order to destroy this Worm, a very energetic treatment must be pursued, it would therefore be proper to take from 6 to 8 of my Liver Pills so as to remove all obstructions, that the Worm Syrup may act direct upon the Worm, which must be taken in doses of two table spoonfulls three times a day, these directions followed have never been known to fail in curing the most obstinate case of *Tape Worm.*

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No part of the system is more liable to disease than the LIVER, it serving as a filterer to purify the blood or giving the proper secretion of the bile; and so that wrong action of the Liver effects the other important parts of the System and results variously in Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, &c. We should therefore, watch every symptom that might indicate a wrong action of the Liver. These pills being composed of ROOTS & PLANTS furnished by nature to heal the sick: Namely 1st AN EXPECTORANT which augments the secretion from the Pulmonary mucus membrane or promotes the discharge of secreted matter. 2d, AN ALTERNATIVE, which changes in some incxplicable and insensible manner the certain morbid action of the System. 3d, A TONIC which gives tone and strength to the nervous system, renewing health and vigor to all parts of the body. 4th, A CATHARTIC, which acts in perfect harmony with the other ingredients and operating on the Bowels, and expelling the whole mass of corrupt and vitiated matter, and purifying the blood, which destroys disease and restores health.

To Females.

You will find these Pills an invaluable medicine in many complaints to which you are subject. In obstruction either total or partial they have been found of inestimable benefit, restoring their functional arrangements to a healthy action, purifying the blood and other minds so effectually, as to put to flight all complaints which may arise from female irregularities, as headache, giddiness, dimness of sight, pain in the side, back, &c.

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FOR THE COMPLETE CURE OF
Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood, Asthma,
AND ALL OTHER LUNG COMPLAINTS
TENDING TO
CONSUMPTION!

THE above Expectorant, prepared by an experienced Physician and Chemist, has now become a standard Preparaion, and is offered for the COMPLETE CURE of those diseases of the THROAT and LUNGS, which, if neglected, usually terminate fatally in CONSUMPTION. It contains no *Opium, Calomel*, or any mineral whatever, but is composed entirely of those *Roots, Herbs*, and *Vegetable substances* which have a specific influence upon the Lungs and their connected organs. Its immediate effect is to allay all irritation, and gently remove the phlegm and other morbid secretions from the Throat and Air passages, thus relieving the Cough, by subduing the inflamation and other causes which give rise to it. It is approved of and recommended by Physicians of the highest standing, and may be given with perfect safety to the youngest child or the most delicate female.

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OFFICE CORNER OF MAIN AND THORNDIKE STS.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

ROMANCE OF REAL LIFE.

An Eventful and Remarkable Personal History.

The venerable Abbess of the Ursuline Convent of Nevers, died lately at the advanced age of ninety-eight. For fifty years she had been an inmate of the convent winning the love and respect of all who approached her.

In the summer of 1762, there broke out in Paris a disease very similar to what is now called cholera, and which was quite as fatal in its consequences.—Although not contagious, the immense numbers attacked by it led the people to think it was so, and terror took hold of the minds of all. Mothers abandoned their children, wives their husbands, sisters their brothers, and almost as many perished by flight as by the disease itself. In two months thirty-one thousand persons were buried in the different burying grounds around the city. The hospitals were crowded—so crowded that the physicians and nurses passed with difficulty among the beds, and the demand for admission was so great that every day a long file of sick might be seen at the door, some supported by relations, but the most part lying on the ground, waiting until their turn should come to be admitted, but often before night the half of them were carried to the cemetery instead of the infirmary. As may well be supposed, the tasks of the physicians were not light, and finally they were obliged to organize their labor, and force themselves to repose a certain time every day, and take the servies in turns, in order to be able to bear up under the extraordinary efforts they were called upon to make.

One day, as a young physician—he who twenty years later was known as the celebrated Dr. Soule—was leaving to go and take his turn of repose, a servant man breathless and pale, met him at the gate and asked him if he was a physician. The doctor answered in the affirmative, and the man begged him, for God's sake, to go to a house in the neighborhood and see a sick person. Although against the rule they had established, the doctor consented, and was conducted to the house by the servant, who showed him into a large handsomely furnished room. In this room the doctor remarked first a tall handsome woman, with her hair all in disorder, and her face pale as a corpse, standing near and screening a child, who lay on a sofa. Around her was collected a group of twelve young girls, who looked to the doctor to be nearly of the same age, and made him suppose it was a boarding school, particularly as these young girls all wore dark green silk dresses, and had their blond hair braided and tied with blue ribbons. The doctor could see no difference between any of them; they all had fair skins, small blue eyes, light hair, long noses, and large mouths; but before he could ask any questions about them, the woman advanced hurriedly and seized him by thh arm, led him to the sofa, and in a hoarse voice said, "Look at that child!"

The doctor looked. Before him lay a beautiful little girl of about ten years of age, but utterly different from the others. Her hair was as black as midnight, and hung in ringlets over her shoulders; her eyes were closed, and her livid complexion and contracted features showed that the dreadful disease had seized upon her.

"Open the window," said the doctor, "and bring some vinegar to rub the child's body."

"What!" cried the woman "she has not got the plague?"

"Why certainly; did you not know it?" answered the doctor.

"No, no; take her away, take her away! She shan't stay here to kill us all! Come my daughters, come away quick! Oh! the wretched child, she will be the death of you!" and she pushed the twelve girls out of the room, and went after them.

But the doctor sprang after her.

"Are you the mother of that child?" said the doctor.

"Yes; but take her away—she shan't stay here."

"She must be put to bed and taken care of," said the doctor.

"She shall not have a bed in this house take her away."

"But where am I to take her? besides she will die if removed."

"I don't care—take her to the hospital; anywhere, only take her away from this house."

Though horrified by the feelings expressed by this unnatural mother, the doctor tried a moment to persuade her to do something for her child; but finding it useless, and seeing that if he left the little girl in the house she would die from neglect, he took her in his arms and wrapped her in a blanket, and carried her to the hospital, where he was fortunate enough to find a vacant bed for the little sufferer. The doctor then made some enquiries concerning her parents, and learned that Monsieur Domergue was a manufacturer of large means, and his wife really the mother of thirteen children, all daughters, and duly registered at the Mayor's office as having been born in seven years.

Six times Madame Domergue brought a pair into the world, all wonderfully resembling each other, light hair, blue eyes, fair skin and sharp features. The mother adored them, and her pride and joy was at its climax when she found her family again about to be increased. But alas! this time she was disappointed, for a little girl arrived without any companion. This alone would have been sufficient to turn her mother's heart from her, but besides this she was entirely different from the twelve others.

The mother could see no beauty in her clear brunette complexion, her black curling hair, dark eyes and exquisite features and from the moment of her birth, little Esther was an isolated being, unloved and uncared for. While her sisters were dressed in silk, she wore cotton, and while they were fed upon dainty food, she eat with the servants in the kitchen.—As she grew she gave her mother fresh cause for dislike, for whereas her sisters were endowed with intellects of the most mediocre order, and learned the simplest things with the greatest difficulty, Esther's talents and quickness of perception made her the wonder even of her sisters. Seeing this, that her twelve pets were likely to be thrown into the shade, Madame Domergue stopped Esther's lessons entirely, and the most the poor child could obtain was permission to remain in the room while her sisters were with their teachers. By this means she was enabled to learn a great deal, and as she afterwards often said, these were her only happy hours. The father of this large family, though a kind-hearted man, was exceedingly weak, and the slave of his wife. Besides, he was much from home, and when in the house, he never dared to interfere with the regulations made by her.

All these particulars the doctor heard from the servants and the neighbors, and the interest he felt for the child thus singularly placed under his care, was doubled, and he determined to use every means to save her life. He accordingly watched her himself night and day, and finally found his efforts crowned with success.—The child got well.

It was just three weeks after his first visit to the house of Monsieur Domergue that the doctor returned, taking with him the little girl who had been most miraculously saved from death. When he reached the door, some men were just bringing out two coffins to be placed in a hearse which stood in the street. The doctor and his protege ascending the stairs entered the parlor and proceeded to another room without seeing anybody or hearing any noise. But Esther in the greatest alarm pushed open a door and led the way to the room where she and her twelve sisters had slept together.—The other was open; but four beds alone occupied the room, and two of them were empty. On the others lay two of the fair-haired twins, and by their side stood Madame Domergue, looking at them as if stupefied.

Esther, with an undefined dread of something frightful, rushed up to her mother and threw her arms aronnd her. But as soon as Madame Domergue saw her she threw her from her, then seized her again and would have torn her in pieces if the doctor had not snatched her from her grasp. As it was the child's face was all scratched and bloody and she fainted almost immediately.

"Why do you bring her here?" cried Madame Domergue. "She is the cause of all my misfortune. There lie the only two I have left. Take the little demon away or I will kill her in spite of you."

Almost frozen with horror, the doctor answered not a word, but bore the insensible and bleeding child from the room of the house, and placed her in a carriage which he saw passing. He ordered the coachman to drive to an obscure little street where lived, in the most humble manner, the doctor's venerable mother.—She received the unhappy girl, gave her all necessary relief, and installed her in a small room near her own.

It was as Madame Domergue had said; in three weeks ten of her idolized daughters had fallen victims to the disease, and the day after the doctor's second visit the other two died and were buried like their sisters. A few days more and the mother herself followed, and when the doctor, hearing of it, returned, he found that house, once so noisy with young voices and full of the joy and pride of a large family, silent as the tomb, occupied only by a premature old man, left alone in the world and prostrate with grief. A few months afterwards M. Domergue died in hopeless insanity.

Esther, brought up under the motherly care of Madame Soule, budded into womanhood, as lovely a young creature as could possibly be seen. When in her 18th eighteenth year, she became of the doctor who was now beginning to be known in the world, and she made her appearance in the saloons of Paris, and was for years the most admired woman of the time.—She became the mother of five children—four sons and one daughter—whom she brought up and educated to be an honor to herself and ornaments to the society in which they lived. Dr. Soule became in time one of the physicians of the court of Louis XVI, and when the political troubles began to break out, he unfortunately wrote a pamphlet in favor of the court, and thus became a marked man. In the fall of 1792, at three o'clock one morning, the police forcibly entered Dr Soule's house, dragged him and his two eldest sons from their beds, and in spite of the prayers and entreaties of the poor wife and mother, carried them off.—It was nearly a week before Madame Soule could hear any news of her beloved ones, and then—they had already been dead four days—the guillotine had done its work for them. Madame Soule clasped her three remaining children in her arms, two boys of seventeen and eighteen and a girl of fifteen years of age.—But as yet she little knew in the agony of her grief, that fresh trouble was preparing for her. Her sons swore within themselves to revenge the murder of their father and brothers. It would take too long to narrate all the circumstances which followed; but these two young men placed themselves at the head of a conspiracy against the government, and one year precisely from the day on which she had learned the death of her husband and two eldest sons, Madame Soule received a short note as follows:

CONCIERGERIE, Thursday noon.

Mother, dear Mother:—We have conspired against the government—we have been betrayed, and are to die to-morrow. Bear it bravely, mother, we die for our father and our brothers.

HENRI ET VICTOR.

What words can describe the despair of that poor mother? At first, she prayed God to take her life or her reason.—But a ray of hope dawned upon her.—She might, perhaps, save her boys; the tribunal which had condemned them could not be deaf to a mother's prayer—a mother's despair. But alas! Madame Soule little knew the men upon whose compassion she counted. In vain she supplicated, in vain she prayed; they ended by refusing to listen to her any longer. She did all that possibly could be done to save her boys from death; she even, after the example of Madame Chalis, tried to bribe the executioners. But they accepted her money and then betrayed her. Finding all her efforts useless, she tried to resign herself, and determined, as she could not obtain her son's lives, at least to get permission to aid them to die. This was with great difficulty granted her, but at last she received it, and a couple of hours before the execution was to take place, she presented herself before her unhappy boys.

Then all the grandeur of her soul, devotion, the resignation which was so remarkable in her after life, showed itself. No useless tears, no reproaches, no lamenting. One short burst of agony, which the sight of the manacled limbs of her children forced from her, in spite of herself, and she had done with this world. Every moment was precious. God, and the eternity into which these two boys were soon to enter, formed the whole subject of the conversation between the mother and her children, until the jailor came to announce that the moment had arrived to say their last prayers. Madame Soule stood by while the chains were knocked off, she knelt and prayed with the priest, who had been sent to accompany the prisoners to the scaffold; and she then [illegible] her beloved boys and left the prison with them.

The public place was crowded with people. They could not help pitying those two handsome youths about to be executed, but tears ran down the hardest cheeks at the sight of that noble mother, still in mourning for her husband and two eldest children, and now accompanying her two remaining sons to death. She ascended the scaffold with them, embraced them tenderly, offered up a short prayer with them, and then allowed herself to be led away by a friend. But she was not out of hearing when the shouts of the multitude announced to her that all was over.

Well, in '95 she was herself condemned to death on the charge of concealing her brother-in-law, a political prisoner who had escaped from prison. A second time she mounted the scaffold, and was preparing to die, when an order came for her release. She then retired to a little farm near Blois and soon after married her daughter to a man every way worthy of her. But misfortune was to be her lot through life. Her only child, all that had been left her to love and cherish, died in child-birth, eleven months after her marriage.

It was then that Madame Soule turned her eyes toward the cloister. After considerable delay she was received into the Ursuline Convent of Nevers, and in 1825 made Lady Abbess, which place she held until her death. Her last moments were soothed by the presence of many of those upon whom she had conferred her benefits and charities, and she died as calmly as an infant falling to sleep, her lips sealed to the crucifix, and her eyes turned to that heaven to which certainly, if affliction borne in the name of Christ with resignation accord the right to enter, she had won.

THE WORD "SELAH."—The translators of the bible have left the Hebrew word Selah, which occurs so often in the Psalms, as they found it, and of course the English reader often asks his minister or some learned friend what it means.—And the minister or friend has most often been obliged to confess ignorance, because it is a matter in regard to which the most learned have by no means been of one mind. The Targums and most of the Jewish commentators give the word meaning, *eternally, forever*. Rabbi Kinchi regards it as a sign to elevate the voice. The authors of the septuagint translation appear to have regarded it as a musical sign, equivalent perhaps to the word *repeat*. According to Luther and others it means *silence*. Genius explains it to mean, *let the instruments play and the singers stop*. Wochem regards it as equivalent to *sursem corda*—up my soul! Summer, after examining all the seventy-four passages in which the word occurs, recognizes in every case "an actual appeal or summons to Jehovah." They are calls and prayers to be heard, expressed either with entire directness, or if not, the imperative "Hear, Jehovah," or "Awake Jehovah!" and the like still earnest addresses to God that he would remember and hear, &c. The word itself he regards as indicating a blast of trumpets by the priests. Selah itself he thinks an abridged expression, used for Higgaion Selah—Higgaion indicating the sound of the stringed instruments, and Selah a vigorous blast of trumpets.—*Bibliotheca Sacra*.

"*He got it all picking 'Greens.*"—Do you hear that, boys?' "He got it all picking 'Greens,'" said a farmer the other day, when calling for a deposit, and its accumulated interest, at the old Savings Bank in this city. The deposit, made several years ago by the guardian of the boy, from a neighboring town, has increased somewhat over one hundred and fifty per cent; and now, the boy having grown to man's estate, and having taken possession of a small farm in Vermont, finds the earnings of his childhood a very convenient help in putting a new barn on his homestead; and—*and do you hear, boys and girls—he got it all picking greens*—just as the farmer said, and just as each of you may do. —*Lowell News*.

THE DIFFERENCE.—Power is a poor substitute for public opinion. The President of the United States has no body-guard but a walking stick. The Emperor of Austria, on the contrary, has a body-guard of 10,000 Hussars. The former walks about the land as free from assault as an oyster warder, while the latter cannot even poke his nose outside of his palace without exposing his buckskins to an unpleasant shower of pigeon shot.

Rural Life.

This primeval enjoyment of man is the most healthful of all occupations; healthful for the body and the soul. What other pursuits by which men obtain honest bread afford such vigorous training for the physical power, such various and extensive ranges of mental exercise? And where may the moral nature of man be preserved unsullied from vice, and grow and expand more, than in the rural scenes beneath the purest air of heaven? The farmer's life is not to scratch with the pen, erlasting unpacking 'anner, nor an evanother's labor. He walks forth under the open sky, his broad acres spread out beneath his feet; the blue concave, sunlit or starlit, or shronded in clouds, is still above him. Health claims him as her favorite child, and the glorious sun loves to kiss a cheek that is not ashamed to wear the ruddy imprint of snch affection. Nature's own imitable babbling brooks, birds, breeze, or rustling foliage, enter his ear on their glad mission to his heart. He listens to instructive voices continually speaking from the universe around him. His eyes gather truth from pages of wisdom everywhere open before him. Each day, each month, season after season, year after year, these teachings are given to him infinite in variety, and endless in extent. When, towards the close of a sultry day, the summers blessing comes pouring down as says the beautiful poetry of the sacred volume, the trees of the field clap their hands, and the valleys covered with corn shout for joy—the farmer retiring from his labors to the friendly shelter of his cottage roof, improves his leisure hours with measures of wisdom.

Which would you Choose?

The world looks upon some of their families coming out like a fresh blooming flower in the morning; their cheeks covered with the bloom of health; their steps bounding with the elasticity of youth; riches and luxuries at their command; long bright summer days before them—the world says, There is a happy soul! God takes us into the darkened room where some child of God lately dwelt.—He points to the pale face where death enthroned—the cheek wasted by long disease—the eye glazed in death—the stiff hands clasped over the bosom—the friends standing weeping round, and he whispers in our ears.

"Blessed are the dead!" Ah, dear friends think a moment, whether does God or you know best? It is a happy thing to live in the favor of God; to have peace with God; to frequent the throne of grace; to burn the perpetual incense of praise; meditate on his word; to hear the gospel preached; to serve God; even to wrestle and run and fight in his service, is sweet. Still God says—"Blessed are the dead." If it be happy to have his smile here, how much happier to have it without a clond yonder! If it be sweet to be the growing corn of the Lord here, how much better to be gathered into his barn! If it be sweet to have anchor within the vail, how much better ourselves to be there, where no gloom can come?—"In thy presence is fulness of joy; at thy right hand are pleasures for evermore."—Even Jesus felt this: God attests it.—"Blessed are the dead."

PHYSIC.—Many unfortunate persons have a sad propensity for amateur physicing, and labor to improve nature by the addition of pestilential drugs. How delightful! It is said that David Hartley took two hundred pounds of soap to cure the stone. Bishop Berkley drank a butt of tar water. Meyer, in the course of chemical neutralization, swallowed 1200 crab's eyes. One person took so much of elixir of vitriol that the keys were rusted in his pocket by the transundation of the acid through his skin; and another turned blue from the quantity of argentum nitratum which had been administered to him. Well might the poet say to his black boy, "take physic, Pomp!"

AN INTERESTING FACT FOR SNUFF-TAKERS.—A late English paper states that a snuff and tobacco manufacturer has recently been fined by the Excise Commissioners in the mitigated penalty of £25 (his liability being £300) for mixing chromate of lead with snuff. His object, he said, was to "add brilliancy to the mixture."

☞ WASHINGTON TERRITORY is rapidly filling up with emigrants. There are fifteen saw-mills in operation in the Territory, besides several others in contemplation. A large number of persons are engaged in the lumber business, which has increased very greatly.

SAD CASE.—A lad of twelve years of age came into the Police Court of Cincinnati, and asked to be committed to the House of Refuge. When interrogated as to what had prompted him to take such a course, he replied that his father and mother did nothing but get drunk and abuse him, and that he was anxious to be placed out of their reach and influence.

A Remarkable Incident.

In a quiet village situated on the shores of a beautiful lake, lived a man of some wealth and independence of manner. He disregarded the Sabbath entirely, and pursued his business or pleasure as best suited his convenience. He commenced building a boat principally for pleasure-excursions on the lake. While he was proceeding with the enterprise, which, it was whispered abroad, would afford opportunity for sailing, he was called on by a minister, who inquired about the boat, and expostulated with him, as the immorality—and [illegible] the wildness and arid the minister, 'your boat will prove a Sabbath-breaker. The man looked him in the face, and with much assurance said, 'Yes, it will; that's just what I'll name my boat.—I've been thinking what to call her, and you have just hit it. I thank you for the suggestion. The boat shall be called *The Sabbath Breaker*.' As he said this he bid the minister good day with a chuckle at his evident surprise and mortification. The building went on, and especially on Sunday. She was soon ready to launch, and was launched on Sunday, and named 'The Sabbath breaker,' amid the cheers of some twenty or thirty half-intoxicated men. An old sailor or two shook their heads at the way she struck the water, but the folly usual to such an owner, hid his eyes to the truth. She was rigged and fitted for an excursion. She must go out on Sunday. A general invitation was given, and numbers crowded on board. On the streamer was floating the name in large letters,—'The Sabbath breaker.'

She was put out. Several, seized by an indefinite dread as they read the name over them, sprang on shore; others would have done so, but she was off. She sailed well enough for a while. The timid felt reassured and music and mirth began. But scarcely four hours had elapsed, when the boat was struck by a flaw of wind, which came very suddenly upon them. Confusion reigned on board. Scarce an effort was made. She keeled almost instantly over, and went to the bottom. Now, what an outcry! But all was over. Forty souls, mostly youth, had found a watery grave, and just above the surface of the lake floated the flag, bearing the inscription, 'Sabbath breaker,' proclaiming to all the passers-by that there is a God in heaven who judgeth righteously.—*California Christian Advocate*.

Pursuit of Science under Difficulties.—It is said that in India lines of electrical telegraphic communication work remarkably well in the transmission of important news from posts distant from each other, and 3000 miles of additional lines are to be added immediately. It is related that a short time since, some delay having occurred in the transmission of signals from one of the stations, the cause was asked, and answer returned, that no one could get near the office with messages, as *two tigers and some other ferocious creatures were prowling about the office*. Highly characteristic this of the jungle district, though not an enviable position for the clerk.

☞ One of the laws of the Hindoos forbids a widow to marry. This arbitrary restriction has been broken over in one instance, at Kornugger, where a female who was widowed at *nine* years of age was remarried. The marriage is styled a 'unique occurrence,' in the papers, and has resulted in the banishment of the couple from the leading families in the neighborhood; but it is stated that the gold of the husband had bought up the sympathy of the disaffected community.

MARRIAGE FASHION.—The present fashion in England, at marriages, is to have heaps of bridesmaids. Lady Edith Hastings, who was married to Fred. Clifton, had eleven bridesmaids, all attired in white muslin dresses over pink silk, with pink silk bonnets trimmed with white lilac. Each had a bouquet ornamented with pink ribbons.

COSTLY FURNITURE.—The furniture of the Belgian Minister has been sold by auction at Washington. It was very splendid, and mainly European. The rosewood damask chairs cost $200 per dozen, and sold for $10. Arm chairs sold for $32 each.

☞ The Washington National Monument is now one hundred and thirty feet high, and within a few days the next course is to be commenced, which will add two feet to its altitude. Blocks of stone have been received for insertion in the column, from every State in the Union.

CHARITY.—It is an old saying, says Cumberland, that *charity begins at home*; but this is no reason it should not go abroad; a man should live with the world as a citizen of the world, he may have a preference for the particular quarter or square, or even alley, in which he lives, but he should have a generous feeling for the welfare of the whole.

☞ The fear of God is the beginning of wisdom.

THE JOURNAL.

PALMER, MASS.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 18, 1853.

Execution of Arthur Spring.

On the night of March 10, 1853, two unprotected females, named Ellen Lynch and Honora Shaw, were assassinated at their residence, No. 230, Federal street, Philadelphia. The commission of the crime was traced to an Irishman, notorious for his bad character, named Arthur Spring, who was subsequently tried, convicted and sentenced to death. Friday, last week, was the day appointed for the execution by Governor Bigler. Unwilling to believe there was no hope left for him, the wretched culprit persisted in assertions of his innocence and seemed to expect a reprieve. But no reprieve came, and he died declaring his innocence.

Before 9 o'clock, nearly one thousand citizens had been admitted to the yard of the prison, to witness the execution. The crowd necessarily created confusion and excitement. The hour fixed for the execution was 11 o'clock A. M., and as it approached, the Sheriff and his deputy entered the cell of Spring to prepare him for his ignominious end. The prisoner expressed a desire to be speedily executed, but when his arms were pinioned, he changed his mind, and asked for stimulants, which were not given him.—He finally gained strength, and declared that he could "bravely take the fate he was doomed to meet." At 11 o'clock he was marched from the north corridor of the prison into the long avenue leading to the easterly corner of the yard.

On being asked by the clergyman in attendance if he was guilty, he replied:

"No, sir; no, sir! *I am not!* I am innocent! The first I ever knew of the murder of the women was about 7 o'clock the next morning, when the officers arrested me after I had been called to breakfast."

The Minister.—It has also been alleged, and the Grand Jury have brought a true bill against you in regard to the murder of Mr. Rink. Are you guilty or not guilty, of that murder.

Spring.—No, sir! I never saw the man in my life before.

The Minister.—I have one more question to ask you and I have done. Before God, who sees you, and in whose presence you are now to stand, is your son, Arthur Spring, Jr. entirely clear of the murder of these women?

Spring.—I believe he is a gentleman. I believe he had nothing more to do with it any more than I have.

The Minister.—May God have mercy on your soul. It is all I have to say.

At 10 minutes past 11 o'clock, the white cap was drawn over the culprit's face; the gentlemen in attendance shook hands with him, and instantly the props were jerked away by the executioner (a colored man disguised with a mask and gloves) and he was immediately numbered among the dead.

The Losses.—The California papers contain the following:

Big Lump.—A "nugget," as the Australians call it, weighing 34 1-2 ounces, was taken out of a placer, one and a half miles above Downieville, on Thursday last. All accounts concur in showing that mining prospects were never better in that region than at present.

Another Big Chunk.—We have been informed of another big piece of gold, which was taken out about a month since in this county, about four miles from Sonora. It was taken from Saw-pit Gulch, near the head of the San Diego water flume. Its total weight was 11 1-2 pounds and it contained 10 pounds of solid gold. It has been cut up and divided between its five owners, together with $85 of fine gold to each man, which was taken out at the same time. The lucky finders are Messrs. Bautus & Co., a German company.

A Bold Thief.—A curious instance of stealing came before the Police Court this morning. Miss Harriet Brown was accused of stealing a gingham dress from Miss Alice Celeste Orcutt, 35 Stark Corporation. She also stole a white shirt from Miss Roxana Weisteward, and another white one from Miss Achsah Woodward. She was to be married to-day, and stole these things yesterday to make up her outfit for the bridal occasion.—She boards at No. 9 Central Building, and called at 35 Stark, to see her cousin, where she committed a deed which may spoil her chance for a husband. She had the dress on when arrested last evening. She plead guilty and was fined $5 and ordered to pay triple the value of the dress, and costs, $34 47. Her "intended" footed the bill, but intimated that the matrimonial knot would go untied for some time.—*Manchester (N. H.) Mirror.*

A Black Snake in a Cotton Mill.—The girls in one of the lower rooms on the Lawrence Corporation, in Lowell, were somewhat startled on Friday, by the appearance of a huge black snake at one of the windows. He clumbed up by means of the shrubbery under the window, and, with head erect, was viewing the operation of the machinery evidently with all the interest of a master mechanic. His presence not being particularly agreeable to the operatives, he was assaulted with clubs and speedily despatched by two men employed in the room. He measured 4 feet in length.

Something very like a Miracle.—The North British Daily Mail has the following, under the title of "Remarkable Occurrence":—"A little girl had her left eye so completely covered with a white speck that it was rendered sightless. A few days since, while amusing herself out of doors, a dove descended from a neighboring dwelling house, and, as if in search of food, removed the speck with its bill, without causing the slightest injury, so that ever since, the vision of the girl has been perfect."

Another Murder.—Still another murder in N. Y. city. Wm. Stanford, aged 21, died in the N. Y. City Hospital, on Sunday, from injuries received at the hands of some rowdies, who passed him into Francis's Hotel, on the night of the fourteenth ult., and beat him violently on the head with a glass decanter.—The assailants were unknown to the authorities, and no arrests have been made.

☞ A valuable horse belonging to David Boyington of Hadley, was recently drowned under circumstances which lead to the suspicion of foul play. It was found in the river on Sabbath morning, with his head tied to a large rock by a short rope.—*Amherst Express.*

Another Counterfeiter Arrested.—Benjamin W. French, was arrested in Albany, on Monday, charged with passing counterfeit money, and upon examining him, seven $5 bills on the Western Bank, Springfield and eight $3 bills on the White River Bank, Bethel, Vt. all counterfeit, were found upon his person.

Basis of Representation.

The Constitutional Convention Committee, to whom was referred the basis of Representation, have made their report, which embraces two plans—one by the majority of the Committee and one by the minority. The plan recommended by the former provides that every city or town may elect one Representative without regard to the number of its inhabitants. Every town or city containing five thousand inhabitants shall be the number which shall entitle it to an additional representative. Provided, however, that no town or city shall be entitled to more than thirty representatives.

The plan of the minority provides for the equal division of the State into districts for the election of two hundred and forty representatives; and for this purpose each of the forty districts for the election of Senators shall be divided according to population, as equally as it can be done, into units of each representative district so formed shall elect three representatives.

The first plan seems more compatible with the democratic principles than the latter.—Every town is a separate organization and should be represented *every year* in the Legislature, in the same manner that every State in the Union is represented in Congress. The only objection to this is, that the power of the majority would be reduced, while that of the minority would be increased. For instance: the town of Holland with three or four hundred inhabitants would be represented in the Legislature to the same extent of Palmer with a population of four thousand. At the same time the interests of this town would be as well cared for by *one* Representative as by two, or even more. On the other hand, in basing the Representation upon the number of inhabitants, allowing each town to be represented every year, the legislative body would become too unwieldy and expensive. This, in fact, is the case now, while some towns go unrepresented for five or six years in every ten.

The plan of dividing the State into districts, as proposed by the minority of the Committee, is decidedly wrong. It would often array the interests of one town against another, besides breaking up present corporate Representation—a principle which has become time honored in Massachusetts. It would also give a wider field for political strife and prostitute the honest purposes of the system.

There is one way in which Representation can be conducted, and the system be based on the number of inhabitants, while it would allow each town the privilege of electing a Representative every year, and at the same time the number of Representatives in the General Court would be materially diminished. The plan is this: Let every town and city containing a population of one hundred or five thousand be entitled to elect one Representative, and each Representative be allowed *one vote* in the Legislature for every five hundred or one thousand inhabitants his town or city contains. For every additional four or five thousand population let an additional Representative be chosen. Such a system would not disfranchise one-fourth of the citizens of large cities as one plan of the Constitutional Committee would, nor would it take away from small towns the privilege of a just and democratic Representation.—Our plan may not present inducements sufficient to warrant its adoption, but it certainly looks rational to us, and among the numerous suggestions made just now, concerning the basis of Representation, we give ours gratuitously, and are willing to rest it upon its own merits.

Women's Rights.—Petitions from the "fast women" continue to be handed in to the Constitutional Convention, praying that the word *male* may be stricken out of the Constitution. It is useless to argue the matter with these fanatics, for their whole force is employed with this one idea, and as women can talk faster than men, they will of course get ahead of any man who attempts to show them the fallacy of their doctrine. The Committee to whom these petitions are referred, should treat them with proper respect and, at the same time allow them all the weight they possess. But the Committee will find better employment in attending to the legitimate business of the Convention, which, we contend, has nothing to do with such contemptible stuff as a few misguided women are endeavoring to force upon the Convention.

A Discovery.—The New Orleans Delta has made the important discovery that Henry Ward Beecher is the real author of Uncle Tom's Cabin, instead of Mrs. Stowe. Mr. Beecher is Mrs. Stowe's brother, and has taken a lively interest in the success of the publication. The Delta thinks Mrs. Stowe incapable of writing the work.

A Hanging Day.—Friday, June 10, might be properly called "hangman's day." Between its hours of 2 and 3 o'clock, seven victims in various parts of the country were doomed to expiate their crimes upon the scaffold. And was society benefitted thereby?

Litter of Calves.—A cow belonging to Milton Buchanan of Lincoln, Tenn, one day last week gave birth to seven calves. We have no recollection ever to have read of so large a number at one birth. The cow with her little flock have all died.

Riot in Canada---Fifty Persons Shot!

Father Gavazzi was severely mobbed at Quebec, on Tuesday evening, last week, and on Thursday evening he was subjected to similar treatment at Montreal. Father Gavazzi is an Italian (exile) priest, and is lecturing against the Roman Church. During his lecture at Quebec, some one exclaimed "it's a fire," which was the signal for the mob to commence.

Some of the ruffians rushed up the rear steps of the pulpit stairs to pull Gavazzi down from the platform inside the pulpit, upon which he stood, *and which is marked and sealed with his blood*, but the intrepid patriot seized a chair and knocked them down with such power and force that it shivered his weapon to pieces; he then seized a stool and the feet of a table, and made a most gallant defense. The ladies of whom many of the first families in the city were present—screaming, fainting, terror-stricken; fighting going on below; many people lying down wounded, as at the Astor-place riot in the Macready excitement. Stout fellows with clubs rushed into the church; the police with the exception of a few, are said to have taken the thing quite cooly; the Mayor, Mr. Tessier, was sent for to the House of Assembly, and the military in garrison were written for. Meantime Gavazzi's Secretary was and thrown on the floor, seemingly dead.—Plenty of blood marks his path. The gallant Sergeant Lawson, often struck at—severely hit—never deserted the persecuted Roman; but suddenly, after nearly half an hour of fighting, some of the rioters got hold of Gavazzi by the legs, dragged him from the pulpit, and threw him with great force on the heads of the people below—from whence he got a refuge in the basement till the arrival of the soldiers, who escorted him to Russell's Hotel.

On Thursday night he was subjected to similar brutal treatment, at Montreal. While lecturing there a mob collected and at about 8 o'clock in the evening, attacked and overpowered the police on the outside of the church. On endeavoring to enter the church, they were met and repulsed by a party of about twenty persons, several shots being fired on both sides, and two or three of the assaulting party being left dead or wounded on the ground. About this time, a company of soldiers were marched up and halted near by. When the lecture had concluded, and the people had begun to leave the church a good deal of hooting and noise prevailed, and some disturbances occuring among the troops, several shots were fired. For some immediate cause, (and what that was is not apparent yet,) the soldiers then fired two volleys among the crowd, composed very largely, of course, of unoffending persons.

Some ten or twelve persons were killed, and nearly fifty others more or less wounded. The citizens of Montreal held a meeting on Friday, and past resolutions requesting Gavazzi to complete his lectures, and desiring the Mayor to resign for not performing his duty.

Pelham Springs.—The "Pleasant Valley Springs" in Pelham, are said to possess great medicinal qualities, and the location of the country round about is represented to be very romantic. Persons from New York or Boston can reach the Springs in a day's ride, by coming to Palmer and then going up on the Amherst & Belchertown railroad. Pelham is celebrated for being the place where Stephen Burrows preached his famous hay-mow sermon to the Pelhamites, who were endeavoring to arrest him. He kept them at bay with a pitchfork, till he had finished his sermon, when he made his escape. We believe Pelham is also the birth place of the rebel Shays, known as the leader of "Shays Rebellion." Taking it all around, Pelham is one of *the* places. We spent a week there at a camp meeting, when a boy, and shall never forget the "everlasting hills" which pillowed our head at night and tired our feet by day. "Hooraw" for the Pelham Springs!

Editorial Convention.—A convention of the editors in the State of Connecticut, was held at New Haven on Wednesday.—More than two-thirds of the papers of the State were represented. An association was formed under the name of the Connecticut Newspaper Association, for the purpose of establishing harmonious, social and business relations between the members of the craft, and preserve and enchance the dignity of the profession. Resolutions were passed to the effect that obituary notices, resolutions, &c., exceeding five lines in length, should be paid for at not less than regular advertising rates; against exclusive advertising agencies; and that editorial notices to promote private interests, resolutions of societies, &c., should invariably be paid for.

The Shirt Sewers of New York.—The New York Herald estimates that there are about five thousand shirt sewers in New York, and that each of them makes a shirt a day. At $2 per shirt, the value of the trade yearly would be $3,130,000. The Herald says:

"Each shirt sewer earns on an average two dollars and a half a week, making the aggregate yearly earnings about $600,000.—More than one-third of all the shirts made here are sent to the South and West by our wholesale shirt manufacturers, of whom there are about twenty altogether.

☞ In the lower part of Dutchess county, serious ravages are being committed upon the forest trees by a bug. The insects strip the tree of all its foliage, and leave nothing but the naked limbs. They appear to move in straight lines, as they can be tracked through a grove. They eat through a narrow strip, leaving the trees on each side untouched. Their noise resembles the buzzing of a swarm of bees.—*N. Y. Agriculturist.*

Sudden Death.—Mr. Robert Barr, of Marblehead, died suddenly in Salem, on Tuesday evening last. He, with his wife and children, were on a visit to her father, in that city. Soon after entering the house he took up his child, and dropped dead with it on his arm—probably in a apoplectic fit.

☞ Dr. Andrus of Chester, has been sentenced to four years imprisonment in the State Prison at hard labor, for stealing notes from his grandmother.

A Fair Prospect of War.

News from Europe gives a dark look for poor Turkey. The Russian Bear has reared himself to embrace that effeminate empire, intending to make a good meal out of it, without much trouble. The proposals of Russia being rejected, the Emperor Nicholas has said he would carry his cannon to Constantinople to punish the Porte. The account of the affair says:

Menschikoff left Constantinople on the 22d and arrived at Odessa on the 23d. The Russian army of 100,000 strong were concentrating on the Turkish frontiers. The Ministers of France, England, Prussia, and Austria made a joint attempt to reconcile the parties, but Menschikoff and the Divan were equally inflexible; so the former left. The Ottoman fleet was then sent for; part being dispatched to Egypt for the troops which Abba Pacha has ready. The Minister of War sent couriers to every province, calling out all the warlike resources of the Ottoman Empire.

A Constantinople letter, dated 16th May, published in a second edition of the London Times, states that a Turkish steamer had been sent to summon the Ottoman fleet to Constantinople. Ships had been sent to Egypt to assist in transporting the troops that Abba Pacha has ready at the Sultan's ... couriers to the whole of the provinces of the empire to call the militia to arms, and to prepare them to act at the shortest notice.

There were rumors at Paris that the Russians had actually advanced, but this is probably surmise.

Court of Common Pleas.

The Court commenced this term for civil business at Springfield, Tuesday, June 14th, Judge Mellen presiding. Alonzo N. Dewey of Palmer, is foreman of the first jury; Joseph L. Reynolds, of Monson, foreman of second jury. A number of Palmer cases are to be tried this term. On Wednesday the following case was tried:

Parker W. Webster vs. S. R. Lawrence and others.—This action was brought to recover the value of a hog attached by the Plaintiff as Sheriff, and converted to the use of the Defendants. The Defendants denied the attachment, and contended that the property was given up by the keeper, and was previously sold. This previous sale the Plaintiff maintained, was void against an attaching creditor—the property not being delivered. The Jury found for the Defendants on the ground that the previous sale was valid. Wallace for Plaintiff. Torrey and Barlow for Defendants.

Thursday—David Clark and another vs. Parker W. Webster.—This action was brought to recover the value of a barrel of liquor attached by defendant, and resulted in a verdict for the plaintiffs, with $40.25 damages. Torrey and Barlow for plaintiffs; Wallace for defendant.

☞ A man in Boston has cured his wife of an attack of "Mormonism." He watched the "fixing up," and said nothing. His wife went out in full rig, whereupon he assumed her cast off skirts, and when she came back he was knitting or trying to knit a stocking. She took the hint, and the Turkish arrangement was put aside immediately.

Why don't some of the "Silver Street" husbands try a similar method?

Another Brutal Murder in New York.—Much excitement was created in New York on Thursday, by the discovery of the body of a young woman named Mary Ann McElroy, in one of the docks at Williamsburg. She had evidently been violated and then murdered. She was an inmate in the family of C. H. Clayton, Esq. Her friends offer a reward of $500 for information touching this horrible affair.

The Bible in China.—After seven years' toil, and many unlooked for obstacles, the revision (rather the re-translation) of the Holy Scriptures into the Chinese language has been completed at Shanghae, by the Rev. Dr. Medhurst and Messrs. Stronach and Milne, agents of the London Missionary Society.

Sad Affair.—The cottage of Preston Lincoln, near the depot at Wallingford, Conn., was destroyed by fire on the 1st inst., and a little daughter of Mr. L., four years of age, perished in the flames. A little son was badly burned, but will survive. Mrs. L. had gone out and left the two children alone.

The Constitutional Convention.—The Convention is getting along very well, for warm weather. We shall not publish in full the proceedings of the Convention, but when that body gets the Constitution altered, we will publish it.

Caught in his own Trap.—David Allen, of Oyster Bay, set a gun trap in his corn house for a thief, but forgot it the next morning, and upon going into the place was shot in the knee, and will probably lose his leg.

☞ Gen. Scott stumbled against a flagging stone in the Fifth Avenue, N. Y. on Wednesday evening, and fell headlong upon the pavement, injuring himself severely. It is said that one of his arms is broken.

☞ Agnes Anderson, indicted at New Orleans for the murder of Wm. B. Taylor, of that city, has been tried and acquitted.—It seems to be a settled principle with juries, that seduction justifies assassination.

Wandering Girl.—Jane L. Ford, aged 17, has left her home at Waterbury, Ct., as is supposed, while partially deranged. Her father magnanimously offers $10 for her recovery.

Scotch Girls.—They have had a direct importation of seventy-three Scotch girls, at Holyoke, all of whom are employed as operatives in the mills at that place.

Body Found.—The body of a child, apparently two or three days old, was found in the river, on Saturday last, at the foot of Gardner street, in Springfield.

The Chinese Rebellion.

Latest intelligence from China reports the taking of Nanking, by the rebels, who were rapidly gaining strength and pushing their conquests into the heart of the empire. The rebels, or revolutionists, respect property and the lives of those who do not resist their progress; they are determined to overthrow the present dynasty and establish one to their own liking, and unless other nations interfere their object undoubtedly will be accomplished.

The government has implored foreign assistance to deliver the country from the rebels but the war vessels in that vicinity will go no further than to protect their own countrymen. It is believed that if the rebels should be successful, a radical change would take place in governmental affairs. A more liberal policy would be pursued, and the ports of the empire thrown open to the world. The same privileges may be secured to the English and American vessels, if the two governments will now lend assistance to the falling empire.

Teas and silks were rapidly advancing, on account of the rebellion, and cannot be purchased short of the cash. Of course the price of teas in this country will be considerably affected thereby.

A Minister Spoiled.—We once knew a boy who had such aspirations for the ministry that he used often to get his playmates together and preach to them from some elevated position. On one occasion he mounted the highest beam in his father's barn, and, while giving force to his oratory, by a desperate gesture, he lost his ballance and fell a distance of some twenty feet, striking his seat of honor upon the barn floor. "Amen!" shouted the boys, seated upon the scaffold, and "amen" thought the juvenile preacher as he gathered himself up and crawled into the house. It was the last sermon he ever preached. His clerical ideas forsook him, and the last we heard of him, he was quietly editing a newspaper somewhere in the eastern part of Hampden county.

Religion among the Slaves.—Mr. Brooks, editor of the N. Y. *Express*, in one of his letters from Georgia mentions the following interesting facts, which ought to find a place in the "Key to Uncle Tom's Cabin," but probably will not:

In Savannah, in three Baptist Churches and one Methodist, there are 2,000 colored persons, one-half of whom are slaves. The pastor of one of the Baptist Churches is a slave, and the other two are free colored persons. These Churches contribute liberally for foreign and domestic missions, for the home poor, &c. At the Georgia Baptist Association, held in Warren Co. last September, five slave preachers were present, and voted upon all questions presented for consideration. In South Carolina there are more than forty thousand slaves who are church members; and in the entire South the Baptist and Methodist Churches already have 264,000 slave members."

Drowned.—Wm. Fenton, a lad of fourteen, whose parents reside at Windsor, Ct., was drowned at Hartford, on Sunday morning, while bathing. He visited his parents on Saturday night, and when he left them took his mother and all the family by the hand bidding them "good bye," and took up his little sister and kissed her—a thing he was never known to do before on taking leave of them.

Death at the Hippodrome.—While five of the female riders were engaged on Friday afternoon, in the hurdle race, one of the horses fell, breaking his neck, and killing his rider, (a female,) almost instantaneously.—This is the second or third death that has occurred by accident in the Hippodrome since it was opened.

Afraid to be Known.—The executioner of Arthur Spring disguised himself as a colored man, to prevent people from knowing him. If hanging is such a righteous business as the law makes it, we should suppose a man would feel honorably justified in swinging off a culprit, and not be ashamed to have people know him.

State Temperance Convention.—The Mass State Temperance Committee have called a Convention to meet at Springfield, on Wednesday and Thursday, 22d and 23d inst. All Temperance Societies are requested to send Delegates to the Convention. We have no doubt they will enjoy an interesting and profitable occasion.

Fish.—A large spotted Shark, measuring 11 feet 4 inches, was harpooned and captured by a party of gentlemen in Charlestown, S. C., on Wednesday afternoon last. After being landed, she was delivered of twenty-two young ones, and after she was cut open, was found to contain twenty-one more.

Seduction.—In the Middlesex Circuit Court, on Thursday last, Geo. W. Davis was found guilty of seducing a young woman, 22 years of age, with whom he had kept company four or five years. The strongest evidence adduced was "a flue boy," the image of his father."

Damage by Wolves.—David Moore, of Burlington, Vt., on the night of the 28, ult. lost twenty-one sheep and twelve lambs, being the whole of his flock except six sheep and four lambs. They were all killed by wolves.

Took Fire.—The Hygeian Hotel at Amherst took fire on Thursday of last week, from chimney sparks, but the flames were extinguished without any serious damage to the building.

☞ Edwin W. Stoughton, an eminent lawyer of N. Y. city, has been engaged as the 4th of July Orator for the Springfield celebration.

Away with Liveries.—The Secretary of State, has issued a document, in which each Envoy and Charge d'Affaires is directed, as far as may be practicable without impairing his usefulness to his country, to appear at the court where he resides in the simple dress of an American citizen. In regard to the custom of wearing a diplomatic or court costume his sense of republican consistency and the illustrious example of Franklin, are given him as standards; and where the character of the Government to which he is accredited would render such manly simplicity detrimental to American interests, his conformity in respect of tinsel, spangles and other barbaric gauds, is directed to be the smallest possible. Important instructions have been issued to the Consuls of the U. S.—Their official livery is likewise abolished, and they, as well as Envoys and Charge d'Affaires are peremptorily required to employ only American citizens as clerks in their respective offices. The duty of sending home all the information they may be able to collect upon subjects of agriculture or industrial interest is also enjoined upon them.

Girls and Boys.—Girls who are constantly running in the street, and boys who spend their evenings away from home, are on the highway to ruin. The father or mother who permits a child to acquire either of these habits, is apt to be rewarded with sorrow over the crime and disgrace of an undutiful son or daughter.

Fireman's Pay.—The members of the Savannah, Ga., fire department, are paid 12 1-2 cents per hour while in active service. Besides this, when an alarm of fire is sounded, the first man at each engine house receives a premium of $1, the second 50cts., and the third 50cts.

Woman's Rights Illustrated.—Woman's rights are recognized in Kentucky. Near Bowling Green, Mrs. Marion Bunch and Miss Brown had a terrible fight, in which Mrs. Brown was killed, and her sister, who interfered, was fatally wounded.

☞ Commander Lynch, who went on a preliminary expedition of observation to Africa, has returned, having explored all the rivers on the coast of Liberia, and found none navigable higher up than twenty miles from the mouth.

Good Example.—David Hunt, an extensive planter in Mississippi, has sent a donation of $5000 to the American Colonization Society, which is in addition to the $1000 which he sent the Society yearly for the last ten years.

☞ The village of Frankfort, Me., is at present infested with caterpillars. They have destroyed the foliage of forty oaks.—The pestiferous things have also appeared in unusual numbers in Bangor.

☞ Capt. Crafts, of the schooner Advance, has been examined at Norfolk, Va., on a charge of being engaged in the slave trade, and has been fully committed for trial. The crew were discharged.

☞ Capt. Maloney, of the ship Roscius, has been tried at New York, for the murder of one of his crew named Emanuel, and acquitted. He is still to be tried for the murder of another sailor.

Methodism in the World.—The statistics of all the various branches of Methodism in Europe and America, shows a total of 10,409 traveling and 33,000 local preachers, who minister to 2,036,162 communicants.

☞ George Snow, for three years a hosteler in Springfield, was arrested for trying to pass counterfeit bills at Albany. He confessed to being in the employ of an old counterfeiter.

Prolific Mother.—There is a woman in Manchester, N. H., who is the mother of 17 children—nine boys and eight girls—the youngest is now about two weeks old. Fifteen of her children are living.

R. R. Accident.—A passenger car on the Macon and Western R. R., was thrown down an embankment on Tuesday night, demolishing the car, killing the guard, and severely injuring five passegers.

Fatal Accident.—Abraham Griffie, of Newcastle, Westchester Co., while on a tree, last Thursday, attempting to hive a swarm of bees, fell head foremost some fifteen feet, breaking his neck and of course killing him instantly. He was a farmer, about 50 years of age, and leaves a family.

Fatal Accident in Manchester, N. H.—On Sunday evening about six o'clock, a beautiful little boy, 7 years old, named Edmund Ligian, was killed almost instantly, by falling off a load of logs, on which he had been riding.

There, Now!—Harriet Pomroy, the great Bloomer advocate, has got a new suit. She has adopted the old fashioned "barn door flap" to her breeches.

☞ The coffin in which the remains of Clarissa Griffin of West Springfield, recently deceased, were enclosed, was 2 feet and 3 inches wide, and 2 feet 8 inches high.

☞ The Oregonians complain of the high price of provisions. At the last dates from Portland, flour was selling at $15 per cwt.; beef, on foot, 10c per lb.; butter 15c per lb.

☞ The St. Louis Republican announces the arrival in that city of eight Indians, all chiefs and braves, from St. Josephs, who intend to visit the World's Fair in New York.

☞ Charles Richards, of Enfield, has been appointed a Justice of the Peace.

WEATHER.—The present week has thus far proved the hottest days of the season. The sun has shone powerfully down, drying up the earth and producing a wilting effect upon vegetation. In such weather, people seek the shady side of the street, or lounge in the coolest places they can find, thinking or dreaming of refreshing showers, sparkling fountains and iced soda. It is hard work for lazy folks and fat men and women to live in such weather. Like a lobster in an oven, they can find no comfortable corner, no cool retreat. It is sweat and puff day and night, meal times and all other times, continually sighing for a cloudy day and copious showers. The working man probably suffers as little from hot weather as any one; he sweats away the accumulating heat and works on without minding much about it. Summer weather is delightful if people only take the right course to enjoy it, and the way to do that, is to take things as they come, without grumbling, and keep cool—if they can.

THAT MORNING TRAIN.—We are frequently enquired of if a morning train from Palmer to Springfield is not to be run this Summer, but we are unable to give any information concerning the matter. We believe the thing might be tried if a few men here and in Springfield would take the trouble to solicit the experiment from the corporation of the Western railroad. It would be a great accommodation to the people in this section, and we doubt not prove a source of profit to the railroad company.

A FLAT-HEADED ADDER was killed near the railroad, a few rods out of the village, this week, which measured four feet in length. Flat-headed adders are as poisonous as rattlesnakes, and a great deal more savage. There is a general variety of snakes inhabiting the hills around here and shy one in pursuit of berries can scarcely go amiss of the reptiles.

A MAN with thick clothes on, an overcoat on his arm and an umbrella over his head, arrived in town the warmest day of this week, and endeavored to keep cool by walking the street in the shade of his cotton canopy.

HIGH SCHOOL.—The Summer Term of the Palmer High School will commence at Three Rivers on Wednesday next, June 22d. The Hall lately occupied by the Sons of Temperance has been secured for the School.

AWNINGS.—We are glad to notice that some of our merchants and shopkeepers are erecting awnings in front of the buildings they occupy. We hope the example will be generally imitated by all those doing business on the east side of Main street.

STRAWBERRIES, the most delicious fruit of the season, are rapidly ripening. We believe they are quite plenty this season.

PLENTY TO DIE.—The dust in our streets

A Strange Menagerie.—The editor of the La Grange (Ga.,) Reporter, while on a visit to Griffin, a few days since, saw some very extraordinary productions of the animal creation, which he thus describes:

I witnessed to-day a remarkable show, as follows: a mammoth mule, Henry Clay, five years old, nineteen and a half hands high, weighing 2,200 pounds; the model hog, Sam Houston, two years and nine months old, weighing 920 pounds; and lastly, the wonder of the world in the person of a living skeleton negro, Wade Hampton, five feet high, thirty years old, and weighs only thirty pounds. This is truly the crowning climax of all human prodigies.

A Narrow Escape.—A letter from the Capt. of the schooner Mary Margaret, recently wrecked on Lake Michigan, states that after the schooner capsized, he in company with a Mr. Farnsworth were confined on board the schooner for three days and nights, in a space of not more than twelve cubic ft. of nearly confined air. They were rescued by Capt. Holland, of the schooner Geo. R. Roberts, who cut through the sides of the schooner to reach them. Two of the crew who were with them died before relief came.

GOOD FOR HIM.—A scoundrel in Cincinnati, was subjected to the following penalty for cutting a lady's dress in the street: "A fine of $25 and costs, and to be confined in the dungeon of the county jail for ten days, to be fed with bread and water only, and, at the expiration of his term of confinement, to stand committed until the fine and costs are paid."

GOOD LAW.—As the statutes of Illinois provide that railroad companies shall pay $5,000 for every life lost on a train of cars through the carelessness or recklessness of the company or its agents, the damages for the Chicago massacre will reach $105,000, if sued out, as there were twenty-one persons killed.

ON MY!—During a discussion between Dr Draper and Watson at Boston, Dr. W. stated that in the course of four years and a half he had taken from the citizens of Boston and vicinity, *one hundred barrels of blood!* and had *administered forty-nine pounds of mercury!*

RAGS.—The Raleigh (N. C.) Register enters into a computation to show that the rags consumed by the paper mills of that State about equal the taxes—and recommends the people to save their rags to pay their taxes.

☞ Accounts from Guard America state that a cloud of locusts had fallen on the city of San Salvador, and in the territory between the Barranca and the Chacarite, the Bishop had appealed for prayers.

CURBING CUPID.—The Legislature of this State at its recent session, passed a law forbidding any Registrar or town Clerk to issue a certificate of marriage to a male under 21, or a female under 18, unless permission, orally or in writing, from the parents, master or guardian, if they live in the State, is produced, and the officer, if he is suspicious as to the age of the applicant, can require an affidavit from some person acquainted with them. This will not operate favorably for young people who contemplate eloping.

Powder Mill Explosion—Loss of Life.—One of the "cracking" mills of the Enfield, Ct., Powder Manufacturing Co., was blown up with its contents of 1000 lbs. of powder, last week, Thursday. It was a terrible explosion, and the report was heard here. W. Lince, a workman for the Company, was in the mill at the time and lost his life. The only remnant of his body that could be found after the explosion, was the lower part of one of his legs, and this was at a distance of 60 rods from the mill.—*Spring. Rep.*

A LOT OF TRAVELLERS.—Fifty-seven million passengers have been carried over the Mass. Railroads, during the last seven years, of which number only forty-two have been killed, and twenty of these came to their deaths by their own carelessness.

AN OLD HAG.—A female slave now confined in jail in New Orleans, on a charge of having poisoned her master's child, has made a confession, in which she states that she had previously poisoned nine whites and blacks in Missouri.

GREAT SPEED.—The fast train on the Pennsylvania Railroad, a few days since, when near Greensburg, attained the extraordinary speed of 80 miles per hour. A perfectly straight stretch of ten miles was run in seven and a half minutes.

AN UNFORTUNATE WOMAN.—The widow of Walter Lince, who lost his life by the recent powder mill explosion at Enfield, Ct., has previously lost two husbands by powder mill explosions.

RATTLESNAKES.—Two four feet rattlesnakes, one with nine rattles and the other eleven, indicating that they are eleven and nine years old, were caught on Mount Tom, a few days since.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Here is your Spring and Summer Remedy.

Dr. Langley's Root and Herb Bitters.

THIS certifies that I have furnished Dr. J. C. Langley, No. 17 Union street, Boston, for the last three years, large quantities of Yellow Dock and Dandelion Root, Prickly Ash and Wild Cherry Bark, Sarsaparilla, Thoroughwort, &c., &c., used by him in the compound and manufacture of his Root and Herb Bitters, and I am constantly employed to furnish the above medicinal Roots, Herbs, and Barks, for compounding said Bitters.

N. B. GOULD, Malden, Mass.

Boston, March 14, 1853.

The above named Root and Herb Bitters are the very best Medicine in the world for Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Bilious and Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Humors of the Blood and Skin, Indigestion, Languor, Drowsiness, Debility, and all similar complaints, so common at this season of the year. Buy it—try it.

REDDING and CO., 8 State street, and, dealers every where, sell them.

Wholesale Depot, 97 Union street, to which all Agents will send their orders, that they may be supplied in turn.

Sold in Palmer by Dr. W. Holbrook and D. A. Calkins.

March 26, 1853. 6m40

A CARD.

Mrs. Winslow to the Ladies.

Mrs. Winslow, an old and experienced nurse and Female Physician, would call the attention of the ladies to her Soothing Syrup for Children teething. It will immediately relieve them from pain, allay all spasmodic action, soften the gums, reduce inflamation, and in sure to regulate the Bowels. Depend upon it, Mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to your children. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Cramp and Pain Killer.

The world is astonished at the wonderful cures performed by the CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER prepared by CURTIS & PERKINS. Its equal has never been known for restoring pain in all cases; for the cure of spinal complaints, cramp in the limbs and stomach, rheumatism in all its forms, bilious cholic, burns, sore throat, and gravel, is decidedly the best remedy in the world. For particulars, see circulars in the hands of the Agents, for a gratuitous circulation.

N. B.—Be sure and call for CURTIS & PERKINS' Cramp and Pain Killer. All others bearing this name are base imitations. Price 12 1-2, 25, 37 1-2, cts. a bottle according to the size.

We have sold very large quantities of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup during the past six years, several thousand the last year. We believe it the best medicine in the world for Children teething or for the cure of Dysentery and Diarrhea in Children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause. It gives universal satisfaction—never heard a complaint from any one using it—never sold a medicine so universally successful in relieving pain, and effecting cures—relief is ABSOLUTELY SURE.

CURTIS & PERKINS.

Druggists, Bangor, Me.

AGENTS.—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; W. N. Packard, Thorndike; A. H. Longley, Belchertown; T. P. Packard, Monson; Crane & Kingsbury, Stafford Springs; Wm. H. Sessions, Warren; O. F. Packard & Co., Three Rivers; L. B. Bliss, Wilbraham; and for sale in nearly every town in the State.

Henshaw Edwards & Co., India St., and Weeks & Potter, Washington St., Boston, wholesale agents, and Boyd & Paul, No. 40, Courtland St. New York. 1y 23.

Poisoning.

Thousands of parents who use Vermifuge composed of Castor oil, Calomel, &c., are not aware, that while they appear to benefit the patient, they are actually laying the foundation of a series of diseases, such as salivation, loss of sight, weakness of limbs, &c.

In another column will be found the advertisement of Hobensack's Medicines, to which we ask the attention of all directly interested in their own as well as their Children's health. In Liver Complaints and all disorders arising from those of a bilious type, should make use of the only genuine medicine, Hobensack's Liver Pills.

☞ "Be not deceived," but ask for Hobensack's Worm Syrup and Liver Pills, and observe that each has the signature of the Proprietor, J. N. HOBENSACK, as none else are genuine.

Another Butchery—Horrible!—Geo. Lake, a clock and watch repairer, and a man of good habits and industrious, residing in the town of La Grange, killed his two children, aged two and four years, on Tuesday afternoon, with an axe. He also, with the same instrument, struck his wife on the head, inflicting a severe wound, which must prove fatal. He was arrested on the same day, armed with a pistol, sword and rifle. He was shot by his captors and wounded in the shoulder. It has been ascertained that his fire-arms were useless, for want of percussion caps. Lake has been in our jail, charged with an attempt on the life of his brother-in-law, by shooting at him with a rifle. He is said to have always shown great fondness for his children.—[Poughkeepsie American.

Death of a Spiritualist.—Miss Nancy Sherman, of Plympton, Mass., a spiritual rapping medium, died on the 15th ult., by voluntary starvation. A few weeks previous she attempted to hang herself, but was prevented by her friends. She then gave out that the spirits had forbid her to eat any more, which she followed up for three weeks, when death put a period to her delusion and life.

☞ Edward Ash, aged 33, fell some 40 ft. from a staging which he was engaged in putting up against a building, in Holyoke, on Monday, and striking a window sill in his fall, had his skull broken, and lived but about an hour after the accident. He was in the employ of Capt. McClellan, and leaves a wife and three children.—*Rep.*

A Grave Business.—The Nashville Gazette says a marriage took place at the grave yard in that city on the 14th ult. Rather a strange place for the interesting ceremony. However, it seems the parties considered the marriage was a grave matter. A good many marriages ought to be solemnized in the grave yard.

WHERE IS MOST DANGER?—Prof. Silliman says that the aggregate destruction of human life annually in this country from the use of fluid is greater than by all the accidents with steamboats and railroads.

☞ The Postmaster of North Adams has sued the editor of the Greylock Sentinel for libel, the damages being laid at $2,000.

ALTERED BILLS.—Threes and fives of the Citizens' Bank, D. C., a worthless institution, altered to the Citizens' Bank, Cumberland, R. I., have just been put into circulation.

☞ Commencement at Amherst College, Thursday, Aug. 11.

Brighton Cattle Market.

June 16—At Market, 730 Beef Cattle, no Stores, 25 pairs of Working Oxen, 85 Cows and Calves, 1300 Sheep and Lambs, 1100 Swine. The following are the prices:—

Beef Cattle—Extra, at $8,50; first quality, $8; second do. at 7,50 a 7,75; third do. $7 a 7,50; ordinary 6,50. Working Oxen—$85, 90, 100, 120 a 125. Cows and Calves—$20, 23, 25, 27, 29 a 30. Sheep and Lambs—$2, 2,50, 3 a 4; Extra, $5, 6 a 7. Swine—7 a 8c. Retail, 8 a 9c. Small Pigs, 10c. Retail, 11 a 12c.

MARRIED.

In Amherst, May 23, by Rev. C. L. Woodworth, Oliver Bliss to Sarah B. Coolidge, both of North Brookfield; June 5, John A. Albee to Mary A. Dunbar of Belchertown; June 7, by Rev. G. E. Fisher, Charles H. Kellogg to Clarissa R. Ingram.

In Belchertown, June 8, by Rev. Mr. Woodworth, Charles T. Brown to Nancy S. Chapman, both of B.

DIED.

In this town, June 16, an infant son of Lorenzo C. and Mary Ferry, aged 6 weeks.

In Wilbraham, 10th, Mrs. Azubah Langdon, 85.

In Belchertown, 4, Emily Sabine, 32, wife of Mason Shaw, Jr.

In Agawam, 15, Mrs. Eunice Durfee, 49.

In Wilbraham, 1st, Clarissa, 32, wife of Harmon Mott.

In Springfield, 14, Laura, 7, daughter of J. B. and Rebecca Runnill.

In Springfield, 14, Rev. James F. Brown, 32, pastor of the Unitarian Society at West Cambridge; 12th, Mrs. Henrietta Brown, 32; 13th, Lovinia H. Withain, 22.

In Hadley, 42, Samuel Seymour, Jr., 35.

In Agawam, 12, Calvin Bedortha, 79.

WILSON & Co.'S MAMMOTH NEW STORE!

Immense Stock of Summer Goods now Opening!!

THIS is the store where you can find everything wanted in Dry Goods, Carpets, Millinery, Paper Hangings and Clothing.

We are now opening a large and beautiful assortment of New Goods, particularly for SUMMER. Dress Goods, Shawls, Visetes, Embroideries, Gloves, Hosiery, Carpets, with rich choice Goods in great variety. Our Stock, embraces *all kinds* from a cheap print or cotton 4c, to the best goods to be found, which we can offer at lower prices than can be found elsewhere. The *reason why* is, that we buy in very large quantities, our business is now such as to oblige us to keep *one man* in market nearly *all the time*; our facilities for obtaining the latest styles at the lowest prices are not equaled by any concern in this part of the State; our ruling motto is

LARGE SALES AND SMALL PROFITS.

New Goods opened every day. Purchasers in surrounding towns will not fail to see the advantages we can offer them.

New Store, opposite Hampden Hall—Balconies in front, Room Front.

Springfield, June 18, 1853 3teow.

Paper Hangings!

WILSON & CO. are opening a large and new Stock of Paper, at low prices, Borders, Fire Boards, Curtains, Gilt Cornices, Bands, Pins, the best assortment of Curtain Goods in Springfield

June 18, 1853. 3teow.

Carpets!

5000 yds. are offered at unsurpassed *Low Prices*, at the Carpet and Dry Goods Warehouse of WILSON & CO.

The best Store in the State—opposite Hampden Hall.

Springfield, June 18, 1853. 3teow.

Carriage Repairing!

ALL kinds of Carriage Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms at the Steam Shop of the Subscriber, a few rods South side of the railroad Bridge.

GEORGE E. WINSLOW.

Palmer, May, 28 1853. 6tf

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of E. B. Miles & Co., or to E. B. Miles, are requested to make immediate payment to the Subscriber, or to E. B. Miles, who is authorized to settle the same.

May 21. H. F. STEVENS, Assignee. 6tf.

PLAIN and Figured Berages, composing Two Dress MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

J. W. ELLIOT, SURGEON DENTIST,

Thankful for past favors, would respectfully solicit a share of public patronage at the present time. Office at H. J. LYMAN'S Cottage House, a few steps north of the Journal Office.

Palmer, May 7. 3tf

An Entirely New

AND Fresh assortment of PAPER HANGINGS received this week. Call and see.

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Palmer, March 19. 1t48

Lime.

The subscriber will keep constantly on hand, a full supply of FRESH BURNT Lime, by the cask or bushel, at A. C. Billings' store, Tockwotton Block. All orders supplied at short notice.

S. G. SHAW.

Palmer March 11th, 1853. 48tf.

STEPHEN NEEDHAM, MERCHANT TAILOR,

(Successor to T. C. Denecke,)

MONSON, MASS.

Garments made in the best manner, with the utmost despatch, and all work warranted to give satisfaction. Cutting done at short notice. A good assortment of Ready Made Clothing constantly on hand.

May 28. 1y5

FEATHERS, by MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

Carpets!

JUST received, a lot of all Wool, Cotton, Cotton and Wool, Printed Carpets and Straw Matting, plain and checked, and will be sold at low prices, by

D. W. SNOW & CO.

Palmer, June 11, 1853.

Ready Made Clothing!

A new lot of thin Coats, Pants, Vests, Shirts and Overalls, just received and for sale, by

D. W. SNOW & CO.

Palmer, June 11, 1853.

LADIES Dress Goods just received, consisting in part, of Silks, Muslins, Lawns, Barages, DeLains and Prints, also, Hosiery, Gloves, Mitts, Gaiters, Shoes, all of which will be sold at prices that cannot fail to suit the purchaser.

D. W. SNOW & CO.

Palmer, June 11, 1853.

PAPER Hangings 25 per cent less than cost, to close out the lot.

D. W. SNOW & Co.

June 11

A new lot of Crockery and Glass Ware just received and for sale cheap, by

D. W. SNOW & CO.

June 11

PURE Cider Vinegar for sale, by

D. W. SNOW & CO.

June 11

GOOD Molasses for sale at 25c per gallon, by

D. W. SNOW & CO.

June 11.

BROWN and Bleached Sheeting, Diapers, Crash, Denims, Tickings, &c. &c., for sale by

D. W. SNOW & CO.

Palmer, June 11, 1853.

SILK and Wool Barages, Barage DeLains, Lawns, from 8 to 25c per yard, by

D. W. SNOW & CO.

Palmer, June 11, 1853.

MEN'S and Boys' thick and thin Boots and Shoes, for sale 25 per cent. less than any other store in town, by

D. W. SNOW & CO.

Palmer, June, 11, 1853.

More Bargains!

TWENTY pounds Clean Brown Sugar for one dollar, by

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

June 11, 1853

Nothing New!

EXTRA and Superfine brands of Flour for sale low, by

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

June 11, 1853.

LARGE and Small Bags of Salt can be found at low prices at

D. W. SNOW & CO.'s.

Palmer Depot, June 9. 8tf

LEMONS, Oranges, Prunes, Dates, Figs, Pickles, for sale low by

D. W. SNOW & CO.

Palmer Depot, June 9. 8tf

TEA, Coffee, Raisins and Spices of all kinds on hand and for sale at low prices by

D. W. SNOW & CO.

Palmer Depot, June 9.

Bargains!

TWELVE hhds. more of *Excellent Sweet Molasses* at 25c per. gallon, by

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

June 11, 1853.

Sugars.

CRUSHED, Pulverized and Brown Sugars, from 5 12 to 11 cents per lb.

D. W. SNOW & CO.

Palmer Depot, June 9. 8tf

STEWART'S SYRUP, a nice article, for Sale by

D. W. SNOW & CO.

Palmer Depot, June 9. 8tf

FLOUR of all grades constantly on hand and for Sale by D. W. SNOW & CO.

Palmer Depot, June 9. 8tf

Dress Goods.

BAREGE DE LAINES, Poplins, De Bege and De Bege Robes, Toi. D. Inde, Chambrays, Ginghams, Prints, Slate Linens, Nankeens, Black and Colored India Crapes, Twilled India Silks, Summer Silks and Shawls, Vistes and Mantillas on hand and made to order.

Dry Goods, Carpets, Millinery and Dress Making Rooms, CORNER STORE,

Fronting on Main and Court Sts

ROCKWOOD & CO.

No Goods exhibited outside.

Springfield, June 4. 4w7

CAN BE FOUND

At the Nassowanno Grocery Store,

A fresh and full assortment of Groceries and Provision, which will be sold for the next sixty days, at very low prices. To all persons buying goods with cash, I wish to say to be sure and not make your purchase until you have called and examined our stock and prices.

Palmer, Apr. 30, 1853. 2tf.

Grand Opening!

New and Elegant Spring Goods!

GENTLEMEN desirous of New and Beautiful Styles of Goods for Spring wear, are invited to call and examine a choice Selection of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vesting of the most approved Fabrics.

L. A. BAILEY.

Nassowanno Block, April 16, 1853. 52tf.

Fire! Fire!!

THE Subscriber is Agent for some of the best Fire Insurance Companies in the United States, and will take risks on the most favorable terms.

GEORGE W. RANDELL

Three Rivers April 24th. 3m

"Equal and Exact Justice to all, Special favors to none."

Trade Solicited but no Trust.

ONE PRICE ONLY!

TERMS CASH, OR ITS EQUIVALENT.

HAVING just purchased a Stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c., the same will be offered at a small advance from cost. The public are invited to call and determine for themselves as to prices, and choose between the Cash and Credit systems.

A. C. BILLINGS.

Tockwotton Block, Palmer Depot.

Apr. 9th, 1853. 5tf.

The Old Shop!

MRS. Collins would say to her old friends and customers, that she has returned from the City with a good assortment of Fancy Goods, and Millinery, and after they have examined the new shops, please call and look at her assortment, as she thinks it will compare favorably both as to prices and quality, with any shop in Western Mass. She would also say to those who are in the habit of purchasing Goods at Ware, that she has opened a Shop in that place, (next door to Ezra Allen's,) down stairs, where they will find a good assortment of Goods, and agreeable young ladies to wait on them.

Apr. 30, 1853. 1tf.

Just Received!

M. W. FRENCH & CO., have this week received an assortment of Elegant Dress Goods, among which may be found Rich Black Silks, Mazeca Cloths, (new and pretty) Mourning Poplins, Barege DeLaines, Mous. DeLaines, Lawns, Barages, DeLains and Prints, also, Hosiery, Gloves, Mitts, Gaiters, Shoes, all of which will be sold at prices that cannot fail to suit the purchaser.

D. W. SNOW & CO.

Palmer, June 11, 1853.

PAPER Hangings 25 per cent less than cost, to close out the lot.

D. W. SNOW & Co.

June 11

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Dry Goods, Carpets, Millinery and Dress Making Rooms, CORNER STORE,

Fronting on Main and Court Sts

ROCKWOOD & CO.

No Goods exhibited outside.

Springfield, June 4. 4w7

Time is Money.

THUS said Dea. Franklin, and it is as true now as ever that, "He who saves time saves money."

Money and time are both saved in the use of the KAOLEAN SOAP, an article heretofore but little known in this vicinity, but nevertheless an article which is working its way into every community, and when once known, is used in preference to almost any other soap, and is recommended to the public as having among others, the following superiorities over most soaps:

1st It requires no more than half the quantity to do the same work.

2d It saves nearly half the time and labor in washing.

3d It costs no more than the best family soap.

4th Nothing enters into its composition that will injure the most delicate fabric.

5th It does not chap or injure the hands like many soaps, but on the contrary is soft in use and healing and will cure cracked or chapped hands. One trial will convince the most skeptical of its superiorities.

This soap is manufactured in Palmer, (Depot village) and is for sale by the box at the Factory, and at retail in most of the Stores in this vicinity, and is known as the "Kaolean Soap," or "McCord's Family Soap. Made by

W. McCORD & CO.,

Palmer, Mass.

Factory near the Church.

Certificate.

I have examined McCord's Kaolean Soap *practically*, and am well acquainted with the properties of the ingredients used in its manufacture, and do not hesitate to pronounce it superior for washing to any other soap now in use. It contains nothing that will injure the most delicate fabric.

SAMUEL TRUESDELL, Chemist

New York City.

Person wishing to purchase the right to manufacture the above soap, should address S. H. Hall, Palmer, Mass., who is fully authorized to make sales of territory and execute all needful papers.

W. McCORD, Patentee.

Palmer, June 4. 7tf

Notice.

THE subscriber having engaged to remain with D. W. Snow & Co., McGilvray's Block, would be happy to see all his former friends and patrons.

E. B. MILES.

Palmer, May 21. 6tf

New Goods! New Goods!!

BONNETS, Ribbons, Flowers, Parasols, Fans, long and short Mitts, Under Hdkfs. Under Sleeves, Collars, long and short Veils, Hosiery, Gloves, &c. Also a new lot of Ladies' Shoes.

Please call and examine and you will find the prices a little lower than at any other place in Hampden County.

WM. CONKEY,

East end Nassowanno Block.

Palmer Depot, June 3. 7tf

MILLINERY.

MRS. HUBBARD will return from New York in a few days, with Fashionable Summer Millinery.

ROCKWOOD & CO.

Corner Store.

Springfield, June 4 4w7

TRUNKS, Traveling Bags, Valises, &c. by

MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

Notice—Removal.

L. B. CHAMBERLIN, manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, next building to the Nassowanno House, would call the attention of the inhabitants of Palmer and vicinity, to his new and choice stock of goods, feeling confident that he can offer inducements worthy the favorable notice of all.

Those who in their purchases regard durability and cheapness, or wish for a fashionable article, can do no better than to examine this assortment, consisting of

Men's French and American Calf Boots,
" Calf and Enameled Congress do.,
" Kipp and Calcutta do.
Men's and Boys' Calf, Kipp, Enameled and Goat Skin Shoes,
Slippers and Rubbers,
Misses' and Children's Shoes, Boottees and Gaiters,
Ladies Gaiters,
" Half Gaiters,
" Morocco Lisd,
" Enameled "
" " Petikas,
" Patent Leather Shoes,
" Kid Bashens,
" Morocco Slippers &c. &c. &c.

May 7, 1853. 3tf.

Read This.

IT has become a common saying with most venders of Goods, that such and such articles are the very best and neatest in the world. We speak of this, because we do not like to be ranked with that class of traders who recommend every thing they sell because they wish to sell it *regardless of its merits*. What we are trying to come at is simply this, that our selections of Prints *superceeds* any variety in *style* ever before brought to Hampden Co.; if this is doubted we will get it endorsed by responsible persons.

MUNGER & BASSETT.

April 16. 52tf

IN STORE,

AND FOR SALE—

16 Hhds. Mus., P. R. and Card Molasses.
8000 lbs. Sugar, various kinds.
Old Hyson Teas,
Young "
Ningyoung "
Souchong "
Oolong " of many qualities

Soaps, Spices, Fish, Salt, Lard, Hams, Pork, Tobacco, &c., *at prices satisfactorily low.*

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Palmer, May 7. 3tf

J. Parker & Co's Marble Works.

Successors to A. & S. Tomlinson,

SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

THE subscribers having lately purchased of Messrs. A. & S. Tomlinson their Marble Works, corner of Main and William sts., comprising their entire Stock, Machinery and Water power, for the manufacture of Marble; also, the entire stock of Marble, of the late firm of Dwelley & Keep, of this City, and having erected a new shop opposite the North Church on Main st., a few rods south of the Depot, they are prepared to furnish Monuments, Grave Stones, Tomb Tablets, Counter Tops, Pier and Center Tables, Soda Founts, Chimney Pieces, or any other kind of Marble Work, at the shortest notice, at either of the above named places, from the largest and best stock of Foreign and American Marble ever offered for sale in this city.—Having purchased the above named lots of Marble at very low rates, they are prepared to sell at prices which cannot fail to suit all.

J. PARKER & CO.

Springfield, April 16th, 1853.

Having disposed of our interest in the Marble business to Messrs. J. Parker & Co., (as noticed above,) we cheerfully recommend them to the favorable notice of our friends, and former patrons, as men of integrity and experience, and as meriting the confidence of the public.

A. & S. TOMLINSON.

April 16th, 1853. 6m52

Coal! Coal!!

OF all kinds will be furnished at short notice delivered at Palmer, by applying to J. S. AMES, Agent N. L. W. & P. R. R. Co.

Blacksmiths and all others using coal in this vicinity can save money, by sending orders as above.

Palmer, April 2. 50tf

Plaster.

150 Tons Ground Plaster.
800 Bush. Corn.
50 Bbls. Lime.
200 " Flour.

Meal, Feed, Salt, Grass Seeds, &c., for sale at the Old Stand of Hall & Valentine.

J. A. HALL.

Palmer, April 16. 52tf

A Candid, Sober Fact, Viz!

THAT we have got a better assortment of Clothing, than was ever before offered in this vicinity, and in addition to our unrivaled assortment, we would say most emphatically, that a great portion of it equals any custom work that can be procured, and relative to prices, that our *superior* styles and qualities will be sold as low as the *said* usually kept by others. We think this ample inducement to merit the attention of all purchasers.

MUNGER & BASSETT.

April 16. 52tf

FLOUR in half and whole bbls. by

MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

And Still they Come!

MORE new Goods at

M. W. FRENCH & Co.'s.

May 14.

Clothing! Clothing!! Clothing!!!

By MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

BOOTS and SHOES by

MUNGER & BASSETT.

May 7. 3tf

Ready Made Clothing

OF all kinds, from the cheap Sack to the most Fashionable Dress Coat. Pants and Vests, the largest and best assortment ever before offered in this vicinity. Also, a good assortment of Plain and Fancy Cravats and Stocks, Shirts, Collars, Bosoms, Gloves, &c.

L. A. BAILEY

Nassowanno Block, April 16, 1853. 1tf

THE place to buy the best Hams and Dried Beef, (not smoked) is at the Nassowanno Grocery Store.

Palmer, Apr. 30, 1853 2tf

Hams! Hams!!

HAMS, Pork, Lard, &c., may be found at

M. W. FRENCH & Co.'s

April 16.

Coffin Plates

SHROUDS, Caps &c on hand, or furnished at short notice by

A. BLODGETT

Union Block, Palmer Depot.

POETRY.

A Brief History,
IN THREE PARTS, WITH A SEQUEL.

PART I.—Love.

A glance—a thought—a blow—
It stings him to the core,
A question—will it lay him low?
Or will time heal it o'er.

He kindles at the name—
He sits and thinks apart,
Time blows and blows it to a flame,
Burning within his heart.

He loves it though it burns,
And nurses it with care;
He feels the blissful pain by turns
With hope and with despair.

PART II.—Courtship.

Sonnets and serenades,
Sighs, glances, tears and vows,
Gifts, tokens, souvenirs, parades,
And courtesies and bows.

A purpose and a prayer;
The stars are in the sky—
He wonders how e'en hope should dare
To let him aim so high!

Still hope allures and flatters,
And doubt just makes him bold;
And so with passion all in tatters,
The trembling tale is told.

Apologies and blushes,
Soft look, averted eyes,
Each heart within the other rushes,
Each yields and wins the prize.

PART III.—Marriage

A gathering of fond friends—
Brief, solemn words and prayer—
A tremble to the finger's ends,
As hand in hand they swear.

Sweet cake, sweet wine, sweet kisses,
And so the deed is done!
Now for life's waves and blisses,
The wedded two are one.

And down the shining stream,
They launch their buoyant skiff.
Blessed if they may but trust hope's dream
But ah! Truth echoes—if!

THE SEQUEL.—If

If health be firm—if friends be true—
If self be well controlled—
If tastes be pure—if wants be few—
And not too often told—

If reason always rules the heart—
If passion owns its sway—
If love, for aye, to life imparts
The zest it does to-day—

If Providence, with parent care,
Mete out the varying lot—
While meek contentment bows to share
The palace, or the cot—

And oh! if faith, sublime and clear,
The spirit upward guides—
Then bless'd indeed, and bless'd forever,
The bridegroom and the bride!

☞ A certain lawyer had his portrait taken in his favorite attitude—standing with his hands in his pockets. His friends and clients all went to see it, and everybody exclaimed:

"Oh, how like! It's the very picture of him!"

An old farmer only dissented.

"Taint like!' everybody exclaimed; 'just show us wherein 'taint,' responded the farmer. 'Don't you see he has got his hands in his own pocket?' Now 'twould be as like again if he had his hands in somebody's else pocket!"

Reading the Papers.—An old farmer was asked why he did not take a paper. "Because," said he, "my father, when he died—heaven rest his soul—left me a good many papers, and I havn't read them all through yet."

☞ There's a secret drawer in every heart, as there is in every desk, if we only know how to touch the spring of it.

BUSINESS CARDS.

F. T. WALLACE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office in Munger's Building.
April 1, 1852. 50tf

C. FORBUSH, & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Foreign and American Marble,
PALMER, MASS.
☞ Shop about half a mile East of Palmer Depot.
Tombstones, Monuments and Table Tops, made to order at short notice.
Palmer, Feb. 21, 1852. tf44

TORREY & BARLOW,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
PALMER, MASS.
Office first door East of the Nassowanno House.
C. Torrey. M. Barlow.
jan. 13. 39 tf.

H. F. MILLER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Shop in Barton's Block,
MONSON, MASS. 15tf

C. SANFORD,
(Successor to S. W. Cone,)
DEALER IN
Monuments, Grave Stones, &c., of Italian and American Marble.
All kinds of Carving and Ornamental work done in the best manner, as well as Lettering that will bear inspection.
H. D. SANFORD, Agt.
Ware, Mass., Dec. 25, 1852.

J. S. BAILEY,
DEALER IN
All kinds of Cooking, Parlor and other Stoves, Tin Ware, &c., which will be sold at fair prices.
Job work done promptly and in the best manner.
Palmer, Jan. 1, 1853. 47tf

STATIONERY,
BLANKS, BLANK BOOKS,
ENVELOPES & PAPER
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;
TOYS, PERFUMERY, BRUSHES.
ALSO,
FANCY GOODS,
In great variety, for sale by
ELIHU GEER,
10 State St., Hartford, Conn.

The Store of the Subscriber will be weekly replenished with New Goods, from the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Importing Houses, and from all the principal American manufacturers. Among his extensive assortment may be found all kinds of

Letter, Cap, Drawing, Note and Fancy Papers;
White, Buff & Enameled Envelopes;
Papier Mache, Rosewood, Mahogany & Leather Writing Desks, Work Boxes, &c.;
Cloth, Leather and Papier Mache Portefolios, From 37½ cts. to $8.00 each;
All styles of Card Cases and Porte Monnaies; Wallets and Pocket Books;
Steel, Silk and Kid Purses; Bankers' Cases;
Lubin's Celebrated Genuine Perfumes;
Farina's Unrivaled Cologne;
Bridal, Glove & Handkerchief Perfumed Boxes,
Building Blocks, Wood Alphabets;
Velvet, Iron, Tin and India Rubber Toys;
Pearl & Ivory Tablets;
Crying Babies; China, Wax and Rubber Dolls;
Games too numerous to mention;
Magnets, Masks, & Magic Lanterns;
Hair, Cloth, Hat, Tooth, Nail & Lather Brushes,
Gentlemen's Dressing Cases;
Shell and Horn Dressing Combs; Ivory Combs;
Ladies' Companions, Spool Stands;
All kinds Rubber Balls; Vesta Lights;
Harmonicans, Pickwicks, Sand Toys, Tea Bells
Opera Glasses, Toilet & Traveling Glasses;
Thermometers and Barometers;
Tooth Powder, Hair Oils, Toilet & Shaving Soaps,
Chessmen, Dominoes, Back Gammon Boards,
Chessboards; Dice; Checkers;
Sewing Birds, six kinds, from 37½ to 62½ cents;
Penknives, Scissors and Shears;
A splendid assortment of
Gold Pens, in Gold and Silver Cases;
Steel Pens, Fifty Styles; Pen Nibs and Quills;
Letter Seals or Stamps, all styles;
The best of Wax, warranted to burn free;
Water Colors, from 6 cents to $4.00 per box;
Fancy Paper and Glass Boxes;
Transparent, Porcelain and Paper Slates;
A large assortment of Visiting & Wedding Cards;
Stationery Articles in general;
Every kind of Legal & Probate Blanks;
Wedding Stationery and "Fixins," best qualities;
Patent Blot Pads; Diaries;
Ledgers, Day & Cash Books, Journals, &c.
Blank Notes, Drafts, Orders, Due Bills, &c. &c.,
Letter Copying Presses, Books & Ink;
Mathematical Instruments; Blotting Papers;
Paper Folders and Paper Weights; Erasers;
Newspaper Files and Wires;
Mouth Glue & Mucilage; Indelible Inks;
Black, Blue, Red & Violet Inks;
Inkstands, of One Hundred different varieties.

All of the above described articles can be found in greater profusion and variety than elsewhere in New England, besides other articles too numerous to mention. Call and see for yourself. They will be sold at the lowest prices, either at wholesale or retail. ☞ Particular attention given to the Paper and Envelope Trade, at 10 State Street, Hartford, Ct., by ELIHU GEER.

☞ Every kind and style of Job, Card and Book Printing, by Steam, executed as heretofore. Large additions of New Type and Machinery are being made this year, to the already most extensive Printing Establishment of
ELIHU GEER, 10 State st.
Hartford, May, 1853.

To Those who are Diseased.

THE Undersigned, having been in successful practice of Medicine for the past nine years, in this place, and being no longer able to ride to a distance and bear the responsibility which has formerly rested upon him, proposes to examine Patients at his residence. Patients can be examined while he is in the clairvoyant state, or by the common practice of examining. Feeling confident in the success he has had for the last six months in his clairvoyant examinations, and prescriptions, that he can benefit all who call upon him, desires all who are diseased to test him for their own benefit.
R. BARRON.
Botanic Physician and Clairvoyant.

All kinds of Medicine carefully prepared, by the clairvoyant, who is experienced in compounding Medicine of all kinds.

Syrups.	Bitters.
Cancer,	Jaundice,
Scrofula,	Strengthening,
Erysipelas,	Wine,
Compound Humor,	Stimulating,
Lung,	

Anti-bilious Pills of a superior kind.
All kinds of the above Medicines kept constantly on hand.
Palmer, Sept. 10. 21tf

BAG and Bbl. SALT, by
MUNGER & BASSETT.
May 7. 3tf

Smith's Patent VERTICAL GATE.

THE attention of Farmers, and the Public generally is invited to the above Gate, which possesses many advantages over any other Gate in use. This Gate does not swing but opens vertically from the center by a parallel movement of the rails, consequently there can be no *sagging*, or drawing over of the Posts; it requires no ground to swing upon, but may be opened and shut while teams are standing close upon either side of it, and without any shoveling away of snow in the winter, and is equally adapted to inclining as to level ground. The Gate is very simple in its construction, not liable to get out of order, and may be built for less expense than the common swing Gate of equal size and strength. A full size working Gate may be seen by calling on the subscriber near the Union House, Palmer Depot, who will furnish Gates, or the Right for making and using the Gates, on liberal terms.
A. BLODGETT.
Palmer, April 2, 1853. 50tf.

J. P. HENDRICK'S fine cut, and chewing Tobacco, by the paper or gross, by
MUNGER & BASSETT.
Palmer, March 19, 1853. 38tf.

HOWARD'S
VEGETABLE
Cancer and Canker SYRUP.

THIS Preparation, which has been used during the last sixteen years with the most signal success, is now, for the first time, presented to the medium of advertising.

At a period like the present, when the proprietors of medicine are flooding the community through the press, with testimonials in favor of their respective preparations, the subscriber deems it a duty which he owes to suffering humanity to present his also, for the consideration of the afflicted. In doing so, he is happy to be able to say, that the efficacy of this INVALUABLE COMPOUND has never been surpassed in the treatment of

CANCERS, CANKER, SCROFULA, SALT RHEUM, ERYSIPELAS, KING'S EVIL, SCALD HEAD, FEVER SORES, SCURVY, TUMORS, ULCERS, &C.,

and those affections generally which originate IN A DEPRAVED STATE of the BLOOD.

The benefit derived from its PROPER application (see DIRECTIONS) must be permanent, from the fact that it acts with great power upon THE SEAT of the disease *the morbid matter accumulated in the blood*, and entirely eradicates it from the system. But while it acts with great power and certainty in the removal of HUMORS generally, its efficacy is the most satisfactorily demonstrated in the cure of *Cancers and Fever Sores.*

It is well known that when the *blood* becomes so impure as to produce disease in these forms, the patient is supposed to be beyond the restoring influence of medicine.

Those who may be so unfortunate as to be afflicted with *Cancers or Fever Sores*, need only make a fair trial of the SYRUP *following rigidly the directions*, to be convinced that they are not *necessarily doomed* to die.

That we speak advisedly upon this subject, and do not wish to thrust upon the afflicted a useless preparation to extort from them money for which we are not willing to give them more than an equivalent, we respectfully invite attention to the subjoined testimonials which furnish the most emphatic evidence of the truthfulness of our statements.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TESTIMONY
BY A LADY.

By Mrs. H. S. Spear, wife of Capt. G. Spear.
A Cancer deemed incurable by eminent Physicians, entirely removed by the Syrup.

Quincy, April 15, 1852.

Dear Sir: This is to certify, that some years since, I was the subject of much suffering occasioned by a swelling on my breast which after a few months was pronounced by eminent physicians, a Cancer, and one which they could not encourage me to hope could be cured. Deriving no benefit from their prescriptions, and hearing of your invaluable specific for cancerous affections, I commenced taking the Syrup, and soon began to feel its beneficial effects. Encouraged by its favorable effects in the incipient stages of its operation I persevered in its use till the swelling subsided, the cancerous symptoms wholly disappeared, and my health was perfectly restored. I feel that the continuance of my life is attributable to the agency of your excellent medicine, and I cheerfully recommend it to the afflicted as the *best* remedy for the diseases for which it is prescribed of which I have any knowledge.

HANNAH S. SPEAR.

Most malignant Fever Sores healed and the Patient restored to health.

ASTONISHING CURE!!

Worcester, Sept. 1, 1851.

Mr. D. Howard: It is with great pleasure that I send you my testimony in favor of your *Cancer and Canker Syrup.* It has affected by the blessing of God attending its administration, the greatest cure that ever came to my knowledge. My son was afflicted with Fever Sores to such a degree that for four months his life was despaired of, when I was informed that Zeba Howard, of Randolph Mass., could cure him. I immediately sent for him, and in three days after he came the boy began to recover, and continued to improve till his sores were completely healed, since which he has enjoyed as good health as could be desired. I have recommend the Syrup to a great many persons since, who are also ready to give their testimony in its favor. Of all medicines of which I have any knowledge, I regard this, for the diseases for which it is recommended, as *the best.* I could write all day, and not tell half I feel in relation to the utility of your excellent Syrup. May God speed you in your work, and succeed your efforts to alleviate human suffering.

MARSON EATON.

SCIENTIFIC TESTIMONY.

To the Public. A Card. By a Druggist.

Randolph, April 12, 1852.

I know the ingredients which compose Howard's Vegetable Cancer and Canker Syrup, and am acquainted with the formula for its preparation. It is purely vegetable in its nature, containing no *mecurial or mineral* substances, and is composed of such vegetables only as possess great Alterative properties. It is an excellent remedy for those diseases for which the Proprietor recommends it, and I cheerfully commend it to the afflicted.

ZENAS SNOW, Druggist and Chemist.

Having presented the above statements and testimonials, we assure the afflicted that the certificates (which have been selected from many in our possession) are *Genuine*; of which, if they have any doubt, they are desired to communicate with the individuals over whose signatures they are published and their suspicions will soon be removed.

☞ The *genuine* is prepared and sold by D. HOWARD, Randolph, Mass. For sale also by REDDING & CO. 8 STATE ST. BOSTON, General Agents; and retailed by Agents through out the country.

Circulars furnished gratuitously by Agents when desired.

☞ Price, $1,00 per bottle; $5,00 for six bottle. A liberal discount made to those who buy to sell again.

For sale in Palmer, by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.

PAPER HANGINGS, a good assortment, by
MUNGER & BASSETT.
Palmer. March 19, 1853. 38tf.

"Eureka, Eureka."

We have found it at last. Now for the little ones. Why will parents waste hours and days in fruitless endeavors to get perfect pictures of their children, and after all get nothing but a poor miserable caricature? We would say, come to our *Excelsior Gallery*, and we will guarantee to make you a perfect picture, by our *Electro Chemical* process, that works in from 1-2 to 2 seconds.

We defy any Daguerrian in Springfield or elsewhere to compete with us, as we are the inventors, and the process is used only in our different establishments in the New England and Middle States. For pictures of adults, the Silver Medals we have received from the American Institute, New York, and Franklin, Philadelphia, together with hundreds of premiums from county fairs is sufficient proof that they are the "*ne plus ultra*" of perfection.

We have at great expense procured the *exclusive right* of Hampden Co., for the

VIGNETTE OR CRAYON PICTURES,

The most beautiful and brilliant production of the art. We caution all operatives from any infringement of the same.

Prof. D. C Collins, who is pronounced the best practical operator in the United States, has charge of the Chemical department.

Howard Peal, an *artist* by profession, has charge of the *artistical*

This establishment, connected as it is, with the world renowned and celebrated artist Verno of *Paris*, and Mayall of *London*, has facilities of receiving all the late European improvements.

We would call particular attention to our *Tabotypes* in *Oil.*

COLLINS & CO.
Main st., opposite Site late Hampden House, Springfield. Collin's buildings, Westfield.
No. 100 Chestnut st. Philadelphia.
March 12th, 1853. 47tf.

HERE IS YOUR REMEDY.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

A most miraculous cure of Bad Legs, after 43 years' standing.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. Wm. Galpin, of 70 St. Mary's st., Weymouth, May 15th, 1851.
To Professor Holloway:

Sir,—At the age of 18, my wife, who is now 61, caught a violent cold, which settled in her legs, and ever since that time they have been more or less sore, and greatly inflamed. Her agonies were distracting, and for months together she was deprived entirely of rest and sleep.—Every remedy that medical men advised was tried but without effect; her health suffered severely, and the state of her legs was terrible. I had often read your advertisements, and advised her to try your Pills and Ointment; and, as a last resource, after every other remedy had proved useless, she consented to do so. She commenced six weeks ago, and strange to relate, is now in good health. Her legs are painless, without scam or scar, and her sleep sound and undisturbed. Could you have witnessed the sufferings of my wife during the last 43 years, and contrast them with her present enjoyment of health, you would indeed feel delighted in having been the means of so greatly alleviating the sufferings of a fellow creature.

Signed WM. GALPIN.

A person 70 Years of Age Cured of a Bad Leg of Thirty Years' standing.

Copy of a letter from Mr Wm. Abbs, builder of Gas Ovens, of Rushcliffe, near Huddersfield, dated May 31st, 1851.
To Professor Holloway:

Sir,—I suffered for a period of thirty years from a bad leg, the result of two or three different accidents at Gas Works; accompanied by scorbutic symptoms. I had recourse to a variety of medical advice, without deriving any benefit, and was even told that the leg must be amputated, yet, in opposition to that opinion, your Pills and Ointment have effected a complete cure in so short a time, that few who had not witnessed it would credit the fact.

Signed WM. ABBS.

The truth of this statement can be verified by Mr W. P. England, Chemist, 13 Market st., Huddersfield.

A dreadful bad Breast cured in one Month.

Extract of a letter from Mr. Frederick Turner, of Penshurst, Kent, dated Dec. 13th, 1850.
To Professor Holloway:

Dear Sir,—My wife had suffered from bad Breasts for more than six months, and during the whole period had the best medical attendance, but all to no use. Having before healed an awful wound in my own leg by your unrivalled medicine, I determined again to use your Pills and Ointment, and therefore gave them a trial in her case and fortunate it was I did so, for in less than a month a perfect cure was effected, and the benefit that various other branches of my family have derived from their use is really astonishing. I now strongly recommend them to all my friends.

Signed FREDERICK TURNER.

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases:

Bad legs	Gout
Bad breasts	Glandular Swellings
Burns	Lumbago
Bunions	Piles
Bite of Moschetoes and Sand-Flies	Rheumatism
Coco-bay	Scalds
Chiego-foot	Sore Nipples
Chilblains	Sore throats
Chapped hands	Skin diseases
Corns (soft)	Scurvy
Cancers	Sore heads
Contracted & stiff joints	Tumors
Elephantiasis	Ulcers
Fistulas	Wounds
	Yaws

Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 244 Strand, near Temple Bar, London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the British Empire, and of those of the United States, in Pots at 37 1-2 c., 87 c., and $1,50 c., each. Wholesale by the principal Drug houses in the Union and by Messrs A. B. & D. Sands, New York, and Redding & Co., Boston.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

For sale in Palmer by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.
Sept 10th. 1yeow.

Shaving Made Easy.

BY using one of "Frederick's Celebrated Razors," which, together with Razors of several other brands, made by some of the best manufacturers in England; Shaving Brushes; and a variety of First Quality Soaps, &c., may be found at
A. BLODGETT'S.
Union Block, Palmer Depot, Dec. 11. 34.

All Ready!

TO show you Blk. and mode col'd Silk Hose, Mixed Slate and White Cotton do. for Ladies, Misses and Children. Men's 1-2 do., all qualities. Also Kid, Silk, Lisle and Cotton Gloves. Low prices will buy them of
M. W. FRENCH & CO.
April 16. 52tf

New System and New Remedies
FOR THE CURE OF
CONSUMPTION.
NUTTALL'S SYRIACUM,
IN THREE BOTTLES,
CONTAINING
THREE DIFFERENT PREPARATIONS,
For the Cure of the
Three Different Stages OF CONSUMPTION.

INCIPIENT

First Stage—*Symptoms.*—Cough, pain in the breast, side, head, back, joints and limbs; inflammation, soreness and tickling in the throat fever, difficult and quick breathing, *expectoration difficult, slight and frothy.*

CONFIRMED

Second Stage—*Symptoms.*—Costiveness, spasmodic cough, violent fever, night, morning and mid-day sweats, hectic flush in the face and cheeks, burning heat in the palms of the hands and soles of the feet, *expectoration easy, copious, and streaked with blood.*

TUBERCULAR

Third Stage—*Symptoms.*—Diarrhœa, diminished fever, cough, and morning sweats, great and increasing debility, frequent fainting fits, slight delirium, and swelling of the extremities.

TO THE AFFLICTED.

The appearance in Three Bottles of NUTTALL'S SYRIACUM is a rare era in Medicine, from its novelty and direct opposition to the old *absurd and inconsistent one bottle system*, while its success prepared in this manner, each Bottle containing a different preparation, in curing the different stages which characterize Consumption, has established the welcome truth of the curability *of every stage of Pulmonary Consumption.*

Physicians approve of it, because it is based upon correct Physiological and Pathological principles. The public approve of it, because it is common sense, and because they *know* from sad experience that *one* preparation will *not* cure the *three* stages of Consumption. The suffering, disappointed, and discouraged Invalid approves of it, because its principles hold out a reasonable Hope, and *when he uses Nuttall's Syriacum, his hopes are realized.*

IF HE IS IN THE FIRST STAGE OF CONSUMPTION.

and uses the first bottle, his expectoration, difficult and painful, becomes free and easy, his cough soon gets well, the soreness, tickling in his throat, inflammation, pain in his breast, side, head, back, joints, and limbs are removed.

IF HE IS IN THE SECOND STAGE

and uses the second bottle, his fever leaves him, his disturbed slumbers become sweet and refreshing, his night sweats vanish, his expectoration copious and bloody, assumes a healthy appearance, and at length disappears, his bowels become regular, his appetite returns, the flush in his cheek disappears, the burning heat in the palms of his hands and soles of his feet, are felt no longer, his cough now ceases, he recovers and is well.

IF HE IS IN THE THIRD STAGE

and uses the third bottle, his Diarrhœa gradually ceases, his weak bowels become strong, his cough and other bad symptoms disappear, feeble digestion becomes strong and vigorous, his stomach recovers its proper tone, and creates new, rich and nourishing blood, his strength returns, his wasted body is clothed with *flesh*, his life is saved, and he is

RESTORED TO HEALTH!

Each bottle of *NUTTALL'S SYRIACUM* has the *symptoms* of the stage for which it is *intended*, printed in front of the wrapper, whereby every invalid knowing his own symptoms, can judge for himself

WHICH BOTTLE HE REQUIRES,

consequently no mistake can occur in selecting

THE PROPER MEDICINE.

☞ See Pamphlet in possession of the editor of this paper, containing Dr. Nuttall's Pathology of Consumption. Lecture on the Structure and Uses of the Human Lungs, and Certificates of Cures.

☞ Prepared only by *Dr. WM. NUTTALL*, Inventor and Proprietor. Price one dollar per bottle.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE,
278 *Race-st., one door above Eighth,*
PHILADELPHIA.

Sold in Palmer Depot, by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.
Dec. 4, 1852.

Plows.

THE Subscriber keeps at his shop, about one mile east of the Depot Village, the different sizes of J. R. Whittemore & Co.'s celebrated Ease of Plows, which he will sell for cash at manufacturers' prices, or exchange for white oak timber.
F. BLANCHARD.
Palmer, Dec. 27. 35tf

Coffins.

THE Subscriber keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of Mahogany, Black Walnut, White Wood and Pine Coffins, which he will furnish with shrouds and plates, if desired, and will deliver them if wished.
J. S. LOOMIS.
Palmer, Oct. 19, 1850. tf 29

A FEW pieces 22 cts. DE LAINE for 12 1-2 cents, can be found at
MUNGER & BASSETT'S.
May 7. 3tf

Hammond's Liniment.

A SAFE and speedy remedy for all diseases requiring an external application This Liniment has been before the public for the last seven years, steadily acquiring a reputation by its own merits, and now feeling confidence in it, as a remedial agent, we give it a wide circulation, that all may receive benefit from its invaluable properties. For sprains, and contractions of the muscles and tendons, stiffness and injuries of joints, rheumatism, gout, burns, bruises, frozen extremities, &c., it has no equal. The following certificates of some of our most prominent physicians and citizens, shows the confidence and reliance they place upon it:

Certificates.—This may certify, that we have used the above named Liniment in the various diseases, &c., for which it is recommended, and cheerfully add our testimony to its efficacy.

J. N. Bates, M. D., Barre. J. Gorham, Barre.
W. Parkhurst, " Petersham. A. Alden, "
G. Barstow, " Boston. G. Twichell, Sep't
G. W. Pierce, " Leominster. of B. & W. R. R.
D. Rice, Barre. Gen. A. Holman, Bolton,

For sale wholesale and retail, by CALDWELL & HILL, Apothecaries,
229 Main street, Worcester, Mass., General Agents.

Also for sale by J. BOWLES, Palmer, WILSON & EDWARDS, and S. C. PARSONS, Northampton, and by Merchants generally.
March, 26. 1853. 3m49.

$500 CHALLENGE.

WHATEVER concerns the health and happiness of a people, is at all times of the most valuable importance. I take it for granted that every man will do all in their power, to save the lives of their children and that every person will endeavor to promote their own health at all sacriyes, I feel it to be my duty to solemnly assure on that WORMS, according to the opinion of the best physicians, are the primary causes of a large majority of diseases to which children and adults are liable. If you have an appetite continually changeable from one kind of food to another, Bad Breath, Pain in the stomjack, Picking at the Nose, Hardness and Fullness of the Belly, Dry Cough, Slow Fever, Pulse irregular—remember that all these denote WORMS, and you should at once apply the remedy:—

Hobensack's Worm Syrup.

An article founded on Scientific Principles, compounded with purely vegetable substances, being perfectly safe when taken, and can be given to the most tender Infant with decided beneficial effect, where, *Bowell Complaints and Diarrhœa* have made them weak and debilitated the Tonic properties of my Worm Syrup are such that it stands without an equal in the catalogue of medicines, in giving tone and strength to the Stomach, which makes it an Infallible remedy for those afflicted with *Dyspepsia*, the astonishing cures performed by this Medicine after Physicians have failed, is the best evidence of its superior efficacy over all others.

The Tape Worm.

This is the most difficult worm to destroy of all that infest the human system, it grows to an almost indefinite length, becoming so coiled and fastened in the Intestines and Stomach, effecting the health so sadly as to cause the St. Vitus Dance, Fits, &c., that those afflicted seldom if ever suspect that it is Tape Worm hastening them to an early grave. In order to destroy this Worm, a very energetic treatment must be pursued, it would therefore be proper to take from 6 to 8 of my Liver Pills so as to remove all obstructions, that the Worm Syrup may act direct upon the Worm, which must be taken in doses of two table spoonfulls three times a day, these directions followed have never been known to fail in curing the most obstinate case of *Tape Worm.*

Hobensack's Liver Pills.

No part of the system is more liable to disease than the LIVER, it serving as a filterer to purify the blood or giving the proper secretion of the bile; and so that wrong action of the Liver effects the other important parts of the System and results variously in Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, &c. We should therefore, watch every symptom that might indicate a wrong action of the Liver. These pills being composed of ROOTS & PLANTS furnished by nature to heal the sick: Namely 1st AN EXPECTORANT which augments the secretion from the Pulmonary mucus membrane or promotes the discharge of secreted matter. 2d, AN ALTERNATIVE, which changes in some inexplicable and insensible manner the certain morbid action of the System. 3d, A TONIC which gives tone and strength to tha nervous system, renewing health and vigor to all parts of the body. 4th, A CATHARTIC, which acts in perfect harmony with the other ingredients and operating on the Bowels, and expelling the whole mass of corrupt and vitiated matter, and purifying the blood, which destroys disease and restores health.

To Females.

You will find these Pills an invalnable medicine in many complaints to which you are subject. In obstruction either total or partial they have been found of inestimable benefit, restoring their functional arrangements to a healthy action, *purifying* the blood and other fluids so effectnally, as to put to flight all complaints which may arise from female irregularities, as headache, giddiness, dimness of sight, pain in the side, back, &c.

None genuine unless signed J. N. HOBENSACK, all others being base Imitations.

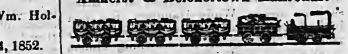
☞ Agents wishing new supplies, and store keepers desirous of becoming Agents must address the Proprietor, J. N. Hobensack, at his Laboratory No. 120 North 2d, above Race-st., Phil., Pa.

For sale by Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer Depot; A. H. Lougley & Co., Belchertown; M. B. Green, Worcester, and Druggists generally over the State.

PRICE EACH 25 CENTS.

Redding & Co., No. 8 State st., Boston, Wholesale Agents.
Dec. 18. 35

New-London, Willimantic, & Palmer
AND
Amherst & Belchertown Railroads.



SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
Commencing Monday, 16th May, 1853.

LEAVE NEW LONDON, AT

7,30 A. M. for Amherst, Norwich, 8,12 A. M. Willimantic 9,05 connecting at 9,05 A. M. for Hartford and Bristol. Palmer 10,45, connecting at 10,44 for Springfield and Albany, and at 1,55 P. M. for Worcester and Boston.

*10,00 A. M. for Willimantic, (or on arrival of accommodation train from New Haven.)—Norwich 11,30 A. M., connecting at 12 M. at Norwich for Worcester and Boston.

1,45 for Amherst (or on arrival of train from New York and New Haven.) Norwich 2,35 P. M., connecting at 3,20 for Worcester.—*Willimantic 3,30 connecting at 4,20 for Hartford. *Palmer 6,10 connecting at 7,09 for Springfield and Albany, and 9,55 for Worcester and Boston.

LEAVE AMHERST AT

5,00 A. M. for New London, New Haven and New York. *Palmer 6,30 connecting at 8,48 for Worcester and Boston, and 10,44 for Springfield and Albany. Willimantic 9,05 connecting at 9,05 for Hartford and Bristol. Norwich 9,55 connecting at 12 M. for Worcester and Boston, and at New London at 10,30 A. M. for New Haven and New York.

1,15 P. M. for New London, New Haven and New York. Palmer 2,30 connecting at 2,18 for Worcester and Boston, and at 3,21 for Springfield. Willimantic 4,25 connecting at 4,20 for Hartford. Norwich 5,20. At New London at 6,00 for New Haven and New York, and at 9,30 with Steamers Connecticut, Knickerbocker and Worcester for New York.

LEAVE WILLIMANTIC AT

*1,30 P. M. for New London. Norwich 3,10 connecting at 3,20 for Worcester.

*Freight trains with Passenger Car attached; and do not stop at Massapeag, Mohegan, Norwich Falls, Norwich Town, Franklin or Lebanon.

Through tickets to New York, via Steamboat from New London, can be had at all the Ticket Stations on this Road.

Discount made to passengers procuring tickets before taking seats in the cars.

THROUGH TICKETS FROM
Palmer to New York (Cabin) $3,00.
" " " (Deck) $2,50.
WM. R. STORRS, Supt.
New London, May 12, 1853.

Alarm and Repeating Clocks,

EIGHT Day, and Thirty Hour—a good assortment. Warranted good time keepers. For sale by
A. BLODGETT
Union Block, Palmer Depot, May 14. 2tf.

THE PALMER JOURNAL.

$1,50 a Year, or] A BUSINESS AND FAMILY NEWSPAPER-----INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING. [$1,25 in Advance.

VOLUME 4. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, JUNE 25, 1853. NUMBER 10.

THE PALMER JOURNAL;
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

GORDEN M. FISK,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE CORNER OF MAIN AND THORNDIKE STS.

TERMS OF THE JOURNAL.—One Dollar and a Half per annum. A discount of Twenty-five Cents to those who pay in *advance*. For six months, 66 Cents; for three months, 33 Cents. Single copies 3 Cents.

☞All Letters to meet with attention must be POST PAID.

☞Communications of News &c. should always be accompanied with a responsible name.

☞No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

ADVERTISING TERMS.—For one square (17 Brevier lines) three weeks, one Dollar; for each subsequent insertion, twenty cents. For half a square three-fourths of the above price. Advertisements inserted among Special Notices, or on the inside of the paper all the time, will be charged an extra price. A liberal discount made to regular advertisers.

Obitnary notices and, in fact, all other matter of individual interest, will be charged as advertising.

The Journal has a larger circulation in Eastern Hampden and vicinity than all other papers. It is, therefore, for the interest of those who wish their advertisements read and circulated in this section, to publish them in the Journal.

JOB PRINTING

Of every description neatly and punctually executed at this Office.
Orders by Mail promptly attended to.

Agents for the Journal.

The following persons are authorized to act as Agents in receiving Subscriptions and giving receipts in onr name:

Three Rivers, A Shumway,—Thorndike, A R. Murdock.—Bondsville, N. D. Wight,—Belchertown, H. A. Longley,—Collins' Depot, W. Collins,—Monson, T. F. Packard,—Monson, *South Factory*, W. Converse,—Monson, *North Factory*, F. S. Smith,—Wales, J. C. Royce,—Stafford Springs, J. H. Nutting,—Stafford Hollow, H. A. Converse.—Warren, W. H. Sessions, —Palmer Centre, E. Turner.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A Broken Heart.

One of the most distressing and heart-rending events has recently occurred in the neighborhood of Bethel, in Bethel township, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, near the Delaware line, that we ever recollect having heard, or read of, either in the pages of romance or the more startling incidents of real life. The consequence has been, that a young and lovely woman, a bride of five months, died a few weeks ago of a broken heart.

A Mr. C., a highly respectable farmer, living in the neighborhood, courted and married the daughter of another highly respected and wealthy farmer, living, as we stated above, in Bethel township.—He took her to his home, where his cousin, who kept house, received her with smiles, and bade her welcome. But she soon found that some other tie was drawing her husband's affections away from her. He left her to sleep alone at night, which she often passed in tears. She soon saw enough to confirm her suspicions that his cousin had withdrawn her husband's affections, and that with him she engaged in the enjoyment of illicit love. She immediately addressed him—telling him that she should go for a week, and that during that time he must send his cousin away—and that she would then come back and live with him, and forgive and forget all. He made her a promise that he would. She went home. The first, second, and third week elapsed, and still no husband came. She then told her sister it was time for her to go home. The carriage came, and her sister accompanied her. When she arrived at her husband's residence, she found that her husband was absent, that he was engaged in the woods. She was coldly received by the cousin, who made no effort to get refreshments. She was placing a pie in the stove, when she remarked rather insultingly:

"That is for Tom!"

The wife remarked that there was enongh for him and others, but the cousin reiterated that none else could have any.

Up to this time she had never told her grief to any member of her family. The sister soon departed, and the husband arriving, she reminded him of his promise of sending the cousin away, when she was startled by his absolute refusal.—She immediately walked up stairs, put a few things in a band-box, and started for her father's house on foot. She had not gone far before her husband overtook her in a carriage, and offered to take her home, but she refused, and insisted on walking; she went the whole distance on foot. She then unburthened her grief to her family. The next day her father ordered his wagon, and went to the husband's house, for the purpose of procuring the furniture he had supplied her with on her marriage. Upon arriving at the house, the husband was absent, the cousin alone being there. She locked up all the doors, and refused him admittance. The father addressed his daughter, telling her she was mistress, to give orders to break open the doors. She did so. The doors were accordingly broken open, and most of the furniture and clothes belonging to the deserted bride, were taken to her father's, where upon her arrival, she took to her bed and died solely of a broken heart. Thus was a young and lovely being, whom "none knew but to love," or "named her but to praise," only five months a bride, through crushed and slighted affection, hurried to her tomb. The funeral was attended by a vast concourse of the neighboring people. *Blue Hen's Chicken.*

Wonderful Trees.

Among the remarkable trees in the world, the following, of which we have compiled brief descriptions, are some of the most curious:

THE BRAZIL-NUT TREE.—The Brazil-nut tree may justly command the attention of the enthusiastic naturalist. This tree thrives well in the province of Brazil, and immense quantities of its delicious fruit are annually exported to foreign countries. It grows to the height of from fifty to eighty feet, and in appearance is one of the most majestic ornaments of the forest. The fruit, in its natural position, resembles a cocoa-nut, being extremely hard, and of about the size of a child's head. Each one of these shells contains from twelve to twenty of the three-cornered nuts, nicely packed together. And to obtain the nuts, as they appear in market, these shells have to be broken open. During the season of their falling it is dangerous to enter the groves where they abound, as the force of their descent is sufficient to knock down the strongest man. The natives, however, provide themselves with wooden bucklers, which they hold over their heads while collecting the fruit from the ground. In this manner they are perfectly secure from injury.

THE CANNON-BALL TREE.—Among the plants of Guinea, one of the most curious is the cannon-ball tree. It grows to the height of sixty feet, and its flowers are remarkable for beauty and fragrance, and contradictory qualities. Its blossoms are of a delicious crimson, appearing in large bunches, and exhaling a rich perfume. The fruit resembles enormous cannon-balls, hence the name. However, some say it has been so called because of the noise which the balls make in bursting. From the shell domestic utensils are made, and the contents contain several kinds of acids, besides sugar and gum, and furnish the materials for making an excellent drink in sickness.—But, singular as it may appear, this pulp, when in a perfectly ripe state, is very filthy, and the odor from it is exceedingly unpleasant.

THE GREAT CHESTNUT TREE.—On the one side of Mount Etna there is a famous chestnut tree, which is said to be one hundred and ninety-six feet in circumference, just above the surface of the ground. Its enormous trunk is separated into five divisions, which gives it the appearance of several trees growing together. In a circular space, formed by these large branches, a hut has been erected for the accommodation of those who collect the chestnuts.

THE DWARF TREE.—Captains King and Fitzroy state that they saw a tree, on the mountains near Cape Horn, which was only one or two inches high, yet had branches spreading out four or five feet along the ground.

THE IVORY-NUT TREE.—The ivory-nut tree is popularly called the Tagua plant, and is common in South America. The tree is one of the numerous family of palms, but belonging to the order designated as screw-pine tribe. The natives use their leaves to cover their cottages, and from the nuts make buttons and various other articles. In an early state, the nuts contain a sweet, milky liquid, which afterward assumes a solidity equal to ivory, and will admit of a high polish. It is known as ivory-nut, or vegetable ivory, and has recently been brought into use for various purposes.

THE SORROWFUL TREE.—At Goa, near Bombay, there is a singular vegetable—the sorrowful tree—so called because it only flourishes in the night. At sunset no flowers are to be seen, and yet, half an hour after, it is quite full of them. They yield a sweet smell, but the sun no sooner begins to shine upon them than some of them fall off, and others close up; and thus it continues flowering in the night all the year.—*Christian Inquirer.*

☞ A proposition was recently made in the city government of Washington to tax bachelors, over twenty-five years of age for the support of the orphans of the District! It is needless to say that the plan was not adopted.

☞ Two youths not over twenty-one years of age, fought a duel near New Orleans. One of them, named Lessese, was killed, and the survivor succeeded in making his escape.

A Thrilling Adventure.

A merchant, who wishing to celebrate his daughter's wedding, collected a party of her young companions; they circled around her, wishing much happiness to the youthful bride and her chosen one.—Her father gazed proudly on his lovely child, and hoped that as bright prospects for the future might open for the rest of his children who were playing among the guests. Passing through the hall of the basement, he met a servant carrying a lighted candle in her hand, without the candle stick. He blamed her for such conduct, and went into the kitchen to see about the supper. The girl soon returned, but without the candle. The merchant immediately recollected that several barrels of gunpowder had been placed in the cellar during the day, and that one had been opened.

"Where is your candle," he inquired in the utmost alarm.

"I couldn't bring it up with me, for my arms are full of wood," said the girl.

"Where did you put it?"

"Well, I'd no candlestick, so I stuck it in some black sand that's in the small barrel."

Her master dashed down the stairs, the passage was long and dark, his knees threatened to give way under him, his breath was choked, his flesh seemed dry and parched, as if he already felt the suffocating blast of death. At the end of the cellar, under the very room where his children and their friends were revelling in felicity, he saw the open barrel of powder, full at the top; the candle stuck loosely in the grains, with a long red snuff of burnt wick; this sight seemed to wither all his powers; the laughter of the company struck upon his ear like the knell of music commenced above, the feet of the dancers responding with vivacity; the floor shook, and the loose bottles in the cellar jingled with the motion. He fancied the candle moved—was falling; with desperate energy he sprang forward—but how to remove it? the slightest touch would cause the red hot wick to fall into the powder. With unequalled presence of mind he placed a hand on each side of the candle, pointed toward the object of his care, which, as his hands met, was secured in the clasping of his fingers, and safely moved away from its dangerous position. When he reached the head of the stairs he smiled at his previous alarm, but the reaction was too powerful, and he fell into fits of the most violent laughter. He was conveyed to his bed senseless, and many weeks elapsed ere his nerves recovered sufficient tone to allow him to resume his business.

"The World Owes Me a Living."

No such thing, Mr. Fold-up-your-hands; the world owes you not a single cent! You have done nothing these twenty years but consume the products earned by the sweat of other men's brows.

"You have eat, and drank, and slept; what then?
Why, eat, and drank, and slept again."

And this is the sum total of your life. And the world "owes you a living?"—For what? How comes it indebted to you to that trifling amount? What have you done for it? What family in distress have you befriended? What products have you created? What miseries have you alleviated? What acts have you perfected? The world owes you a living! idle man! Never was there a more absurd idea! You have been a tax—a sponge upon the world ever since you came into it. It is your creditor to a vast amount. Your liabilities are immense, your assets are nothing, and yet you say the world is owing you. Go to! The amount in which you stand indebted to the world is greater than you will ever have the power to liquidate. You owe the world the labor of your two strong arms, and all the skill in work they might have gained; you owe the world the labor of that brain of yours, the sympathies of that heart, the energies of your being; you owe the world the whole moral and intellectual capabilities of a man! Awake, then, from that dreaming, do nothing state of slothfulness in which you live, and let us no longer hear that false assertion that the world is owing you, until you have done something.

A NEW RELIGION.—It is said that many converts to a new faith have been made in Persia by an apostate Mahomedan, Shirk Babee, who denies the authority of the Koran, and will not recognize any superior but God, Moses, David and himself. Babee has promised his followers that he will bring back to life all who are killed in defending the faith.

☞ Fasten a nail or a key to a string, and suspend it from your thumb and finger, and the nail will oscillate like a pendulum. Let some one place his open hand under the nail and it will change to a circular motion. Then let a third person place his hand upon your shoulder and the nail becomes in a moment stationary.—We leave it to the philosopher to explain the why and wherefore.

Courtship in the Backwoods.

Travelers encounter strange adventures and find out more about a country in a brief tour than its inhabitants ever knew. Madame Pulasky, for example, gives us a piece of information about love in the backwoods which will probably astonish the backwoodsmen themselves. She writes:—Soon after the arrival of Ujhazy on the banks of the Thompson River, when he and his party had hardly pitched their tents, a young backwoodsman came on horseback up to them, and said:

"Which is the daughter of the Hungarian General?"

Miss Ujhazy, who spoke English, asked him what he wanted?

"I reckon its time for me to marry," was the reply; "and I came to propose the matter to you."

The young lady blushed, and began to laugh, but her novel suitor declared that he was in full earnest; that he did not live far off, and that he would assist her father in every way. But when he saw that his proposal was not accepted, he rode off to his business, without having alighted from his horse during the conversation.

The Hungarians afterwards learned, that in the backwoods, not much time is wasted in courting young ladies, or paying them attention before marriage. The pioneer visits a neighbor who has grown up daughters, and says "How do you do?" places himself on a chair before the chimney, chews, spits in the fire, and utters not another word; after a while he takes his leave, and when he has paid a couple of such taciturn visits, he says to the young lady:

"I reckon I should marry you."

The answer is commonly, "I have no objection."

The couple without further ceremony, proceed to the justice of the peace and make their declaration, and when the Methodist Missionary happens to come in their neighborhood, the civil marriage is solemnized religiously.

A Wonderful Character.

It is reported, says the Cheraw (S. C.) Gazette, that there now lives an old man down in the swamp of Little Pee Dee, who never owned but one pair of shoes in his life, and he says they were so hot he never wore them but once. He never cultivated the soil; nevertheless he has accumulated a considerable sum of money, which he deposits in hollow trees in the most unfrequented swamps. He affects extreme poverty, and when applied to for the loan of money, declares he has none; but if the security and premium offered pleases him, and promises are made to repay in specie, he will appoint a day when he will try to get a little, which he never fails to do. He has made his fortune by the sale of fish, the finest of which he knows exactly where to fish for, and honey which he raises in large quantities, having his bees hived in swamps for miles around. No music is so charming to his ears as the booing of bullfrogs and the bellowing of the alligators; for these sang his lullaby when in his cradle, and have been harbingers of his bravest days from his boyhood to the present time. He never uses any other weapon to kill snakes with than his heels, and there never was but one known to bite him, and that one broke off his teeth without penetrating the skin of his heel. He has never taken any doctor's stuff, nor let them come near enough to feel his pulse or to look at his tongue; and he is now seventy years of age. Strange as it may seem that such a character should find a mate of similar taste and fancies, yet such is the case, only that she is a little more like him than he is like himself.

ONE OF THE WOMEN.—Last Monday evening a trading boat came down the river with a crew composed of one woman. She was on deck and managed the oars as expertly as any man. The wind blew the boat in against the wharf boats, and threatened its destruction; but, refusing the assistance of those on shore, she gallantly pushed out, grasped the oar, and finally escaped the threatened dangers and floated safely down the river. It is reported there was an attachment here for her husband and his boat, but she proved the fact that there was a greater attachment for him on board. We are glad it won. Hurrah for the vimmen!—[Evansville (Ind.) Journal, 18th.

A SINGULAR CASE.—A few days since, an old man, one of the inmates of the County poor house in Indianopolis, while engaged in a scuffle with Henry Hoagland, an idiotic pauper, was bitten by him on the little finger of the left hand. As the wound was but slight, little attention was paid to it till the next morning, when, inflamuation having communicated to the whole arm, Dr. Funkner was called. He immediately applied remedies to stop the further spread of the inflammation, but without success; the man became delirious, and died two days afterwards, evidently from the poison communicated to his system by the bite on his finger.

☞ The petrified body of a man has been dug out of a coal bank at Morris, Ill. His limbs were as hard as stone.

Petrification seems to be natural to the human race in the present age. It is not uncommon to meet living men with hearts of stone.—*Bay Book.*

Love's Revenge.

We have this week had a specimen of the revenge that blighted love can take. It appears that a certain gentleman, for the present nameless, had for some years paid his court to a young lady residing in the east district of Bishopwearmouth.—Anxious, however, to push his fortune, he went to a distant land, hoping to return with rich treasures to lay at the feet of his betrothed. During his absence on the banks of the Hudson, a more fortunate swain, from the banks of the, "coaly Tyne," had seen the lady, and, smitten by her charms, made a declaration. The fair damsel, forgetting for the time her absent lover, referred him to papa, who at once consented. In the meantime the absent one returned, and, although made aware of what had transpired, ventured again to press his suit, which the maid, no way reluctant, accepted, stating that the other was not a match of her inclination, but was pressed upon her by her parents; and rather than it should take place she would elope. Under these circumstances it was agreed that a license should be procured, and they would be married during the present week; and with this understanding the poor wight separated from her on Saturday evening, in high expectation. The Newcastle lover, however, paid a visit on the following day, and the proceedings for the wedding with him were hastened, and the eventful day fixed. The fair maid still carried on her dissimulation with her first lover until a day or two previous to her wedding, leading him to suppose that she would marry him, and him only. Alas, for female fickleness!—she was only deceiving him, and willingly went to the alter on Thursday, with the Newcastle lover. Lover No 1, however, determined to be revenged, bribed one of the bell ringers, who, for a consideration, during the performance of the marriage ceremony, and on their leaving the church, instead of the "marriage bell," rang the "mournful requiem," only tolled on the occasion of a death.—*Sunderland Times.*

Study Of History.

We have sometimes thought that the study of History was not sufficiently cultivated in our schools and academies.—indeed, a student seldom, unless incidentally, acquires a more definite idea of history than he gleans from the classics;—and a youth whose studies are confined to the different branches of English letters, generally leaves school with but vague and unconnected notions of ancient and modern history.

The advantages which are derived from the study of history are immense—but they do not seem to be properly appreciated. History has been emphatically termed "the looking glass of the world"—it reflects all the actions of mankind, and brings to our view the acts of distant and receding ages. It gives us a prospect of human affairs—it shows us the tumults, changes, wars and convulsions of empires—the politics, religions, virtues and vices of individuals and nations—it furnishes us with patterns to imitate and examples to deter.

By studying history, a man may grow wise at the expense of the studies of other men. He may thus visit, without traveling, all the habitable parts of the globe. He may converse with the sages of olden times. He may revel at Babylon with Alexander the Great, or sip black broth at Lacedæmon with the pupils of Lycurgus. He may accompany Attila, the scourge of mankind, on his devastating routes, or look in upon Peter of Russia, while devising plans to improve the condition of his barbarous subjects. He may go forth with Columbus to discover a new world—or join Napoleon and his numerous hosts, in attempting to enslave kingdoms. In a word, a familiar acquaintance with history will give a man a certain knowledge of mankind, which every one should possess. It is an important branch of education, which should not be overlooked. It will excite to virtue and deter from vice. It will multiply and enlarge a person's idcas, and stimulate to noble deeds.

BABIES.—An old bachelor says, "It would have been an improvement in the article if babies had been born with their mouths sealed until crying days were past. What an awful amount of crying they do! No barrel organ could stand such perpetual use; and then, 'when they tune up their pipes,' how discordant the music! There is something terrible in the idea of being roused out of a comfortable snooze, and turned out of bed on a cold winter night to get the pap spoon, or to walk barelegged up and down the room, dandling a family organ in full blast, or perhaps to be sent for a doctor when the pavement is like glass, and the hailstones like bullets. I could not live through the infliction; I know I could not. A disconsolate widow would soon mourn my untimely fate, and to hear her relatives declare that her 'weeds were very becoming.'"

☞ Scolding is the pepper of matrimony; the ladies are the pepper boxes.

What I live for.

I live for those who love me,
For those I know are true,
For the heaven that smiles above me,
And awaits my spirit too;
For all human ties that bind me,
For the task by God assigned me,
For the bright hopes left behind me,
And the good that I can do.

I live to learn their story
Who've suffered for my sake,
To emulate their glory,
And follow in their wake:
Bards, martyrs, patriots, sages,
The noble of all ages,
Whose deeds crown history's pages,
And Time's great volume make.

I live to hail the season,
By gifted minds foretold,
When men shall live by reason,
And not alone by gold,—
When man to man united,
And every wronged thing righted,
The whole world shall be lighted,
As Eden was of old.

WATER THROUGH LEAD PIPES.—We are frequently told of the deleterious effect upon the system, of water which passes through a lead pipe, but only occasionally are we made sensible of the extent of the danger. Several days ago a gentleman living a few miles out of the city, caught a couple of trouts and placed them in a trough the water of which was supplied through a lead pipe, intending to keep them there. In less than three hours they were both dead. Suspicious of the reason of this sudden death, he determined to make another trial, and placed in the trough another trout. The same result followed in less time, and he made a third experiment.—The result was still the same, and he considers it a settled fact that a trout, a native of the pure, sparkling stream, cannot live in lead-impregnated water. If such water is poisonous enough to kill fishes, it cannot be without its destrucive effects upon the human system. [Manchester (N. H.) Democrat.

CHERRIES.—Cherries without stones have been produced in France, by the following ing method: In the spring, before the circulation of the sap, a young seedling cherry tree is split from the upper extremity down to the fork of its roots; then by means of a piece of wood in the form of a spatula, the pith is carefully removed from the tree, in such a manner as to avoid any excoriation, or other injury; a knife is used only for commencing the split. Afterwards the two sections are brought together and tied with woolen, care being taken to close hermetically with clay, the whole length of the cleft.—The sap soon reunites the separated portions of the tree, and, two years afterwards, cherries are produced of the usual appearance, but, instead of stones, there will only be small soft pellicks.

AN INGENIOUS ARAB.—Mr. J. H. Giddon, relates in his lecture on Egyptian Archæology, reported in the Archæological Journal, of the past and present month, that "an Arab discovered the northern air channel of the great pyramid to be opened from top to bottom by placing a cat at the outer orifice and her kittens at the other, shutting them in with stones. The mother soon found her way down through the pyramid to her little family—thus proving this hitherto mysterious passage communicated with the outside.—Previous to the clearing of these passages, the air in the pyramids was quite suffocating."

A TRUE TEST OF AFFECTION.—A middle aged single man was dangerously ill at St. Omar. He threatened to disinherit any nephew or niece that persisted in attending on him—of course, they could not disobey these very strict injunctions of a dying man; but Josephine would not desert the perverse sufferer—he might disinherit her if he liked. He died; and it was then discovered that he had considered Josephine as the only relative who had proved disinterested, and he left her all his property—valued at 80,000 francs.

☞ "How could you do so imprudent a thing?" said a curate to a very poor fellow; "what reason could you have for marrying a girl so completely steeped in poverty as yourself, and both without the prospect of the slightest provision?" "Why, sir," replied the Benedict, "we had a very good reason.—We had a blanket a piece, and as the cold winter weather was coming on, we thought that putting them together would be warmer.

MODESTY.—Modesty is one of the leading characteristics of great minds. Newton, whose discoveries filled the world, and revolutionized the whole empire of science, was one of the most unassuming of men. The mighty intellect and vast achievments of Laplace only rendered him more conscious of his own ignorance; so true it is, that the more men know, the less do they think of themselves.

THE BEST PLEDGE.—If a man would only look at himself when he is drunk, he never would drink again.

What the Constitutional Convention has done.

This body has now been in session between seven and eight weeks. The points which it has settled are as follows:

The *Governor* is to be chosen (as hitherto) by an absolute majority (not a mere plurality as in New York and most other States) of the popular vote; but, in case no one receives such majority, he is to be elected by the Legislature in Joint Ballot. (Hitherto the House has sent up to the Senate the names of two of the four highest candidates on the popular vote, and from these two the Senate has chosen the Governor.) The requisitions that he be thirty years of age and a property-holder to a certain amount, are very properly stricken out—it being found by experience that a poor man stands precious little chance for such an office anyhow, so that the requisition is superfluous. We believe a requirement that the Governor must be a native American is retained.

The *Lieut.-Governor* is to be chosen as the Governor, and is not to preside over the Senate. He is no longer to be styled "His Honor."

The *Senate* is to consist of forty Members, as hitherto, but each to be chosen by a single district, not, as now, by counties electing them one to six each according to population. The districts are to be equal in population, as nearly as may be. Each Senator must reside in the district he represents, and have been five years a resident.

The *Council*, (hitherto elected by the Legislature) is to be chosen by the People from eight districts, each to be composed of five contiguous Senate districts, and to elect one Councilor. No Councilor can be appointed to any office of profit during the term for which he was elected.

The *Secret Ballot* is to be engrafted on the Constitution All votes must be proffered in a sealed envelope, or the officers holding the election shall reject them. This provison is not to apply to the election of town officers.

The *Day of Election* (State) is changed from the second Monday in November to "the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday," which is that first adopted by New York, and since by several other States. It is also the day on which Presidential Electors are chosen throughout the Union, so that Massachusetts will no longer be required to hold *two* Elections every Presidential year, as she has recently done.

The *Qualifications of Voters* have been diminished by striking out the requirement that each voter shall have been rated and paid a tax within the year preceding.

The *regular Sessions of the Legislature* are henceforth to be limited by law to ninety days, and no Legislature, except in case of invasion or insurrection, shall sit more than one hundred days during the year for which it is chosen. The Legislature is to fix its own daily stipend.

The *Officers to be chosen by the People*, in addition to the above, are a Secretary of State, a Treasurer, an Auditor and an Attorney General annually, with Sheriffs, Judges and Registers of Probate, Clerks of Courts, Commissioners of Insolvency, District Attorneys, Registers of Deeds, County Treasurers and County Commissioners triennially. It is possible that the terms of Probate Judges will yet be extended to *six* years.

Horse Stealing and Attempted Robbery in Berkshire.—Marshall Keyes called at the residence of Lawrence Smith, in New Marlboro', late on the evening on Tuesday, the 31st ult., stating that he had broken his carriage, near by, and asking for some nails and a hammer with which to repair the damage. Mr. Smith having retired, he sent an Irishman with a lantern to an out house for the purpose of procuring the nails, &c., and as he stooped down to pick up a hammer from the floor, Keyes, who had followed him, struck him on the back of his head, extinguished the light in the lantern, and then repeated his blows in the dark, until the outcry of the Irishman brought Mr. Smith to his aid, when the ruffian fled. He was subsequently arrested and examined, and as the Irishman positively identified him on oath, as the man who committed the assault, he was bound over in the sum of $1200 to answer.

On the morning after the affray, a young man calling himself "Robert Smith, of Lee," hired a horse and carriage at Kipp's livery stable in Great Barrington, forgetting to return it, and remembering to trade off the horse and harness at Green River, from which place he was followed to Greenbush, where all trace of him was lost, until the New Marlboro' traces became known, when Mr. Kipp, thinking that "Robert Smith of Lee," might be young Keyes, took occasion to call upon him, and found him to be both Mr. Smith and Mr. Keyes. He has since been arrested on a charge of horse-stealing, and committed to the Lenox jail to await his trial in July. Mr. Lawrence Smith, upon whose premises the assault was committed, had some twelve or fourteen hundred dollars in his house, and it is supposed that it was the purpose of the ruffian to get possession of this money.—*Spring. Rep.*

Narrow Escapes.—The Dunkirk Journal relates the narrow escape from death of a woman and infant who fell between the cars of the State Line railroad while the train was in motion. The woman had sufficient presence of mind to remain flat on the ground between the rails, holding the child in the same position; and when the train had passed, the horrified passengers who expected to behold the mangled remains of two human beings, found both the mother and child unharmed. A similar occurrence is recorded in the Rochester papers. On Thursday morning one of the passengers on the emigrant train, just entering the city, went to step from one car to another and fell between them upon the track. Some dozen cars passed over him, but he escaped with a few slight bruises—having fallen lengthwise upon the track. It was a narrow escape.

Charge of Incest.—Joshua Thrasher, of Plymouth, was arrested on Tuesday last, on a charge of licentious intercourse with his own daughter, and after an examination before John J. Russell, Esq., was committed to jail in that town, to await an examination before the Grand Jury, in August. The testimony against the defendant was the daughter, who swore positively to the criminal connection.

Black Law of Indiana.—The law of Indiana, with reference to free persons of color is so severe, that it has caused large numbers of the blacks to leave the State. The Cincinnati Commercial says that it is scarcely possible to pass along the river in front of that city, without observing one or more negro families from the Hoosier State. They appear to be persons of some property, and have with them fine stocks of horses, mules and milch cows.

THE JOURNAL.

PALMER, MASS.

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 25, 1853.

Summer Enjoyment.

With a large class of people the hottest weather in summer is selected for traveling, visiting watering places and other resorts of comfort. Those who have lived all the rest of the year shut up in crowded cities may realize enjoyment in thus spending the Summer season, but those who live in the country will find more comfortable quarters at home than they can secure at any of the popular resorts at the sea-shore or Springs.

A person who spends a month at Newport or Saratoga, finds himself surrounded with a bustling throng of visitors, all intent on enjoying themselves to the full, and all equally unsatisfied. The continual excitement, the constant shifting and changing, the weary days and restless nights, soon tire down the strongest constitution, and though the visitor returns home "feeling better," we very much doubt whether he experiences any real benefit from the trip. At the smaller Summer resorts where visitors and amusements are not so plenty, more comfort can be enjoyed, with less expense and less excitement. The Valley of the Connecticut and the hills of Berkshire afford numerous pleasant resorts to those who seek a cool retreat during the Summer months. All the luxuries and novelties of a country life can be found in no other places more plentiful. Round Hill, at Northampton, is one of the pleasantest summer resorts in New England. The scenery around is beautiful and highly romantic, while its location renders it easy of access from all quarters. Those wishing to visit Springs possessed of medicinal qualities, will find those of Pelham, Shutesbury, and Stafford, Ct., among the best in the country. The latter have been for a long time famous for the cures they have effected. The Indians first made use of the water to cure their sick, and in the Summer season it was customary for them to plant their wigwams around the Springs. The water of the Springs is believed to operate as a thorough and effectual means of eradicating scrofula and cutaneous diseases. Dr. Warren, afterwards General Warren, who fell on Bunker Hill, was the first to plan an establishment for invalids at Stafford, which was carried into effect by Dr. Willard, after the death of the lamented Warren. The large hotel at the Springs is now kept in an excellent manner by Mr. Peavy, and those who visit the place will realize all the comfort which the water of the Springs, a good house and an obliging landlord can afford. Stafford is only fifteen miles from Palmer, and may be reached by the New London, Willimantic and Palmer Railroad.

Those choosing a visit to the sea-shore, and prefer some quiet resort, rather than the excitement which always accompanies a stay at Newport or Cape May, will find many pleasant watering places along the shores of Long Island Sound. The most pleasant places, however, will be found in the vicinity of Boston. Cohasset, Nahant, Nantasket Beach, and other places around Boston, present the finest sea-shore scenery in the United States, if not in the world. Plenty of cash and good health will secure enjoyment in those places, if anywhere. Without these essential accompaniments, it is difficult to feel independent and happy in any place.

The Morning Song of Birds.—At this season of the year, but very few people enjoy the singing of birds, the music of these winged songsters taking place when most people are in bed. At three o'clock, or a little after, the woods are filled with their music, and by the time the sun is fairly risen they retire to shady thickets and remain in silence during the day. The beauty of Summer is realized in its cool, dewy mornings, before the sun breaks from the chambers of the East, to parch the earth with its burning beams. Up with you, sleepy head, and go out and inhale the bracing air of the early morn. You will feel better through the whole day for doing so, and gain at least one day in a month besides. Try the experiment, you who are accustomed to sleep an hour or more after sunrise, and we'll guarantee you will never regret having followed our advice.

Girls Drowned.—Two young ladies named Omond, daughters of a respectable farmer of St. Esprit, in Lower Canada, while boating in the St. Lawrence on the 24th ult., were accidentally drowned by the upsetting of the boat in which they were sailing.—They were sisters, and the melancholy accident occurred in view of their parents, and a number of persons who were present on the bank of the river at the time.

Death of Emigrants on the Cars.—We learn from the Utica Gazette that two emigrant passengers died on the cars Wednesday, last week, on their way from Schenectady to Utica; their deaths is attributed to the excessive heat. The subject of crowding the emigrant cars has been brought before the New York Legislature.

☞ An Irish girl fell through the railroad bridge over the Connecticut, at Springfield, on Monday, and sank to the bottom. A raftsman plunged in after her, brought her out and held her up by the heels until she came to her senses.

☞ Slaves continue to be landed on the island of Cuba, despite the remonstrances of the English government, and in violation of national treaties.

State Temperance Convention.

A State Temperance Convention commenced its session in Springfield on Wednesday. The Convention was called to order by B. W. Williams of Boston, and J. M. Usher of Medford was appointed Chairman, and Rev. T. W. Higgins of Worcester, Secretary, pro tem. A Committee chosen for the purpose subsequently reported the following officers, who were elected.

Rev. Edward Hitchcock, D. D., President.

J. M. Usher, Rev. Dr. Lyman Beecher, Rev. Dr. Ide, Wm. Hyde, Dr. Josiah Bartlett, Daniel Frost, Julius A. Palmer, Silas Ripley, Rev. Dr. Osgood, C. L. McCurdy and James Ford, Vice Presidents.

B. W. Williams, T. W. Higgins, and A.W. Thayer, Secretaries.

On taking the chair President Hitchcock made a brief and appropriate address, in which he gave a consise history of the rise and progress of Temperance.

A State Central Committee, consisting of the following gentlemen was nominated and elected:

W. B. Spooner, Boston; Moses Mellen, do.; B. W. Williams, do.; Edwin Thompson, Walpole; Charles Jewett, Milbury; James Eaton, Malden; W. R. Stacy, Boston; John S. Baker, Beverly; Zenas Bassett, Hyannis; Phineas Craudell, Worcester; Charles C. Wilder, Chelsea; Daniel Farrar, Boston; Sam'l Hoar, Concord; Lyman Beecher, Boston; Enos Calkins, Palmer; Melvin Copeland, Norwich; J. P. Williston, Northampton; Wm. Elliot, Greenfield; James Ford, Abington; Darius Goff, Pawtucket; Thomas Bradley, Nantucket; Robert C. Pitman, New Bedford.

A Committee on Finance was appointed, consisting of Mr. Porter of Hadley, H. D. Cushing of Boston, and Rev. Moses Dwight of Springfield. The Convention was then addressed by Dr. Marsh, Rev. Mr. Trask, Mr. Hale of Hartford, J. C. Cluer, and John H. W. Hawkins.

In the evening, J. B. Merwin, of Ct., Rev. Samuel Wolcott, of Providence, R. I., Rev. John Todd, D. D., and F. W. Kellogg, of Ohio, interested the Convention with speeches that were worth a journey to Springfield to hear.

The Convention continued in session on Thursday up to 1 o'clock, P. M. Speeches were made and resolutions passed, but we have not sufficient room to report them. A Committee to prepare a State Address was appointed, consisting of Rev. Edward Beecher, D. D., Sam'l Hoar, Wm. Hyde, and Rev. C. L. McCurdy.

Bathing.—Now is the time for frequent bathing. There is health, pleasure and recreation to be found in the cool waters of the gently-flowing stream, which everybody should enjoy. Not only men, but women should bathe; nothing refreshes and invigorates the human system more, nothing is more cheap and natural. Everybody should also learn to swim. Young people of both sexes can easily learn the art, by a little practice. In many places there are swimming schools for boys, and if they were more common, and open to girls as well as boys, hundreds of lives would be saved every year, by the knowledge of persons knowing how to swim. Every village should have its bathing houses. Water is plenty, cheap and easily to be got at; why, then, do not some public spirited individuals take the trouble to erect bathing houses by the side of rivers or over smaller streams, for the benefit of a large class of persons who are now deprived of so healthful a privilege by a well grounded fear of public exposure?

Generous.—The New York Express says a delicate compliment has been paid to the lady of Daniel Webster by some of his friends in that city. They subscribed the sum of *twenty-five thousand dollars* as a present, and they have tendered their liberal offering in the form of an elegant residence, handsomely furnished, or as an investment subject to her sole control, and for her sole benefit.

An Old Settler.—In 1804, Ruel Warriner of Agawam, then a lad of tender years, found a box turtle in the woods of Agawam, which he caught and after carving his own initials and the year upon his shell, let him at large again. Twice since, at long intervals, and on Thursday of last week, for the third time, has Mr. Warriner fallen in with his early acquaintance.

Express Train.—An Express passenger train of cars on the Western Railroad will leave Springfield hereafter, commencing Monday, for Albany, at a quarter past 11 in the morning, and another will leave Albany for Springfield at a quarter before 9 in the morning. These trains are for the accommodation of Summer travel.

Swallowed his Teeth.—A Cincinnati druggist recently while asleep swallowed a gold plate, upon which false teeth had been inserted. The plate lodged a short distance below his palate and will neither go up or down. It causes him great pain, and it is feared that lockjaw will ensue.

☞ To sit and concoct ideas, and write them out, with the mercury ranging from 90 to 98, is not the pleasantest or easiest thing in the world. If any one who hoes corn or mows grass don't believe it, we should like to exchange work with him the hottest day next week.

Rodolphus Norton of Hatfield, fainted while at work in his field, on Monday, and was taken to his residence, where he died immediately, as is supposed from the effects of the heat.

☞ Harrison French and wife of Ware, were thrown from their carriage, on their way to Northampton, a few days since, and quite severely injured.

Bear Fight.—A German named Peter Salshider, living at Dutch Creek, near Green Bay, came near having an "interesting time" with a bear, on Thursday last, barely saving himself, as the report goes, by the "skin of his teeth." It seems that he started out, in company with his daughter, and, as a matter of course, his gun, in search of his cows.—After proceeding a short time through the woods, they unexpectedly encountered a large bear. Mr. S. fired his gun at him, wounding him severely, and retreated towards home, reloading his gun as he went. On the bear's coming up to him he fired the second charge, and handing his gun to his little girl, prepared to defend himself with his hunting knife. The enraged brute made at him, and Mr. S. buried his knife in his body, which unfortunately broke off at the handle. He then took it rough and tumble with the bear, from which, after a long fight, assisted by his daughter, who broke the gun over bruin's head, he managed to extricate himself, having received several severe bites, and being badly torn by the bear's claws in the breast and other parts of the body. In this condition he managed to reach home, and the neighbors went in search of the bear which they found a short distance from where the fight took place, nearly dead, and brought him in. Although badly wounded we understand that Mr. S. is slowly recovering.—*Green Bay Advocate.*

The Slave Trade in Cuba.—By the following extract from a Havana letter, it will be seen that "three cargoes of negroes have been landed since the 18th of last month—the Lady Suffolk's cargo, being over 1160 negroes, in the vicinity of Mariel; one of 300 negroes, south side, at Bailen, and another at San Juan de los Remedios, 625, more or less." It is stated that those landed at Bailen were brought on shore in launches, and marched publicly through the town to an estate a few miles distant, called El Valle, where they were divided amongst the parties interested in the expedition. After the negroes and stores were landed the ship was burned. It was well known that the authorities stationed there had received large considerations for their connivance in this affair, and it is a matter of public notoriety that several other cargoes are daily expected in the same neighborhood, belonging to a Brazilian company. The owner of the Lady Suffolk having introduced some newly imported Africans on his estate, the cholera broke out among them, and at last accounts they were dying like rotten sheep.—*Atlas.*

"Hang up the Fiddle."—The following Resolution has been unanimously adopted by the Presbyterian General Assembly, at Buffalo:

Resolved, That the fashionable amusement of promiscuous dancing is entirely unscriptural and exclusively that of the "world which liveth in wickedness," and so wholly inconsistent with the spirit of Christ, and with that propriety of Christian deportment, and that purity of heart which his followers are bound to maintain, as to render it not only improper and injurious for professing Christians either to partake in it, or qualify their children for it by teaching them in the art; but also to call for the faithful and judicious exercise of discipline on the part of Church Sessions, when any of the members of their churches have been guilty.

We believe there is no class of people, except savages, or half-civilized people, who engage in what may be strictly termed "*promiscuous* dancing." Such kind of dancing is not known as a "fashionable amusement," among intelligent people.

Indian Cruelties in Texas.—Texas, we are led to believe, from the intelligence we get from thence, is even not yet more than a half civilized country. The Wichita Indians last month murdered a whole surveying party on the Red River. The Wichita Chief had recently been murdered, and the tribe took this mode of revenge. A party of Mexicans were also recently murdered by some of their own countrymen for plunder near Goliad.—The people of San Patrico followed them, arrested and brought them back. After their return, they confessed their crime, and went and showed where the bodies were buried, the hearts and skulls of which were not entirely consumed. The murderers were then ironed and taken to Golind, where the District Court was in session. They will be tried, convicted and executed.

A Quadruped Chicken.—The Germantown (Pa.) Telegraph publishes the following extract from a letter of a gentleman of Columbia to a citizen of Germantown:—"One of my Shanghai hens has a few chicks, hatched a few days ago, and one of them, which toddles about and eats heartily, and seems to thrive, *has four legs*. For the first day, 'Quaddy' (as we call him, from quadruped) did not know which pair to go upon. The hind pair made him rear up, and the front pair made him kick up. But, after balancing the thing in his mind over night, he settled down next morning on his 'all fours' boldly, and persists in that mode of locomotion."

Death of a Veteran.—Jonathan Overton, a colored man and a soldier of the revolution, died at Edenton, N. C., on the 14th at the advanced age of one hundred and one years. The deceased served under Washington, and was at the battle of Yorktown, besides other less important engagements.

☞ In selecting a wife this warm weather, what name should she bear to indicate a cool and pleasant companion for her husband?

Why, *Fan*-ny, of course. Give us some ice cream, it *is* hot!

Destructive Fire.—Sunday afternoon, a fire broke out at Cambridgeport, Mass., destroying the Cambridgeport Hotel, Bridge Hotel, and extensive stable attached, the lumber yards of Cutler and Crossman, George N. Fisher, and T. P. Leonard, and ten stores and dwellings. Loss estimated at $50,000.

Unruly Elephant.—The elephant belonging to a circus company got away from his keepers in Killingly, Conn., and amused himself by going about the streets and pulling up trees and tearing down fences. He was finally secured.

☞ The Grand Jury of Bristol Co. have found an indictment against James Murphy of Fall River, for murdering his wife by tying her upon a bed and pouring vitriol down her throat.

Collation in a Soap Boiler.—Messrs. Boyd & Streeter, manufacturers of soap, in Norwich, recently gave a collation to their friends in one of the immense soap boilers of their establishment. The kettle, which was about fifteen feet in diameter, was floored about five feet below the rim; upon the flooring, in the centre, was placed a round table, around which were arranged circular seats in such a manner that the inner surface or wall of the cauldron served the office of a support for the back of the occupant, thus placing the guests in a circle. Some thirty gentlemen were thus assembled around the festive board.

Manufacture of Umbrellas and Parasols, in New York.—The manufacture of umbrellas and parasols in the city of New York, is chiefly confined to seven different firms, who by the aid of machinery manufacture annually about $1,500,000 worth. One of the largest firms employs 325 persons, including 250 girls. During a considerable part of the year, from 1200 to 1500 umbrellas and parasols are turned out daily, and $75,000 worth of silks and ginghams are sometimes consumed in the course of three months. There are in an umbrella 112 different parts, and before being perfected the umbrella passes through nearly as many hands. The average wages received by sewers of umbrellas is $4 per week.

From Salt Lake.—The Salt Lake mail arrived at Independence, Mo., on the 25, ult., in twenty-five days, which is considered a wonderful trip. The whole journey is made with mules. The emigration the present season, by way of the Plains, is expected to be more numerous than that of any previous season. By the registry kept at Fort Kearney, up to the 20th of May, there had passed —3,348 men, 905 women, 1,207 children, 1,320 wagons, 34,151 head of cattle, 1,693 horses, 740 mules, 1,200 sheep. After leaving Kearney, the mail party met the majority of emigrants and the greatest number of stock.

Family Misfortunes.—At Fairhaven, Vt., on the 11th inst., as Mr. Cullen Hawkins was at work alone in his saw-mill, it appears that by accident he was thrown upon the log, just forward of the saw. Before he was discovered and the gate closed, the saw had taken two or three clips into his breast, tearing through into the cavity of the body. There was also a deep cut on the side of the head, penetrating the brain. He breathed about an hour, but was entirely insensible. Intelligence of the event was sent to his cousin, Mrs. Adams, at Westhaven, when it was found that she had drowned herself.

Niagara Falls.—We see it stated that time has made important changes in the appearance of Niagara Falls within five years.—The Table Rock on the Canada side has nearly disappeared, and only a small vestige of the once celebrated projection now remains. On the American side, near to the observatory, another piece of rock has been carried away, on which a portion of the bridge rested. This bridge once extended out some distance beyond the stone tower, but it now scarce projects beyond it.

Beauty of Drunkenness.—A drunken man and his drunken wife had a brutal fight in New York, on Sunday, and when the police discovered them the husband was lying in one part of the room, and his wife near by, both so much exhausted from the loss of blood that they were unable to help themselves. Blood laid in pools about the floor, and the walls were all spattered. The husband had beaten his wife with an axe, and she in turn had hurled a china basin at his head, and afterwards beat and bruised him most shockingly.

☞ Mr John C. Moore, legislative reporter for the Concord Patriot, has now in his possession for transmission to the World's Fair, at New York, a pair of woolen footings, knit by Mrs. Frost, of the town of Madison, N. H., who is now enjoying tolerable good health, although in the hundredth year of her age. Three years ago the old lady could say:—"Arise, daughter, and go to thy daughter, for thy daughter's daughter hath had a daughter!"

Railroad Accident.—The passenger train from Chicago due at Toledo, Ohio, at 7,50, A. M., 16th, run against a fallen tree near Laporte. The engine was smashed and thrown off the track and down an embankment of some ten feet and turned completely over.—The fireman, a worthy young man named Morton, was instantly killed. The engineer and a number of passengers were injured, but none severely.

Let the Girls alone.—Thos. W. Boyd, the husband of a Williamsburg, N. Y., milliner, has been fined $20, for ill treating two sewing girls, who had made a bonnet or two for his wife's establishment. He refused to pay the fine at first, and was accordingly locked up until his wrath somewhat abated, when he paid his fine, and was liberated.

The Crystal Palace.—The Directors of the Association for the Exhibition of the Industry of all Nations have announced that the Crystal Palace will positively be opened to the public on the 15th of July next. The influx of foreigners into the city of New York has already commenced, and when the day of the opening of the Exhibition arrives the city will present a startling and novel appearance.

Execution.—Patrick Fitzgerald was executed in New York, on Friday, last week, for the murder of his wife. He made no public confession of his guilt, and met his fate with calmness, in a full hope of final salvation. This is the fourth execution that has taken place in the New York City Prison within five years.

A California Farmer.—Who would'nt be a farmer in California? A grazier was offered and refused $25 a hundred pounds for beef cattle; he expected to get $30. Potatoes are 15 cents a pound, and onions 45 and 50 cents a pound.

Mad Dogs.—Mad dogs are getting round again. Two were killed in New York last week, and one in Providence.

Unnatural Parents.—We find in our Canada exchanges a report of an attempt made by a man named Quintel and his wife, residing in St. Hyacinthe, near Montreal, to burn their little daughter, aged seven years. It is too horrible to be believed, though it is stated as follows: They tied the poor girl to a fence on one of the country roads in that vicinity, and then set fire to her clothes. Fortunately, their diabolical efforts were frustrated by the appearance of some inhabitants; and the wretches, as soon as they were perceived, endeavored to conceal themselves, and had nearly escaped. The child, we are informed, although severely burned, is yet expected to survive this parental cruelty.—The parents are mendicants, and it is believed the crime was committed under the influence of intoxicating liquors.

The Turkish Troubles.—The correspondent of the London Times, says:—

The Turks are now preparing for war in right earnest; 30,000 troops are being sent from Egypt; many of them have already arrived, and troops and ammunition are moving on all points. It is supposed that in Roumelia, the point next threatened, the government will be able to bring at once 80,000 men under arms. The present Grand Vizer being an Albanian, is able, through his influence to raise the whole of that warlike population.

A meeting of the British merchants, residents at Constantinople, has been held in order to address the Ambassador and ask his counsel in the present state of affairs.

New Way to Hive Bees.—A swarm of bees lit upon a young man named Fry, Saturday evening, near the creek bridge, covering his head and face, and suspending themselves from his ears as if immense ear drops. He took the affair very cooly, by assistance brushed them off into a nail keg, and sold them to a gentleman present for $2. Two stings was the extent of his injury.—[Wheeling Gazette.

A Forest Monarch.—There is an elm tree in front of the Congregational Church in Hatfield, Mass., which measures thirty-seven feet around at the base. At the time the church was built, the ground was raised two feet around this elm, prior to which the trunk was forty feet in circumference. The tree is known to be over two hundred years old.

The Body of Arthur Spring Not Buried.—The Philadelphia Bulletin of Saturday, publishes affidavits showing that the body of Spring, the murderer, was not interred, and that in the coffin which was said to contain his remains, a log of wood was found. This solemn interment of a log of wood is rather a comical termination to a very tragical history.

Free Labor.—Southern planters in consequence of the high price of slaves, are canvassing the North for white laborers, finding white labor the cheapest. That is the right sort of argument to plant the future seed of universal emancipation, and stop slavery agitation.

High Postage.—The postage to Liverpool on Hunt's Magazine, weighing six ounces, is five dollars and seventy-six cents a year. A bale of cotton, weighing 450 pounds, can be carried the same distance for one dollar and fifty cents, and a barrel of flour, 196 pounds, for twenty-five cents.

Snake Story.—A gentleman of this city, while in East Hartford, on Saturday afternoon last, saw a black snake 4 1-2 or 5 ft. long, which, after receiving a stunning blow, exhibited, projecting from its mouth, the tail of another snake, which on being withdrawn, was found to be about three feet long and alive.—Hartford Courant

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☞ The N. Y. *Tribune* says that in that city if a poor man hires a house, the rent equals nearly the whole of his annual income. He hires not a house, but a room, rarely two rooms, and very frequently only part of a room.

Land Warrants Located.—It appears from the pension office report, that land warrants have been issued to the amount of nine millions nine hundred and thirty-five thousand three hundred and twenty acres.

Murdered.—An inoffensive man named Chuck, was murdered in the woods near Akron, Ohio, on the 22d ult., by two unknown villains who beat him to death with clubs, without any assignable cause; as they left his body unrifled after the murder.

☞ Pier No. 6, North River, on Saturday, gave way under the weight of iron and other merchandise, carrying men, horses and carts, with it. One horse was taken out alive. It is feared that several men are buried beneath the wreck.

A Remedy for the Season.—A lump of wet saleratus, applied to the stiug of a wasp or bee, will stop the pain in a moment, and prevent it from swelling. Pin this fact up somewhere for this season's use for those who are not fond of the sensation of a sting!

Conviction of a Murderer!—Lewis Montague has been convicted of the murder of Gardiner G. Thompson, in Petersburg, Va., on the 17th of June 1852. The trial lasted thirteen days, and closed on Tuesday last.

Rhode Island.—The Legislature of R. I. adjourned on Friday evening, after a session at Newport of four days. The most important bill passed was one prohibiting the issue of fractional bills after the 1st of September.

☞ The Congregational Church in New Braintree, have invited Rev. J. F. Hyell of New Haven, to settle as colleague with the venerable Dr. Fiske of that town. The ordination will take place on Wednesday, 22d of June.

A Brute.—A man named Wilson, has been arrested at Raleigh, charged with whipping a slave woman to death.

Serious Railroad Accident.

The afternoon express train ran off the track at East Brookfield, while at full speed, on Thursday, the accident causing the death of one man, Mr. Johnson, of Worcester, the wounding of several others, and the wreck of two or three new and beautiful cars.—Through the carelessness of the station agent, Mr. Flagg, the switch was left misplaced, and the train on leaving the track dashed into a couple of freight cars, smashing them to pieces. The following are those reported as injured: H. L. Morse, of New York, badly hurt; Mr. Wise, baggage master, badly wounded in the head; Mathew Byrnes of Springfield, seriously cut in the neck; L. Moore of New York, ankle dislocated; J. E. Russell, slightly injured. Many of the passengers received bruises, and all were thrown from their seats by the concussion. The locomotive was the largest and most powerful on the road, but was not injured so much as might be expected.

EXPLOSION ON THE ERIE RAILROAD—SIXTEEN OR TWENTY KILLED.—An engine on the Erie Railroad, near the village of Susquehannah, exploded its boiler on Thursday afternoon, killing eleven persons, among them Mr. Arnold, the engineer, and three women. It is supposed that four or five other persons were blown into the river. Nearly all the killed are reported to have been Irish laborers on the road.

WHALEMEN KILLED.—Capt. Munroe, and three seamen belonging to the ship Benj. Rush, of Warren, R. I., were killed by a whale on the night of the 24th of Feb. last. The ship was bound to the North West Coast but in consequence of the disaster, returned home, and arrived at Warreu on Thursday evening of last week.

MAKE HIM BELLOW!—Michael Bellow, has been arrested and committed for trial, in Albany, on charge of dressing himself in female attire, and promenading the streets evenings, and inducing young men to accompany him home for the purpose of robbing or extorting money from them.

INDIAN REVENGE.—Early in the month a Cherokee named Jack Vann, was killed by another Indian named Nitts, opposite Fort Smith. At the funeral of Vann an affray occurred between his brother and two of the relatives of the murderer, in the course of which the latter were both slain.

SUCCESSFUL WHALEING.—The Whalemen's List says, the bark Favorite, Capt. Pierce, just arrived at Fairhaven, from a three years' cruise, has made one of the most profitable voyages on record. The total amount of her catchings is 4300 barrels whale, 330 barrels sperm oil, and 72,000 pounds bone.

FEMALE PEDESTRIAN.—At the tea and strawberry gardens, Seedley lane, Pendleton, England, a woman is now engaged in walking 1,000 miles in 1,000 hours, for a wager of £500. She has already accomplished more than 504 miles, and walks in the Bloomer costume.

A territorial government is determined on for the Isthmus of Tehuantepec—a General of the army to have the civil and military command. D. Thomas Marin, it is stated, is designed for the appointment. The territorial capital will be Minatatlan.

☞ Ex-President Van Buren is going the rounds of fetes and dinners in London. His name is in the list of guests at a grand ball given by the Austrian Ambassador, Count Collerado, and also at the Earl of Clarendon's diplomatic dinner, in honor of Her Majesty's birthday.

BREEDING FISH.—At a town meeting held in Provincetown, last week, it was voted to appropriate the sum of $10, for the breeding of fish in that town. The appropriation was designed, of course, only to test the practicability of such a measure.

☞ The Rev. Miss Brown, the woman's rights clergywoman, stated at the Christian Union Convention, in session at Syracuse, last week, that she had just assumed the pastorship of a Congregational church at South Butler, Wayne Co.

☞ Three men were killed, while working in an excavation on Third st., Louisville, on the 10th inst., by the escape of foul air from an adjoining vault.

EDITORIAL COURTESIES.—A duel was fought in New Orleans, on Sunday, between two editors of German newspapers of that city, and one of the combatants is said to be mortally wounded.

The women of Shelburne Falls have been burning Judge Warren in effigy, because he spoke against the Hoosac Tunnel bill. The people up in Franklin County take the defeat of the Tunnel loan mighty hard.

SINGULAR.—Mr. Amasa Grey, of Little Compton, R. I., has a mare twenty-nine years old, which on Tuesday morning last, gave birth to a fine colt. This is said to be a thing never before heard of.

☞ The Mayor of Montreal, has been arrested and held to bail at the instance of the friends of one of the unfortunate men who were killed at the recent riot in that city.

LARGE FRUIT.—The editor of the Springfield Republican has had a present of *eighteen* strawberries, which weighed in the aggregate *half a pound*!

RUSSIA.—The Boston Times says "people look upon Russia as they do upon the devil—as being very great, very wicked, and sure to have her own way."

LOCAL MATTERS.

JUSTICE COURT.—*Before Morton.*—The case of Alfred Stebbins and wife vs. Hiram Powers, both of Brimfield, was tried June 16th. This was an action of tort, brought to recover the sum of one hundred dollars for damages done the good name, fame and reputation of the fair Plaintiff, by words spoken of her by the Defendant. The Defendant denied the charge and questioned the injury, and on a fair trial was allowed costs by verdict of the court. Stebbins for Plfs.; Barlow for Deft.

Alfred Stebbins and wife vs. Ammi Blodget of Brimfield. This was an action for damages to Plff. by allegation of the defendant of improper intimacy with the fair Plff. On trial the charge was proved against the Defendant, and the defence was that it the slander was proved it was of no injury, and a large number of witnesses were introduced to support this position, but failing to convince the magistrate of the propriety of such a defence, the court found for the Plaintiff, and awarded damages in the full sum of *six cents*. Stebbins for Plffs.; Barlow for Deft.

Before C. Torrey.—Robert Johnson, for assault upon T. R. Butterworth, with the heavy end of a whip stalk, was tried on Monday. Defendant justified on the ground that Butterworth insulted him by calling him "liar, once, twice, three times," which, with the aid of mercury at 98° Farenheit, was too much for his cool blood, and so he applied the whip as a corrective for his sufferings, which were intolerable, but not relieved till a reduction of his fiscal regions had been made in the sum of fine and costs of $16,92 by verdict of court.

SECOND ADVENT MEETING IN BRIMFIELD.—A "camp meeting" of those who believe the end of all things earthly is near at hand, has been held in Brimfield during the past week. The day for the final closing up of sublunary concerns is not set, but it is prophesied that it will come the present Summer. One of the Adventists informs us that the weather will continue to grow hotter and hotter until the earth takes fire and the grand conflagration commences. The hot weather for the past week goes to substantiate this prediction, but so long as the mercury in our thermometer keeps below 200 we'll run the risk.

MAP OF PALMER.—E. M. Woodford, of Hartford, Ct., proposes making a survey of this town with a view of publishing a Map of the same. The Map will be about four feet square, giving the location of all the roads, rivers, mills, public buildings and private residences in town. It will be handsomely printed, colored and mounted. The price will be $3. We hope, when Mr. Woodford calls upon our citizens, in making his survey, they will give him such encouragement as will warrant the publication of the Map.

FIRE CRACKERS.—As many boys indulge in an exhibition of their patriotism for several days before the Fourth of July, it may be well to caution them against firing crackers in the street before that time. The law, on this point, says:

"If any person shall set fire to any rocket, cracker, squib or serpent, or shall throw any lighted rocket, cracker, squib or serpent, within any town, without the license of the selectmen, he shall, for every offence, forfeit a sum not exceeding $10."

THE WEATHER for the past week has been decidedly hot. On Monday the thermometer indicated 95 in the shade, on Tuesday 98, Wednesday 94. Tuesday was the longest day in the year, and thus far, the hottest. A light shower cooled the atmosphere on Wednesday and greatly refreshed vegetation.—Since then the world has looked brighter and greener, while people have breathed freer and sweat considerably less.

☞ The deliciously flavored ice creams and cool sparkling soda, at Mason's restaurant, are the best antidotes for this warm weather that can be found. Try them and see.

LARGE STRAWBERRIES.—Porter Dickinson of East Amherst, sent us, on Monday, some of the finest strawberries we ever saw, the largest of which measured 4 inches in circumference.

☞ Samuel D. Shaw, of this town, has corn, planted only three weeks ago, which now measures from 15 to 18 inches in height.

The Fire at the American Hotel, New York.—A fire occurred at the American Hotel, New York, on Thursday evening, causing $20,000 damage to the building, and $40,000 to furniture, &c. The building belonged to James A. Hamilton, the furniture to the lessees, Messrs. Taber & Son. The latter were insured in several city offices to the amount of $35,000.

GOLD IN WILBRAHAM.—Henry Cadwell, a stone mason, of Wilbraham, found a lump of gold about the size of a white bean in the centre of a block of granite he was working. Who knows but that there is a small Eldorado in Wilbraham?

☞ The stamped envelopes provided for by the recent law of Congress, and contracted for by the Post Office Department, are ready for delivery, and have been inspected and approved by the agent of the Post Master General.

☞ The church in East Amherst was struck by lightning, on Friday last, and the pulpit was somewhat injured. Several dams were carried away between Shutesbury and Amherst, by the freshet caused by the shower.

LARGE COW.—Wm. Boltwood of Amherst, Mass., has a cow whose live weight, the past week, was 1474 pounds.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Here is your Spring and Summer Remedy.

Dr. Langley's Root and Herb Bitters.

THIS certifies that I have furnished Dr. J. O. Langley, No. 97 Union street, Boston, for the last three years, large quantities of Yellow Dock and Dandelion Root, Prickly Ash and Wild Cherry Bark, Sarsaparilla, Thoroughwort, &c., &., used by him in the compound and manufacture of his Root and Herb Bitters, and I am constantly employed to furnish the above medicinal Roots, Herbs, and Barks, for compounding said Bitters.

N. B. GOULD, Malden, Mass.

Bostou, March 14, 1853.

The above named Root and Herb Bitters are the very best Medicine in the world for Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Billious and Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Humors of the Blood and Skin, Indigestion, Languor, Drowsiness, Debility, and all similar complaints, so common at this season of the year. Buy it—try it.

REDDING and CO., 8 State street, and, dealers everywhere, sell them.

Wholesale Depot, 97 Union street, to which all Agents will send their orders, that they may be supplied in turn.

Sold in Palmer by Dr. W. Holbrook and D. A. Calkins.

March 26. 1853. 6m49.

A CARD.

Mrs. Winslow to the Ladies.

Mrs. Winslow, an old and experienced nurse and Female Physician, would call the attention of the ladies to her Soothing Syrup for Children teething. It will immediately relieve them from pain, allay all spasmodic action, soften the gums, reduce inflamation, and is sure to regulate the Bowels. Depend upon it, Mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to your children. Price 25 cents per bottle.

Cramp and Pain Killer.

The world is astonished at the wonderful cures performed by the CRAMP AND PAIN, KILLER prepared by CURTIS & PERKINS. Its equal has never been known for removing pain in all cases; for the cure of spinal complaints, cramp in the limbs and stomach, rheumatism in all its forms, billious cholic, burns, sore throat, and gravel, is decidedly the best remedy in the world. For particulars, see circulars in the hands of the Agents, for a gratuitous circulation.

N. B.—Be sure and call for CURTIS & PERKINS' Cramp and Pain Killer. All others bearing this name are base imitations. Price 12 1-2, 25, 37 1-2, cts. a bottle according to the size.

We have sold very large quantities of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup during the past six years, several thousand the last year. We believe it the best medicine in the world for Children teething or for the cure of Dysentery and Diarrhea in Children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause. It gives universal satisfaction—never heard a complaint from any one using it—never sold a medicine so universally successful in relieving pain and effecting cures—relief is ABSOLUTELY SURE.

CURTIS & PERKINS.
Druggists, Bangor, Me.

AGENTS.—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; W. N. Packard, Thorndike; A. H. Longley, Belchertown; T. F. Packard, Monson; Crane & Kingsbury, Stafford Springs; Wm. H. Sessions, Warren; O. F. Packard & Co., Three Rivers; L. B. Bliss, Wilbraham; and for sale in nearly every town in the State.

Henshaw Edwards & Co., India St., and Weeks & Potter, Washington St., Boston, wholesale agents, and Boyd & Paul, No. 40, Courtland St. New York. 1y 28.

Poisoning.

Thousands of parents who use Vermifuge composed of Castor oil, Calomel, &c., are not aware, that while they appear to benefit the patient, they are actually laying the foundation of a series of diseases, such as salivation, loss of sight, weakness of limbs, &c.

In another column will be found the advertisement of Hobensack's Medicines, to which we ask the attention of all directly interested in their own as well as their Children's health.—In Liver Complaints and all disorders arising from those of a bilious type, should make use of the only genuine medicine, Hobensack's Liver Pills.

☞ "*Be not deceived,*" but ask for Hobensack's Worm Syrup and Liver Pills, and observe that each has the signature of the Proprietor, N. HOBENSACK, as none else are genuine.

MARRIED.

At the Nassowanno House, June 21, by Calvin Torrey, Esq., Wm. Johnson of Stafford, Ct. and Lenora Chaffee of South Wilbraham.

In Springfield, 20th, Ezra Wilkins of Chicago, Ill., and Anna F. Wade of Ludlow.

In Springfield, 21st, ult., James M. Ross, and Lucy G. Haselton; 4th inst., Winslow Sinclair and Caroline Dibble; 16th, Charles Scott of Windsor, Ct., and Hannah J. Grant of S.

In Winchendon, Vt, 28th ult., Enos Farnum of Dublin, Vt., and Eliza Houghton, of West Royalston, Mass.,—after a courtship of twenty-four hours.

DIED.

In Belchertown, 4th, Lucius Thomas, 18, only son of Thomas R. Greene.

In San Francisco, 8th ult., Charles A., 29, son of H. Walker of Belchertown.

In Agawam, 14th, Seth Norton, 70.

In Springfield, 20th, James H., infant son of Wm. Renny.

In Wilbraham, 19th, Benonie Atchison, 70.

In Northampton, 16th, Keziah Phelps, 83.

Collector's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the following described Real Estate, situated in Monson, Hampden County, Mass., is assessed in the tax list for the year 1851, committed to me for collection, in the sums annexed to each lot respectively, and that the said taxes assessed thereon are now unpaid, viz:—

NONRESIDENTS:

On land belonging to the Dunbar heirs, of Stafford, Ct, $1,95.

On land belonging to Dwight L. Shaw, of Chicopee, 98cts.

On land belonging to Wm. Kendall, of Wilbraham, 39cts.

On land belonging to Gleason Pendleton, Springfield, 39cts.

And if no person shall appear to discharge the same on or before Monday, the 1st day of August next, at 2 o'clock P. M., I shall proceed to sell at public auction, at the store of L. F. Newton & Son, Monson, so much of said real estate as shall be necessary to pay the taxes thereon together with all necessary intervening charges.

DANIEL G. GREEN.
Collector of taxes for the town of Monson for Monson, June 25, 1853. [1851.

GOOD Molasses for sale at 25c per gallon, by D. W. SNOW & CO.
June 11.

STEWART'S SYRUP, a nice article, for sale by D. W. SNOW & CO.
Palmer Depot, June 9. 3tf

New Map of Palmer.

THE subscriber proposes to publish—provided a sufficient number of subscribers can be obtained—a New Map of the town of Palmer, from actual survey. The survey will be by and under the superintendence of E. W. Woodford, of Hartford, Ct.—Civil Engineer and Surveyor.

The Map will embrace the whole town, giving the boundary line, location of all the roads, Streams, Mills, Manufacturing Establishments, Public Buildings and Private Residences, with the names of property holders attached in their respective places.

The Map will be handsomely Lithographed, Colored and Mounted, and delivered to subscribers at $3 per Copy, payable on delivery.

RICHARD CLARK, 42, Moyamensing Road, Philadelphia.

June, 25, 1853. 2w10.

In Insolvency.

HAMPDEN SS. The third meeting of the creditors of Elmer B. Miles, of Palmer, in said county, insolvent debtor, will be held at the office of James Morton, Esq., in Springfield, on Tuesday the thirtieth day of August next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, where creditors may be present and prove their claims.

R. F. STEVENS, Assignee.
Palmer, June 25, 1853. 3w10.

Found!

BETWEEN Palmer Depot and Three Rivers, on the 18th inst., a Promisory Note, payable to Silas Moody or order.

The owner of said Note is requested to prove the amount, date of, and receive the same to his own use, by paying cost of advertisement, &c.

TYLER SMITH.
Belchertown, June 25, 1853.

Straw Bonnets! At Cost and less than Cost!!

THE subscriber will sell his Stock of Straw Bonnets, with many other Summer Goods, —at cost and less than cost.

W. CONKEY.
Palmer, June 25, 1853.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of E. B. Miles & Co., or to E. B. Miles, are requested to make immediate payment to the Subscriber, or to E. B. Miles, who is authorized to settle the same.

R. F. STEVENS, Assignee.
May 21. 5tf.

PLAIN and Figured Berages, compaising Tan Drab. MUNGER & BASSETT.
May 7. 3tf

J. W. ELLIOT,

SURGEON DENTIST,

Thankful for past favors, would respectfully solicit a share of public patronage at the present time. Office at H. J. LYMAN'S Cottage House, a few steps north of the Journal Office.

Palmer, May 7. 3tf

An Entirely New

AND Fresh assortment of PAPER HANGINGS received this week. Call and see.

M. W. FRENCH & CO.
Palmer, March 19. tf43

Lime.

The subscriber will keep constantly on hand, a full supply of FRESH BURNT Lime, by the cask or bushel, at A. C. Billings' store, Tockwotton Block. All orders supplied at short notice.

S. G. SHAW.
Palmer March 11th, 1853. 48tf.

Carpets!

JUST received, a lot of all Wool, Cotton, Cotton and Wool, Printed Carpets and Straw Matting, plain and checked, and will be sold at low prices, by

D. W. SNOW & CO.
Palmer, June 11, 1853.

Ready Made Clothing!

A new lot of thin Coats, Pants, Vests, Shirts and Overalls, just received and for sale, by

D. W. SNOW & CO.
Palmer, June 11, 1853.

LADIES' Dress Goods just received, consisting in part, of Silks, Muslins, Lawns, Barages, DeLains and Prints, also Hosiery, Gloves, Mitts, Gaiters, Shoes, all of which will be sold at prices that cannot fail to suit the purchaser.

D. W. SNOW & CO.
Palmer, June 11, 1853.

PURE Cider Vinegar for sale, by

D. W. SNOW & CO.
June 11.

LEMONS, Oranges. Prunes, Dates, Figs, Pickles, for sale low by

D. W. SNOW & CO.
Palmer Depot, June 9. 8tf

BROWN and Bleached Sheeting, Diapers, Crash, Denims, Tickings, &c. &c., for sale by

D. W. SNOW & CO.
Palmer, June 11, 1853.

SILK and Wool Barages, Barage DeLains, Lawns, from 8 to 25c per yard, by

D. W. SNOW & CO.
Palmer, June 11, 1853.

MEN'S and Boys' thick and thin Boots and Shoes, for sale 25 per cent less than any other store in town, by

D. W. SNOW & CO.
Palmer, June, 11, 1853.

More Bargains!

TWENTY pounds Clean Brown Sugar for one dollar, by

M. W. FRENCH & CO,
June 11, 1853

Nothing New!

EXTRA and Superfine brands of Flour for sale low, by

M. W. FRENCH & CO.
June 11. 1853.

LARGE and Small Bags of Salt can be found at low prices at

D. W. SNOW & CO.'s.
Palmer Depot, June 9. 8tf

TEA, Coffee, Raisins and Spices of all kinds on hand and for sale at low prices by

D. W. SNOW & CO.
Palmer Depot, June 9.

Bargains!

TWELVE hhds. more of *Excellent Sweet Molasses* at 25c per. gallon, by

M. W. FRENCH & CO.
June 11, 1853.

Sugars.

CRUSHED, Pulverized and Brown Sugars, from 5 1-2 to 11 cents per lb.

D. W. SNOW & CO.
Palmer Depot, June 9. 8tf

CAN BE FOUND At the Nassowanno Grocery Store,

A fresh and full assortment of Groceries and Provision, which will be sold for the next sixty days, at very low prices. To all persons buying goods with cash, I wish to say to be sure and not make your purchase until you have called and examined our stock and prices.

C. C. SHAW, Agt
Palmer, Apr. 30, 1853. 52tf.

Grand Opening!

New and Elegant Spring Goods!

GENTLEMEN desirous of New and Beautiful Styles of Goods for Spring wear, are invited to call and examine a choice Selection of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vesting of the most approved Fabric.

L. A. BAILEY.
Nassowanno Block, April 16, 1853. 52tf.

Fire! Fire!!

THE Subscriber is Agent for some of the best Fire Insurance Companies in the United States, and will take risks on the most favorable terms.

GEORGE W. RANDELL
Three Rivers April 24th.

"Equal and Exact Justice to all, Special favors to none."

Trade Solicited but no Trust.

ONE PRICE ONLY!

TERMS CASH, OR ITS EQUIVALENT.

HAVING just purchased a Stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c, the same will be offered at a small advance from cost. The public are invited to call and determine for themselves as to prices, and choose between the Cash and Credit systems.

A. C. BILLINGS.
Tockwotton Block, Palmer Depot.
Apr. 9th, 1853. 5tf.

The Old Shop!

MRS. Collins would say to her old friends and customers, that she has returned from the City with a good assortment of Fancy Goods, and Millinery, and after they have examined the new shops, please call and look at her assortment, as she thinks it will compare favorably both as to prices and quality, with any shop in Western Mass. She would also say to those who are in the habit of purchasing Goods at Ware, that she has opened a Shop in that place, (next door to Ezra Allen's,) down stairs, where they will find a good assortment of Goods, and agreeable young ladies to wait on them.

Apr. 23, 1853. 1tf.

Just Received!

M. W. FRENCH & CO, have this week received an assortment of Elegant Dress Goods, among which may be found Rich Black Silks, Mazena Cloths, (new and pretty) Mourning Poplins, Barege DeLaines, Mona DeLaines (spring styles) Muslins, Bord. English and American Prints in great variety, of new patterns. *All for sale very low.*

April 16. 52tf

"A Hat! A Hat! My Kingdom for a Hat!"

So King Richard would have said if he had lived in 1853, and seen the new lot just received by us. They are the neatest, prettiest, and of course, the cheapest lot offered in Palmer. Our assortment of Caps is also good, and worthy of being examined before purchasing elsewhere.

MUNGER & BASSETT.
Palmer, April 16, 1853. 52tf.

Time is Money.

THUS said Doct. Franklin, and it is as true now as ever that, "He who saves time saves money."

Money and time are both saved in the use of the KAOLEAN SOAP, an article heretofore but little known in this vicinity, but nevertheless an article which is working its way into every community, and when once known, is used in preference to almost any other soap, and is recommended to the public as having among others, the following superiorities over most soap.

1st It requires no more than half the quantity to do the same work.

2d It saves nearly half the time and labor in washing.

3d It costs no more than the best family soap.

4th Nothing enters into its composition that will injure the most delicate fabric.

5th It does not chap or injure the hands like many soaps, but on the contrary is softening and healing and will cure cracked or chapped hands. One trial will convince the most skeptical of its superiorities.

This soap is manufactured in Palmer, (Depot village) and is for sale by the box at the Factory, and at retail in most of the Stores in this vicinity, and is known as the "Kaolean Soap," or "McCord's Family Soap." Made by

W. McCORD & CO.,
Palmer, Mass.
Factory near the Church.

Certificate.

I have examined McCord's Kaolean Soap *practically*, and am well acquainted with the properties of the ingredients used in its manufacture, and do no not hesitate to pronounce it superior for washing to any other soap now in use. It contains nothing that will injure the most delicate fabric.

SAMUEL TRUESDELL, Chemist,
New York City.

Person wishing to purchase the right to manufacture the above soap, should address S. H. Hall, Palmer, Mass., who is fully authorized to make sales of territory and execute all needful papers.

W. McCORD, Patentee.
Palmer, June 4. 7tf

Notice.

THE subscriber having engaged to remain with D. W. Snow & Co., McGilvray's Block, would be happy to see all his former friends and patrons.

E. B. MILES.
Palmer, May 21. 5tf

MILLINERY.

MRS. HUBBARD will return from New York in a few days with Fashionable Summer Millinery.

ROCKWOOD & CO.,
Corner Store.
Springfield, June 4. 4w7

TRUNKS, Traveling Bags, Valises, &c. by

MUNGER & BASSETT.
May 7. 3tf

Carriage Repairing!

ALL kinds of Carriage Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms at the Steam Shop of the Subscriber, a few rods South side of the railroad Bridge.

GEORGE E. WINSLOW.
Palmer, May, 28 1853. 6tf

FLOUR of all grades constantly on hand and for sale by D. W. SNOW & CO.
Palmer Depot, June 9. 8tf

Notice---Removal.

L. CHAMBERLIN, manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, next building to the Nassowanno House, would call the attention of the inhabitants of Palmer and vicinity to his new and choice stock of goods, feeling confident that he can offer inducements worthy the favorable notice of all.

Those who in their purchases regard durability and cheapness, or wish for a fashionable article, can do no better than to examine this assortment, consisting of

Men's French and American Calf Boots,
" Calf and Enameled Congress do,
" Kipp and Calcutta do.,
Men's and Boys' Calf, Kipp, Enameled and Goat Skin Shoes,
Slippers and Rubbers,
Misses' and Children's Shoes, Bootees and Gaiters,
Ladies' Gaiters,
" Half Gaiters,
" Morocco Lined,
" Enameled "
" " Polkas,
" Patent Leather Shoes,
" Kid Buskins,
" Morocco Slippers &c. &c. &c.

May 7, 1853. 3tf.

Read This.

IT has become a common saying with most venders of Goods, that such and such articles are the very best and neatest in the world. We speak of this, because we do not like to be ranked with that class of traders who recommend every thing they sell because they wish to sell it *regardless of its merits*. What we are trying to come at is simply this, that our selections of Prints *superceeds* any variety *in style* ever before brought to Hampden Co.; if this is doubted we will get it endorsed by responsible persons.

MUNGER & BASSETT.
April 16. 52tf

IN STORE,

AND FOR SALE—
16 Hhds. Mus., P. R. and Card Molasses.
8000 lbs. Sugar, various kinds.
Old Hyson Teas,
Young " "
Ningyoung "
Souchong "
Oolong " of many qualities.

Soaps, Spices, Fish, Salt, Lard, Hams, Pork, Tobacco, &c., *at prices satisfactorily low.*

M. W FRENCH & CO.
Palmer, May 7. 3tf

Coal! Coal!!

OF all kinds will be furnished at short notice delivered at Palmer, by applying to J. S. AMES, Agent N. L. W. & P. R. R. Co.

Blacksmiths and all others using coal in this vicinity can save money by sending orders as above.

Palmer, April 2. 50tf

Plaster.

150 Tons Ground Plaster.
800 Bush. Corn.
50 Bbls. Lime.
200 " Flour.

Meal, Feed, Salt, Grass Seeds, &c., for sale at the Old Stand of Hall & Valentine.

J. A. HALL.
Palmer, April 16. 52tf

A Candid, Sober Fact, Viz:

THAT we have got a better assortment of Clothing, than was ever before offered in this vicinity, and in addition to our unrivaled assortment, we would say most emphatically, that a great portion of it equals any custom work that can be procured, and relative to prices, that our *superior* styles and qualities will be sold as low as the *kind* usually kept by clothiers. We think this ample inducement to merit the attention of all purchasers.

MUNGER & BASSETT.
April 16. 52tf

FLOUR in half and whole bbls. by

MUNGER & BASSETT.
May 7. 3tf

And Still they Come!

MORE new Goods at

M. W. FRENCH & Co.'s.
May 14. 4tf.

Clothing! Clothing!! Clothing!!!

By MUNGER & BASSETT.
May 7. 3tf

BOOTS and SHOES by

MUNGER & BASSETT.
ay 7. 3tf

Ready Made Clothing

OF all kinds, from the cheap Sack, to the most Fashionable Dress Coat. Pants and Vests, the largest and best assortment ever before offered in this vicinity. Also, a good assortment of Plain and Fancy Cravats and Stocks, Shirts, Collars, Bosoms, Gloves, &c.

L. A. BAILEY.
Nassowanno Block, April 16, 1853. 52tf.

THE place to buy the best Hams and Dried Beef, (not smoked) is at the Nassowanno Grocery Store.

Palmer, Apr. 30, 1853. 2tf.

Coffin Plates

SHROUDS; Caps &c on hand, or furnished at short notice by

A. BLODGETT.
Union Bock, Palmer Depot.

Dress Goods.

BAREGE DE LAINES, Poplins, De Bege and De Bege Robes, Toi D Inde, Chambrays, Ginghams, Prints, Slate Linens, Nankeens, Black and Colored India Crapes, Twilled India Silks, Summer Silks and Shawls. Visites and Mantillas on hand and made to order.

Dry Goods, Carpets, Millinery and Dress Making Rooms, CORNER STORE.
Fronting on Main and Court Sts

ROCKWOOD & CO

No Goods exhibited outside.
Springfield, June 4. 4w7

STEPHEN NEEDHAM,

MERCHANT TAILOR,
(Successor to T. C. Denecke,)
MONSON, MASS.

Garments made in the best manner, with the utmost despatch, and all work warranted to give satisfaction. Cutting done at short notice. A good assortment of Ready Made Clothing constantly on hand.

May 28. 1y3

FEATHERS, by

MUNGER & BASSETT
May 7. 3tf

PAPER Hangings 25 per cent less than cost to close out the lot.

D. W. SNOW & Co.
June 11.

A new lot of Crockery and Glass Ware just received and for sale cheap, by

D. SNOW & CO.
June 11.

POETRY.

The Bereaved Husband's Lament.

I have laid thee down, my darling wife,
With our precious babes at rest,
Where the song bird hails the spotless flowers,
Upspringing from thy breast;
The children thou hast left me, kneel
Beside thy place of sleep,
And we feel the sweetness of the love
Whose loss we mourn and weep.

Memory recalls the blessed hours
Of happy wedded love;
Life seemed a garden strewed with flowers
Fresh from the fields above;
My head is weary, and my heart
Heaves like a stormy sea,
Then busy thoughts come rushing back,
Of love's sweet prime and thee.

I see them in the witching garb
Of beauty and of youth—
And still a richer gem was thine,
The innate love of truth;
Poffered at that holy shrine
My love and life to thee;
Thy sweet repose—a beaming smile—
In dreams still gladdens me.

Oh spring of life! oh spring of love!
Oh joys forever flown!
Mine angel smiles in bliss above
While I must weep alone.
Yet thou art happier in thy rest,
And this to me gives peace;
No cares can grieve thy tranquil breast
Where pains and sorrows cease.

I have not wearied at my task,
I have not felt alone;
The memory of thy cheering smile,
Around my circle shone;
The thought perhaps thy watchful eye
Was lingering e'er me there
Has stilled my heart and lulled to rest
The waves of my despair.

Sweet wife, through life's sad pilgrimage
Watch o'er me to the end—
My guardian angel, comforter,
And soul inspiring friend;
And when false hopes no more beguile,
And earth's fond ties are riven,
Then meet me with a welcome smile—
The blissful sign of Heaven.

DEAFNESS.—An English paper states that a dissertation lately read before the Royal Society by Mr. Toynbee contains some particulars interesting to deaf people. Much of the deafness that occurs is found to be caused by an aperture having formed in the drum of the ear; in such cases, if an artificial drum, made of vulcanised India rubber or gutta percha be introduced, the cavity is again closed, and the power of hearing is considerably restored. It is hardly necessary to add, that the old notions about certain little bones beating on the tympanum drummer-wise are altogether fallacious.

☞ Eugene Sue states that in Savoy, all the farm work of ploughing and drawing, instead of being done by horses or oxen, is performed by milch cows, which work eight or ten hours a day without the slightest depreciation of the quality or quantity of milk.

☞ The word piety occurs but once in the Bible. Although the thing is enjoined and understood on almost every page, the name is not mentioned. Inversely with us, the name is more frequent than the thing.

☞ Every recruit to the English cavalry, costs the government fifty dollars by the time he reaches the barracks. Half of the sum is the "bounty," paid to the recruit himself, and the rest is absorbed by the recruiting party which induces him to enlist. War is an expensive game.

☞ Horace Brown, who was sentenced to the State Prison for life, in 1844, for robbing a store in Concord, and then setting fire to the same, has been pardoned.

☞ A spare and simple diet contributes to the prolongation of life.

BUSINESS CARDS.

F. T. WALLACE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office in Munger's Building.
April 1, 1852. 50tf

C. FORBUSH, & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Foreign and American Marble,
PALMER, MASS.
☞ **Shop** about half a mile East of Palmer Depot.
Tombstones, Monuments and Table Tops, made to order at short notice.
Palmer, Feb. 21, 1852. tf44

TORREY & BARLOW,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
PALMER, MASS.
Office first door East of the Nassowanno House.
C. TORREY. M. BARLOW.
jan. 13. 39 tf.

H. F. MILLER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Shop in Barton's Block,
MONSON, MASS. 15tf

C. SANFORD,
(Successor to S. W. Cone,)
DEALER IN
Monuments, Grave Stones, &c., of Italian and American Marble.
All kinds of Carving and Ornamental work done in the best manner, as well as Lettering that will bear inspection.
H. D. SANFORD, Agt.
Ware, Mass., Dec. 25, 1852.

J. S. BAILEY,
DEALER IN
All kinds of Cooking, Parlor and other Stoves, Tin Ware, &c., which will be sold at fair prices.
Job work done promptly and in the best manner.
Palmer, Jan. 1, 1853. 37tf

STATIONERY,

BLANKS, BLANK BOOKS,
ENVELOPES & PAPER
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;
TOYS, PERFUMERY, BRUSHES,
ALSO,
FANCY GOODS,
In great variety, for sale by
ELIHU GEER,
10 State St., Hartford, Conn.

THE Store of the Subscriber will be weekly replenished with NEW GOODS, from the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Importing Houses, and from all the principal American manufacturers. Among his extensive assortment may be found all kinds of

Letter, Cap, Drawing, Note and Fancy Papers;
White, Buff & Enameled Envelopes;
Papier Mache, Rosewood, Mahogany & Leather Writing Desks, Work Boxes, &c.;
Cloth, Leather and Papier Mache Portefolios,
From 37½ cts. to $6.00 each;
All styles of Card Cases and Porte Monnaies;
Wallets and Pocket Books;
Steel, Silk and Kid Purses; Bankers' Cases;
Lubin's Celebrated Genuine Perfumes;
Farina's Unrivaled Cologne;
Bridal, Glove & Handkerchief Perfumed Boxes,
Building Blocks, Wood Alphabets;
Velvet, Iron, Tin and India Rubber Toys;
Pearl & Ivory Tablets;
Crying Babies; China, Wax and Rubber Dolls;
Games too numerous to mention;
Magnets, Masks, & Magic Lanterns;
Hair, Cloth, Hat, Tooth, Nail & Lather Brushes,
Gentlemen's Dressing Cases;
Shell and Horn Dressing Combs; Ivory Combs;
Ladies' Companions, Spool Stands;
All kinds Rubber Balls; Vesta Lights;
Harmonicans, Pickwicks, Sand Toys, Tea Bells
Opera Glasses, Toilet & Traveling Glasses;
Thermometers and Barometers;
Tooth Powder, Hair Oils, Toilet & Shaving Soaps,
Chessmen, Dominoes, Back Gammon Boards,
Chessboards; Dice; Checkers;
Sewing Birds, six kinds, from 37½ to 62½ cents;
Penknives, Scissors and Shears;
A splendid assortment of
Gold Pens, in Gold and Silver Cases;
Steel Pens, Fifty Styles; Pen Nibs and Quills;
Letter Seals or Stamps, all styles;
The best of Wax, warranted to burn free;
Water Colors, from 6 cents to $4.00 per box;
Fancy Paper and Glass Boxes;
Transparent, Porcelain and Paper Slates;
A large assortment of Visiting & Wedding Cards:
Stationery Articles in general;
Every kind of Legal & Probate Blanks;
Wedding Stationery and "Fixins," best qualities;
Patent Blot Pads; Diaries;
Ledgers, Day & Cash Books, Journals, &c.
Blank Notes, Drafts, Orders, Due Bills, &c. &c.,
Letter Copying Presses, Books & Ink;
Mathematical Instruments; Blotting Papers;
Paper Folders and Paper Weights; Erasers;
Newspaper Files and Wires;
Mouth Glue & Mucilage; Indelible Inks;
Black, Blue, Red & Violet Inks;
Inkstands, of One Hundred different varieties.

ALL of the above described articles can be found in greater profusion and variety than elsewhere in New England, besides other articles too numerous to mention. Call and see for yourself. They will be sold at the lowest prices, either at wholesale or retail. ☞ Particular attention given to the PAPER and ENVELOPE TRADE, at 10 STATE STREET, HARTFORD, Ct., by ELIHU GEER.

☞ Every kind and style of JOB, CARD and BOOK PRINTING, by Steam, executed as heretofore. Large additions of NEW TYPE and MACHINERY are being made this year, to the already most extensive Printing Establishment of
ELIHU GEER, 10 STATE ST.
Hartford, May, 1853.

To Those who are Diseased.

THE Undersigned, having been in successful practice of Medicine for the past nine years, in this place, and being no longer able to ride to a distance and bear the responsibility which has formerly rested upon him, proposes to examine Patients at his residence. Patients can be examined while he is in the clairvoyant state, or by the common practice of examining. Feeling confident in the success he has had for the last six months in his clairvoyant examinations, and prescriptions, that he can benefit all who call upon him, desires all who are diseased to test him for their own benefit.

R. BARRON.
Botanic Physician and Clairvoyant.

All kinds of Medicine carefully prepared, by the clairvoyant, who is experienced in compounding Medicine of all kinds.

Syrups.	Bitters.
Cancer,	Jaundice,
Scroffula,	Strengthening,
Erysipelas,	Wine,
Compound Humor,	Stimulating,
Lung,	

Anti-billious Pills of a superior kind.
All kinds of the above Medicines kept constantly on hand.
Palmer, Sept. 10. 21tf

J. Parker & Co's Marble Works.

Successors to A. & S. Tomlinson,
SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

THE subscribers having lately purchased of Messrs. A. & S. Tomlinson their Marble Works, corner of Main and William sts., comprising their entire Stock, Machinery and Water power, for the manufacture of Marble; also, the entire stock of Marble, of the late firm of Dwelley & Keep, of this City, and having erected a new shop opposite the North Church on Main st., a few rods south of the Depot, they are prepared to furnish Monuments, Grave Stones, Tomb Tablets, Counter Tops, Pier and Center Tables, Soda Founts, Chimney Pieces, or any other kind of Marble Work, at the shortest notice, at either of the above named places, from the largest and best stock of Foreign and American Marble ever offered for sale in this city.—Having purchased the aboved named lots of Marble at very low rates, they are prepared to sell at prices which cannot fail to suit all.

J. PARKER & CO.
Springfield, April 16th, 1853.

Having disposed of our interest in the Marble business to Messrs. J. Parker & Co., (as noticed above,) we cheerfully recommend them to the favorable notice of our friends and former patrons, as men of integrity and experience, and as meriting the confidence of the public.

A. & S. TOMLINSON.
April 16th, 1853. 6m52.

HOWARD'S
VEGETABLE
Cancer and Canker SYRUP.

THIS Preparation, which has been used during the last sixteen years with the most signal success, is now, for the first time, presented to the medium of advertising.

At a period like the present, when the proprietors of medicine are flooding the community, through the press, with testimonials in favor of their respective preparations, the subscriber deems it a duty which he owes to suffering humanity to present his also, for the consideration of the afflicted. In doing so, he is happy to be able to say, that the efficacy of this INVALUABLE COMPOUND has never been surpassed in the treatment of

CANCERS, CANKER, SCROFULA,
SALT RHEUM, ERYSIPELAS,
KING'S EVIL, SCALD
HEAD, FEVER SORES,
SCURVY, TUMORS,
ULCERS, &c.,

and those affections generally which originate in a DEPRAVED STATE of the BLOOD.

The benefit derived from its PROPER application (see DIRECTIONS) must be permanent, from the fact that it acts with great power upon THE SEAT of the disease *the morbid matter accumulated in the blood*, and entirely eradicates it from the system. But while it acts with great power and certainty in the removal of HUMORS generally, its efficacy is the most satisfactorily demonstrated in the cure of *Cancers and Fever Sores.*

It is well known that when the *blood* becomes so impure as to produce disease in these forms, the patient is supposed to be beyond the restoring influence of medicine.

Those who may be so unfortunate as to be afflicted with *Cancers or Fever Sores*, need only make a fair trial of the SYRUP *following rigidly the directions*, to be convinced that they are not *necessarily doomed* to die.

That we speak advisedly upon this subject, and do not wish to thrust upon the afflicted a useless preparation to extort from them money for which we are not willing to give them more than an equivalent, we respectfully invite attention to the subjoined testimonials which furnish the most emphatic evidence of the truthfulness of our statements.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TESTIMONY BY A LADY.

By Mrs. H. S. Spear, wife of Capt. G. Spear.
A Cancer deemed incurable by eminent Physicians, entirely removed by the Syrup.

Quincy, April 15, 1852

Dear Sir: This is to certify, that some years since, I was the subject of much suffering occasioned by a swelling on my breast which after a few months was pronounced by eminent physicians, a Cancer, and one which they could not encourage me to hope could be cured. Deriving no benefit from their prescriptions, and hearing of your invaluable specific for cancerous affections, I commenced taking the Syrup, and soon began to feel its beneficial effects. Encouraged by its favorable effects in the incipient stages of its operation. I persevered in its use till the swelling subsided, the cancerous symptoms wholly disappeared, and my health was perfectly restored. I feel that the continuance of my life is attributable to the agency of your excellent medicine, and I cheerfully recommend it to the afflicted as the *best* remedy for the diseases for which it is prescribed of which I have any knowledge.

HANNAH S. SPEAR.

Most malignant Fever Sores healed and the Patient restored to health.

ASTONISHING CURE!!

Worcester, Sept. 1, 1851.

Mr D. Howard: It is with great pleasure that I send you my testimony in favor of your *Cancer and Canker Syrup.* It has affected by the blessing of God attending its administration, the greatest cure that ever came to my knowledge. My son was afflicted with Fever Sores to such a degree that for four months his life was despaired of, when I was informed that Zeba Howard, of Randolph Mass., could cure him. I immediately sent for him, and in three days after he came the boy began to recover, and continued to improve till his sores were completely healed, since which he has enjoyed as good health as could be desired. I have recommend the Syrup to a great many persons since, who are also ready to give their testimony in its favor. Of all medicines of which I have any knowledge, I regard this, for the diseases for which it is recommended, as *the best.* I could write all day, and not tell half I feel in relation to the utility of your excellent Syrup. May God speed you in your work, and succeed your efforts to alleviate human suffering.

MARSON EATON.

SCIENTIFIC TESTIMONY.

To the Public. A Card: By a Druggist.

Randolph, April 12, 1852.

I know the ingredients which compose Howard's Vegetable Cancer and Canker Syrup, and am acquainted with the formula for its preparation. It is purely vegetable in its nature, containing no *mecurial* or *mineral* substances, and is composed of such vegetables only as possess great Alterative properties. It is an excellent remedy for those diseases for which the Proprietor recommends it, and I cheerfully commend it to the afflicted.

ZENAS SNOW, Druggist and Chemist.

Having presented the above statements and testimonials, we assure the afflicted that the certificates (which have been selected from many in our possession) are *Genuine*; of which, if they have any doubt, they are desired to communicate with the individuals over whose signatures they are published and their suspicions will soon be removed.

☞ The *genuine* is prepared and sold by D. HOWARD, Randolph, Mass. For sale also by REDDING & CO. 8 STATE ST. BOSTON, General Agents; and retailed by Agents through out the country.

Circulars furnished gratuitously by Agents when desired.

☞ Price, $1,00 per bottle; $5,00 for six bottle. A liberal discount made to those who buy to sell again.

For sale in Palmer, by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.

PAPER HANGINGS, a good assortment, by MUNGER & BASSETT.
Palmer. March 19, 1853. 38tf.

"Eureka, Eureka."

We have found it at last. Now for the little ones. Why will parents waste hours and days in fruitless endeavors to get perfect pictures of their children, and after all get nothing but a poor miserable caricature? We would say, come to our *Excelsior Gallery*, and we will guarantee to make you a perfect picture, by our *Electro Chemical* process, that works in from 1-2 to 2 seconds

We defy any Daguerrian in Springfield or elsewhere to compete with us, as we are the inventors, and the process is used only in our different establishments in the New England and Middle States. For pictures of adults, the Silver Medals we have received from the American Institute, New York, and Franklin, Philadelphia, together with hundreds of premiums from county fairs is sufficient proof that they are the "*ne plus ultra*" of perfection.

We have at great expense procured the *exclusive right* of Hampden Co., for the

VIGNETTE OR CRAYON PICTURES,

The most beautiful and brilliant production of the art. We caution all operatives from any infringement of the same.

Prof. D. C Collins, who is pronounced the best practical operator in the United States, has charge of the Chemical department.

Howard Peal, an *artist* by profession, has charge of the *artistical*

This establishment, connected as it is, with the world renowned and celebrated artist Verno of *Paris*, and Mayall of *London*, has facilities of receiving all the late European improvements.

We would call particular attention to our *Talbotypes* in *Oil.*

COLLINS & CO.
Main st., opposite Site late Hampden House, Springfield. Collin's buildings, Westfield.
No. 100 Chestnut st. Philadelphia.
March 12th, 1853. 47tf.

THE ROAD TO HEALTH.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Cure of a Disordered Liver and bad Digestion.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. R. W. Kirkus, Chemist, 7, Prescot st., Liverpool, dated 6th June, 1851.

To Professor Holloway:

Sir,—Your Pills and Ointment have stood the highest on our sale list of Proprietary Medicines for some years. A customer, to whom I can refer for any inquiries, desires me to let you know the particulars of her case. She had been troubled for years with a disordered liver, and bad digestion. On the last occasion, however, the virulence of the attack was so alarming, and the inflammation set in so severely, that doubts were entertained of her not being able to bear up under it; fortunately she was induced to try your Pills, and she informs me that after the first, and each succeeding dose, she had great relief. She continued to take them, and although she used only three boxes, she is now in the enjoyment of perfect health. I could have sent you many more cases, but the above, from the severity of the attack, and the speedy cure, I think, speaks much in favor of your astonishing Pills.

Signed R. W. KIRKUS.

An extraordinary Cure of Rheumatic Fever, in Van Diemen's Land.

Copy of a letter inserted in the Hobart Town Courier, of March 1st, 1851, by Major J. Walcb.

Margaret M'Connigan, nineteen years of age, residing at New Town, had been suffering from a violent rheumatic fever for upwards of two months, which had entirely deprived her of the use of her limbs; during this period she was under the care of the most eminent medical men in Hobart Town, and by them her case was considered hopeless. A friend prevailed upon her to try Holloway's celebrated Pills, which she consented to do, and in an incredible short space of time they effected a perfect cure.

Cure of a Pain and Tightness in the Chest and Stomach of a Person 84 years of age.

From Messrs Thew and Son, Proprietors of the Lynn Advertiser, who can vouch for the following statement.

August 2d, 1851.

To Professor Holloway;

Sir,—I desire to bear testimony to the good effects of Holloway's Pills. For some years I suffered severely from a pain and tightness in the stomach, which was also accompanied by a shortness of breath, that prevented me from walking about. I am 84 years of age, and notwithstanding my advanced stage of life, these Pills have so relieved me, that I am desirous that others should be made acquainted with their virtues. I am now rendered, by their means, comparatively active, and can take exercise without inconvenience or pain, which I could not do before.

Signed HENRY COE.
North street, Lynn, Norfolk.

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficacious in the following complaints:

Ague	Inflammation
Asthma	Jaundice
Billious complaints	Liver complaints
Blotches on the Skin	Lumbago
Bowel complaints	Piles
Colics	Rheumatism
Constipation of bowels	Retention of Urine
Consumption	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Debility	Sore Throats
Dropsy	Stone and Gravel
Dysentery	Secondary Symptoms
Erysipelas	Tic Doulloureux
Female irregularities	Tumors
Fevers of all kinds	Ulcers
Fits	Venereal affections
Gout	Worms of all kinds
Headache	Weakness, from whatever cause, &c c.
Indigestion	

Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, near Temple Bar, London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the British Empire, and of those of the United States, in boxes at 37 1-2 c., 87 c., and $150 c., each. Wholesale by the principal Drug houses in the Union, and by Messrs A. B. & D. SANDS New York, and REDDING Co., Boston.

For sale in Palmer by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.
Sept 11th. 1yeow.

Shaving Made Easy.

BY using one of "Frederick's Celebrated Razors," which, together with Razors of several other brands, made by some of the best manufacturers in England; Shaving Brushes; and a variety of First Quality Soaps, &c., may be found at A. BLODGETT'S.
Union Block, Palmer Depot, Dec. 11. 34.

All Ready!

TO show you Blk. and mode col'd Silk Hose, Mixed Slate and White Cotton do. for Ladies, Misses and Children. Men's 1-2 do., all qualities. Also Kid, Silk, Lisle and Cotton Gloves. Low prices will buy them of
M. W. FRENCH & CO.
April 16. 52tf

BAG and Bbl. SALT, by MUNGER & BASSETT.
May 7. 3tf

New System and New Remedies
FOR THE CURE OF
CONSUMPTION.
NUTTALL'S SYRIACUM,
IN THREE BOTTLES,
CONTAINING
THREE DIFFERENT PREPARATIONS,
For the Cure of the
Three Different Stages
OF CONSUMPTION.

INCIPIENT

FIRST STAGE—*Symptoms.*—Cough, pain in the breast, side, head, back, joints and limbs; inflammation, soreness and tickling in the throat fever, difficult and quick breathing, *expectoration difficult, slight and frothy.*

CONFIRMED

SECOND STAGE—*Symptoms.*—Costiveness, spasmodic cough, violent fever, night, morning and mid-day sweats, hectic flush in the face and cheeks, burning heat in the palms of the hands and soles of the feet, *expectoration easy, copious, and streaked with blood.*

TUBERCULAR

THIRD STAGE—*Symptoms.*—Diarrhœa, diminished fever, cough, and morning sweats, great and increasing debility, frequent fainting fits, slight delirium, and swelling of the extremities.

TO THE AFFLICTED.

The appearance in Three Bottles of NUTTALL'S SYRIACUM is a rare era in Medicine, from its novelty and direct opposition to the old *absurd and inconsistent one bottle system*, while its success prepared in this manner, each Bottle containing a different preparation, in curing the different stages which characterize Consumption, has established the welcome truth of the curability *of every stage of Pulmonary Consumption.*

Physicians approve of it, because it is based upon correct Physiological and Pathological principles. The public approve of it, because it is common sense, and because they *know* from sad experience that *one* preparation will *not* cure the *three* stages of Consumption. The suffering, disappointed, and discouraged Invalid approves of it, because its principles hold out a reasonable Hope, and *when he uses Nuttall's Syriacum, his hopes are realized.*

IF HE IS IN THE FIRST STAGE OF CONSUMPTION.

and uses the first bottle, his expectoration, difficult and painful, becomes free and easy, his cough soon gets well, the soreness, tickling in his throat, inflammation, pain in his breast, side, head, back, joints, and limbs are removed.

IF HE IS IN THE SECOND STAGE

and uses the second bottle, his fever leaves him, his disturbed slumbers become sweet and refreshing, his night sweats vanish, his expectoration copious and bloody, assumes a healthy appearance, and at length disappears, his bowels become regular, his appetite returns, the flush in his cheek disappears, the burning heat in the palms of his hands and soles of his feet, are felt no longer, his cough now ceases, he recovers and is well.

IF HE IS IN THE THIRD STAGE

and uses the third bottle, his Diarrhœa gradually ceases, his weak bowels become strong, his cough and other bad symptoms disappear, feeble digestion becomes strong and vigorous, his stomach recovers its proper tone, and creates new, rich and nourishing blood, his strength returns, his wasted body is clothed with flesh, his life is saved, and he is

RESTORED TO HEALTH!

Each bottle of *NUTTALL'S SYRIACUM* has the *symptoms* of the stage for which it is *intended*, printed in front of the wrapper, whereby every invalid knowing his own symptoms, can judge for himself

WHICH BOTTLE HE REQUIRES,

consequently no mistake can occur in selecting

THE PROPER MEDICINE.

☞ See Pamphlet in possession of the editor of this paper, containing Dr. Nuttall's Pathology of Consumption. Lecture on the Structure and Uses of the Human Lungs, and Certificates of Cures.

☞ Prepared only by *Dr. WM. NUTTALL*, Inventor and Proprietor. Price one dollar per bottle.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE,
278 *Race-st., one door above Eighth,*
PHILADELPHIA.

Sold in Palmer Depot, by Dr. Wm. Holbrook.

☞ Dec. 4, 1852.

Plows.

THE Subscriber keeps at his shop, about one mile east of the Depot Village, the different sizes of J. R. Whittemore & Co.'s celebrated Eagle Plows, which be will sell for cash at manufacturers' prices, or exchange for white oak timber.

F. BLANCHARD.
Palmer, Dec. 27. 35tf

Coffins.

THE Subscriber keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of Mahogany, Black Walnut, White Wood and Pine Coffins, which he will furnish with shrouds and plates, if desired, and will deliver them if wished.

J. S. LOOMIS.
Palmer, Oct. 19, 1850. tf 29

A FEW pieces 22 cts. DE LAINE for 12 1-2 cents, can be found at
MUNGER & BASSETT'S.
May 7. 3tf

Smith's Patent VERTICAL GATE.

THE attention of Farmers, and the Public generally is invited to the above Gate, which possesses many advantages over any other Gate in use. This Gate does not swing but opens vertically from the center by a parallel movement of the rails, consequently there can be no *saging*, or drawing over of the Posts; it requires no ground to swing upon, but may be opened and shut while teams are standing close upon either side of it, and without any shoveling away of snow in the winter, and is equally adapted to inclining as to level ground. The Gate is very simple in its construction, not liable to get out of order, and may be built for less expense than the common swing Gate of equal size and strength. A full size working Gate may be seen by calling on the subscriber near the Union House, Palmer Depot, who will furnish Gates, or the Right for making and using the Gates, on liberal terms.

A. BLODGETT.
Palmer, April 2, 1853. 50tf.

J. & P. HENDRICK'S fine cut, and chewing Tobacco, by the paper or gross, by
MUNGER & BASSETT.
Palmer, March 19, 1853. 38tf

Hams! Hams!!

HAMS, Pork, Lard, &c., may be found at M. W. FRENCH & CO.'s.
April 16. 52tf

$500 CHALLENGE.

WHATEVER concerns the health and happiness of a people, is at all times of the most valuable importance. I take it for granted that every man will do all in their power, to save the lives of their children and that every person will endeavor to promote their own health at all sacrifices, I feel it to be my duty to solemnly assure on that WORMS, according to the opinion of the best physicians, are the primary causes of a large majority of diseases to which children and adults are liable. If you have an appetite continually changeable from one kind of food to another, Bad Breath, Pain in the stomach, Picking at the Nose, Hardness and Fullness of the Belly, Dry Cough, Slow Fever, Pulse irregular—remembers that all these denote WORMS, and you should at once apply the remedy:—

Hobensack's Worm Syrup.

An article founded on Scientific Principles, compounded with purely vegetable substances, being perfectly safe when taken, and can be given to the most tender Infant with decided beneficial effect, where, *Bowell Complaints and Diarrhœa* have made them weak and debilitated the Tonic properties of my Worm Syrup are such that it stands without an equal in the catalogue of medicines, in giving tone and strength to the Stomach, which makes it an Infallible remedy for those afflicted with *Dyspepsia*, the astonishing cures performed by this Medicine after Physicians have failed, is the best evidence of its superior efficacy over all others.

The Tape Worm.

This is the most difficult worm to destroy of all that infest the human system, it grows to an almost indefinite length, becoming so coiled and fastened in the Intestines and Stomach, effecting the health so sadly as to cause the St. Vitus Dance, Fits, &c., that those afflicted seldom if ever suspect that it is Tape Worm hastening them to an early grave. In order to destroy this Worm, a very energetic treatment must be pursued, it would therefore be proper to take from 6 to 8 of my Liver Pills so as to remove all obstructions, that the Worm Syrup may act direct upon the Worm, which must be taken in doses of two table spoonfuls three times a day, these directions followed have never been known to fail in curing the most obstinate case of *Tape Worm.*

Hobensack's Liver Pills.

No part of the system is more liable to disease than the LIVER, it serving as a filterer to purify the blood or giving the proper secretion of the bile; and so that wrong action of the Liver effects the other important parts of the System and results variously in Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, &c. We should therefore, watch every symptom that might indicate a wrong action of the Liver. These pills being composed of ROOTS & PLANTS furnished by nature to heal the sick: Namely 1st AN EXPECTORANT which augments the secretion from the Pulmonary mucus membrane or promotes the discharge of secreted matter. 2d, AN ALTERNATIVE, which changes in some inexplicable and insensible manner the certain morbid action of the System. 3d, A TONIC which gives tone and strength to the nervous system, renewing health and vigor to all parts of the body. 4th, A CATHARTIC, which acts in perfect harmony with the other ingredients and operating on the Bowels, and expelling the whole mass of corrupt and vitiated matter, and purifying the blood, which destroys disease and restores health.

To Females.

You will find these Pills an invaluable medicine in many complaints to which you are subject. In obstruction either total or partial they have been found of inestimable benefit, restoring their functional arrangements to a healthy action, purifying the blood and other fluids so effectually, as to put to flight all complaints which may arise from female irregularities, as headache, giddiness, dimness of sigbt, pain in the side, back, &c.

None genuine unless signed J. N. HOBENSACK, all others being base Imitations.

☞ Agents wishing new supplies, and store keepers desirous of becoming Agents must address the Proprietor, J. N. Hobensack, at his Laboratory No. 120 North 2d, above Race-st., Phil., Pa.

For sale by Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer Depot; A. H. Longley & Co., Belchertown; M. B. Green, Worcester, and Druggists generally over the State.

PRICE EACH 25 CENTS.

Redding & Co., No. 8 State st., Boston, Wholesale Agents.
Dec. 18. 35

New-London, Willimantic, & Palmer AND Amherst & Belchertown Railroads.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Commencing Monday, 16th May, 1853.

LEAVE NEW LONDON, AT

7,30 A. M. for Amherst, Norwich, 8,12 A. M. Willimantic 9,05 connecting at 9,05 A. M. for Hartford and Bristol. Palmer 10,45, connecting at 10,44 for Springfield and Albany, and at 1,55 P. M. for Worcester and Boston.

*10,00 A. M. for Willimantic, (or on arrival of accommodation train from New Haven.)—Norwich 11,30 A. M., connecting at 12 M. at Norwich for Worcester and Boston.

1,45 for Amherst (or on arrival of train from New York and New Haven.) Norwich 2,35 P. M., connecting at 3,20 for Worcester.—*Willimantic 3,30 connecting at 4,20 for Hartford. *Palmer 6,10 connecting at 7,09 for Springfield and Albany, and 9,55 for Worcester and Boston.

LEAVE AMHERST AT

5,00 A. M. for New London, New Haven and New York. *Palmer 6,30 connecting at 8,48 for Worcester and Boston, and 10,44 for Springfield and Albany. Willimantic 9,05 connecting at 9,05 for Hartford and Bristol. Norwich 9,55 connecting at 12 M. for Worcester and Boston, and at New London at 10,30 A. M. for New Haven and New York.

1,15 P. M. for New London, New Haven and New York. Palmer 2,30 connecting at 2,18 for Worcester and Boston, and at 3,21 for Springfield. Willimantic 4,25 connecting at 4,20 for Hartford. Norwich 5,20. At New London at 6,00 for New Haven and New York, and at 9,30 with Steamers Connecticut, Knickerbocker and Worcester for New York.

LEAVE WILLIMANTIC AT

*1,30 P. M. for New London. Norwich 3,10 connecting at 3,20 for Worcester.

*Freight trains with Passenger Car attached; and do not stop at Massapeag, Mohegan, Norwich Falls, Norwich Town, Franklin or Lebanon.

Through tickets to New York, via Steamboat from New London, can be had at all the Ticket Stations on this Road.

Discount made to passengers procuring tickets before taking seats in the cars.

THROUGH TICKETS FROM
Palmer to New York (Cabin) $3,00.
" " " (Deck) $2,50.
WM. R. STORRS, Supt.
New London, May 12, 1853.

Alarm and Repeating Clocks,

EIGHT Day, and Thirty Hour—a good assortment. Warranted good time keepers.
For sale by A. BLODGETT.
Union Block, Palmer Depot, May 14. 2tf.